# **É** Apple Technician Guide



## iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

2010-12-09



© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.

Under the copyright laws, this document may not be copied, in whole or in part, without the written consent of Apple.

Every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this document is accurate. Apple is not responsible for printing or clerical errors.

Apple 1 Infinite Loop Cupertino, CA 95014-2084 USA + 1 408 996 1010 www.apple.com

Apple, the Apple logo, Mac, and Macintosh are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries.

## iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

#### Contents

#### **About This Guide**

#### Updates 10

09 December 2010 10 19 November 2010 10 9 September 2010 10 9 August 2010 10 Apple Technician Guide introduced 27 July 2010 10

#### Feedback 10

#### **Basics**

## Overview 12

Identifying Features13Product Configurations13Safety Precautions14Serial Number Location15New Accessories16Magic Trackpad16Apple Battery Charger18

### Troubleshooting

## General Troubleshooting 20 Wireless Troubleshooting 20

Update System Software & Firmware 20 Troubleshooting Theory 20 Hardware vs. Software 21 Common Reset Procedures 21 Power On Self Test (POST) 21 Resetting the System Management Controller (SMC) 22 Resetting Parameter RAM (PRAM) 22 Starting Up in Safe Mode 23 Removing the Battery, Measuring DC Voltage 24 Diagnostics 25 Sensors Errors 25 Sensor Locations 27 Diagnostic LEDs 29 Location of Diagnostic LEDs 29 LED Functions 30 LED Startup Sequence 31 Logic Board Test Points 32 Functional Overview 33 Block Diagram 34

#### Symptom Charts 35

Startup and Power 35 No Power, Dead Unit 35 Won't Start Up 37 Intermittent Shutdown 39 Kernel Panic, System Crashes 44 No Video 46 Corrupted Video 48 Burnt Smell/Odor 51 Uncategorized Symptoms 52 Display 53 Backlight Issue/No Backlight 53 Noise / Unstable Flickering 55 LCD Image Issues 58 Incorrect/Missing Colors 60 Distorted/Blurred Image 62 Pixel Anomalies 64 Vertical/Horizontal Lines 65 Non-Uniform Brightness / Color 67 Cosmetic Defects 68 Uncategorized Symptoms 68 Mass Storage 70 Hard Drive Not Recognized 70 Optical Drive Not Recognized 76 Optical Drive Won't Accept/Eject Media 77 Optical Drive Read/Write Error 78 Optical Drive Not Performing to Specifications 80 Optical Drive Noisy 82 SD Card Will Not Insert Into Slot 83 SD Card Not Recognized 84 Uncategorized Symptoms 85 Communications 86 AirPort/Bluetooth Issues 86 AirPort Card Kernel Panic 89 Ethernet Port/Device Issue 90 Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair 91 Uncategorized Symptoms 93 Input/Output Devices 94

Apple Remote Inoperable 94 Audio: Microphone 96 Audio: Built-in Speakers Have Distorted Sound 97 Audio: No Audio from Built-in Speakers 98 Camera Issues 101 FireWire Device Not Recognized 102 USB Device Not Recognized 104 Wired Keyboard Does Not Function Properly 106 Keyboard: Specific Keys Do Not Respond 108 Wired Keyboard/Mouse Not Recognized 108 Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair 110 Apple Wireless Mouse/Magic Trackpad Erratic Tracking 113 Wireless Input Device Loses Connection 114 Apple Battery Charger Does Not Charge Batteries 116 Mechanical 118 Noise/Hum/Vibration 118 Fan Failures / Thermal Issues 121 Stand/Hinge Issues 122 Physical Damage 123 Uncategorized Symptoms 123

#### **Take Apart**

#### General Information 125

Opening the Unit 125 Required Tools 125 Required Special Tools for Glass Panel 126 Cleaning Tools Starter Kit 126 Cleaning & Handling the Glass Panel 127 Do's and Don'ts 127 Handling a Broken Glass Panel 128 How to Remove a Broken Glass Panel 128 Safety 133 Logic Board Handling 134 Reassembly Steps 134 Note About Images in This Manual 134 Screw Sizes 134

#### Access Door 135

Memory 137 Removal 138 Reassembly 138

Glass Panel 139 Removal 140 Reassembly 141

**Camera 144** Removal 145 Reassembly 146

LCD Panel 147 Removal 148 Handling the Panel 153 Reassembly 154

Vertical Sync Cable (Vsync) 157

LED Temp Sensor Cable 158

DisplayPort Cable 159

Audio Ports and Cable 161

AirPort Antenna 163

AirPort Card 165

AirPort Carrier Board 167

AirPort Cable 169

Bluetooth Antenna 171

Bluetooth Board 173

LED Backlight Board 175

Power Supply 177 Removal 178 Reassembly 179

#### Backlight Pressure Wall 180

Power Supply/Hard drive Pressure Wall 182 Removal 183 Reassembly 183

Hard Drive 185 Removal 186 Reassembly 187

Hard Drive Sensor Cable 188 Removal 189 Reassembly 189 Optical Drive 190 Removal 191 Reassembly 193

#### Optical Sensor Cable 195

#### Optical Drive Fan 197

SD Card Reader 199 Removal 200 Reassembly 201

#### SD Card Reader Cable 202

#### IR Board and Cable 204

#### Logic Board 206

Removal 207 Handling the Logic Board 209 Reassembly 210

#### Video Card 216

Solid State Drive (SSD) 219 Removal 220 Reassembly 222

#### SSD Data Cable 223

#### Optical/MXM Pressure Wall 225

#### Hard Drive Data Cable 227

#### Optical Drive Data Cable 230

#### Battery 232

Removal 233 Reassembly 233

#### Right Speaker 234

CPU Fan 236 Removal 237 Reassembly 238

### Ambient Temp Sensor 239

Removal 240 Reassembly 240

#### Left Speaker 241 Removal 242

Reassembly 242

Hard Drive Fan 244 Mechanism Cover 246 Stand 248 Removal 249 Reassembly 250 Mechanism 252 Bluetooth Cable 254 Camera Cable 257 Cable, AC/DC Power/Backlight/SATA 260 Cable, AC/DC Power/Backlight/SATA, SSD 262 Microphone Cable 265 Rear Housing 266 Reassembly 267

#### **Additional Procedures**

Retrieving Mechanism 272

#### Views

Exploded Views 277 Exploded View #1 277 Exploded View #2 278 Exploded View #3 279

#### External Views 280

Rear View 280 Ports 281

#### Internal Views 282

Photo of Components below LCD 282 Photo of Components in the Rear Housing 283 Logic Board, Front Side 284 Logic Board, Back Side 285

#### Screw Chart 286



## **About This Guide**

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

## **Updates**

## 09 December 2010

Take Apart:

• Glass Panel: Revised image and instructions: suction cups should be placed only in upper corners of glass to avoid damaging metal tabs along bottom of glass panel during removal.

## 19 November 2010

Troubleshooting:

• Startup and Power and Display chapters: Removed references to Run Apple Service Display Utility. The utility is not compatible with this iMac model.

## 9 September 2010

Troubleshooting:

• Display: several symptoms: Modified steps to allow unit to warm up for about a minute (instead of 15 minutes) before evaluating front-of-screen performance.

Take Apart:

- LCD Panel: Added note that overtightening screws could lead to issue of light leakage after unit is reassembled.
- Camera and Rear Housing: Added note that white thermal paste intended for camera should not be used for any other purpose (such as portable computer heatsinks).

## 9 August 2010

• Basics: Overview: New Accessories: Magic Trackpad and Apple Battery Charger: Added links to the User Guides:

## Apple Technician Guide introduced 27 July 2010

# Feedback

We want your feedback to help improve this and future Technician Guides! Please email any comments to <a href="mailto:smfeedback2@apple.com">smfeedback2@apple.com</a>



Basics

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.

## **Overview**



Introducing the iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) with the latest Intel Core i3, Core i5 and Core i7 processors and powerful new graphics. The new iMac line is the fastest ever with dual-core processor speeds up to 3.6 GHz, quad-core speeds up to 2.93 GHz and discrete graphics including the powerful ATI Radeon HD 5750.

The processors feature an integrated memory controller to access the system memory directly, allowing the new iMac to take full advantage of its faster 1333 MHz memory. New discrete ATI Radeon HD processors deliver incredibly smooth, crisp graphics for the most demanding 3D games, creative software and technical applications. Refer to the next page for more features.

## **Identifying Features**

The iMac (27-inch, Late 2010) computer features include:

- 27-inch display 2560 x 1440 LED-backlit display
- Increased processor speeds:
  - 3.20 GHz Intel Core i3 with 4MB shared L3 cache
  - 2.80 GHz Intel Core i5 (CTO)
  - 3.60 GHz Quad-Core Intel Core i5 with 8MB shared L3 cache
  - 2.93 GHz Quad-Core Intel Core i7 (CTO)
- 4 GB 1333 MHz DDR3 SDRAM expandable up to 16GB
- Main memory PC3-10600, DDR3 (1333), 204-pin, ships with 2x1333 MHz SO-DIMMs
- SD card reader slot with SDXC (Secure Digital Extended Capacity) supports 32GB 2TB
- Mini DisplayPort output (DVI, VGA, and dual-link DVI) and supports input from external DisplayPort sources (adapters sold separately)
- Graphics and video support:
  - AMD Radeon HD 5670 graphics processor with 512MB GDDR3
  - AMD Radeon HD 5750 graphics processor with 1 GB GDDR5
- Hard drive: 1TB, 2TB
- Solid State Drive options:
  - 256GB SSD (SSD only, without a hard drive)
  - 256GB SSD + 1TB Serial ATA Hard Drive (CTO)
  - 256GB SSD + 2TB Serial ATA Hard Drive (CTO)
- Magic Mouse (Mid 2010) and Apple Wireless Keyboard (2009), standard with all configurations
- Ships with and requires at least Mac OS 10.6.3
- Magic Trackpad (CTO)
- Apple Battery Charger (CTO)

## **Product Configurations**

For product configurations, refer to Apple Support Tech Specs: <u>http://support.apple.com/</u> <u>specs/</u>

### **Safety Precautions**



**WARNING: HIGH VOLTAGE**: The AC/DC power supply PCB remains powered up whenever the system is plugged in, whether or not the system has been turned on. Use extreme caution when troubleshooting the system with the front bezel removed.

**Important**: If the computer is shut down by removing the power cord, allow the power supply a good 2-3 minutes to discharge the capacitors before handling it. However, if you select "Shut Down" via the Apple menu, the computer will discharge the power supply capacitor almost immediately.



## **Serial Number Location**

The iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) serial number is located on the base of the stand. When replacing a stand, transfer the serial number to the new stand.



#### **New Accessories**

#### **Magic Trackpad**

The wireless Magic Trackpad uses Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> technology to connect to the Mac and comes with two AA batteries installed. To use the Magic Trackpad and its full features, update your Mac to Mac OS X version 10.6.4 or later, and then install the latest trackpad software using Software Update, if needed. Refer to the Magic Trackpad Quick Start Guide for more information.

**Note**: If for some reason the iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) needs the system software reinstalled, pair the Magic Trackpad and then run Software Update. If for some reason you notice that only basic functionality is present on the Magic Trackpad, ensure that it's paired correctly before launching Software Update. Refer to the following Kbase articles for more information.

- HT4273 About Magic Trackpad Update 1.0 for Windows
- HT4254 About Magic Trackpad and Multi-Touch Trackpad Update 1.0

#### About the Indicator Light

The indicator light displays the status of your Magic Trackpad and the batteries.

- When you first turn your trackpad on, the indicator light glows steadily for 2 to 3 seconds, indicating the batteries are good.
- If your trackpad isn't paired with a Mac, the light blinks, indicating your trackpad is in discovery
  mode and ready to pair (pairing means connecting your trackpad and Mac to each other
  wirelessly).
- If you don't pair your trackpad with your Mac within 3 minutes, the light and trackpad turn off to conserve battery life. Press the On/off button on your trackpad to turn it on again, allowing you to pair it with your Mac.
- When your trackpad is on and connected, the indicator light turns off.

#### Turn on the Trackpad

- To turn the trackpad on, press firmly and release the on/off button.
- To turn on the trackpad and make it stay in discovery mode (prevent auto-pairing to previous known host), press and hold the on/off button.



#### Pairing the Magic Trackpad

To pair your trackpad:

- 1. Choose Apple ( )> System Preferences, and then click Trackpad.
- 2. Click "Set Up Bluetooth Trackpad ..." in the lower-right corner.
- 3. Press the On/off button on your trackpad to turn it on.
- 4. Click Continue when your trackpad is detected.

Once your trackpad is paired with your Mac, use Software Update again to make sure you have the latest software installed.

**Note**: If the iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) needs to have system software reinstalled for some reason, pair the Magic Trackpad and then run Software Update. If for some reason you notice that only basic functionality is present on the Magic Trackpad, ensure that it's paired correctly before launching Software Update.

#### **Installing Batteries**

- 1. Use a coin to remove the battery compartment cover on the left side.
- 2. Insert batteries into the battery compartment as shown.

**Warning**: Replace or recharge batteries at the same time. Don't mix old batteries with new batteries and don't mix battery types (for example, alkaline and lithium batteries). Don't open or puncture the batteries, install them backwards, or expose them to fire, high temperatures, or water. Don't charge nonrechargeable AA batteries. Keep batteries out of the reach of children.



## **Apple Battery Charger**

Use the Apple Battery Charger to charge rechargeable NiMH batteries for your Apple products that use AA batteries. Each Apple Battery Charger comes with six high-performance AA NiMH batteries: two for your keyboard, two for your mouse or trackpad, and two for charging. You can use the Apple Battery Charger to charge either one or two NiMH rechargeable batteries. To charge batteries fully, allow at least five hours of charging time. For more information, refer to the **Battery Charger Quick Start** and/or Kbase article HT 4275 About Apple Battery Charger.

#### Batteries

Use only NiMH rechargeable batteries in the Apple Battery Charger. Don't try to charge nonrechargeable AA batteries (lithium or alkaline) in the charger.

**Caution**: Risk of explosion if battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Dispose of used batteries according to the instructions. Don't open or puncture the batteries, install them backwards, short circuit, or expose them to fire, high temperatures, or water. Keep batteries out of the reach of children.

#### **Status Lights**

The indicator light on top of the Apple Battery Charger displays the charging status of the batteries.

- Amber: The batteries are charging.
- Green: The batteries are charged and ready to use—the green indicator light shuts off after six hours
- No light: May indicate any of the following conditions:
  - The batteries are charged and ready to use.
  - The inserted batteries are too deeply discharged to register immediately.
- Flashing Amber: May indicate any of the following conditions:
  - The batteries haven't been properly installed in the charger.
  - An unsupported type of battery is in the charger.
  - The batteries may be faulty or damaged and should be replaced.







## Troubleshooting

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.

# **General Troubleshooting**

## **Wireless Troubleshooting**

If you're having issues with Bluetooth and wireless connectivity issues, refer to the following:

- TS3048 Troubleshooting wireless mouse and keyboard issues
- HT3887 Wireless input devices: Bluetooth frequently asked questions
- HT1365 <u>AirPort and Bluetooth: Potential sources of interference for wireless devices</u> and networks
- HT3903 Apple Wireless Keyboard and Mouse: How to install batteries
- HT4273 About Apple Magic Trackpad Update 1.0 for Windows
- HT4254 About: Magic Trackpad and Multi-Touch Trackpad Update 1.0
- HT 4275 About Apple Battery Charger
- Bluetooth Service Diagnostic (BSD) self-paced training
- Bluetooth Troubleshooting Course

#### **Update System Software & Firmware**

**Important:** Ensure the correct version Mac OS X and latest software and firmware updates have been applied before you begin troubleshooting. Computers sometimes exhibit symptoms that indicate the wrong Mac OS X system software is installed.

Firmware is the name given to software that is written into memory circuits such as flash memory, that will hold the software code indefinitely, even when power is removed from the hardware. Firmware on Intel Mac computers is designed to be updated if necessary by running the Mac OS X Software Update check (available in the Apple menu) while computer is connected to the Internet. For more information about firmware updates, refer to: kBase # HT1557: About firmware updates for Intel-based Macs

## **Troubleshooting Theory**

For general information on troubleshooting theory, go to GSX and find the Service Training course menu link. From there you can access the Troubleshooting Theory self-paced course.

#### Hardware vs. Software

For information on how to isolate a hardware issue from a software issue, refer to: **kBase #TS1388: Isolating issues in Mac OS X** 

For information on how to troubleshoot a software issue, refer to: <u>kBase #HT1199: Mac OS X: How to troubleshoot a software issue</u> <u>kBase #TS1394: Mac OS X: Troubleshooting installation and software updates</u> <u>kBase #HT2956: Troubleshooting Mac OS X installation from CD or DVD</u>

#### **Common Reset Procedures**

### Power On Self Test (POST)

Intel-based Mac computers such as the iMac rely on a combination of tones and blinking LEDs to display Power On Self Test (POST) error codes.

- If the computer detects out-of-specification or no SDRAM, the screen will remain black but the computer will beep. This error condition may be due to physically damaged RAM, installing the incorrect type of RAM, poor connection, or not having RAM installed.
- Some RAM may appear to pass the Power-On-Self-Test (POST) but still cannot be used by the operating system. In this case, the computer will display a gray screen, sound three tones and repeat the tones until the computer is turned off.
- The solution to both of these situations is to first re-seat the memory and test the computer again. If the memory fails the POST test again, remove all installed memory and test by installing one by one each memory that has been verified to work correctly on another system (i.e., "known-good") or order new memory.
- A sequence of tones heard at startup or a no video symptom may also be fixed by temporarily removing/replacing the backup battery.

### **Resetting the System Management Controller (SMC)**

The System Management Controller (SMC) is a chip on logic board that controls all power functions. If computer is experiencing any power issue, such as not starting up, not displaying video, sleep issues, battery management, or fan noise issues, resetting SMC may resolve it. To reset SMC on an iMac:

- 1. Shut down the computer.
- 2. Unplug all cables from computer, including power cord.
- 3. Press and hold the power button for 5 seconds.
- 4. Release the power button.
- 5. Attach the computer's power cable.

**Note:** If you press the power button while inserting the power cord, the iMac will enter a mode in which the fans run at full speed. For more information, refer to kbase article TS1433: **iMac: Fans run at full speed after computer turns on** 

6. Press the power button to turn on the computer.

For more information, refer to: kBase #HT3964: Intel-based iMac: How to reset the System Management Controller

#### **Resetting Parameter RAM (PRAM)**

PRAM stores certain system and device settings in a location that Mac OS X can access quickly. Exactly which settings are stored in the computer's PRAM varies depending on the type of computer as well as the types of devices and drives connected. To reset PRAM:

- **1.** Shut down the computer.
- Locate the following keys on keyboard: Command, Option, P, and R. You will need to hold these keys down simultaneously in Step 4. Note: If the keyboard does not have an Option key, use the Alt key instead.
- 3. Press power button.
- Immediately press and hold Command-Option-P-R keys.
   Important: You must press this key combination before the gray screen appears.
- 5. Hold down keys until the computer restarts, and you hear the startup chime a second time.
- 6. Release keys.

For more information, refer to: <u>kBase #HT1242: Mac OS X: What's stored in PRAM</u> <u>kBase #HT1379: Resetting your Mac's PRAM and NVRAM</u>

## $\succ$

#### Starting Up in Safe Mode

A Safe Boot is a special way to start Mac OS X when troubleshooting. To start up in Safe Mode:

- 1. Make sure computer is shut down.
- 2. Press power button.
- Immediately after you hear the startup tone, press and hold Shift key.
   Note: The Shift key should be held as soon as possible after startup tone but not before.
- **4.** Release Shift key when you see the screen with the gray Apple and progress indicator (looks like a spinning gear). During startup, "Safe Boot" appears on the Mac OS X startup screen and a gray progress bar is displayed on bottom of window (since Mac OS X 10.6).
- 5. To leave Safe Mode, restart computer normally, without holding down any keys during startup.

For more information, refer to: kBase #HT1564: Mac OS X: What is Safe Boot, Safe Mode?

kBase #TS1884: Safe Boot takes longer than normal startup

## $\bowtie$

#### Removing the Battery, Measuring DC Voltage

- 1. Unplug the computer. Allow several minutes for power supply to discharge.
- 2. Remove logic board.
- **3.** Remove coin battery for 1-2 minutes. The coin battery is located on the back side of the logic board (see graphic below).



- **4.** Measure DC voltage on battery touching battery with red probe, and grounding with black probe. If voltage is 2.7v or less, replace battery.
- 5. Reinstall the battery and logic board. This will reset the logic board.
- 6. Power on computer.
- 7. If computer boots, check for and install all software and firmware updates.

## Diagnostics

The following diagnostics are required for this product:

- Apple Service Diagnostic (ASD), version 3S140
- For iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010): Apple Hardware Test (AHT), version 3A202
- Bluetooth Service Diagnostic (BSD) 1.1

## **Sensors Errors**

Run latest available service utilities to determine if any thermal sensors or blowers are malfunctioning. When a test reports an error, reseat appropriate connections and check that all air flows are free from obstruction. If issue persists, replace the corresponding part (sensor, blower, logic board, video card, or power supply). See chart below for correlation between affected sensor, sensor location, and additional checks to perform.

Note: AHT can be run by pressing the D key on startup (if hard drive was not reformatted, or if adequate system specific restore DVD is inserted). If a sensor error is detected, AHT will report an error code containing the affected sensor name (ex: "4SNS/1/40000000 TC0H" error code reports to sensor TC0H).

Sensor	Suspected part and Location	Suggested Action	Notes
ТАОР	Excessive incoming Ambient air temperature, or Ambient temp sensor damaged/disconnected from logic board.	Verify that incoming/outgoing air vents are free from obstruction, that sensor cable is securely connected to the top edge of the logic board and attached to the left speaker housing. Replace sensor cable if damaged.	All fans ramp at full speed if sensor is disconnected.
Т00р	Excessive Optical Drive area temperature, or ODD temp sensor damaged/ disconnected from logic board.	Verify sensor cable is securely connected to the logic board and the sensor is properly attached to the ODD mechanism. Replace sensor cable if damaged.	The ODD fan will run at full speed if sensor is disconnected.
TH00	Excessive Hard Drive area temperature, or HDD temp sensor damaged/disconnected from logic board. Use the correct sensor cable, each drive vendor has a unique sensor cable model.	Verify sensor cable is securely connected to top left side of logic board and it's connected to hard drive. Check for damaged cable on logic board.	The HD fan may run at full speed if the sensor is disconnected.
Tm0p	Excessive logic board temperature (this sensor is part of logic board)	Test with known-good logic board	
TLOp	Excessive LCD panel area temperature, or LCD temp sensor damaged/disconnected from top of logic board	Verify that the LCD sensor cable is securely connected to the logic board and the sensor is attached to the LCD. Replace the sensor cable if damaged	The CPU fan will run at full speed if the sensor is disconnected.

	0		0
TS2P	Excessive upper internal enclosure temperature, or Skin temp sensor damaged/ disconnected from top of logic board.	Verify that the skin temp sensor cable is securely connected to the top of the logic board and sensor is attached to rear housing (near the camera). Replace the sensor cable if damaged.	
ТСОН	Excessive processor heatsink temperature, or CPU temp sensor damaged/disconnected from back side of logic board (this sensor is part of logic board)	Check CPU sensor cable connection to logic board. It requires removal of the logic board.	If the sensor is disconnected, the CPU fan will run at full speed.
TG0D	Excessive graphics processor die temperature (this sensor is part of graphics processor chip)	Test with known-good video card	
TG0H	Excessive graphics processor heatsink temperature, or GPU temp sensor damaged/ disconnected from back side of logic board (this sensor is part of video card assembly)	Check GPU sensor cable connection to logic board. It requires removal of the logic board.	If sensor is disconnected the CPU fan will run at full speed.
Тр1Р, Тр2Н, Тр3Н	Excessive power supply temperature (these sensors are part of the power supply board)	Test with known-good power cable harness , or known-good power supply board.	
ODD fan	Optical fan/blower located next to right speaker	Verify that the ODD blower/fan cable is securely connected to the right side of the logic board and that there are no obstructions that would prevent the blower/fan from rotating. Replace fan if the error continues.	Normal fan operation, except the ODD blower
HDD fan	Hard drive fan/blower, located below logic board, near hard drive	Verify that the HDD blower/fan cable is securely connected to the top of the logic board and that there are no obstructions that would prevent the blower/fan from rotating. Replace fan if the error continues.	Normal fan operation, except the HDD blower
CPU fan	CPU fan/blower, located next to left speaker (logic board has to be removed to replace CPU blower)	Verify that the CPU blower/fan cable is securely connected to the left side of the logic board and that there are no obstructions that would prevent the blower/fan from rotating. Replace fan if the error continues.	Normal fan operation, except the CPU blower

## **Sensor Locations**

Temp sensors and fan connector locations are shown in the next two graphics. Ensure cables are correctly routed and the sensors and fans are properly connected. If a sensor or fan is faulty or not connected, Apple Hardware Test will generate an error code.

#### Sensor Connector Locations: Top Side of Logic Board





#### Sensor Connector Location: Back Side of Logic Board

## **Diagnostic LEDs**

The iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) computer has four built-in diagnostic LEDs on the main logic board that can help you to troubleshoot the computer. The LEDs are located on the bottom left edge of the logic board (under a piece of black mylar tape) and can only be seen when looking through the lower vents of the enclosure. Refer to the next page for a close up graphic of the troubleshooting LEDs.

## Location of Diagnostic LEDs

The LEDs are located under the mylar tape, on the bottom, left corner of the logic board. They can only be seen when looking through lower vents of rear housing



#### **LED Functions**



#### LED #1

Indicates that trickle voltage from power supply has been detected by logic board. This
LED will remain ON whenever the iMac is connected to a working AC power source. The
LED will remain ON even when computer has been shut down or put to sleep. The LED will
remain OFF only if the AC power source is missing or disconnected, if the logic board is
disconnected from the power supply, or if the power supply board is faulty.

#### LED #2

 Indicates that the main logic board has detected proper power from the power supply when the computer is turned on and that logic board voltage regulators are functioning properly. This LED will be ON when the computer is turned on and the power supply should be working correctly.

#### LED #3

Indicates that the computer and the video card are communicating. This LED will be ON
when the computer is communicating properly with the video card. If LEDs 1 and 2 are ON
and you heard the startup sound, but LED 3 is OFF, then the video card might be installed
incorrectly or need replacement.

#### LED #4

Indicates that the computer and the LCD panel are communicating. This LED will be ON
when the computer is turned on and video signal is being generated. If the LED is ON
and there is no image on the display, then the LCD panel, the LED backlight board, or the
cables between might be installed incorrectly or need replacement.

## -

## **LED Startup Sequence**

#### LED #1 = Power available.

If no LED is visible:

- Verify AC power source
- Verify known-good AC cable is connected
- Verify cable connection between AC inlet and power supply
- Verify cable connection between power supply and logic board
- Verify power supply

#### LED #1 + LED #2 = Power available, and system is powered on.

If second LED is not visible when power button is pressed:

- Verify power button connection to logic board
- Verify power button functionality
- Verify cable connection between power supply and logic board
- Verify power supply
- Verify logic board

#### LED #1 + LED #2 + LED #3 = Power available, system is powered on, and video card found.

If third LED is not visible after power on:

- Verify that the MXM video card is seated properly
- Verify if boot chime is present and fans are running when powered ON (reset SMC and PRAM, check backup battery if necessary for proper boot up):
- If POST boot chime is not heard, go to Won't Start Up symptom flow,
- • If POST boot chime is heard, go to No Video symptom flow.

## LED #1 + LED #2 + LED #3 + LED #4 = Power available, system is powered on, video card found, and internal LCD found.

If fourth LED is not visible after power on:

- · Verify cable connections between LCD panel and logic board
- Inspect LCD display cables for cable damage
- Verify external video functionality, and according to result check the following items: -If external display works then verify/replace the LED backlight board
  - -If external display works then verify/replace the LCD panel
  - -If external display does not work verify/replace the logic board

## **Logic Board Test Points**

Some test points are accessible on the logic board when the LCD panel is removed. The test points are defined below.



Logic Board Test Point	Function
Pin 1	Ground
Pin 3	5V power for Hard Drive(s). Note: If present, the 12V power will come directly from the Power Supply to the Hard Drive thru the power harness cable.
Pin 4	Standby 12V power (permanent power coming from power supply and present as long as AC cable is connected, even if computer is off); corresponds to LED #1
Pin 6	Backlight Control pulse width modulated signal (from logic board to LED backlight board, to adjust the backlight level setting according to user setup)
Pin 11	12V Run-Mode power to logic board (coming from power supply, present as long as system is on or asleep); corresponds to LED #2
Pin12	Power On Request signal (from logic board to power supply when power button is pressed)
Pin 13	Backlight Enable (signal from logic board to Backlight Controller board, to enable backlight

## **Functional Overview**

Refer to this diagram for symptoms related to logic board connectors. To rotate this page in Preview for easier viewing, go to Tools menu and choose "Rotate Left".



## **Block Diagram**

Refer to this diagram to see how modules are interrelated.



# **Symptom Charts**

Follow steps in the order indicated below. If an action resolves the issue, retest system to verify.

## **Startup and Power**

## No Power, Dead Unit

Unlikely cause: speakers

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check	
<ul> <li>No Power, Dead Unit</li> <li>No power</li> <li>No fan spin</li> <li>No startup chime</li> <li>No image on external display</li> <li>No hard drive or optical drive activity</li> <li>Caps Lock LED on wired keyboard doesn't light when pressed.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify power source.</li> <li>Verify power cable.</li> <li>Listen closely for signs of activity from system including: rotating fans, hard drive or optical drive activity, startup chime, etc.</li> </ol>	

#### **Deep Dive**

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Power ON system. Verify if there is any indication that the system has powered up (fan	Yes	The symptom is powering up. Go to <u>Won't Start Up</u> symptom flow.	
drive noise, backlight turns on).	No	Go to step 2.	
Locate the diagnostic LEDs in bottom case vents. Plug AC cord into system. Verify if diagnostic LED #1 turns ON. You may alternately check for presence of a 12V DC signal between pin 4 and pin 1 of the logic board.	Yes	Standby power voltage being supplied by power supply. Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 4	

3.	Press power button while monitoring diagnostic LEDs. Verify if LED #2 turns ON and remains ON after pressing the power button. You may alternately check for a power	Yes	Power supply functioning and logic board detects supply voltages. Go to <u>Won't Start</u> <u>Up</u> symptom flow.	
	request signal between pin 12 and pin 1 of logic board.	No	Go to step 5.	
4.	<ol> <li>Disconnect AC cable. Remove glass and LCD panel, and carefully inspect the connectors between AC inlet and power</li> </ol>	Yes	Reseat misconnected cable(s), or replace damaged one(s).	P16
supply, then DC connec cables between power and logic board, for dan poor connections.	supply, then DC connectors and cables between power supply and logic board, for damage or poor connections.	No	Replace DC power cable harness Go to step 8.	X03
5.	Inspect power button and verify if it is properly connected	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	to the logic board.	No	Reconnect power button.	
6. Disconnect power butt logic board. Inspect cal connector for damage. multimeter (set as ohm verify continuity betwee two pins of the power when it is pressed.	Disconnect power button from logic board. Inspect cable and connector for damage. Using a multimeter (set as ohmmeter),	Yes	Power button is functioning correctly. Reconnect power button to logic board and go to step 7.	
	two pins of the power button when it is pressed.	No	Power button faulty. Replace rear housing (which includes power button).	X14
7. Press power butto if system turns ON alternately check of a 12V DC signal pin 11 and pin 1 c when power butt	Press power button and Verify if system turns ON. You may alternately check for presence of a 12V DC signal between	Yes	Power supply functioning. If system still won't boot, go to <u>Won't Start Up</u> symptom flow.	
	when power button is pressed.	No	Replace DC power cable harness. Go to step 8.	X03
8.	Press power button and verify if system turns ON.	Yes	Issue solved with replaced DC power cable harness.	
		No	Replace power supply. Go to step 9.	P01
9.	Press power button and verify if system turns ON.	Yes	Issue solved with replaced power supply.	
		No	Reinstall power supply and replace logic board.	M01

Note: If No Power symptom persists after all steps have been followed use minimum configuration troubleshooting to proceed. Try disconnecting hard drive(s), optical drive, AirPort, Bluetooth, and SD card modules to determine if one of them is preventing the power supply from functioning.


# Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Won't Start Up</li> <li>No startup chime.</li> <li>Error tones during startup.</li> <li>Grey screen with fan noise, or other noise.</li> <li>Will not progress beyond Apple logo or spinning gear.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Isolate OS by starting up from original install media for this computer, from a same-model computer in Target Disk Mode, or from a compatible known-good OS on an external drive. Both AirPort and Bluetooth services are available when booted from the Install disk.</li> <li>Reset SMC and PRAM to clear any stored, corrupted information.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Start up in Safe Mode by holding shift key down during startup to load only required kernel extensions and disable all startup and login items. See <u>kBase #HT1564: Mac OS X: What is</u> <u>Safe Boot, Safe Mode?</u></li> <li>If system generates error tones there may be an issue with the SDRAM. See <u>kBase #HT2341: Intelbased Mac: Power On Self Test RAM error codes</u></li> <li>Identifying when in the startup process the computer hangs can help isolate the issue. See <u>kBase #HT2674: Intel-based Mac: Startup sequence and error codes, symbols</u> for information on the Macintosh startup sequence, and error codes and symbols used.</li> </ol>
	6. Run latest available service utilities.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Boot computer to Apple Hardware Test on the internal hard drive or an inserted Install DVD by holding down the D key at startup. Verify if system boots up from any of these volumes.	Yes	Run the extended tests and proceed with results. If AHT passes or boots with a memory error, go to step 2.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Remove installed SDRAM, and test with known-good SDRAM. Verify if computer starts up properly now.	Yes	SDRAM issue. Reinstall one of user's SDRAM modules and retest. Proceed one by one to find the faulty SDRAM module, and replace it.	X02
	No	Go to step 3.	

3.	3. Wait 15 seconds after computer was powered down then disconnect AirPort cable from	Yes	Go to <u>AirPort Card Kernel</u> <u>Panic</u> symptom flow.	
	logic board. Verify if computer starts up properly now.	No	Go to step 4.	
4.	4. Startup with Alt key to select and start from the Install DVD inserted in the optical drive, or from an external bootable volume connected. Verify if computer starts up properly from alternate bootable volume.	Yes	Go to <u>Hard Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Go to step 5.	
5.	Disconnect optical drive cable and retest. Verify if computer starts up properly now.	Yes	Reconnect optical drive and go to <u>Optical Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Go to step 6.	
6.	Remove coin battery on back of logic board (you will need to completely remove logic board to do this), and leave out for approximately 1-2 minutes. Then reinstall battery. This will reset logic board. Verify if computer starts up properly now.	Yes	Issue resolved by logic board reset. Measure DC voltage on battery touching battery with red probe, and grounding with black probe. If voltage is 2.7v or less, replace battery. For multimeter help, see <u>kBase #HT3250: Diagnostics:</u> <u>Using a digital multimeter</u> .	
		No	Replace logic board.	M02

### **Intermittent Shutdown**

#### **Troubleshooting Shutdown Causes**

Always run the latest available Apple service utilities to check for any abnormal value reading from a thermal, a voltage, or a current sensor, or from a fan speed meter. The log files may also report the cause of a previous shut down(s).

Collect all available info from user on shut down occurrence details: periodicity, power state when issue happens, running applications, running time before shutdown.

#### Shutdown events can be categorized into four different areas.

#### 1) User-related shut downs:

A computer shut-down event may be caused by user operation. The following shut down methods should not be considered as a failure, unless the power button is found to be defective.

- Selecting Shut Down by choosing the Apple (**④**) menu from the upper-left menu bar and then choosing Shut Down.
- Pressing and holding the power button for 10 seconds
- Programming a timed shutdown in the Energy Saver preferences: refer to for menu>System
   Preferences>Energy Saver

Suggested troubleshooting steps are:

- Reset the SMC: Refer to: <u>kBase #HT3964: Intel-based iMac: How to reset the System</u> <u>Management Controller</u>
- Test the Power On button for an intermittent short that would force computer to shutdown.

#### 2) Activity-related system shut downs:

- System could not succeed the standard shutdown process and had to force shutdown
- An installed watchdog detected that an application did not respond within specified time (this watchdog can be enabled on Mac O X Server Energy Saver preferences)

These shut downs may be linked to system settings, devices drivers, applications, or operating system freezes.

Suggested troubleshooting steps are:

- · Check the system logs and activity monitor utility for clues on the freezing process,
- Check for available software and firmware updates for installed device drivers, applications, or operating system
- Start the system from a known-good / up-to-date bootable drive for issue reproduction.

#### 3) Power-related system shut downs:

• External power source was removed.

Power-related shut downs are due to power management, poor connections, or defective power sources.

Suggested steps for troubleshooting are :

- Reset the SMC: Refer to: <u>kBase #HT3964: Intel-based iMac: How to reset the System</u>
   <u>Management Controller</u>
- Verify the following cables are securely connected: AC power cable, AC inlet, and DC power supply cable connections to logic board

#### 4) Hardware-related system shut downs:

- · One of the temperature sensors reached a specified temperature limit
- One of the voltage sensors reached a specified voltage limit
- One of the current sensors reached a specified current limit

These shut downs are due to temperature, voltage, current, fan speed or other hardware related sensor values getting out of range.

Suggested steps for troubleshooting are :

- Check for all sensors connections and values using the latest available Apple service utilities and locate sensors using <u>table</u> in the General Troubleshooting chapter
- Check /listen for fan(s) operation
- · Check cleanliness of the heatsink fins and the air flow,
- · Check for correct seating of the heatsink on logic board and presence of thermal material.

For additional information refer to the Intermittant Shutdown table on the next page.

### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Intermittent Shutdown</li> <li>Powers off during startup.</li> <li>Powers off during desktop use.</li> </ul>	1. Make sure that power cord is securely attached to the back of computer, and is not hindered by a desk or other furniture.
Computer restarts     spontaneously.	<b>2.</b> Plug computer directly into an AC outlet to test if a surge protector or UPS is causing issue.
<ul> <li>Powers off when waking from sleep.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Open System Preferences &gt; Energy Saver &gt; Schedule and make sure that a "Shut Down" event is not scheduled.</li> </ol>
	4. Isolate OS by starting up from original install media for this computer, from a same-model computer in Target Disk Mode, or from a compatible known-good OS on an external drive. Both AirPort and Bluetooth services are available when booted from the Install disk.
	<ol> <li>Reset SMC and PRAM to clear any stored, corrupted information.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Start up in Safe Mode by holding shift key down during startup to load only required kernel extensions and disable all startup and login items. See <u>kBase #HT1564: Mac OS X: What is</u> <u>Safe Boot, Safe Mode?</u></li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Activity related shutdowns: Reset SMC and PRAM and	Yes	Check with known-good bootable drive: go to step 2	
happens.	No	Shutdown cause was related to SMC or PRAM programmed shutdown settings or corruption, and was resolved by reverting them to default settings.	
2. Booting from known-good bootable drive , verify that	Yes	Go to Power related shutdowns on step 3	
shutdown issue still happens.	No	Shutdown events do not happen on known-good OS. Reinstall Mac OS on customer hard drive, update OS with latest version and check if any firmware update is available.	
3. Power related shutdowns:	Yes	Go to step 4.	
with known-good AC power cord and AC outlet, Verify if system continues to restart or shutdown	No	AC power cord / outlet issue. Issue resolved.	X03
4. Disconnect hard drive power cable from hard drive and startup the computer from other bootable media (like Install DVD, a same model computer in Target Disk Mode, or a compatible known-good OS on an external drive). Verify if system continues to restart or shutdown.	Yes	Go to step 5	
	No	Possible bad software or hard drive. Go to <u>Hard Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
5. Inspect and reseat AC inlet connection to power supply (the smaller of the 2 cables connected to power supply), and DC power cable from power supply to logic board. Verify if damage is observed on the cables or connectors.	Yes	Replace damaged cable. Retest. Return to step 1 if problem continues.	X03
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Install known-good power supply. Verify if system	Yes	Reinstall original power supply. Go to step 7.	
continues to restart or shutdown.	No	Issue resolved with power supply replacement.	P02

7.	<ol> <li>Replace DC power cable, which supplies power to logic board, hard drive, and LED backlight board. Verify if system continues to restart or shutdown.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 8	
		No	lssue resolved with DC power cable replacement.	X03
8.	<ol> <li>Hardware-related shutdowns: Run latest available Apple service diagnostics and verify if a sensor failure is reported.</li> </ol>	Yes	-If a temperature or a fan sensor failure is reported, go to step 9 -If a voltage or a current sensor failure is reported test with known-good power supply board. If issue persists, replace logic board.	M23
		No	Setup ASD to loop test suite for burn in tests and go to step 9. If no failure is found after burn in tests, return unit to customer for no failure found.	
9.	9. Verify if a thermal sensor or fan failure is reported by diagnostics.	Yes	-If fan not running failure, check for fan cable seating and retest. If same failure after retest replace fan with known-good fan and retest. If issue does not happen with known-good fan, replace user's fan.	X22
			-If an over temp failure reported, check for cause of over temp, like obstructed vent, dust in heatsink fin, clogged fan and retest. If still failing replace part where sensor is located (logic board, power supply, hard drive or sensor cable) according to the sensor location table in General Troubleshooting chapter . Go to step 10	M23 P17 X03
		No	Go to step 10	
10.	Isolate if issue solved Verify if shutdown/issue does	Yes	Issue fixed	
	is fixed	No	Replace logic board with corresponding symptom: -if for thermal error cause -if for other cause	M18 M08

# Kernel Panic, System Crashes

# Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Kernel Panic, System Crashes</li> <li>Kernel Panic on startup or desktop use.</li> <li>System freeze during use.</li> <li>System freeze upon wake from</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Isolate OS by starting up from original install media for this computer, from a same model computer in Target Disk Mode, or from a compatible known-good OS on an external drive. Both AirPort and Bluetooth services are available when booted from the Install disk.</li> </ol>
sleep.	2. Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes.
	<b>3.</b> Reset SMC and PRAM to clear any stored, corrupted information.
	4. Start up in Safe Mode by holding shift key down during startup to load only required kernel extensions and disable all startup and login items. See <u>kBase #HT1564: Mac OS X: What is Safe Boot, Safe Mode?</u>
	<ol> <li>Check the panic.log, located /Library/Logs/ Panicreporter, for information in the back trace that may give clues about the kernel panic.</li> </ol>
	6. For more information, see <u>kBase #HT1392:</u> <u>About "You need to restart your computer"</u> (kernel panic) messages.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Boot the computer to Apple Hardware Test on internal hard drive or an inserted Install DVD by holding down the D key at startup Verify if system boots	Yes	Run extended tests and proceed with results. If AHT passes or boots with a kernel panic, go to step 2.	
up from any of these volumes.	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Remove all peripheral devices including keyboard and mouse. Verify if system starts without kernel panic.	Yes	Add peripheral devices one at a time until kernel panic repeats. Replace device causing issue.	
	No	Go to step 3.	

3.	Use known-good SDRAM in the system. Verify if system start without kernel panic now.	Yes	Install user's SDRAM one by one and retest. If kernel panic repeats, replace affected SDRAM. Verify if correct SDRAM specification is being used.	X01
		No	Go to step 4.	
4.	Wait for 20 seconds after shutdown and disconnect AirPort cable on logic board.	Yes	Go to <u>AirPort Card Kernel</u> <u>Panic</u> symptom flow.	
	Verify if system starts without kernel panic now.	No	Go to step 5.	
5.	5. Disconnect SATA cable from hard drive and startup to the Install DVD in the optical drive or from an external volume. Verify if system starts without kernel panic now.	Yes	Go to <u>Hard Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Go to step 6.	
6.	Disconnect camera and microphone cables from logic board. Verify if system starts	Yes	Go to <u>Camera Issues</u> or <u>Audio: Microphone</u> symptom flow as appropriate.	
	without kernel panic now.	No	Go to step 7.	
7.	Disconnect Bluetooth cable on logic board. Verify if system	Yes	Go to <u>AirPort/Bluetooth</u> <u>Issues</u> symptom flow.	
	now.	No	Go to step 8.	
8.	Disconnect SD board on logic board. Verify if system starts	Yes	Go to <u>SD Card Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
	without kernel panic now.	No	Go to step 9.	
9.	<b>9.</b> Disconnect optical drive and test. Verify if system starts without kernel panic now.	Yes	Go to <u>Optical Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Replace logic board.	M06

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) Symptom Charts — Startup and Power 45

# No Video

Unlikely cause: hard drive, optical drive, speakers, camera, microphone

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul><li>No Video</li><li>No image.</li><li>Backlight failure.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Check brightness setting.</li> <li>For no-video issues, connect an external display to Verify if iMac video circuitry is functioning. If image appears on external display go to Backlight Issue/No Backlight symptom flow.</li> <li>Reset SMC.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify boot chime present and fans running when system powered ON. (Reset SMC, clear PRAM or reseat Backup Battery if necessary for proper boot up.)	Yes	Power ON self test OK. Boot sequence started. Go to step 2.	
	No	Go to <mark>Won't Start Up</mark> symptom flow.	
<ol> <li>Verify if image is visible on built-in LCD panel.</li> </ol>	Yes	Video present. Verify system functionality and return to user or jump to appropriate troubleshooting flow.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Connect supported external display. Verify if image appears on external display when system is booted.	Yes	External display detected by system. Video circuitry on logic board functional. Inspect DisplayPort cable to back of panel connection. Reseat and test again. If you continue to have problems go to <u>Backlight Issue/No</u> <u>Backlight</u> symptom flow.	
	No	Go to step 4.	

<b>4.</b> Pivot enclosure lower intake ve	Pivot enclosure to access lower intake vent, and locate	Yes	Logic board communicating with video card. Go to step 5.	
	logic board. Verify if LED #3 turns on shortly after system powers on.	No	If LED #3 does not turn ON reseat video card and retest, then replace video card and repeat step 4. If issue persists, replace logic board.	M03 M03
5. Locate <u>diagnostic LEDs</u> on logic board. Verify if LED #4 turns on shortly after system powers on.	Locate <u>diagnostic LEDs</u> on logic board. Verify if LED #4 turns on shortly after system powers on.	Yes	Logic board communicating with LCD panel. Go to <u>Backlight Issue/No Backlight</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Replace DisplayPort cable. Go to step 6.	X03
<b>6.</b> Locate <u>diagno</u> the logic board turns on short powers on.	Locate <u>diagnostic LEDs</u> on the logic board. Verify if LED #4 turns on shortly after system powers on.	Yes	Video controller functional and communicating with LCD panel. Go to <u>Backlight Issue/</u> <u>No Backlight</u> symptom flow.	
		No	Video controller unable to communicate with LCD panel. Reseat cables first. If issue persists, replace LCD panel. Retest.	L03

# **Corrupted Video**

Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul><li>Corrupted Video</li><li>Text and graphics appear fuzzy</li><li>Image corrupted</li></ul>	1. Using the KBase article http://support.apple.com/ kb/HT1159, verify Mac OS X version installed is the build number supported on the hardware. Make sure customer didn't migrate over their old version of Mac OS.		
	<ol> <li>Set System Preferences &gt; Displays to native resolution of LCD. Non-native resolutions are unable to produce optimal clarity.</li> </ol>		
	3. Clean outside surface of glass panel		
	<ol> <li>Make sure all relevant firmware and software updates have been applied. Graphics driver updates may be included with software updates.</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>Boot from install DVD or another known-good volume to determine whether a potential software/driver issue exists.</li> </ol>		
	6. When issue occurs, take a screenshot of the display (Command-Shift-3). View screenshot file on a known-good computer. If image corruption can be seen in the screenshot then issue is with the video drivers, software, or video/logic board. If issue cannot be seen in the screenshot then LCD panel and DisplayPort cable should be tested further.		

### **Quick Check**

Check		Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Boot from Install DVD and Verify if issue is still visible.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 2.		
	No	Issue likely caused by software or driver issue. Troubleshoot for software issues. Make sure all software and firmware updates have been installed.		
2. Verify if issue is verternal display.	visible on an	Yes	Issue is NOT caused by internal LCD display. Go to step 3.	
		No	Go to step 6.	
<b>3.</b> Remove video ca connector for da	ard, inspect image or call video card	Yes	Replace video card. Go to step 4.	M04
and retest. Verify if issue still occurs.	r if issue still	No	Issue resolved by reseating video card.	
<b>4.</b> Verify if video corruption issue is still present.	Yes	Replace logic board. If a video card was replaced, reinstall the user's original video card. Go to step 5.	M04	
	No	Issue resolved with replacement video card.		
5. Verify if video corruption issue is still present with replacement logic board installed.	Yes	Return to step 1 and retest.		
	No	Issue resolved with replacement logic board.		
6. Inspect glass par issue is caused b or contaminants outside surface of or on surface of	nel. Verify if by condensation on inside/ of glass panel, LCD panel.	Yes	Clean glass and/or LCD using procedures in Glass Panel take-apart chapter. Identify possible sources of contamination (nearby cigarette/cooking smoke, heavy airborne dust, etc.) to prevent recurrence. Condensation should dissipate after computer has been running a few hours.	
		No	Go to step 7.	

7. Disconnect DisplayPort cable between LCD display and logic board, and verify if there is	Yes	Replace DisplayPort cable or any other damaged part/ module.	X03
Repeat with vertical sync cable connected between LCD panel and LED backlight board.	No	Reinstall DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable. Go to step 8.	
8. Verify if issue is still visible after reinstalling/replacing DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable.	Yes	If video corruption symptom appears to be like a rolling image (bad location of the top of image), replace VSync cable and go to step 9. Else replace DisplayPort cable	X03 X03
	No	lssue resolved with reseating/ replacing damaged cable(s).	
<b>9.</b> Verify if issue is still visible after replacing DisplayPort cable or/ and vertical sync cable.	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L04
	No	lssue resolved with replacing the cable(s).	
<b>10.</b> Verify if issue is still present with replacement LCD panel installed.	Yes	Contact Apple Technical Support.	
	No	Replace LCD panel.	L04

# **Burnt Smell/Odor**

Unlikely cause: speakers, microphone, rear housing

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Burnt Smell/Odor</li> <li>Burning smell</li> <li>Unusual odor</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify that computer is the source of the odor.</li> <li>If system is new, see <u>kBase #TA22044: New</u> <u>Equipment: Odors May Be Present Short-Term</u>.</li> <li>Disconnect all third-party devices and check to see if any external device is the source of odor.</li> <li>Inspect air intake and air outlets for obstructions. To prevent overheating make sure there is sufficient clearance to allow air to flow unobstructed into and out of the system.</li> </ol>
	<b>5.</b> Verify if system is functional.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify if source of the odor can be identified by visually inspecting each module and its associated cables for signs of burned or damaged components, smoke residue, burned traces, or melted or damaged wiring,	Yes	Replace affected module(s). Go to step 2	P08
	No	Unable to locate source of odor. Go to step 3.	
2. Disconnect all third-party devices and cables. Power ON	Yes	Power down system immediately. Go to step 3.	
system and verify if smoke or strong odor returns.	No	System functions correctly. Verify system functionality with third-party devices and cables and return system to user if problem has been resolved. Consult third-party companies as needed for issues with those products.	

3. Verify if source of odor can be located using your nose.	Yes	Check all AC and DC power cables for pinch or damage. Replace affected module(s) and retest system.	P08
	No	Contact Apple for assistance if you feel that there is a possible safety issue with computer that has not been resolved in previous steps.	

# **Uncategorized Symptoms**

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul><li>Uncategorized Symptoms</li><li>Unable to locate appropriate</li></ul>	<b>1.</b> Make sure system is plugged into a known-good outlet.
symptom code.	<ol> <li>Listen for boot chime, fan, optical drive, or hard drive noise which indicates system is powering up. If noise is heard, go to <u>Won't Start Up</u> symptom flow. If no noise is heard go to <u>No Power, Dead Unit</u> symptom flow.</li> </ol>
	<b>3.</b> Attempt to boot from Install DVD to isolate possible software issues.

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
user.	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99

# Display

# Backlight Issue/No Backlight

Unlikely cause: hard drive, optical drive, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Backlight Issue/No Backlight</li> <li>No image</li> <li>Partial backlight failure</li> <li>Backlight flickers</li> <li>Display dim</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check for Software Update.</li> <li>Verify that System Preferences &gt; Displays &gt; Brightness control setting is above minimum.</li> <li>If no image on built-in display, connect external display to verify if iMac video circuitry is functioning. If no image visible on external display, go to <u>No Video</u> symptom flow under Startup and Power troubleshooting.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify boot chime present and fans running when computer powered ON. (Reset SMC, clear PRAM or reseat Backup Battery if necessary for proper boot up.)	Yes	Power on self test OK. Go to step 2.	
	No	Go to <u>Won't Start Up</u> symptom flow.	
2. Verify if image is visible on built-in LCD panel, with adjustable backlight level.	Yes	Video is present. Verify system functionality and return to user, or go to appropriate troubleshooting flow.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Connect supported external display to rear Mini DisplayPort video port (Use known-good MiniDisplay to VGA or DVI adapters if needed) . Verify if image appears on external display when system is booted.	Yes	External display detected by system. Video circuitry on logic board appears functional. Go to step 4.	
	No	Go to <u>No Video</u> symptom flow.	
<b>4.</b> Verify if LCD backlight is ON by looking for faint glow from display when viewed in darkened room with brightness set at maximum.	Yes	LED backlight is functioning. Go to step 7.	
	No	Go to step 5.	

5. Shine bright (low heat) flashlight onto front of LCD. With computer powered ON verify if a faint image is visible.	Yes	LCD panel functional but backlight is missing or dim. Remove LCD panel and inspect and reseat the following cable connections: -Backlight power cable between backlight board and LCD panel. -Vertical sync cable between backlight board and LCD panel. -DC power cable to backlight board and power supply.	
		Replace any damaged cable. Reinstall LCD panel and go to step 6.	X03
	No	No image nor backlight. Go to step 7.	
6. Power ON system. Verify if	Yes	Issue resolved.	
image is now visible on LCD panel with correct backlight level.	No	Replace LED backlight board. Retest. If issue persists, go to step 7.	M04
7. Inspect and reseat internal DisplayPort cable (between logic board and LCD panel). Power ON system. Verify if image is visible on built-in LCD display.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Replace internal DisplayPort cable.	X03
		If issue persists, replace LCD panel.	L03

# Noise / Unstable Flickering

Unlikely cause: camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Noise / Unstable Flickering</li> <li>Flickering image</li> <li>Horizontal bands of static intermittently appear</li> <li>Dock and / or menu bar shift positions</li> <li>Display intermittently flashes on / off</li> <li>Unstable image</li> <li>Humming noise from display</li> <li>High frequency noise from display</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>If display flicker only occurs when the brightness level is set below maximum, then jump to topic, "Display: Backlight Issue / No Backlight."</li> <li>Run Automatic Software Update to verify that all available firmware and software updates have been applied.</li> <li>Verify Mac OS X version installed is the build version supported on the hardware. Make sure customer didn't migrate over old version of Mac OS X.</li> <li>Verify that intake vents on bottom of computer are not obstructed.</li> <li>Inspect system for third party software that is being used to set fan speeds to a higher than normal RPM. Some users may install this software to monitor and control internal temperatures, potentially causing higher fan speeds to generate higher than expected noise levels.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify if user issue is due to flickering, or to an unstable	Yes	Suspected flickering issue, go to step 2	
video image on the LCD.	No	For audible noise issues go to step 8. For all other issues go to appropriate symptoms flow.	
2. Connect a supported display on rear Mini Display port video port (Use known-good	Yes	Suspect issue with video circuitry. Go to <u>Corrupted</u> <u>Video</u> symptom flow.	
MiniDisplay to VGA or DVI adapters if needed). Verify if issue occurs on both the internal and the external display.	No	Video circuitry appears OK. Go to step 3.	

<ul> <li>3. When display flicker, verify whether one of the following symptoms occurred:</li> <li>Flickering image</li> <li>Horizontal bands of static intermittently appear</li> </ul>	Yes	Remove glass and LCD panel. Check , reseat, and secure the DisplayPort LCD cable to both ends. Check and reseat the VSync cable to both ends. Go to step 4.	
<ul> <li>Dock and / or menu bar shift positions</li> <li>Display intermittently flashes on / off</li> </ul>	No	LCD panel OK. Go to step 4.	
<b>4.</b> Power ON computer and verify if issue still occurs.	Yes	If connections are secure and display is still flickering, go to step 5.	
	No	Issue resolved.	
<b>5.</b> Carefully disconnect and verifiy if any of the four cables on back of LCD panel show	Yes	Replace and damaged cable(s) and retest.	X03
signs of damage, corrosion, or pinched wires.	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Verify whether flickering occurs when brightness level is set below max.	Yes	Image present but backlight is flickering. Replace Vertical sync cable (between LCD panel and LED Backlight board) and retest. Replace backlight board if problem persist.	X03
	No	Replace internal DisplayPort cable (between Logic Board and LCD panel), retest and go to step 7.	X03
7. Verify if flickering issue is still present.	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L06
	No	Issue resolved.	

8. Verify if high pitch noise varies when adjusting brightness level up and down.	Yes	Noise seems to be generated by vertical sync cable. Inspect and replace cable. Replace the LED Backlight board if problem persists.	X03
	No	Noise is from another source. Go to step 8.	
<b>9.</b> Verify if noise can be heard when computer is set up with	Yes	Replace LED backlight board. Go to step 9.	M04
user seated in normal user position. Adjusting brightness level up and down may be necessary to recreate issue.	No	Noises that are not audible from the normal user position are considered acceptable.	
<b>10.</b> Verify if noise is still present.	Yes	If noise still present, go to <u>Noise/Hum/Vibration</u> symptom flow.	
	No	Issue resolved.	



Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

Symptom	Quick Check
<ul> <li>LCD Issues</li> <li>Incorrect/missing colors</li> <li>Distorted/blurred image</li> <li>Pixel anomalies</li> <li>Vertical/horizontal lines</li> <li>Non-uniform brightness</li> <li>Flickering</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>If display flicker only occurs when the brightness level is set below maximum, then jump to topic, "Display: Backlight Issue / No Backlight."</li> <li>Run Automatic Software Update to verify that all available firmware and software updates have been applied.</li> <li>Verify Mac OS X version installed is the build version supported on the hardware. Make sure customer didn't migrate over old version of Mac OS X.</li> <li>Allow display to reach normal operating temperature for about 15 minutes before evaluating front-of-screen performance.</li> <li>Check display preferences for use of custom display profile.</li> <li>Check brightness setting.</li> <li>Clean glass panel while checking for dust/debris.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if user issue is due to flickering, or to an unstable video image on the LCD.</li> </ol>	Yes	Flickering issue, go to <u>Noise</u> <u>/ Unstable Flickering</u> Symptom table <u>.</u>	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Verify if issue is incorrect/ missing colors.	Yes	Go to <u>incorrect/missing</u> <u>colors.</u>	
	No	Go to step 3.	
<b>3.</b> Verify if issue is distorted/ blurred image.	Yes	Go to <u>distorted/blurred</u> image.	
	No	Go to step 4.	

<b>4.</b> Verify if issue is bright or dark	Yes	Go to <b>pixel anomalies.</b>	
pixel anomalies.	No	Go to step 5.	
<b>5.</b> Verify if issue is vertical or horizontal lines.	Yes	Go to <u>vertical/horizontal</u> lines.	
	No	Go to step 6.	
<b>6.</b> Verify if issue is non-uniform brightness.	Yes	Go to <u>non-uniform</u> <u>brightness.</u>	
	No	LCD functioning OK. Return to appropriate symptom flow if issue is still present.	



Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Incorrect/Missing Colors</li> <li>Wrong color display</li> <li>Color/contrast issues</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Allow display to reach normal operating temperature for about a minute before evaluating front-of-screen performance.</li> <li>Verify if System Preferences &gt; Display settings are configured to use default display profile.</li> <li>Verify System Preferences &gt; Universal Access &gt; Display "Enhance contrast", "Use grayscale", and "Black on White/White on Black" settings are set</li> </ol>
	to defaults.

Ch	eck	Result	Action	Code
1.	1. Verify computer has been warmed up for about a minute to stabilize backlight before continuing.	Yes	Go to step 2.	
		No	Warm up computer for about a minute. Go to step 2.	
2.	Verify if all four cables on back	Yes	Go to step 3.	
of LCD panel are secure at both ends.	No	Reseat connections, replace damaged cable(s) if needed. Retest.	L14	
3.	Go to System Preferences > Desktop & Screen Saver > Desktop and set color to Solid Gray Light. Verify if incorrect/	Yes	Suspect poor video connection. Replace internal DisplayPort cable between logic board and LCD panel.	L14
	missing color issue affects entire display.	No	Go to step 4.	

4.	Set up computer side-by-side with a known-good, same- model computer showing same image. Verify if issue is noticeably worse on display being tested.	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L02
		No	Small variations in color uniformity across display are normal and do not warrant replacement of LCD.	

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) Symptom Charts — Display 61

# Distorted/Blurred Image

Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

Quick check	
Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul><li>Distorted/Blurred Image</li><li>Text and graphics appear fuzzy</li><li>Image corrupted</li></ul>	<ol> <li>If display flicker only occurs when the brightness level is set below maximum, then jump to topic, "Display: Backlight Issue / No Backlight."</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Run Automatic Software Update to verify that all available firmware and software updates have been applied.</li> </ol>
	3. Verify Mac OS X version installed is the build version supported on the hardware. Make sure customer didn't migrate over old version of Mac OS X.
	<ol> <li>Set System Preferences &gt; Displays to native resolution of LCD. Non-native resolutions are unable to produce optimal clarity.</li> </ol>
	5. Clean outside of glass panel.
	6. Boot from install DVD to determine if a potential

### **Quick Check**

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if user issue is due to flickering, or to an unstable video image on the LCD.</li> </ol>	Yes	Flickering issue, go to <u>Noise /</u> <u>Unstable Flickering.</u>	
	No	Go to step 2. All other issues go to appropriate symptom flow.	
2. Boot from Install DVD and	Yes	Go to step 3.	
verity if issue is still visible.	No	Verify Mac OS X version installed is the build version supported on the hardware. Make sure customer didn't migrate over old version of Mac OS X. Make sure all software and firmware updates have been installed.	

3.	<ol> <li>Verify if issue is visible on an external display attached to mini DisplayPort.</li> </ol>	Yes	Issue NOT caused by internal LCD panel. Go to step 7.	
		No	Go to step 4.	
4.	Inspect glass panel. Verify if issue is caused by condensation or contaminants on inside surface of glass panel.	Yes	Clean glass and/or LCD using procedures in Glass Panel take-apart chapter. Identify possible sources of contamination (nearby cigarette/cooking smoke, heavy airborne dust, etc.) to prevent recurrence. Condensation should dissipate after computer has been running a few hours.	
		No	Go to step 5.	
5.	<ul> <li>Remove glass and LCD panel.</li> <li>Disconnect DisplayPort cable</li> <li>between LCD display and logic</li> </ul>	Yes	Replace DisplayPort cable, vertical sync cable or any other damaged part/module.	X03
	board, and verify if there is damage to cable or connectors. Repeat with vertical sync cable connected between LCD panel and LED backlight board.	No	Reinstall DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable. Go to step 6.	
6.	Verify if issue is still visible after reinstalling internal DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable.	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L04
		No	Issue resolved.	
7.	Remove video card, inspect connector for damage or corrosion then reinstall. Verify if issue still occurs.	Yes	Replace video card. Go to step 8.	
		No	Issue likely caused by poor video card connection.	
8.	Verify if distorted/blurred image issue is still present.	Yes	Replace logic board. Go to step 9	M04
		No	Issue resolved.	
9.	Verify if issue is still present with replacement logic board	Yes	Return to step 1 and retest.	
	installed.	No	Issue resolved.	

# **Pixel Anomalies**

Unlikely cause: logic btoard, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Pixel Anomalies</li> <li>Dark dot anomalies</li> <li>Bright dot anomalies</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Clean outside surface of glass panel.</li> <li>See <u>kBase #HT1721: About LCD display pixel</u></li> </ol>		
<ul> <li>Debris on inside surface of glass panel</li> </ul>	<u>anomalies.</u>		
Debris on surface of LCD panel			

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Determine if "defects" are dust/ debris on surface of glass panel or LCD.</li> </ol>	Yes	Clean glass and/or LCD using procedures in Glass Panel take-apart chapter.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Determine if bright pixel	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L08
defects exceed acceptable number. See <u>kBase #HT1721:</u> <u>About LCD display pixel</u> anomalies.	No	LCD panel meets bright pixel defect specifications. Go to step 3.	
3. Determine if dark pixel defects exceed acceptable number. See <u>kBase #HT1721: About LCD</u> <u>display pixel anomalies.</u>	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L08
	No	LCD panel meets dark pixel defect specifications. Go to step 4.	
4. Determine if combination of bright/dark pixel defects exceed acceptable number. See <u>kBase #HT1721: About LCD</u> <u>display pixel anomalies.</u>	Yes	Replace LCD panel.	L08
	No	Explain to user that LCD panel is operating within specifications for pixel defects. Do NOT replace LCD panel.	





Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check	
<ul> <li>Vertical/Horizontal Lines</li> <li>Vertical lines</li> <li>Horizontal lines</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Boot from install DVD to determine if potential software issue exists.</li> <li>Verify if issue is visible on an external display.</li> </ol>	





Check	Result	Action	Code		
<b>1.</b> Boot from Install DVD and verify if issue is still visible:	Yes	Go to Flickering issue, go to Noise / Unstable Flickering.			
<ul> <li>Flickering image</li> <li>Horizontal bands of static intermittently appear</li> <li>Dock and / or menu bar shift positions</li> <li>Display intermittently flashes on / off</li> </ul>	No	Issue likely caused by software or driver issue. Troubleshoot for software issues. Make sure all firmware and software updates have been installed.			
2. Verify if issue is visible on an external display attached to	Yes	Issue NOT caused by internal LCD. Go to step 3.			
mini DisplayPort.	No	Go to step 4.			
<b>3.</b> Remove video card and inspect connector for damage or	Yes	Replace video card. Go to step 5.	M24		
corrosion then reinstall. Verify if issue still occurs.	No	Issue likely caused by poor video card connection.			
<b>4.</b> Disconnect DisplayPort cable between LCD display and logic board, and verify if there is damage to cable or connectors	Yes	Replace DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable or any other damaged part/module. Go to step 5.	X04		
Repeat with vertical sync cable connected between LCD panel and LED backlight board.	No	Reinstall DisplayPort cable and vertical sync cable. Go to step 9.			
<b>5.</b> Verify if issue is still present.	Yes	Replace logic board. If video card was present, reinstall original video card. Go to step 6.	M04		
	No	Issue resolved.			

6.	<ol> <li>Verify if issue is still present with replacement logic board installed.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 7	
		No	Issue resolved.	
7.	Reinstall original logic board	Yes	Replace LCD panel	L04
and verify if issue is with original logic l reinstalled.	and verify if issue is still present with original logic board reinstalled.	No	lssue resolved. If video card was replaced, reinstall original video card.	

### Non-Uniform Brightness / Color

Unlikely cause: power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check Symptoms** Non-Uniform Brightness/Color 1. Verify System Preferences > Displays > Brightness slider is set above minimum. Brightness not uniform • Color not uniform • 2. Allow a minute for backlight to reach normal • Yellow tint operating temperature and output before evaluating display. 3. Visually inspect glass panel for presence of dust, cigarette smoke, or other contaminants. Clean glass panel if needed.

#### **Quick Check**

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Determine if color/brightness uniformity issue is visible after display has warmed up for about a minute.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 2.	
	No	Display backlight can take a minute to stabilize. Retest. If issue still not visible return computer to user.	
2. Look at user-provided examples showing brightness	Yes	Go to step 3.	
uniformity issue. Determine if variation in uniformity appears excessive when compared to another same-model computer.	No	Demonstrate to user that LCD performs similarly to another computer of the same model.	
<b>3.</b> Remove glass panel and loosen screws securing LCD panel. Determine if brightness uniformity improves.	Yes	Inspect for mechanical interference with screws or cables making contact with back of LCD. Reseat components & cables, retest.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
<b>4.</b> Remove LCD panel, then inspect and reseat backlight cables. Determine if brightness uniformity improves.	Yes	One or more backlight cables were loose.	
	No	Replace LCD panel.	L07

# **Cosmetic Defects**





Symptoms	Quick Check	
<ul> <li>Cosmetic Defects to LCD</li> <li>Cracked glass panel</li> <li>Cracked LCD</li> <li>Scratched LCD polarizer</li> <li>Scorched or melted LCD</li> <li>LCD impact damage</li> <li>Foreign material on LCD or back side of glass panel.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Replace glass panel. Refer to Take Apart/General Information/How to Remove a Broken Glass Panel</li> <li>Determine if damage was caused by user environment, accidental damage, or abuse. If applicable, inform user that Apple does not warrant damage caused by accident, abuse, misuse, flood, fire, earthquake, or other external causes. For more information refer to: <u>http://</u> www.apple.com/legal/warranty</li> </ol>	
	3. For dark and bright pixel anomalies see <u>Pixel</u> Anomalies symptom flow.	

# Uncategorized Symptoms

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Unable to locate appropriate symptom code.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Make sure brightness level is set above minimum.</li> <li>Clean glass panel to make sure external contaminants are removed prior to evaluating display performance.</li> <li>Allow LCD display to warm up approximately a minute before evaluating display color and brightness uniformity performance.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
user.	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99



 $\succ$ 

# **Mass Storage**

# Hard Drive Not Recognized

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check	
Drive Not Recognized Drive No Boot	<ol> <li>Use a known-good mouse. A stuck mouse button will not allow boot.</li> </ol>	
<ul><li>Flashing Question Mark</li><li>Boots to Grey Screen</li></ul>	<b>2.</b> Boot from Install DVD. Use Disk Utility to verify S.M.A.R.T. status of internal drive(s).	
<ul> <li>Boots to Blue Screen</li> <li>Boots to Prohibitory Symbol (Review kBase #HT2674: Intel-</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Use Disk Utility to repair Mac OS X on disk.</li> <li>Verify that user's data is backed up and that user authorizes erasing disk and reinstalling software.</li> </ol>	
based Mac: Startup sequence and error codes, symbols)	<ol> <li>Use Target Disk Mode to mount user's drive on a known-good computer. Use Disk Utility on host computer for Quick Checks 2 through 4.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Identify if system is shipped with one hard drive, or with a second SSD drive option (Mac OS X boot volume setup may differ in that case)</li> </ol>	

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Boot from Install DVD and run Disk Utility. Verify if user's drive is available for Disk Utility to repair.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 2.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
<ol> <li>Run Disk Utility's "Repair Disk" function and verify if it completes successfully.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
3. Reboot computer. Verify if system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	Yes	Data error. Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
<b>4.</b> With user's permission, erase internal drive and reinstall Mac OS. Verify if installation process completes.	Yes	Go to step 8.	
	No	Go to step 5.	

5.	5. Check that the 4 wire SATA power cable (carrying 12v and 5v DC) is correctly connected to the Hard Drive (other SATA power connector has less wires and is reserved for 5v DC only, optional SSD drive). Inspect internal drive(s) SATA and power cables and connectors for bent pins, or other damage to the cable(s).	Yes	Replace any damaged SATA Bus or SATA Power cable. For the internal SATA drive(s), the DC power comes from the main DC power cable harness. Go to step 8.	X03
		No	Go to step 6.	
6.	<ol> <li>Reseat internal drive(s) SATA data cable(s) at logic board and drive ends, and verify if computer boots up successfully.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 8.	
		No	Replace boot drive SATA cable. Go to step 8.	X03
7.	7. Test with a known-good bootable drive. Verify if system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	Yes	Reinstall user's drive. Go to step 9.	
		No	SATA data cable was verified or replaced, and known-good drive is installed: -If hard drive does not spin up when system is powered on, replace DC power harness; if the no spinning issue persists after DC cable was replaced, replace Power Supply. -If hard drive spin up sound can be heard when system is powered on, but system cannot boot from it , replace logic board.	X03 P99 M19
8.	<ol> <li>Reboot computer. Verify if system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.</li> </ol>	Yes	lssue resolved. Return system to user.	
		No	Go to step 7.	
9.	Reboot computer. Verify if system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
		No	User's hard drive appears to be defective. Go to step 10.	
<b>10.</b> Replace affected internal drive. Boot from system-specific Install DVD and reinstall Mac OS X with drive format option. Verify if drive is formatted correctly (GUID partition table) and that software restore was successful.	Replace affected internal drive. Boot from system-specific	Yes	Issue resolved by replacing affected internal drive.	H01
	No	SATA data cable verified/ replaced and new drive installed, Check with known- good restore DVD. If restore failure still happens, go to step 11.		

11. If restore from Install DVD is unsuccessful, startup a known- good Intel Mac system with T key pressed (to enter Target Disk Mode), insert the iMac Install DVD in its optical drive and connect it to the user's system via a FireWire cable. Startup user's system while holding Option key, then select and boot from the Install Disc DVD and restore system software. Verify if software restore was successful.	Yes	Restore failure seems to be due to customer's internal optical drive or media issue. Go to <u>Optical Drive Read/</u> <u>Write Error</u> symptom flow.	
	No	Restore failure seems to be due to internal SATA bus issue. Replace logic board.	M19

# Hard Drive Read/Write Errors

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Drive Read/Write Error</li> <li>Drive Bad Sector/Defective</li> <li>Drive Formatting Issues</li> <li>Cannot save documents</li> <li>Read/write error message</li> <li>Hang when accessing or saving data</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Boot from Install DVD. Use Disk Utility to verify S.M.A.R.T. status of internal drive(s).</li> <li>Use Disk Utility to repair disk.(s)</li> <li>Verify that user's data is backed up and that user authorizes erasing disk and reinstalling software.</li> <li>Use Target Disk Mode to mount user's drive(s) on a known-good computer. Use Disk Utility on host computer for Quick Checks 2 through 3.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code	
<ol> <li>Run Disk Utility 'Repair Disk' function, and verify if it completes successfully.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 2.		
	No	Go to step 3.		
2. Reboot computer. Verify if system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	Yes	Data error. Issue resolved.	H07	
	No	Go to step 3.		
3.	3. With user's permission, erase internal drive(s) containing Mac OS X, and reinstall it. Verify if installation process completes.	Yes	Go to step 6.	
----	--	-----	--	-----
		No	Go to step 4.	
4.	<ol> <li>Inspect internal drive(s) SATA power and data cables and</li> </ol>	Yes	Replace damaged cable. Go to step 6.	H04
	other damage to the cable.	No	Go to step 5.	
5.	Reseat SATA cable on internal	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	if computer starts up.	No	Replace internal drive(s) SATA data cable. Go to step 6.	H04
6.	Reboot computer. Verify if system boots successfully and	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	No	Go to step 7.	
7.	<ol> <li>Test with known-good bootable drive. Verify if system boots successfully and Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.</li> </ol>	Yes	Reinstall user's drive, go to step 8.	
		No	SATA data cables verified or replaced and known-good drive installed used without success. Replace logic board.	M19
8.	Reboot computer. Verify if	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	system boots successfully and that Disk Utility "Verify" function reports no errors.	No	User's drive appears to be defective. Go to step 9.	
9.	Replace user's drive. Verify if drive formats correctly with a	Yes	lssue resolved by replacing user's drive.	H03
	Mac OS without errors.	No	SATA data cable verified or replaced and new drive did not resolve issue. Replace logic board.	M19



Unlikely cause: LCD panel, logic board, power supply, speakers, camera, microphone

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Hard Drive Noisy</li> <li>Noise during start up</li> <li>Noise during operation</li> <li>Noise when drive is copying or saving data</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Boot from Install DVD. Use Disk Utility to verify S.M.A.R.T. status of hard drive.</li> <li>Use Disk Utility to repair disk.</li> <li>Determine if noise is comparable to another machine of the same model.</li> <li>Refer to <u>Kbase article TS3204: Evaluating</u> normal noise.</li> </ol>		

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Boot from the Install DVD and	Yes	Go to step 2.	
hard drive is available for Disk Utility to repair.	No	Go to <u>Hard Drive Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
2. Run Disk Utility 'Repair Disk'	Yes	Go to step 3.	
completes successfully.	No	Go to step 4.	
<b>3.</b> Restart the computer. Verify if	Yes	Go to step 4.	
the noise is still present.	No	Issue resolved. Return system to user.	
4. Remove glass and LCD panel, check that internal hard drive thermal sensor cable is present, is the correct type for the installed drive model, is well connected and retest (with an external display connected). Verify if the noise comes from the center fan.	Yes	Replace thermal sensor cable with correct part number (see Illustrated Views chapter to identify the part number, and Take Apart chapter for correct installation)	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Disconnect internal hard drive Sata cable and retest (with an external display connected). Verify if the noise is still present.	Yes	Noise issue still present, but does not appear to be caused by hard drive. Go to <u>Noise/</u> <u>Hum/Vibration</u> symptom flow.	
	No	Go to step 6.	

6. Remove hard drive and verify	Yes	Go to step 7	
if rubber vibration isolation grommets are properly installed in hard drive bracket (attached to hard drive) and to mechanism in rear housing (where hard drive pins insert).	No	If grommets are missing or damaged, replace hard drive bracket or mechanism as appropriate. Go to step 7	
7. Restart system and verify if the	Yes	Go to step 8	
noise is still present.	No	Reseating or replacing the drive rubber grommets / bracket solved noise issue.	
8. Reconnect user's drive and,	Yes	Go to step 9.	
with user's permission, erase hard drive and reinstall Mac OS. Verify if installation process completes.	No	Replace hard drive. Go to step 10.	
<b>9.</b> Restart system and verify if the noise is still present.	Yes	Replace hard drive. Go to step 10.	
	No	Software related issue.	
<b>10.</b> With replacement hard drive installed, reboot computer. Verify if noise is still present.	Yes	Replacement hard drive did not resolve issue. Go to step 11 to check for other source of noise.	
	No	Issue resolved by replacing hard drive.	H06
<b>11.</b> Disconnect hard drive SATA and power connections then boot	Yes	Go to Fan Failures/Thermal Issues symptom flow.	
noise is caused by fans.	No	Go to step 12.	
<b>12.</b> Disconnect hard drive and optical drive then boot from an external volume. Verify if noise	Yes	Possible optical drive or media issue. Go to <u>Optical</u> <u>Drive Noisy</u> symptom flow.	
has been disconnected.	No	Noise issue still present, but does not appear to be caused by hard drive. Go to <u>Noise/</u> <u>Hum/Vibration</u> symptom flow.	

### **Optical Drive Not Recognized**

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Drive Not Recognized/Mount</li> <li>Discs inject and eject, but do not appear in Finder</li> <li>Verify that optical media is not physically damaged</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Use System Profiler Serial-ATA section to see if optical drive appears.</li> <li>System Profiler Serial-ATA section will show any media inserted.</li> <li>Check Finder Preferences and make sure "CD's, DVD's and iPods" is checked under "Show these items on the desktop" in the General section.</li> </ol>		

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if optical drive is listed	Yes	Go to step 2.	
IN Serial-AIA section of System Profiler.	No	Go to step 3.	
2. Test both CD and DVD media. Verify if optical drive can read both CD and DVD media.	Yes	No issue, or possible intermittent issue. Gather more information from user.	
	No	If both types of media fail, check that Finder Preferences are set to "show CD's and DVD's", then go to step 3.	703
		If only one type of media fails, drive has a laser pickup issue. Replace optical drive.	
<b>3.</b> Connect known-good optical drive to SATA cable. Verify if	Yes	SATA cable and port on logic board good. Go to step 5.	
read reliably.	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Reseat SATA cable connections	Yes	Go to step 6.	
at optical drive and logic board (cable connects to back of logic board). Verify if both CD and DVD media are read reliably.	No	Replace SATA cable and test.	X03
		If issue persists, replace logic board.	M19
		Go to step 6.	

5. Connect original optical drive to known-good SATA cable. Verify if both CD and DVD media are read reliably.	Yes	SATA cable issue. Replace SATA cable. Go to step 6.	X03
	No	Replace optical drive.	J03
6. Test read compatible known- good CD and DVD media	Yes	lssue resolved.	
(Install DVD). Verify if media is recognized and reads reliably.	No	Replace optical drive.	J03

# Optical Drive Won't Accept/Eject Media

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Drive Won't Accept Media</li> <li>Drive Won't Eject Media</li> <li>Cannot insert a disc into drive</li> <li>Cannot eject a disc from drive</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Use System Profiler Serial-ATA section to see if optical drive appears. If not, go to <u>Optical Drive</u> <u>Not Recognized</u> symptom flow.</li> <li>Restart computer and hold down mouse button or keyboard eject key to cycle optical drive.</li> <li>Inspect optical drive slot for obstructions</li> </ol>		

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if optical drive is listed in System Profiler device tree for	Yes	Optical drive communicating with logic board. Go to step 5.	
Serial-ATA devices.	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Verify SATA cable connections between optical drive and logic board. Visually inspect cables and connectors for any debris, damage or bent pins. Verify if optical drive is listed in System Profiler device tree.	Yes	Optical drive communicating with logic board. Go to step 5.	
	No	Replace damaged cables and retest. If connections are good and no visible cable damage, go to step 3.	X03
<b>3.</b> Connect known-good optical drive to SATA cable. Verify if	Yes	Go to step 4.	
known-good optical drive is listed in the System Profiler device tree.	No	Suspect bad SATA cable. Go to step 7.	

4. With known-good optical drive installed, test for media inject/ eject. Verify if drive accepts and	Yes	Known-good optical drive resolved inject/eject issue. Replace optical drive.	J03
ejects known-good media.	No	Go to step 7.	
5. Inspect optical drive slot during	Yes	Go to step 6.	
disc insert/eject. Verify if discs can be inserted easily.	No	Verify correct optical drive bezel alignment with enclosure. Reseat optical drive then retest. If issue persists, replace optical drive.	J03
6. With known-good optical media (Install DVD), test for media inject/eject. Verify if drive accepts and ejects	Yes	Media issue. No repair necessary. Suggest user investigate use of different media.	
known-good media.	No	Go to step 3.	
7. Replace SATA cable then test for media inject/eject. Verify if	Yes	SATA cable resolved issue. Return system to user.	X03
good media.	No	SATA cable verified or replaced, and optical drive verified or replaced. Replace logic board and retest.	M19

# **Optical Drive Read/Write Error**

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Drive Read/Write Data Error</li> <li>Errors when writing optical media</li> </ul>	<b>1.</b> Test optical media in a known-good optical drive in the same type of computer to rule out media issue.		
<ul> <li>Errors when reading optical media.</li> </ul>	<b>2.</b> Check with known-good discs like the Install DVD that came with the computer.		
<ul> <li>Hang when accessing or preparing to write data.</li> </ul>	<b>3.</b> For write issues, check with known-good media that performs well in a known-good optical drive in the same type of computer.		

#### **Quick Check**

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if media is free to spin without optical drive scraping edge or surface of media.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 2	
2. Reseat optical drive in	Yes	Go to step 3	
media can be inserted without being scratched	No	Replace optical drive and retest.	J05
<b>3.</b> Test both CD and DVD media.	Yes	Go to step 7.	
and DVD media.	No	If both types of media fail, check that Finder Preferences are set to "show CD's and DVD's", then go to step 4.	
		If only one type of media fails, drive has a laser pickup issue. Replace optical drive.	J03
<ol> <li>Install known-good optical drive and verify if both CD and DVD media are read reliably.</li> </ol>	Yes	Both SATA cable and port on logic board appear good. Go to step 6.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
<b>5.</b> Continue to use known-good	Yes	Go to step 6.	
drive SATA+Power cable	No	Replace SATA cable and retest.	X03
connection at logic board ends (cable connects to back of logic board). Verify if both CD and		If issue persists, replace logic board.	M19
DVD media are read reliably.		Go to step 7.	
<b>6.</b> Reinstall user's optical drive	Yes	Go to step 7.	
media are read reliably.	No	Replace user's optical drive.	J03
7. Test write data to compatible	Yes	Issue resolved.	
burned media is recognized and read reliably.	No	lo Run ODD sensor and ODD fan tests in ASD:	
		If errors found check ODD sensor and ODD fan connections to logic board (read/write errors may be due to drive getting too hot).	
		If no errors are found while running latest Apple diagnostics, replace optical drive.	J03

### **Optical Drive Not Performing to Specifications**

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Optical Drive Not Performing to Specifications</li> <li>Read or write speeds slower than expected</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Test optical media in another computer of the same type to rule out media issue.</li> <li>For write issues, check with known-good media that performs well in another computer and drive of the same type.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Test both CD and DVD media. Verify if optical drive can read both CD and DVD media.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	If both types of media fail, check that Finder Preferences are set to "show CD's and DVD's", then go to step 2.	J03
		If only one type of media fails, drive has a laser pickup issue. Replace optical drive.	
<b>2.</b> Connect known-good optical drive to SATA cable. Verify if	Yes	SATA cable and port on logic board good. Go to step 4.	
read reliably.	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Reseat SATA cable connections at optical drive and logic board (cable connects to back of logic board). Verify if both CD and DVD media are read reliably.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	Replace SATA cable and test.	X03
		If issue persists, replace logic board.	M19
		Go to step 5.	
<ol> <li>Connect original optical drive to known-good SATA cable. Verify if both CD and DVD media are read reliably.</li> </ol>	Yes	SATA cable issue. Replace SATA cable. Go to step 5.	X03
	No	Replace optical drive.	J03
5. Test write data to compatible CD and DVD media. Verify if	Yes	Issue resolved.	
burned media is recognized and read reliably.	No	Go to step 6.	

6.	6. Media that is out of balance may not perform well at higher speeds even though higher speeds may be supported	Yes	Media issue. No repair necessary.	
by the optical drive. Verify if slowing requested burn speed allows discs to be written reliably.	No	Go to step 7.		
7.	7. Test write data to compatible CD and DVD media. Verify burned media is recognized and reads reliably.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
		No	Run ODD sensor and ODD fan tests in ASD:	
			If errors found check ODD sensor and ODD fan connections to logic board (read/write errors may be due to drive being too hot).	
			If no errors are found while running diagnostics, replace optical drive.	J03

# **Optical Drive Noisy**

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, power supply, fans, speakers, camera, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul><li>Optical Drive Noisy (J04)</li><li>Noise during boot</li></ul>	<b>1.</b> Test optical media in another computer of the same type to rule out media issue.
<ul><li>Noise during operation</li><li>Noise when drive is copying or</li></ul>	<b>2.</b> Check with known-good discs like the Install DVD that came with the computer.
writing data	<b>3.</b> Verify if noise occurs without media in optical drive. If so, verify if noise made by hard drive or fans.
	4. Refer to <u>Kbase article TS3204: Evaluating</u> normal noise

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Test optical drive with different	Yes	Go to step 2.	
source of media. Does the noise issue remain?	No	Issue due to unbalanced media. Recommend using different media.	
2. Reseat optical drive in enclosure. Does noise issue remain?	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Issue resolved by reseating drive in enclosure.	
<b>3.</b> Install known-good optical drive in enclosure. Does noise issue remain?	Yes	Go to step 4.	
	No	Replace optical drive.	J04
<b>4.</b> Compare system with similar model for optical drive noise in operation and verify that noise level is similar.	Yes	Noise level of optical drive appears to be within specification. Return system to user.	
	No	Check for other causes of noise in the system.	

### SD Card Will Not Insert Into Slot

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, logic board, optical drive, hard drive

#### Quick Check

Symptom	Quick Check
<ul> <li>SD Card will not insert into slot</li> <li>SD Memory Card does not fully seat into slot</li> <li>Card slot does not align with enclosure.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The SD card must be a 32 mm by 24 mm by 2.1 mm. You can also use thinner cards, such as Multi Media Cards (MMC).</li> <li>Clear any obstruction in SD card slot.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if known-good SD card fits in slot.	Yes	Ask user to replace defective or out-of-spec SD card.	
	No	Loosen the SD board screws, then insert known-good SD card again. Go to step 2.	
<b>2.</b> Verify if known-good SD card now fits in slot.	Yes	Tighten SD reader board screws. Go to step 3.	
	No	Replace SD reader and retest.	X24
<b>3.</b> Verify if SD card now ejects and inserts without issue.	Yes	Issue resolved by SD reader board alignment.	
	No	Replace SD reader board.	X24

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, logic board, optical drive, hard drive

#### **Quick Check**

Symptom	Quick Check
<ul> <li>SD Card Not Recognized</li> <li>Card does not show up on desktop or in System Profiler</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Insert user's SD card into a known-good system and verify that it functions properly. If card cannot be read, contact card manufacturer for support options.</li> </ol>
	2. Verify SD card slot with known-good SD card.
	3. Check correct drivers are installed for user's SD card type. Standard SD cards are supported by Mac OS X, but others may require specific driver software to be used.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify if SD card inserts	Yes	Go to step 2.	
correctly in SD slot.	No	Go to <u>SD Card Will Not Insert</u> Into Slot symptom flow.	
2. Unlock and insert user's SD	Yes	Go to step 6.	
desktop or in System Profiler.	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Insert a known-good unlocked SD card and verify if read/write capabilities are working.	Yes	User's SD card not functioning properly. Contact card manufacturer for support.	
	No	Go to step 4.	
<b>4.</b> Run System Profiler and verify if SD card reader is now listed in USB devices.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	Reseat SD cable at SD board and logic board	
		lf issue persists, replace SD reader cable.	X03
		lf issue persists after cable was replaced, replace SD reader board.	X24
		If issue persists after card reader was replaced, replace logic board.	M17

5. Verify if a known-good unlocked SD card can now be correctly read and written.	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Replace SD reader board.	X24
6. Lock the user's SD card and	Yes	Issue resolved.	
veniy in it can't be written.	No	Replace SD reader board.	M17

# **Uncategorized Symptoms**

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
user.	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99

# Communications

### **AirPort/Bluetooth Issues**

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>AirPort/Bluetooth Issues</li> <li>Unable to join networks or pair devices</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify that AirPort or Bluetooth is turned ON, and for AirPort issues make sure that a network is selected.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>AirPort card not available</li> <li>Intermittent device or connection dropouts</li> </ul>	2. (AirPort) Run the Apple System Profiler and verify that installed AirPort card supports the channel number used by the wireless access point.
Limited wireless range	<ol> <li>(AirPort) Check if the wireless access point requires special connection and encryption protocols.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>(AirPort) Check for nearby sources of interference such as microwave ovens or cordless phones. See <u>kBase #HT1365: AirPort: Potential source of</u> <u>interference.</u></li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>(AirPort) Check the number of users trying to use AirPort in the area for possible network congestion (available bandwidth).</li> </ol>
	6. (Bluetooth) If customer complaints about a Bluetooth issue with his input device, first use a known-good Bluetooth input device to perform tests with computer. Then test customer's Bluetooth device on known-good computer to define which side is creating the communication issue. See <u>kBase #HT1365: Airport potential</u> <u>source of interference.</u>
	7. Isolate potential OS issues by starting up from original Install media for the computer, a same-model computer in Target Disk Mode, or compatible known-good OS on an external drive. Both AirPort and Bluetooth services are available when booted from Install disc.

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Open System Profiler. AirPort is listed under Network, while Bluetooth is listed under USB. Verify if both AirPort and Bluetooth cards are recognized.	Yes	Install all available software updates for AirPort/Bluetooth and re-test. If issue persists after software update, go to step 4 for AirPort, or go to step 6 for Bluetooth.	
	No	Go to step 2 for AirPort. Go to step 6 for Bluetooth.	M11
2. (Airport) Reseat AirPort cable connection on logic board and	Yes	Issue resolved by reaseating AirPort cable.	
on AirPort card. Verify if AirPort card is now listed in Apple System Profiler.	No	Replace AirPort cable (between logic board and AirPort card carrier) and re- test. Go to step 3.	
3. (Airport) After cable has been replaced, verify if AirPort card is now listed in Apple System Profiler.	Yes	Issue resolved by replacing AirPort cable.	X03
	No	Replace AirPort card carrier board and re-test. If issue persists (card not seen on bus), replace AirPort card.	M11
<ul> <li>4. (Airport) Enable AirPort and verify if known local AirPort networks are available, or create a computer-to- computer network with another Macintosh computer using AirPort. See <u>http://</u> <u>docs.info.apple.com/article.</u> <u>html?path=AirPort/5.0/en/</u> <u>ap2110.html</u>. Verify if you connect successfully.</li> </ul>	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. (Airport) Check and reseat the	Yes	Issue resolved.	
two antennas to the AirPort card. Verify if you can connect to known AirPort network.	No	Replace AirPort card. If issue persists, replace AirPort antenna(s). If the damaged antenna is the one embedded in rear housing behind Apple logo, replace rear housing.	N04

6.	6. (Bluetooth) Verify that computer and known-good Bluetooth device are both in discoverable mode. Verify if you can now successfully and reliably pair the device.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
		No	Replace Bluetooth antenna. Go to step 7.	M11
7.	7. (Bluetooth) Re-test with new Bluetooth antenna and verify if Bluetooth issues are resolved.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
		No	Replace Bluetooth card.	M11

# AirPort Card Kernel Panic

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>AirPort Card Kernel Panic</li> <li>Kernel Panic on startup</li> <li>Kernel Panic or freezing while attempting to connect to WiFi networks</li> <li>Kernel Panic while transferring data on WiFi networks</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Isolate OS by starting up from original Install media for this computer, a same-model computer in Target Disk Mode, or compatible known-good OS on an external drive. AirPort and Bluetooth services are available when booted from the Install disk.</li> <li>Ensure that all software and firmware updates for the computer and AirPort have been installed.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Disconnect AirPort card cable end from logic board. Verify if computer now starts without kernel panic.</li> </ol>	Yes	Reseat AirPort card cable and retest. If problem continues replace cable. Go to step 2.	
	No	Kernel panic not related to AirPort. Restart from Install DVD or known-good bootable external drive and check Panic.Log file on user's hard drive to find out which is the crashing I/O interface. Also troubleshoot installed Mac OS X software	
2. With replacement AirPort card cable installed, verify if computer starts now without kernel panic.	Yes	AirPort cable issue. Issue resolved.	N13
	No	Replace AirPort card carrier board and re-test. If issue remains, replace AirPort card. Go to step 3.	
3. With replacement AirPort carrier or card installed, verify if computer starts now without kernel panic.	Yes	AirPort carrier or card issue. Issue resolved.	N13
	No	Replace logic board.	M11

### **Ethernet Port/Device Issue**

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Ethernet Port/Device Issue</li> <li>No Ethernet device present</li> <li>Unable to access network resources</li> <li>Ethernet device shows no connection</li> <li>Ethernet device unable to an IP address</li> <li>Slow network performance</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check Ethernet cable for damage. Try a known good Ethernet cable – CAT5 or better recommended for 100Mbps+ connections.</li> <li>Check Ethernet ports on the computer and wall/ switch for dust, debris, damage or bent pins.</li> <li>Ensure distance from networking infrastructure is less than 300 feet/ 105 meters.</li> <li>Verify port, cable and network hardware with a known good system. Isolate firewall, MAC address filtering or hardware access control devices.</li> <li>Isolate OS by starting up from original Install media for this computer, a same-model computer in Target Disk Mode, or compatible known-good OS on an external drive.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Visually inspect Ethernet port	Yes	Go to step 2.	
of computer and ensure that all pins will make physical contact with the Ethernet cable.	No	Pins are damaged, bent flat or missing. Replace logic board.	M24
<b>2.</b> Boot from original Install media.	Yes	Go to step 3.	
Verify Network Link status is active by using Network Utility under the "Info" tab. Verify if the Link Status is "Active".	No	If same Ethernet cable gives an "Active" link status on a known-good, same-model computer, replace logic board.	M10
<ol> <li>Connect computer to another Mac using CAT5 Ethernet cable. See article <u>http://</u> <u>docs.info.apple.com/article.</u> <u>html?path=Mac/10.6/en/8429.</u> <u>html</u>. Verify if you connect successfully.</li> </ol>	Yes	Ethernet communication good. Go to step 4.	
	No	If same Ethernet cable and computer connects to a known-good, same-model computer, replace logic board.	M10

4.	4. Check for speed and duplex issues on network. Open System Preference > Network; click the Advanced button, then the Ethernet tab. Verify if the speed and duplex reported are what is expected.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
		No	Change speed and duplex settings. See article <u>http://</u> docs.info.apple.com/article. <u>html?path=Mac/10.6/</u> <u>en/8711.html</u> . Go to step 6.	
5.	Check for MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) issues. See <u>kBase #HT2532: Mac OS X:</u>	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	How to change the MTU for troubleshooting purposes. Verify if changing MTU settings on computer resolves issue.	No	Ethernet controller damaged. Replace logic board.	M10
6.	6. If changing speed, duplex or MTU settings allows connectivity, check with a known-good, same-model computer. Verify if known-good computer produces the same results.	Yes	Check with ISP or Network Administrator concerning speed, duplex & MTU settings.	
		No	Verify with known good OS. If issue persists, replace logic board.	M10

# Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair	<ol> <li>Check computer with a known-good Bluetooth input device to test computer side.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Can't get system to recognize a Bluetooth keyboard, mouse or trackpad</li> </ul>	<b>2.</b> Test Bluetooth device side with a known-good computer, with up-to-date Mac OS 10.6.x with installed Bluetooth device driver.
	<b>3.</b> Ensure that device is being used within 30-foot range for Bluetooth devices.
	4. See <u>kBase #HT1365 AirPort potential source of</u> <u>interference.</u>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Without any wired input devices connected, and with a known-good wireless mouse or</li> </ol>	Yes	Bluetooth hardware is active. Go to step 6.	
startup the computer. Verify if computer shows the Bluetooth Mouse Setup Assistant.	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Connect a wired mouse and run Apple System Profiler. Verify	Yes	Bluetooth hardware is present. Go to step 6.	
under USB in System Profiler.	No	Remove glass and LCD panel, reseat both ends of cable between Bluetooth board and logic board. Go to step 3.	
3. Using an externally connected display, run Apple System	Yes	Bluetooth hardware is now present. Go to step 6.	
interface is listed under USB in System Profiler.	No	Replace Bluetooth cable. Go to step 4.	X03
<b>4.</b> Run Apple System Profiler. Verify if Bluetooth interface is listed under USB in System Profiler.	Yes	Bluetooth hardware is now present. Go to step 6.	
	No	Replace Bluetooth board. Go to step 5.	N15
<b>5.</b> Run Apple System Profiler. Verify if Bluetooth interface	Yes	Bluetooth hardware is now present. Go to step 6.	
Profiler.	No	Replace logic board.	M11
6. Run Software Update and apply any available Bluetooth updates. Activate Bluetooth in System Preferences (or Apple menu icon) then select "Configure a new Bluetooth device" (or run Bluetooth Mouse Setup Assistant). Verify if a known-good Bluetooth mouse/trackpad is seen.	Yes	Bluetooth discovery is now active. Go to step 7.	
	No	Replace Bluetooth antenna.	X03
7. With a known-good Bluetooth mouse/trackpad on and in	Yes	Check for stability. Go to step 8.	
discoverable mode, verify if you can successfully pair the device with the assistant.	No	Go to <u>Wireless Input Device</u> Loses Connection symptom flow.	

8. With known-good Bluetooth mouse/trackpad paired, verify if the device stays connected.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Inspect and reseat Bluetooth antenna cable. Replace a damaged antenna cable, or Bluetooth board if its antenna connector is damaged. Go to step 9.	X03
9. With customer's mouse/ trackpad paired, verify if the mouse stays connected.	Yes	Antenna issue. Issue resolved. Resassemble system.	
	No	Go to <u>Wireless Input Device</u> Loses Connection symptom flow.	

# **Uncategorized Symptoms**

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Uncategorized Symptoms</li> <li>Unable to locate appropriate symptom code.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify System Preferences/Network settings are configured appropriately to support communication method.</li> </ol>
	<b>2.</b> For Ethernet connection issues verify that cable being used functions when used with another known-good system.
	3. For wireless connection issues review user environment to determine whether possible interference from other 2.4GHz communications devices might be contributing to issue. See <u>kBase #HT1365: AirPort: Potential sources of</u> <u>interference</u>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
user.	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99

# Input/Output Devices

### Apple Remote Inoperable

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Apple Remote Inoperable</li> <li>Apple Remote doesn't bring up Front Row</li> </ul>	1. Make sure Apple Remote is within 30 ft. of computer, and has an unobstructed line-of-sight to computer.
<ul> <li>Apple Remote doesn't control iTunes</li> </ul>	2. Make sure lens end of Apple Remote is pointing directly at front of computer.
<ul> <li>Apple Remote doesn't control computer volume</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Make sure "Disable remote control infrared receiver" checkbox in System Preferences &gt; Security is not checked.</li> </ol>
	<b>4.</b> Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes.

Check		Result	Action	Code
1.	Open Photo Booth or iChat's video preview window. Point Apple Remote at built-in	Yes	Apple Remote is functioning. Go to step 2.	
	camera and press any button on Apple Remote. Verify if a white, flashing light is visible in video preview.	No	Replace Apple Remote battery. Go to step 3.	
<ol> <li>Open System Preferences         <ul> <li>Security. Verify if "Unpair" setting is available in this preference panel.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Yes	Click "Unpair" button to disable possible pairing with another Apple Remote. Go to step 4.		
		No	Possible IR board issue. Go to step 5.	
3.	With replacement battery, verify if white flashing light	Yes	Battery issue. Issue resolved.	X05
	is visible coming from Apple Remote in video preview window.	No	Apple Remote defective. Replace Apple Remote.	X04

4.	• After clicking "Unpair", verify if the computer now responds to the Apple Remote.	Yes	Pairing issue. Issue resolved.	
		No	Possible IR board issue. Go to step 5.	
5.	Open Apple System Profiler. Verify if "IR Receiver" is listed in USB list of devices.	Yes	IR board reporting on USB bus. Check for lens block. Go to step 6.	
		No	Inspect and reseat IR cable connection to logic board. Go to step 7.	
6.	Check that IR board is correctly fitted and aligned with Apple window and that lens is not	Yes	Lens blocked or sensor not aligned with window. Issue resolved.	X03
	and re-test. Verify if computer responds to Apple Remote.	No	Lens damaged or inoperable. Replace IR board. Go to step 7.	
7.	After reseating or replacing IR board, verify if "IR Receiver" is listed under USB in Apple	Yes	IR module reseated/replaced. Issue resolved.	X03
	System Profiler, and that computer now responds to Apple Remote.	No	If IR board was only reseated, replace IR cable. Go to step 8.	
8.	After replacing IR cable, verify if "IR Receiver" is listed under USB in Apple System Profiler, and	Yes	IR cable replaced. Issue resolved.	X03
	that computer now responds to Apple Remote.	No	Replace IR board. Go to step 9.	
9. After replacing IR board, ver if "IR Receiver" is listed unde	After replacing IR board, verify if "IR Receiver" is listed under	Yes	IR board replaced. Issue resolved.	X03
	and that computer now responds to Apple Remote.	No	Replace logic board.	M23

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) Symptom Charts — Input/Output Devices ~~95

# Audio: Microphone

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Audio: Microphone</li> <li>Microphone not working</li> <li>Microphone audio garbled</li> <li>No sound</li> </ul>	1. Verify that no tape, sticky notes, or other objects are blocking microphone located on top of computer near camera. Microscopic perforations on top of computer must be free of obstructions in order for microphone to function.
	<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Input. Verify that sound input device is set to internal microphone.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Input. Verify that "Input volume" setting is set above minimum level.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Input. Verify that "Input level" indicator moves when speaking into microphone.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if boot chime is present when system is powered</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 2.	
ON. Make sure audio output preferences are not set to mute.	No	Reset PRAM and retest.	
2. Make sure no cables are connected to external sound input/output ports. Go to System Preferences > Sound > Input and verify that "Internal microphone" is an available option.	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Replace audio cable.	M09
3. Go to System Preferences >	Yes	Go to step 4.	
"Input volume" is set above minimum sensitivity.	No	Set "Input volume" slider to middle position. Retest.	
<ul><li>Go to System Preferences</li><li>Sound &gt; Input and verify</li></ul>	Yes	Microphone and audio input functioning. Go to step 6.	
moves when speaking into microphone.	No	Suspect bad microphone connection. Reseat microphone connector on logic board. Go to step 5.	

5. Inspect routing pinched	microphone cable and verify if cable is or damaged.	Yes	Replace rear housing (microphone cable not available separately).	L14
		No	Go to step 6.	
6. Record s Garage	sound sample using Band or iMovie. Verify if	Yes	Microphone circuitry OK. Return system to user.	
sound q is norma	al during playback.	No	Replace logic board.	M09

# Audio: Built-in Speakers Have Distorted Sound

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Audio: Built-in Speakers Have</li> <li>Distorted Sound</li> <li>No audio from one or both speakers.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Output. Verify that sound output device is set to internal speakers and that balance control is set to the center position.</li> </ol>
Audio from speakers distorted	2. Obtain known-good high-quality sound file or use iTunes Store sound samples to evaluate sound quality. Verify suspect sound files on another system to determine if distortion is caused by computer or sound file.
	<b>3.</b> Set volume control to mid-range. Overdriving built-in speakers can cause distortion.

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Output. Set speaker balance 100% to LEFT speaker and play a known-good sound file. Verify if sound is generated by LEFT speaker and that sound quality is acceptable.</li> </ol>	Yes	LEFT speaker and amplifier circuitry OK. Go to step 2.	
	No	Distortion detected in LEFT speaker. Set Balance slider to middle position. Go to step 3.	
2. Set speaker balance 100% to RIGHT speaker and play a known-good sound file. Verify if sound is generated by RIGHT speaker and that sound quality is acceptable.	Yes	RIGHT speaker and amplifier circuitry OK. Set Balance slider to middle. Go to step 3.	
	No	Distortion detected in RIGHT speaker. Go to step 4.	

3. Con head	Connect external speakers or headphones to audio-out port	Yes	Suspect bad speaker. Go to step 4.	
	and play a known-good sound file. Verify if sound quality is acceptable.	No	Audio CODEC or amplifier issue suspected. Replace logic board and retest.	M09
4.	<ol> <li>Inspect LEFT and RIGHT speaker cones and speaker</li> </ol>	Yes	Replace damaged speaker. Retest.	L11
	Verify if speakers have visible damage.	No	Go to step 5.	
5.	Install known-good speaker into location where distorted	Yes	Replace speaker.	L11
	sound quality improves.	No	Speaker amplifier issue suspected. Replace logic board.	M09

# Audio: No Audio from Built-in Speakers

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Audio: Built-in Speakers Have No Audio</li> <li>No audio from one or both speakers.</li> <li>Audio from speakers distorted</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Confirm correct version of Mac OS X is installed. See <u>kBase #TS1574: Troubleshooting issues</u> <u>with bi audio from built-in speakers on Macs</u></li> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Output. Verify that sound output device is set to internal speakers.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Go to System Preferences &gt; Sound &gt; Output. Verify that "Output volume" setting is set above the minimum level and that "Mute" checkbox is not selected.</li> </ol>
	4. Go to System Preferences > Sound > Output. Verify that "Balance" slider is set to middle position so left and right speakers are both used.

#### Quick Check

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify if boot chime is present when system is powered	Yes	Go to step 2.	
ON. Make sure audio output preferences are not set to mute and volume is set to mid-range.	No	Reset PRAM and retest.	
2. Make sure no cables are	Yes	Go to step 3.	
connected to external sound input/output ports. Go to System Preferences > Sound > Output and verify that "Internal	No	If "Headphones" is the only available sound output device, replace audio cable.	L11
speakers" is an available option.		If "Digital output" is the only available sound output device, reseat audio cable to	
		replace audio cable.	L11
		If issue persists, replace logic board.	M09
3. Go to System Preferences > Sound > Output. Set speaker balance 100% to LEFT speaker	Yes	LEFT speaker and amplifier circuitry OK. Go to step 4.	
file. Verify if sound is generated by LEFT speaker and that sound quality is acceptable.	No	No audio in LEFT speaker. Go to step 7.	
<b>4.</b> Set speaker balance 100% to RIGHT speaker and play a known-good sound file. Verify	Yes	RIGHT speaker and amplifier circuitry OK. Set Balance slider to middle. Go to step 5.	
speaker and that sound quality is acceptable.	No	No audio in RIGHT speaker. Go to step 7.	
5. Verify if user-reported audio issue has been resolved.	Yes	Issue no longer present. Return system to user.	
	No	Go to step 6.	
6. Boot system from Install	Yes	Go to step 7.	
bootable volume. Verify if issue still occurs.	No	Known-good boot volume works OK. Troubleshoot for software issue. Isolate if issue is application-specific or a possible OS conflict.	

7.	7. Connect external speakers or headphones to audio-out port and play a known-good sound file. Verify if sound quality is acceptable.	Yes	Logic board, internal speakers, and audio-out port functioning correctly. Return system to user.	
		No	Go to step 8.	
8.	Disconnect and carefully inspect audio connectors assembly and its connection to logic board for damage such as	Yes	Replace damaged audio connectors assembly. If issue persists, verify if symptom has changed.	L14
	bent pins or pinched/cut wires.	No	Replace logic board.	M09



Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans, speakers, microphone

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Camera Issues</li> <li>Camera not detected</li> <li>No green LED for camera</li> <li>Excessive blooming</li> <li>Poor White Balance</li> <li>Poor Focus</li> <li>Green image</li> <li>Image distortion</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Launch Apple System Profiler and confirm that system's USB hub and built-in camera are visible.</li> <li>Verify camera lens and glass panel are clean and free of contaminants. Clean glass panel if needed.</li> <li>Launch Photo Booth to verify that green indicator LED near camera lens turns on and image quality is acceptable.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Launch Apple System Profiler and verify built-in camera is visible in USB list of devices.	Yes	Camera recognized. Go to step 2	
	No	Inspect and reseat camera cable connection on logic board. Go to step 2.	
2. Launch Photo Booth. Verify if green LED near camera lens turns ON and image appears normal.	Yes	Camera functioning. Return system to user.	
	No	Remove glass and clean both sides. Clean camera lens.	
		If issue persists, replace camera cable.	X07
		If issue persists, replace camera.	X07
		If issue persists, replace logic board.	M13

### **FireWire Device Not Recognized**

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### **Quick Check Symptoms 1.** For external FireWire drives, make sure any **FireWire Device Not Recognized** external power source is plugged in and FireWire hard drive not • operating to isolate a power issue with the recognized device. • FireWire optical drive not 2. Test a known-good FireWire device to isolate a recognized failed peripheral issue. FireWire camera not recognized . FireWire printer not recognized 3. Test a known-good FireWire cable to isolate a • FireWire cable issue. 4. Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes. 5. Launch Apple System Profiler and verify if the affected FireWire device is visible on FireWire bus. If yes, then FireWire port and cable are functioning properly. Contact FireWire device manufacturer to verify that device is supported.

#### **Quick Check**

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Unplug all FireWire devices from computer. Reset PRAM. Reconnect FireWire device in question. Verify if FireWire device is recognized.	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	No	Possible logic board failure. Go to step 2.	
2. Use a known-good FireWire cable with a known-good FireWire device (such as another Mac in Target Disk Mode). Verify if FireWire device is recognized.	Yes	Try FireWire device in question with a known-good computer of same model. Go to step 3.	
	No	FireWire not recognized. Replace logic board.	M12
<ol> <li>Verify if FireWire device is recognized on a known-good same model computer.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 4.	
	No	Device may need additional power. Use a powered FireWire hub. Go to step 5.	

4.	4. Verify if FireWire device is recognized with a known-	Yes	FireWire cable issue. Issue resolved.	
	good Firewire cable on user's computer.	No	FireWire device may need additional power. Go to step 5.	
5.	<ol> <li>Using a powered FireWire hub, and having installed any software or firmware updates for the device, verify if FireWire device is now recognized.</li> </ol>	Yes	Device recognized. Required additional power from hub or update. Issue resolved.	
		No	Device may require additional software, or there may be a conflict in the Mac OS. Go to step 6.	
6.	6. Create a new user in System Preferences > Accounts and log out current user. Log in on new user account and verify if FireWire device is now recognized.	Yes	Software Issue. Troubleshoot software on User account. Issue resolved.	
		No	Apply all Mac OS and FireWire specific updates. If issue persists, contact device manufacturer for support. FireWire port and cable have been verified.	

### **USB Device Not Recognized**

Unlikely cause: LCD display, power supply, hard drive, optical drive, fans

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>USB Device Not Recognized</li> <li>USB wired keyboard/mouse not recognized</li> <li>USB external drive not recognized</li> <li>USB camera not recognized</li> <li>USB printer not recognized</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reset SMC.</li> <li>For printers and external USB drives, make sure any external power source is plugged in and operating to isolate a power issue with device.</li> <li>The iMac has 4 USB ports on rear of computer. Try each port to isolate a particular port malfunction.</li> <li>Test with a known-good wired keyboard or mouse to isolate a failed peripheral issue.</li> <li>Test with a known-good USB cable when dealing with a printer or external USB drive, to isolate a USB cable issue.</li> <li>Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes.</li> <li>Launch Apple System Profiler and verify if device is visible on USB bus. If yes, then the USB port and cable are functioning properly. Contact device manufacturer to verify that device is supported.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Unplug all USB devices from the computer except for USB keyboard and mouse. Start computer and reset PRAM. Verify if USB keyboard and mouse are recognized.</li> </ol>	Yes	Test with all USB ports to ensure all USB ports working as expected. Replace logic board for any port failures.	
	No	Reset SMC. Go to step 2.	
<b>2.</b> Verify if Bluetooth Mouse Setup assistant launches after startup.	Yes	Bluetooth detected, but external USB devices not recognized. Go to step 3.	
	No	Disconnect USB keyboard and mouse. Go to step 4.	

<ol> <li>Verify if a known-good USB keyboard and mouse are recognized.</li> </ol>	Yes	Test original USB mouse and keyboard. Replace if still not recognized. Go to step 5.	
	No	External USB ports not functioning. Replace logic board.	M15
4. With no USB devices connected, restart computer.	Yes	Bluetooth detected. Go to step 3.	
assistant launches after startup.	No	Bluetooth not recognized. Internal and external USB not functioning. Replace logic board.	M15
5. With known-good USB keyboard and mouse working, test USB peripheral in question (USB hard drive or printer, etc.) Verify if device is recognized in Apple System Profiler under USB.	Yes	Device recognized. Test in all USB ports to ensure all USB ports working as expected. Replace logic board for any port failures.	M15
	No	Device may require more power than supplied by USB ports. Test with a powered USB hub. Go to step 6.	
6. Verify if using a powered USB hub resolves the issue.	Yes	Test device on the same USB port of a same-model computer without any other USB port populated. If other computer does not require a powered USB hub to allow the device functionality, replace logic board.	M15
	No	The computer's USB ports and cable have been verified. Ensure all software and firmware updates have been applied for computer and device. If issue persists, contact device manufacturer for support	

# Wired Keyboard Does Not Function Properly

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Wired Keyboard Does Not Function Properly</li> <li>Some or all keys on the keyboard don't work</li> <li>Eject key or Caps Lock key doesn't seem to work</li> <li>Some keys don't work as expected</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reset SMC</li> <li>Open System Preferences &gt; Universal Access &gt; Mouse &amp; Trackpad and verify that Mouse Keys is turned OFF. When enabled, Mouse Keys can disable functionality of some or most keys, depending on keyboard used.</li> <li>The iMac has 4 USB ports on rear of computer. Make sure to try each port to isolate a particular port malfunction.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Test with a known-good wired keyboard to isolate a failed peripheral issue.</li> </ol>
	5. Test wired keyboard on a known-good, same- model computer. If it works on the other computer, this may indicate a bad USB port if keyboard doesn't work at all on user's computer, or a software issue if keyboard is working but not as expected on user's computer.
	<b>6.</b> Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes.

Check	Result	Action	Code
<b>1.</b> Verify if all keys on keyboard	Yes	Go to step 2.	
work.	No	Go to <u>Keyboard: Specific</u> Keys Do Not Respond symptom flow.	
2. Verify if Caps Lock is working as expected.	Yes	Go to step 3.	
	No	Go to <u>Keyboard: Specific</u> <u>Keys Do Not Respond</u> symptom flow	
<b>3.</b> Verify if media Eject key is working as expected. Note that to prevent accidentally ejecting	Yes	Go to step 4.	
media, Mac OS X adds a slight delay to the media Eject key before it takes effect.	No	Go to step 5.	

4.	Open System Preferences > Speech. Verify if the "Speak selected text when the key is pressed" checkbox is selected.	Yes	The key combination to speak text cannot be used for any other purpose. Either disable, or change to a more rare key combination (including Shift, Command, Option and Control).	
		No	Go to step 6.	M15
5.	With optical media in the drive, hold the media Eject key. Verify	Yes	Normal media eject key delay. No repair necessary.	
	if the eject symbol appears on screen and that optical media is ejected if present.	No	Go to Optical Drive Won't Accept/Eject Media symptom flow.	
6.	6. Open System Preferences > Language and Text > Input Menu. Check "Keyboard Viewer". From the Input Menu (flag) in the Menu Bar, choose "Show Keyboard Viewer". Verify if keys pressed appear in Keyboard Viewer.	Yes	Keys recognized. Go to step 9.	
		No	Keys not recognized. Replace keyboard.	K01
7.	7. Open TextEdit or another text application and try typing	Yes	Application-specific issue. Troubleshoot application.	
	something using the non- responding keys. Verify if they are typed in this other application.	No	Create a new user account in System Preferences > Accounts, log out from current user and log in with new user to isolate a User account related issue. If issue persists, reinstall Mac OS X from Install DVD.	

# Keyboard: Specific Keys Do Not Respond

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Keyboard: Specific Keys Do Not Respond</li> <li>One or more keys do not respond when pressed</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>If wireless keyboard is being used verify that it is properly paired with computer. Go to <u>Wireless</u> <u>Input Device Doesn't Pair</u> symptom flow to resolve pairing issues.</li> </ol>
<ul><li>Key sticks</li><li>Keycap missing</li></ul>	<ol> <li>The caps lock key has a built-in delay to reduce accidental activation and must be held for approximately ½ second for it to be activated. See <u>kBase #TS1578: Apple Keyboard (2007): Caps</u> <u>Lock modified to reduce accidental activation</u>.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Inspect keyboard for signs of liquid spills or other contamination. Apple's warranty does not cover accidental damage.</li> </ol>
	<b>4.</b> If keycap is loose attempt to reattach it.
	5. Use the Keyboard Viewer menu to check every key.
	6. Recheck keyboard with a known-good computer with an up-to-date Mac OS X 10.6.x
	<b>7.</b> Replace keyboard if issue is confirmed (K01 for inoperative keys, K17 for wrong/falling keycaps).

# Wired Keyboard/Mouse Not Recognized

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check		
<ul> <li>Wired Keyboard/Mouse Not Recognized</li> <li>USB wired keyboard/mouse not recognized when plugged in.</li> <li>Mouse scroll ball not working or not working as expected.</li> <li>Mouse buttons not working or not working as expected.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reset SMC.</li> <li>The iMac has 4 USB ports on rear of computer. Make sure to try each port to isolate a particular port malfunction.</li> <li>Test with a known-good wired keyboard or mouse to isolate a failed peripheral issue.</li> <li>Test a mouse when connected directly to ports on the back of iMac to isolate a keyboard USB port issue.</li> <li>Ensure that all software and firmware updates for this model have been installed to take advantage of any available bug fixes.</li> </ol>		
Check	Result	Action	Code
--	--------	---	------------
1. Verify if computer recognizes keyboard or mouse when plugged into rear USB ports on back of iMac.	Yes	Test device in all USB ports to ensure all other USB ports are working as expected. Replace logic board if any USB port on rear fails. Replace keyboard if any USB port on keyboard fails. Go to step 2.	M15 K11
	No	Go to <u>USB Device Not</u> <u>Recognized</u> symptom flow.	
2. Verify if keyboard is working as	Yes	Go to step 3.	
expected.	No	Go to <u>Wired Keyboard Does</u> <u>Not Function Properly</u> symptom flow.	
<b>3.</b> Verify if Mighty Mouse has an issue with scroll ball.	Yes	See <u>kBase #HT1537: How to</u> <u>clean your Mighty Mouse</u> .	
	No	Go to step 4.	
<b>4.</b> Verify if mouse has an issue	Yes	Go to step 7.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Verify if mouse has an issue	Yes	Go to step 6.	
	No	Go to step 7.	
6. Try using mouse on another surface. Non-reflective, opaque surfaces without repetitive patterns work best. The surface	Yes	Surface issue. Issue resolved.	
should be clean but not shiny. Verify if mouse tracks correctly when used on another surface.	No	Go to step 7	
7. See <u>kBase #HT1581:</u> <u>Troubleshooting Mighty</u> Mouse and determining	Yes	Issue resolved.	
expected behavior. Verify if this article resolves issue.	No	Replace wired Mighty Mouse.	K99

## Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Symptoms</li> <li>Wireless Input Device Does Not Pair with computer</li> <li>Apple Wireless Keyboard/Magic Mouse/Magic Trackpad not recognized when powered on.</li> <li>Unable to pair Bluetooth input device with computer.</li> <li>Bluetooth Magic Mouse buttons not working.</li> <li>Apple Magic Trackpad clicking/tracking/tapping actions not working properly</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Quick Check</li> <li>Remove/ reinstall batteries into device to check they were not reversely inserted.</li> <li>Ensure that all software and firmware updates have been installed.</li> <li>Ensure that the Bluetooth device software has been installed on test computer.</li> <li>Install known-good charged batteries in Bluetooth device, and press the power button to check that green led stays on for at least 3 seconds"</li> <li>Review the "Troubleshooting wireless mouse and keyboard issues" kBase article_http://support.apple.com/kb/TS3048.</li> <li>Use a known-good Macintosh with up-to-date Mac OS 10.6.x, with Bluetooth enabled in Bluetooth Preferences, where a known-good similar Bluetooth device could be previously paired, and where a wired mouse is connected.</li> <li>Try to pair the affected Bluetooth device using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant Utility.</li> <li>(Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) Download and run the Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility (available in the Disk Images page of GSX/Service Source).</li> <li>(Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) After Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility (available in the Disk Images page of GSX/Service Source).</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Bluetooth Magic Mouse buttons not working.</li> <li>Apple Magic Trackpad clicking/ tracking/tapping actions not working properly</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Install Known-good charged batteries in Bluetooth device, and press the power button to check that green led stays on for at least 3 seconds"</li> <li>Review the "Troubleshooting wireless mouse and keyboard issues" kBase article_<u>http://support.</u> <u>apple.com/kb/TS3048.</u></li> <li>Use a known-good Macintosh with up-to- date Mac OS 10.6.x, with Bluetooth enabled in Bluetooth Preferences, where a known-good similar Bluetooth device could be previously paired, and where a wired mouse is connected.</li> <li>Try to pair the affected Bluetooth device using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant Utility.</li> <li>(Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) Download and run the Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility (available in the Disk Images page of GSX/Service Source).</li> <li>(Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) After Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility passes, pair the device again, using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant.</li> </ol>

Deep Dive
-----------

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. (Apple Wireless Keyboard,	Yes	Go to step 2.	
Magic Mouse, Magic Trackpad) With known-good charged batteries and known-good up to date Mac OS X computer with the Bluetooth device software installed, run the Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility (available in the Disk Images page of GSX/Service Source) and verify that all tests pass.	No	Replace defective Bluetooth device specifying the code provided by Bluetooth Service Diagnostic or corresponding symptom code: -does not connect -no LED when turned on -click does not work -cursor jumpy, jittery -intermittent stops responding -gestures do not work -battery life too short -physically damaged	K15 K09 K13 K12 K08 K02 K16 K16
2. Try to pair Bluetooth device using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant, and verify that device can be recognized and used.	Yes	Issue does not happen with known-good batteries. If device was using standard batteries, go to step 5 to retest with customer batteries. If had fully charged Apple rechargeable batteries, go to <u>Apple Battery Charger does</u> not charge batteries.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. (Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse, Magic Trackpad) Run the Bluetooth Diagnostic Utility again and check the "Restore Factory settings" option at final window, and verify that test passes.	Yes	Go to step 4.	
	No	Replace defective Bluetooth device specifying the code provided by Bluetooth Service Diagnostic or corresponding symptom code: -intermittent stops responding -gestures do not work -battery life too short	K08 K02 K16
4. Try to pair Bluetooth device	Yes	Issue solved.	
using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant. Verify device can be recognized and used.	No	Go to <u>Wireless Input Device</u> Loses Connection symptom flow.	

<b>5.</b> Reinstall customer's batteries in device and try to pair Bluetooth	Yes	Issue solved.	
device using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant. Verify that device can be recognized and used.	No	Recommend that customer replace batteries. If device had fully charged Apple Rechargeable Batteries, go to Apple Battery Charger does not charge batteries.	

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) Symptom Charts — Input/Output Devices 112

## Apple Wireless Mouse/Magic Trackpad Erratic Tracking

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
Apple Wireless Mouse/Magic Trackpad erratic tracking.	<ol> <li>Verify all software and firmware updates have been installed.</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Cursor tracking is jumpy.</li> <li>Tracking /Clicking/Tapping actions not working</li> <li>Unresponsive tracking and wrong gesture triggers</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify the Bluetooth device software has been installed.</li> </ol>
	<b>3.</b> Verify that customer is not using more than three Dual Link Bluetooth input devices at the same time on same computer.
	<b>4.</b> Cover the entire pad surface for some seconds to reset it.
	5. Clean mouse sensor/trackpad surface.
	<ol> <li>Review the "Troubleshooting wireless mouse and keyboard issues, "<u>http://support.apple.com/kb/</u> <u>TS3048</u>.</li> </ol>
	7. Use a known-good Mac OS X up to date computer with Bluetooth enabled in Bluetooth Preferences, where a known-good similar Bluetooth device could be previously paired, and where a wired mouse is connected.
	8. (Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) Download and run the Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility (available in the Disk Images page of GSX/Service Source), checking the Restore Defaults Settings option.
	9. (Apple Wireless Keyboard, Magic Mouse or Magic Trackpad) If Bluetooth Service Diagnostic utility passes, try to pair again the device using the Bluetooth Setup Assistant.
	<b>10.</b> Replace defective Bluetooth device specifying the code provided by Bluetooth Service Diagnostic

## Wireless Input Device Loses Connection

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Wireless Input Device Loses</li> <li>Connection</li> <li>Apple Wireless keyboard, Magic</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check orientation of wireless device to computer. Test Magic Trackpad or Magic Mouse with it positioned on either side of computer.</li> </ol>
Mouse, Magic Trackpad or other Bluetooth input device loses connection	2. Verify that user is first clicking/pressing a key to wake input device (refer to kBase article:" <u>HT3081:</u> <u>Click the mouse button to re-establish a</u> <u>connection to your Apple wireless mouse or</u> <u>trackpad.</u>
	<b>3.</b> Verify if device has been paired to computer previously.
	4. Remove and reinstall batteries for device.
	5. Press the power button and check that green LED stays on for around 3 seconds.
	6. Test with known-good batteries.
	7. Ensure that customer is not using more than three Dual Link Bluetooth devices, at same time on same computer.
	<ol> <li>Ensure other devices pair and keep connection without issue on the computer. If not, jump to <u>AirPort/Bluetooth Issues</u>.</li> </ol>
	<b>9.</b> Ensure that device is being used within 30-foot range for Bluetooth devices.
	<b>10.</b> Ensure that the latest Mac OS X 10.6.x Software and Firmware updates have been applied.
	11. See <u>kBase #TS3048: Troubleshooting Wireless</u> <u>Mouse an Keyboard Issues.</u>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Open System Preferences &gt; Bluetooth. Paired items and their connection status are shown. Verify if device is listed.</li> </ol>	Yes	Device has been paired. Go to step 2.	
	No	Device is not paired. Make device discoverable and open Bluetooth Setup Assistant. Go to step 3.	

2.	<ol> <li>Make sure device is on. In System Preferences &gt; Bluetooth, select device and from the Action menu (gear) choose "Connect". Verify if device connects successfully.</li> </ol>	Yes	Go to step 7.	
		No	Delete pairing in System Preferences. Go to step 3.	
3.	With the device on, run	Yes	Go to step 7.	
	Verify if you can successfully pair the device.	No	Restart computer. Go to step 4.	
4.	With device on, run Bluetooth	Yes	Go to step 7.	
	can successfully pair device.	No	Create a new Admin User. Go to step 5.	
5.	Log into new Admin User account. With device on, run Bluetooth Setup Assistant. Verify if you can successfully	Yes	User account issue. Troubleshoot software on User account. No hardware repair needed.	
	pair device with new user account.	No	Remove the following file: / Library/Preferences/com. apple.Bluetooth.plist Go to step 6.	
6.	Restart computer, With device	Yes	Go to step 7.	
	on, run Bluetooth Setup Assistant. Verify if you can successfully pair device.	No	Go to <u>AirPort/Bluetooth</u> <u>Issues</u> symptom flow.	
7.	With device paired and	Yes	Issue resolved.	
	connected, verify if device connection is stable if used normally.	No	Check wireless device manual to verify if device is being used in accordance with manufacturer's specifications (range, OS support, battery types). Go to step 8.	
8.	Verify if Apple wireless input	Yes	Educate user. Issue resolved.	
	specifications.	No	Replace defective Apple wireless input device according to symptom: -intermittent stops responding -gestures do not work -battery life too short	K08 K02 K16

## Apple Battery Charger Does Not Charge Batteries

### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check	
<ul> <li>Apple Battery Charger Does Not Charge Batteries</li> <li>No Amber/Green status LED visible on charger when batteries are installed and charger is connected to AC.</li> <li>Amber status LED is flashing</li> <li>When installed in the input device, the batteries don't power it.</li> <li>Batteries only provide limited run time when used.</li> <li>Batteries show leak/inflation signs</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Ensure that only NiMH AA rechargeable batteries are used with the Apple Battery Charger, that they are correctly installed, with correct polarity orientation. If Amber status LED still flashes when these batteries are installed, they are likely to be defective.</li> <li>Ensure that only NiMH AA rechargeable batteries are used with the Apple Battery Charger and were left charging for at least 5 hours. (LED will go green when a full charge has been reached, then will turn off to conserve energy).</li> <li>Test with known-good AC duck head plug.</li> <li>Quickly test customer's Apple Battery Charger for charge of a known-good set of NiMH AA rechargeable batteries . If no Amber or Green status LED is seen, replace battery charger (P01).</li> <li>Quick check customer's NiMH AA rechargeable batteries for charge status when installed in a known-good Apple Battery Charger. If no Amber/ Green status LED is seen, replace Apple battery set (P01).</li> <li>Go to deep dive.</li> </ol>	

Check	Result	Action	Code
1. Verify if the charger LED goes ON (Green or Amber) when a known-good set of NiMH AA batteries is installed and charger is connected to AC outlet.	Yes	Go to step 2	
	No	Check batteries fit and are correctly seated in case. If issue persist, replace defective Apple Battery Charger	P01
2. Verify if the charger LED goes	Yes	Go to step 3	
Amber when a set of known- good discharged or only partly- charged NiMH AA batteries is installed.	No	LED remains Green while known-good inserted batteries are still not fully charged (charger never initiates a charge): Replace defective Apple Battery Charger.	P10

<ol> <li>Verify if the charger LED will go green when a known-good set of partly charged NiMH AA batteries was installed and had been left for some hours (up to 5 hours if a fully discharged set was installed in charger).</li> <li>Note: Status LED may turn OFF after charge has been completed more than an hour.</li> </ol>	Yes	When charge of the known- good batteries set has ended (status LED turned to green), insert them in a known-good input device and go to step 4.	
	No	LED remains amber (never ends charging): Replace defective Apple Battery Charger.	P10
4. Check Battery Level in System Preferences>Trackpad or Mouse Depending on device type, battery type, and time since last full charge, the battery level displayed should vary from 80% to almost full. Verify that battery level shows at least 80% charge.	Yes	Charge functionality confirmed. Return Apple Battery Charger to customer and recommend customer to check rechargeable batteries.	
	No	Charger does not correctly charge batteries Replace defective Apple Battery Charger.	P10

## **Uncategorized Symptoms**

#### Quick Check

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Uncategorized Symptoms</li> <li>Unable to locate appropriate symptom code.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Reset SMC.</li> <li>Verify that external I/O device (where applicable) works on a known-good, same-model computer.</li> <li>For third party I/O devices, make sure necessary software is installed and up-to-date, and that device is supported with user's system.</li> </ol>

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by user.</li> </ol>	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99

## Mechanical

#### Noise/Hum/Vibration

Unlikely cause: LCD panel, glass panel, enclosure, cables

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
Noise/Hum/Vibration <ul> <li>Buzzing noise</li> <li>Rattling noise</li> <li>Ticking noise</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify that the vents on the bottom and back of the system are free of dust and other obstructions that might inhibit proper airflow through the system.</li> </ol>
Squeaking noise	2. Launch Applications/Utilities/Activity Monitor. Determine whether an application or process is consuming a high percentage of CPU bandwidth. CPU-intensive applications can cause the fans to run fast in order to maintain the proper internal system temperatures. If needed, quit the application or restart the system to resolve the issue.
	3. Eject optical media from optical drive. Out-of- balance optical media can generate audible noise. To resolve try a different brand of media. For additional information, go to <u>Optical Drive</u> <u>Noisy</u> symptom flow.
	<ol> <li>Tilt display to hinge limits to determine if mechanical noise is generated by the hinge mechanism. For additional information, go to <u>Stand/Hinge Issues</u> symptom flow.</li> </ol>
	5. Play sound sample at loud and soft volume levels to determine if the noise is caused by the left/right speakers or the amplifier circuit. Plug external headphones to identify whether the noise comes from audio out or from other source. For additional information, go to <u>Audio: Built-in</u> <u>Speakers Have Distorted Sound</u> symptom flow.
	<ol> <li>Adjust the display brightness to determine whether the noise is related to the brightness level. For additional information, go to <u>Noise/</u> <u>Unstable Flickering</u> symptom flow.</li> </ol>
	7. Run latest available Apple service utilities.

#### $\succ$

Deep [	Dive
--------	------

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if any tape, gasket, cable label, or cable is touching the fan blades and causing a ticking noise.</li> </ol>	Yes	Secure the material so it doesn't touch fan blades. If tape adhesive has lost its stickiness, replace that section of tape.	
	No	Go to step 2.	
2. Run latest available Apple service utilities and verify if it reports one or more errors.	Yes	Locate affected part and check for correct cable seating. Use ASD Error Codes table and <u>sensors</u> <u>location table</u> (in General Troubleshooting) to decode error. Follow instructions in table for resolving error, then retest.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
<b>3.</b> Verify if noise sounds like one or more fans are spinning faster than expected.	Yes	Reset SMC by disconnecting power cord for ~15 seconds then retest. If issue continues go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 6.	
<b>4.</b> Verify if noise changes when optical drive is being accessed or media is inserted or ejected.	Yes	Suspect issue with optical drive or media used. Go to <u>Optical Drive Noisy</u> symptom flow.	
	No	Go to step 5.	
5. Mute the system volume. Verify	Yes	Go to step 6.	
if issue still occurs.	No	Suspect issue with speakers or audio amplifier circuitry. Go to <u>Audio: Built-in</u> <u>Speakers Have Distorted</u> <u>Sound</u> symptom flow.	
6. Adjust brightness on display between maximum and minimum settings. Verify if issue changes depending on	Yes	Suspect issue with LCD display or backlight controller board. Go to <u>Noise/Unstable</u> <u>Flickering</u> symptom flow.	
brightness level.	No	Go to step 7.	

7.	7. Remove fans and rotate blades. Verify if fan blades spin smoothly without interference from fan housing.	Yes	Go to step 8	
		No	Replace affected fan.	P04
8.	8. Reinstall fans while carefully ensuring that there are no cables routed under or near fan assembly that might cause interference with fan blades.	Yes	Noise issue resolved. Suspect issue caused by interference from wiring or possible distortion or fan housing when installed in system.	P04
verify if noise issue is resolved.	No	Go to step 9.		
9.	9. Temporarily remove LCD display then power ON system. Verify if source of noise can be located. <b>Caution:</b> The exposed	Yes	Identify, inspect, and if necessary replace part that caused noise issue.	P04
shock hazard. Take proper precautions when working around an energized system.	No	Go to step 10.		
10.	<ul> <li>10. Disconnect these major modules/parts (hard drive, optical drive, fans, LCD display) one at a time then power ON the system. Determine if noise issue goes away when one of the modules is disconnected.</li> <li>Caution: The exposed power supply poses a serious shock hazard. Take proper precautions when working around an energized system.</li> </ul>	Yes	Identify, inspect, and if necessary replace part that caused noise to disappear when it was disconnected from the system.	P04
		No	All parts verified. Verify that correct symptom flow is being used.	

### Fan Failures / Thermal Issues

Unlikely cause: speakers

#### **Quick Check**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Fan Failures / Thermal Issues</li> <li>System feels very hot</li> <li>Fan(s) not operating</li> <li>Fan(s) running fast</li> <li>System is noisy</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Verify that vents on bottom and back of system are free of dust and other obstructions that might inhibit proper airflow through the system.</li> <li>Verify that computer is not exposed to direct sunlight which may heat up enclosure, making it feel hot to the touch.</li> </ol>
	3. Verify computer is not running hotter than expected for normal operation. If possible, compare to a similarly configured system. Note: Power supply is located in upper left corner where highest temperatures can usually be felt.
	<b>4.</b> Launch Applications/Utilities/Activity Monitor. Verify if an application or process is consuming a high percentage of CPU bandwidth. CPU- intensive applications can cause fans to run fast in order to maintain proper internal system temperatures. If needed, quit the application or restart the system to resolve issue.
	<ol> <li>Reset SMC by unplugging power cord for ~15 seconds.</li> </ol>
	6. Run latest available Apple service utilities.

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Run latest available Apple service utilities and. Verify if one or more errors are reported.</li> </ol>	Yes	Suspect possible fan or sensor error. Go to ASD Error Codes table and <u>sensors</u> <u>location table</u> (in General Troubleshooting) to decode error. Follow instructions in table for resolving error, then retest.	
	No	Go to step 2.	

2. Verify if noise sounds like one or more fans running faster than expected.	Yes	Fans running fast. Reset SMC by disconnecting power cord for ~15 seconds then retest. If issue continues go to step 3.	
	No	Go to step 3.	
3. Verify if any tape, gasket, cable label, or cable is touching the fan blades and causing a ticking noise	Yes	Secure the material so it doesn't touch fan blades. If tape adhesive has lost its stickiness, replace that section of tape	
	No	Go to step 4.	
4. Remove fans and rotate blades. Check for any dust that could be clogging the fans. Verify if fan blades spin smoothly without interference from fan housing and fan blades are all intact.	Yes	Go to step 5.	
	No	Replace affected fan(s).	X23
5. Run latest available Apple	Yes	Noise issue resolved.	
service utilities then ASD in stand-alone tests looping mode, to verify if all sensor or fans related tests pass.	No	Check for correct sensors/fans connections on logic board. Check for pinched cables. Compare with known-good similar system, and check for unlisted sensors. Replace affected sensor/fan.	X22

## Stand/Hinge Issues

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Stand/Hinge Issues</li> <li>Bent stand</li> <li>Broken hinge</li> <li>Stripped screw/head</li> <li>Stripped screw boss</li> <li>Unable to install VESA mount (if supported on this model)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Determine whether damage caused by user / technician environment, accidental damage, or abuse. If so, inform user/technician the failures are not covered by Apple warranties. Refer to <u>http://www.apple.com/legal/warranty</u></li> <li>For hinge noise issues replace hinge mechanism.</li> <li>For information on selecting the adequate iMac VESA Mount Adapter and which computer models are supported, refer to installation manuals available at <u>http://support.apple.com/</u> <u>manuals/#desktopcomputers</u></li> </ol>

## **Physical Damage**

Symptoms	Quick Check
<ul> <li>Physical Damage</li> <li>Broken glass</li> <li>Bent stand</li> <li>Broken hinge</li> <li>Stripped screw/head</li> <li>Stripped screw boss</li> <li>Dent or scratch to chassis</li> </ul>	1. Verify if damage caused by user environment, accidental damage, or abuse. If applicable inform the user that Apple does not warrant damage caused by accident, abuse, misuse, flood, fire, earthquake, or other external causes. For more information refer to: <u>http://www.apple.com/legal/warranty</u>

## Uncategorized Symptoms

Check	Result	Action	Code
<ol> <li>Verify if existing symptom code applies to issue reported by user.</li> </ol>	Yes	Jump to appropriate symptom code flow.	
	No	Document reported failure and send feedback to <u>smfeedback2@apple.com</u> stating that a suitable symptom code wasn't found. Provide as much detail as possible.	N99



# Take Apart

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.

# **General Information**

### **Opening the Unit**

- The iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) has a glass panel that attaches to the front, which must be removed prior to replacing any module on the unit.
- **Important:** The glass panel should only be removed by Apple-authorized technicians. Read and follow all of the cleaning and handling recommendations to prevent damaging the glass and LCD panel.
- Follow ESD precautions when the front bezel and the LCD display are removed.

#### **Required Tools**

Special tools are required to remove, handle and clean the glass panel, such as the following.

- ESD-safe workstation, including an ESD mat and wrist or heel strap
- ESD bags (for storing ESD-sensitive parts while removed from unit)
- Magnetized Torx T10 screwdriver
- Magnetized Torx T8 screwdriver
- Magnetized Torx T6 screwdriver
- Phillips #2 screwdriver
- Black stick (nylon probe, Apple part #922-5065) or other non-conductive nylon or plastic flat-blade tool
- Kapton tape
- Magnifying glass, for reading serial number etched on bottom of stand
- Digital volt meter (for troubleshooting)
- Soft, clean towel or cloth (to protect display and removed parts from scratches)

For more information about tools, refer to:

#### kBase #HT3452: Hand Tools for Desktop and Portable Repairs

In addition, the following software programs are required for troubleshooting:

- Apple Service Diagnostic (ASD), version 3S140 or later
- Apple Hardware Test (AHT), version 3A202 or later
- Bluetooth Service Diagnostic (BSD)

#### **Required Special Tools for Glass Panel**

Special tools are required to remove, handle and clean glass panel.

- 922-8252 Suction cups, Pkg of 2
- 922-8253 Gloves, lint-free, anti-static, Pkg of 2
- 922-8258 ESD bags, 24"x20", Pkg of 5. To prevent buildup of static charges which may attract dust particles, store LCD panel in an ESD bag when it is removed from unit.
- 922-8259 Microfoam bag to store glass panel, Pkg of 5
- 922-8261 Sticky silicone roller (6-inch) to clean glass panel
- 922-8262 Sticky sheet pads to clean silicone roller
- 922-8263 Polishing cloths, anti-static, optical-grade micro-terry, Pkg of 5

#### **Cleaning Tools Starter Kit**

The following tools are offered separately or in the starter kit (076-1277):

- Suction cups, 922-8252, 1 pair
- Gloves, lint-free, anti-static, 922-8253, Pkg of 2
- Sticky silicone roller (6-inch) to clean the glass panel, 922-8261
- Sticky sheets to clean the silicone roller, 922-8262, Pkg of 2
- Polishing cloths, clean, anti-static, optical-grade micro-fiber, 922-8263
- Microfoam bag to store the glass panel, 922-8259, Pkg of 5
- ESD bag for LCD panel storage, 922-8258, Pkg of 5

### **Cleaning & Handling the Glass Panel**

Follow the cleaning procedures in this manual to ensure the glass panel is free of dust and other particles before returning the computer to the customer.

- The glass panel is not tempered and will break into sharp pieces of mishandled. A scratched or broken glass panel is not covered under warranty.
- Removing the glass panel requires special tools such as lint-free gloves, rubber suction cups, and microfoam storage bags.
- To prevent contamination, wear lint-free gloves and handle the glass only by the edges.

#### Do's and Don'ts

DO

- Handle glass panel using lint-free gloves.
- Use only a sticky silicone roller to clean the inside surface of the glass and the LCD panel.
- Place the glass panel into a clean protective microfoam bag when removed from the unit.
- Store the glass panel in a safe area where it will not be broken or damaged.
- Store the LCD panel in an anti-static bag to prevent the buildup of static charges which may attract dust particles to the display's surface.
- Store the silicone roller and sticky paper within a temperature range of 39-104 F (5-40 C).
- If the silicone roller is no longer tacky, wash it in warm soapy water or wipe with isopropyl alcohol. If the tackiness does not return, replace the silicone roller.

DON'T

- Touch the inside of the glass with bare hands or dirty gloves. Fingerprints will be difficult to remove.
- Place the glass panel onto a work surface where it may collect dust and other contaminants unless it has first been placed into a protective microfoam bag.

#### Handling a Broken Glass Panel

The glass panel is not tempered and will break into sharp pieces if mishandled. If the glass is broken it must be carefully removed from the unit to prevent irreparable damage to the front surface of the LCD. If the front surface of the LCD is scratched by broken glass, the LCD may need to be replaced.

#### How to Remove a Broken Glass Panel

A shattered panel can be removed using safety glasses, packing tape, and leather gloves.

- 1. Put on safety glasses and leather gloves.
- 2. Lay the computer on a smooth, clean work surface.





**4.** Apply a strip of packing tape horizontally across the top and bottom of the glass panel. Next, apply the tape diagonally, across the broken glass panel, forming an "X."



**3.** Peel protective covering off the front of the glass. Remove and discard any large pieces of broken glass.



5. Continue applying tape horizontally, thoroughly covering the broken glass. Most of the glass will still be attached to the steel ring that runs around the perimeter of the glass panel.

6. Use a black stick to pry the glass panel off the magnets on the rear housing.



7. Lift the entire glass panel off the housing.



8. Place the broken glass inside a large box, label the box, and dispose of it properly.



- 9. Using a whisk broom, clean the work surface of tiny glass particles.
- **10.** Stand the iMac up and use a lint free cloth to carefully brush any of the particles off of the iMac onto the table. Clean the work surface again.
- 11. When the repair is finished the cloth should be disposed of immediately.
- **12.** Use a broom and dustpan to sweep up as much of the broken glass as possible. Glass fragments may have traveled several feet from the location of the glass panel, so be sure to thoroughly clean the entire area. Use a vacuum to remove the smaller fragments not picked up by the broom.
- **13.** Note: A broken glass panel may leave one or more scratches on the LCD display depending on the severity of the glass breakage. As long as the LCD itself has not been fractured the LCD does not require replacement, but be sure to let the customer know that the scratches are there and were caused by the broken glass panel.



#### Safety

Warning: HIGH VOLTAGE: The AC/DC power supply PCB remains powered up whenever the system is plugged in, whether or not the system has been turned on. Use extreme caution when troubleshooting the system with the front bezel removed.

- Don't work alone. In the event of an electrical shock it is important to have another individual present who can provide assistance.
- Keep one hand in your pocket when working on any iMac system that is plugged in. This will help ensure that your body does not provide a path to ground in the event that you accidentally make contact with the line voltage.
- Don't wear jewelry, watches, necklaces, or other metallic articles that could present a risk if they accidentally make contact with the power supply circuitry.

Use extreme caution when working around the power supply. The power supply contains a high voltage capacitor that may remain charged for several minutes even when the computer is unplugged. Never touch the leads on the top side of the power supply, especially the capacitor leads located near the warning sign

**Important:** If the computer is shut down by removing the power cord, allow the power supply a good 2-3 minutes to discharge the capacitors before handling it. However, if you select "Shut Down" via the Apple menu, the computer will discharge the power supply capacitor almost immediately.



#### **Logic Board Handling**

**IMPORTANT**: Always use two hands to support the logic board, video card and heatsinks. Handling the board incorrectly could flex the board and damage the chips and circuitry. **Never** handle the board by the heatsink or video card.



#### **Reassembly Steps**

When there are no replacement steps listed, replace parts in the exact reverse order of the Removal procedure.

#### Note About Images in This Manual

Because a pre-production or very similar model was used for most of the images shown in this manual, you may notice small differences in appearance between the image pictured and the computer you are servicing. However, although the appearance may differ, the steps and sequence are the same unless noted.

#### **Screw Sizes**

All screw sizes shown are approximate and represent the total length of the screw.

# **Access Door**

### **First Steps**

- Shut down the computer
- Place the computer on a clean, flat surface



#### Tools

- ESD mat and wrist strap
- Phillips #2 screwdriver



#### Removal

- 1 Raise the stand and loosen 3 captive screws.
- 2 Remove the access door.
  - Important: To ensure proper cooling, the iMac should not be operated without access door installed.



# Memory

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

Access door

**Note:** This computer uses PC3-10600, (1333) DDR3, 204-pin, SO-DIMMs.



#### Tools

 ESD mat and wrist strap



#### Removal

- 1 Untuck tabs in the memory compartment.
- 2 Pull tab to eject the installed memory module.



#### Reassembly

- 1 Orient notch on memory with notch in the memory compartment.
- 2 Press memory firmly into slot until you hear a click.
- **3** Tuck black plastic tabs into memory compartment.
- **4** Replace access door and tighten 3 screws.

Important: To ensure proper cooling, the iMac should not be operated without access door installed.



**Note**: i5 and i7 Quad Core iMac computers come with both top memory slots populated. These computers will not start up if only a single DIMM is installed in any bottom slot; these computers should operate normally with a single DIMM installed in any top slot. Core Duo iMac computers should operate normally with a single DIMM installed in any slot, top or bottom. ("Top" and "bottom" slots refer to the orientation of the slots in the pictures above. "Top" refers to the slots closest to the display; "bottom" refers to the slots closest to the stand).

# **Glass Panel**

#### **First Steps**

- Shut down unit.
- Unplug all cables.
- Put on ESD strap.

**Caution:** The glass panel is not tempered and will break into sharp pieces if mishandled. A scratched or broken glass panel is not covered by warranty.

#### Important:

This procedure requires special tools, which are offered individually or as part of a cleaning kit. See General Take Apart section for more information.



#### Tools

- ESD wrist strap
- lint-free gloves
- suction cups
- sticky silicone roller
- sticky sheets to clean the silicone roller
- microfoam bag



#### Removal

**Note:** Glass panel is held in place by magnets.

**Caution:** Unlike previous model iMacs, the glass panel has tabs along bottom that align with rear housing. Be careful not to damage tabs when removing glass panel.

#### Apple strongly

recommends wearing clean, lint-free gloves whenever handling the glass panel, to reduce cleaning required on reassembly.



- 1 The glass panel can be removed in various ways:
- Lay computer on its back and press clean suction cups in opposite corners on glass panel, or...
- Lay computer on its back and press clean suction cups in top right and left corners on glass panel, or...
- Stand computer upright and use your finger nails to pull glass forward along top edge
- **2** Lift glass panel off the magnets.



**3** Remove suction cups and slide glass into protective microfoam bag.



### Reassembly

- 1 Remove protective covering from silicone roller and sticky sheet.
- 2 Clean silicone roller by rolling it back and forth a few times on sticky sheet.

If sticky sheet looks dirty, use a new one. If roller is no longer tacky, wash it in warm soapy water. If tackiness does not return, replace silicone roller.



- **3** Set unit in upright position to minimize settling of dust.
- 4 Roll silicone roller over LCD panel to remove any particles.



- **5** Remove glass panel from microfoam bag.
- **6** Clean INSIDE of glass panel with the silicone roller to remove dust.
  - Note: If fingerprints or oils are on inside of glass, clean first with isopropyl alcohol.



 Wearing clean gloves, place glass directly onto unit, aligning tabs along the bottom with notches in rear housing. Magnets will catch it and hold it in place.

> Make sure the glass is flush with the rear housing after it is reinstalled.



- 8 Clean outside of glass panel with a clean, damp microfiber cloth. Wipe glass until there is no longer any residue or haze.
- 9 Inspect glass for any remaining dust, fingerprints, or a hazy residue. If there are contaminants trapped between LCD panel and glass panel, repeat cleaning procedure.



# Camera



#### Remove

#### • Glass panel



#### Tools

- Magnetized Torx T10
   screwdriver
- Black stick
- ESD-wrist strap and mat


- 1 Remove 2 T10 screws:
- 922-9239





- 2 Lift camera bracket out of rear housing.
- **3** Disconnect camera cable from camera board.



### Reassembly

- **1** Thermal paste is required between the camera and rear housing. Reuse the thermal paste.
- 2 Use a black stick to remove and reapply paste to camera (areas circled in graphic).

Note: A syringe of thermal paste is available as needed, part number 922-9625, good for 5 applications.

Important: The white thermal paste used on camera should NOT be used for any other purpose (such as portable computer heatsinks).



## LCD Panel

### **First Steps**

Remove

• Glass panel



**Caution:** Do not press on front surface of LCD panel when handling.



- Magnetized T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat
- ESD bag to store LCD panel



1 Remove 8 T10 screws: 922-9246



### **Reassembly Note:**

Do not overtighten LCD screws, which could cause light leakage after unit is reassembled.



2 With computer standing up and facing you, pull the LCD forward slightly from the top edge to access 4 cables inside.



CAUTION: Tilt display out no more than 4 inches (10 cm). Pulling display too far could damage panel cables or connectors.



**3** Looking down into the computer, on the left side, disconnect the vertical sync cable from the top of the backlight board. Pull straight up.

#### WARNING: HIGH VOLTAGE



Use extreme caution when working around the power supply, which contains a highvoltage capacitor that may remain charged for several minutes even when the computer is unplugged.



- 4 Pull display forward slightly to disconnect:
- #1: backlight power cable at bottom of backlight board. Pinch and pull cable down from connector
- #2: display temp sensor cable next to the AirPort cable. Pull straight up



5 To the right of the display temp sensor, carefully peel DisplayPort cable (attached with double-sided tape) away from the video card bracket.



6 Gently remove the DisplayPort cable.
• Squeeze side metal tabs (#1) to release and pull cable (#2) up from connector.



7 Lift the LCD panel off rear housing.

### Important: Panel Handling information:

- handle the panel by the edges only
- use two hands to lift and move the panel
- never hold the panel with one hand
- don't touch the panel surface



 $\succ$ 

8 Without touching the panel surface, carefully store the LCD panel in an antistatic bag.



## **Note**: If replacing the panel:

- remove aluminum tape securing DisplayPort cable
- transfer the DisplayPort cable to the new panel
- secure DisplayPort cable to the panel connector with aluminum tape
- place mylar tape over aluminum tape & cable (see next graphic)

A replacement LCD panel includes:

- vsync cable
- display temp sensor cable and clip
- mylar tape
- aluminum tape



### Handling the Panel

- 1 Important: Handle LCD panel by the edges only.
  - Use two hands to carry the panel.



2 Never touch LCD surface or hold LCD panel with one hand. It could damage the panel.





### Reassembly

- **1** The panel is heavy! Lift panel and rest it on the "chin" of the rear housing.
- 2 Lean panel toward the rear housing.



- **3** Connect the DisplayPort cable.
- Squeeze side metal tabs (#1) to insert cable into connector (#2). Push cable firmly into connector. Verify cable is connected.



- 4 In the following order, connect:
- #1: display temp sensor
- #2: backlight power



5 Press sticky DisplayPort cable onto the video card bracket.



- **6** Connect the vertical sync cable to the backlight board.
- 7 Replace 8 panel screws.



## Vertical Sync Cable (Vsync)

### **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

### Tools

Black stick



### Removal

- 1 With a black stick, peel back mylar tape to expose cable.
- **2** Pull cable straight out of connector.

#### **Replacement Note:**

Insert Vysnc securely into panel connector, replace mylar tape.



## LED Temp Sensor Cable

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

### Tools

Black stick





## Removal

- 1 Peel black insulator to access cable.
- 2 Disconnect sensor from bracket.

### Replacement Note:

Insert sensor securely into bracket. Replace foam over sensor to isolate the sensor from the internal air temperature.

# **DisplayPort Cable**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

### Tools

No tools are required for this procedure.



## Removal

1 Peel back mylar tape securing cable to LCD panel.



2 Peel back aluminum tape securing DisplayPort cable to panel connector.

#### **Replacement Note:** A

replacement DisplayPort cable will come with:

- a piece of black mylar tape
- a piece of aluminum tape
- **3** Press in on metal side release clips and then gently pull down to disconnect DisplayPort cable.



## **Audio Ports and Cable**

### **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD mat and wrist strap



 Disconnect audio cable from logic board and remove 2 T10 screws.
 922-9245



**2** Remove cable from rear housing.



#### **Reassembly Note:**

- A black stick can be helpful for guiding and aligning audio ports with rear housing.
- Plugging in the earbuds or headphones can also help keep audio cable aligned while tightening screws.



## **AirPort Antenna**

### **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



- Magnetized Torx T8
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



1 Disconnect antenna cable from AirPort card.



WARNING: Be careful not to damage AirPort antenna connectors as it may induce antenna or rear housing replacement (lower antenna, near Apple logo, is part of rear housing).

- 2 Peel up EMI tape securing antenna cable to rear housing.
- Remove 2 T8 antenna screws:
   922-4723



4 Remove antenna from housing.



## **AirPort Card**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



- Magnetized Torx T6
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- **1** Remove 1 T6 screw.
- 922-8579



2 Disconnect 2 AirPort antenna cables.



Important: Antenna cables and connectors are delicate. If the shorter of the two antenna cables is damaged, you will need to replace the rear housing.

**3** Hold card by edges and pull it out of the slot.



## **AirPort Carrier Board**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- AirPort card



- Magnetized Torx T10
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Remove Kapton tape securing AirPort data cable to carrier board.
- 2 Disconnect Airport data cable.
- **3** Remove 2 T10 screws:
  - 922-6850



**4** Lift AirPort carrier board from rear housing.

### **Replacement Note:**

Secure both ends of the AirPort cable with Kapton tape.

## **AirPort Cable**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- AirPort carrier board



- ESD-wrist strap and matt
- black stick



- 1 With a black stick, remove Kapton tape (wrapped around carrier board) securing the AirPort cable to the carrier board.
- 2 Lift AirPort cable off carrier board.



**3** Remove Kapton tape securing AirPort cable to logic board. Lift cable straight up from board.

> **Replacement Note**: Secure both ends of the AirPort cable with Kapton tape.



## **Bluetooth Antenna**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



## Tools

- Magnetized Torx T8
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010) Take Apart — Bluetooth Antenna 171



 Remove 2 T8 screws on antenna board:
 922-4723





- 2 Disconnect Bluetooth antenna from the Bluetooth card.
- **3** Remove antenna from housing.



## **Bluetooth Board**

### **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



- Magnetized Torx T8
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Disconnect 2 cables:
- Bluetooth antenna
- Bluetooth data cable
- 2 Remove 1 T8 screw:
- 922-9247





# LED Backlight Board

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

### Warning: HIGH VOLTAGE



Use extreme caution when working around the capacitors in the top right corner of the backlight board, which contain high-voltage that may remain charged for several minutes even when computer is unplugged. Never touch the leads on the top side of the backlight board.



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD mat and wrist strap



### Warning: HIGH VOLTAGE

If the computer is shut down by removing the power cord, allow the backlight board a good 2-3 minutes to discharge the capacitors before handling it. However, if you select "Shut Down" via the Apple menu, the computer will discharge the capacitors almost immediately.

- 1 Remove 4 T10 screws.
- 922-6850



2 Lift up board, flip over, and disconnect power connector.





## **Power Supply**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

WARNING: HIGH VOLTAGE



Use extreme caution when working around the power supply, which contains a high-voltage capacitor that may remain charged for several minutes even when the computer is unplugged. Never touch the leads on the top side of the power supply, especially those near the warning sign.



- Magnetized Torx T10
   screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



### WARNING: HIGH VOLTAGE

If the computer is shut down by removing the power cord, allow the power supply a good 2-3 minutes to discharge the capacitors before handling it. However, if you select "Shut Down" via the Apple menu, the computer will discharge the power supply capacitor almost immediately.

- **1** Remove 4 T10 screws.
- 1 self-tapping, 922-6850, short (S)



• 2 machine, 922-9244, medium, (M)



1 longer self-tapping,
 922- 9593, long (L)





- **2** Disconnect 2 cables:
- DC power (top cable)
- AC power inlet (taped to pressure wall)



### Reassembly

- 1 Route AC power inlet cable over power supply pressure wall.
- 2 Connect AC power cable and tuck edge of connector under logic board.
- **3** Press cable into notches on pressure wall.
- 4 Replace tape over AC power cable and pressure wall.
- **5** Replace 4 screws.



## **Backlight Pressure Wall**

### **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply



### Tools

 ESD mat and wrist strap


1 Lift pressure wall off posts in the rear housing.



## Power Supply/Hard drive Pressure Wall

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply



#### Tools

 ESD mat and wrist strap



Lift pressure wall off posts in the rear housing.



## Reassembly

- 1 Note: Make sure the camera and AC inlet cables are routed correctly around the pressure wall.
- 2 The camera cable runs along the right side of the pressure wall, next to hard drive, and through bottom notch in pressure wall.



 $\succ$ 

- **3** Connect AC inlet cable and then press cable into notches on top of the pressure wall.
- 4 Replace Kapton tape securing AC inlet cable to pressure wall.



## **Hard Drive**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel



- Magnetized Torx T10
  screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



 Remove 2 T10 screws from mounting bracket:
 922-6850



- **2** Disconnect 2 cables:
- HD power cable
- HD data cable
- **3** Leave small HD temp sensor cable attached to drive.
- 4 Slide hard drive up slightly to lift pins out of 2 rubber grommets on mounting bracket.
- 5 Disconnect HD sensor cable from top of logic board.
- 6 Important: Do not disconnect HD sensor cable from hard drive. Each drive manufacturer has a different type of sensor cable, which is provided with a replacement drive.





#### Reassembly

- 1 If installing a replacement hard drive, transfer the following:
- hard drive bracket
- 2 T10 bracket screws
  922-9136



2 T10 screw pins
 922-7001



2 Note: Each hard drive vendor has a unique sensor cable. Do not mix and match temp sensor cables.

# **3** Important: When installing a Western Digital drive:

- orient drive with circuit board facing up (as shown)
- connect temp sensor cable to hard drive pins, leaving 2 left pins unconnected and the gray wire on sensor cable installed in the "up" orientation.

If sensor cable is installed incorrectly the hard drive fan will run at full speed.





## Hard Drive Sensor Cable

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Hard drive

**Note:** Each hard drive manufacturer has a different type of sensor cable, which is included with a replacement drive.

If replacing sensor cable only, be sure to order correct cable for drive manufacturer.



#### Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



- Disconnect hard drive sensor cable from hard drive and logic board.
  - Note: Do not reuse temp sensor cable. A new sensor cable is included with each replacement drive.

Each hard drive manufacturer has a unique sensor cable.



### Reassembly

- 1 Important: When installing a Western Digital drive:
- orient drive with circuit board facing up (as shown)
- connect temp sensor cable to hard drive pins as shown, leaving 2 left pins unconnected

If sensor cable is installed incorrectly, hard drive fan will run at full speed.



## **Optical Drive**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

#### Important: When

servicing the optical drive, handle it by the edges only. Pressing elsewhere on the drive could damage the internal mechanism.



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



Remove 4 T10 screws.
 922-6850





- 2 Lift optical drive slightly and wiggle optical drive cable off optical drive. A black stick may be helpful.
- **3** Pull optical away from slot opening in housing.

Note: A replacement optical drive includes the bezel. Do not remove or transfer the bezel.



4 Disconnect optical sensor cable from connector on logic board.



### Reassembly

1 If installing a replacement optical drive, a temp sensor/ cable is included with each replacement optical drive.



2 Install optical drive by aligning pins on bezel with holes on optical drive.

Check the felt on the optical drive opening. Damaged or wrinkled felt across the opening could impair installation.



**3** Replace screws in order shown.

Note: Insert a disc into the optical drive to check that optical drive is correctly aligned with the rear housing.



## **Optical Sensor Cable**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Optical drive

#### Important: When servicing the optical drive, handle it by the edges only. Pressing elsewhere on the drive could damage the internal mechanism.



#### Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



- **1** Disconnect optical sensor cable from logic board.
- 2 Peel up foam gasket to release sensor end of cable.

**Replacement Note:** A replacement optical drive will include a new sensor cable.



## **Optical Drive Fan**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Optical drive



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Remove 1 T10 screw.
- 922-9236



- 2 Disconnect fan cable from logic board.
- **3** Lift fan off 2 guide posts in rear housing.



## **SD Card Reader**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

Important: The SD card reader must be replaced like-for-like, with an SD card reader with the same EEE code.



- Torx T8 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat
- black stick





- 1 Remove 1 T8 screw:
  - 922-9241

•





2 Disconnect cable and with a black stick, pry SD card reader up and out of rear housing.



#### Reassembly

The SD card reader must be replaced like-for-like, with an SD card reader that has the same EEE code.

- 1 Look at the sticker on the underside of old SD card reader.
- 2 The EEE code will read DDHF or 6DW.
- Compare old SD card reader to both parts in the kit and use the new SD card reader with the matching EEE code.



## **SD Card Reader Cable**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Optical drive
- Optical drive fan

**Note:** The SD card and SD cable are also part of the rear housing assembly.



#### Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Peel back aluminum tape that covers the exposed portion of the SD cable.
- 2 Disconnect cable from SD card reader and logic board.



## **IR Board and Cable**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel

**Note**: A new IR board includes a new cable. The cable is not available as a separate part.



- ESD-wrist strap and mat
- black stick



#### $\succ$

#### Removal

1 Remove Kapton tape to access IR cable connector.



- 2 Disconnect IR cable from logic board. Pull cable straight up to release.
- **3** With 2 fingers, wiggle IR mounting bracket up and off mounting post.

#### Replacement Note:

With your finger, pull front housing out slightly to make room for IR mounting bracket to slide onto IR mounting post.



## Logic Board

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure
  wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>

Note: The SSD-only CTO option will have an HDD temp sensor jumper (922-9628) in the HDD temp sensor connector location on the logic board. It shorts out the HDD temp sensor when there's no HDD in the computer. Transfer this jumper if replacing the logic board.



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Carefully disconnect 14 cables from the logic board.
  - (1) power button
  - (2) CPU fan
  - (3) skin temp sensor
  - (4) hard drive temp sensor or HD jumper if SSD-only config
  - (5) hard drive fan
  - (6) camera
  - (7) Bluetooth
  - (8) ambient temp sensor
  - (9) AirPort
  - (10) microphone
  - (11) secure digital (SD)
  - (12) audio ports
  - (13) left speaker
  - (14) right speaker
- 2 Tape cables back so they do not get trapped during reassembly.





- **3** Remove 8 T10 screws, (in graphic: S=short, M=medium, L=long)
- 922-6800, (2) short



922-9237, (2)
 20mm, medium



• 922-9243, (4) 24mm, long





- 4 Gently pull board forward and disconnect 2 or 3 cables (depending on the configuration) on the back side of logic board.
- DC power cable (#1)
- SSD data cable (#2)
- HD data cable (#3)

Note: On the SSD-only config, (no hard drive) the HD data cable (#3) is absent and a jumper will be present at the hard drive temp sensor connector location.



5 Carefully lift board up and out of rear housing.



## Handling the Logic Board

Important: Always use 2 hands to support board and heatsink. Handling board incorrectly could flex board and damage chips and circuits. Never handle board by heatsink or metal frame.



#### Reassembly

- Remove HD temp sensor jumper if present (applies to SSD-only configs).
  - Important: If jumper is not transferred to replacement logic board on SSD-only configs, the fans will run at full speed.



2 Verify that tamper indicator labels on front and back of heatsink assembly are intact. If labels have been removed or tampered with, logic board is not eligible for exchange.



- **3** Transfer:
- memory (install after logic board is in place)
- video card
- optical, HDD, & SSD data cables
- 4 Apply new Ethernet ID label (included in box with new logic board) to bottom of stand.
- 5 Use the <u>Blank Board</u> <u>Serializer tool</u> to set computer's serial number on new logic board.
- 6 Note: You can install the logic board with the computer positioned as shown or with the computer standing upright.

Important: Make sure the memory modules are removed for installation and no cables are trapped between the logic board and rear housing.



- 7 Lower board into rear housing. Connect 2-3 cables on the back side, depending on the drive configuration:
- DC power cable (#1)
- SSD data cable (#2)
- HD data cable (#3

**Important!** Make sure the DC Power cable is securely inserted into connector.



8 Check that the video card cable is connected to the back side of the board



- **9** Observe how the optical data cable routes over top of DC power cable and extends out to the side.
  - Keep the optical cable out of the way as the board is lowered into place.



**10** As you the lower board, position cables into lowest notch on pressure wall.

**Note**: Line up board with edge of CPU fan and screw standoffs.



- **11** Connect 14 cables to the logic board.
  - (1) power button
  - (2) CPU fan
  - (3) skin temp sensor
  - (4) hard drive temp sensor or HD jumper (if SSD-only config)
  - (5) hard drive fan

(6) camera

- (7) Bluetooth
- (8) ambient temp sensor
- (9) AirPort
- (10) microphone
- (11) secure digital (SD)
- (12) audio ports
- (13) left speaker
- (14) right speaker



 $\succ$ 

#### 12 Insert cable

connectors into the I/O ports to align the board to the ports before replacing the screws.



13 Replace 8 T10 screws S=short (2) M=medium (2) L=long (4)



## Video Card

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board



- Torx T8 screwdriver
- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat


- 1 Remove 3 screws attaching video card to bracket.
- (1) 922-7971, T10



• (2) 922-4723, T8



- 2 Disconnect video card temp sensor from logic board.
- **3** Support video card as you slide card and heatsink out of slot on logic board.

#### **Replacement Note:**

If you replace the logic board, transfer video card and video card bracket to replacement logic board.

Refer to the next page if removing video card bracket from logic board.





 To remove the bracket, remove 3 T8 screws on front side of logic board.
 922-4723



2 Carefully slide video bracket off logic board. Be careful not to bump DisplayPort connector as you slide the bracket off.



# Solid State Drive (SSD)

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board

Note: The SSD-only option will have an HDD temp sensor jumper (922-9628) in the HDD temp sensor connector location on the logic board. It shorts out the HDD temp sensor when there's no HDD in the system. Transfer this jumper if replacing the logic board.



- Torx T8 screwdriver
- black stick
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Note: There are two SSD drive configs:
- HDD + SSD or,
- SSD-only

This graphic shows the HDD + SSD configuration.

- 2 Disconnect 3 cables from the cable bundle:
- HDD data & power cables (A)
- SSD data cable (B)
- SSD power cable (C)
- **3** Remove 1 T8 screw in bottom left corner of the pressure wall.
- 922-9488





- Use a black stick to pry pressure wall off rear housing.
   Dotted lines represent adhesive on under side of pressure wall.
   Exert some force to release adhesive.
- **5** Lift pressure wall and SSD drive from rear housing.



 6 Turn pressure wall over. Remove 4 screws securing SSD drive to pressure wall.
 922-9488





### Reassembly

1 Make sure the Bluetooth cable routes over the top of the SSD drive and pressure wall.



- 2 On SSD-only configs (no Hard drive), make sure HDD temp sensor jumper is connected to HD temp sensor connector on logic board.
  - If jumper is absent, the fans will run at full speed.



# SSD Data Cable

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board



## Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



1 Disconnect SSD data cable from top of SSD drive.

#### Replacement Note:

The SSD cable connects to the middle connector of three connectors at the top of the SSD drive. The connector on the left (closest to the hard drive) is unused.



# **Optical/MXM Pressure Wall**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



Note: Observe the Bluetooth and microphone cable routing before removing the pressure wall. The Bluetooth cable routes over the pressure wall and the microphone cable routes under (illustration shows a non-SSD config). On SSD configs the Bluetooth cable routes over the top of the SSD drive.

**1** Remove 1 T8 screw on pressure wall.

• 922-9241



- 2 (Illustration shows SSD drive config) Use a black stick to pry pressure wall off rear housing. Dotted line represents location of adhesive.
   Exert some force to release pressure wall.
- 3 If replacing pressure wall and the SSD drive is installed, <u>remove SSD drive</u> from pressure wall

and transfer SSD to new pressure wall.





# Hard Drive Data Cable

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board

**Note**: One end of hard drive data cable attaches to back side of logic board.



## Tools

#### ESD-wrist strap and mat



**1** Disconnect hard drive data cable from side of hard drive.





2 Disconnect other end from back side of logic board.

#### Replacement Note:

As you lower logic board, route DC power cable and hard drive cable into notch on pressure wall.



## **Optical Drive Data Cable**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure
  wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board

**Note:** Optical drive data cable attaches to back side of logic board.



## Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



Disconnect optical data cable from back side of logic board.



#### **Replacement Note:**

Hold the optical cable with your thumb as you lower the logic board into rear housing. Make sure optical data cable:

- routes over the top of the DC power cable
- extends out to side once the logic board is lowered



## Battery

## **First Steps**

Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board

**Note**: Battery is located on the back side of logic board.



- Black stick
- ESD mat and wrist strap



1 Use a black stick to pry battery from battery socket on back side of logic board.



## Reassembly

- 1 Make sure battery socket is open and free of dust.
- 2 Press battery (922-9626) into socket with engraved markings (+ side) facing up.



# **Right Speaker**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- <u>Audio ports</u>
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



Remove 1 T10 screw.
 922-9242



- **2** Rotate speaker to the left and lift out of rear housing.



## **CPU Fan**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



 Remove 2 T10 shoulder screws.
 922-9236



- **2** Lift fan up and out of rear housing.
- **3** Note guidepot on fan that will fit into bottom of rear housing on reassembly.
- 4 Note routing of ambient temp sensor cable and left speaker cable through clips on fan.
- 5 Remove ambient temp sensor and left speaker cable from fan.

#### Replacement Note: Transfer ambient temp sensor to replacement fan.





### $\succ$

## Reassembly

1 Route sensor cable through clip on fan.



2 Route ambient sensor cable under fan and along with fan cable, route through clip on the side of fan.



# **Ambient Temp Sensor**

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board
- CPU fan



- Black stick
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- **1** Note routing of temp sensor cable through clips on fan.
- 2 Release sensor cable from 2 cable clips on CPU fan.
  - Replacement Note: If you are replacing CPU fan, transfer sensor cable to replacement CPU fan.



### Reassembly

Route ambient sensor cable under fan and along with fan cable, route them through clip on the side of fan.



# Left Speaker

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board
- <u>CPU fan</u>



- Magnetized Torx T10
  screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



Remove 1 T10 screw.
 922-8249



2 Lift speaker out of rear shousing.



## Reassembly

1 Route speaker cable around bottom of CPU fan and through clip on side of CPU fan.



2 Route speaker cable above AC power inlet and toward right speaker. Tuck speaker cable under cable clips in rear housing.



# Hard Drive Fan

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board



- Magnetized Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



Remove 1 T10 screw.
 922-9236



2 Pull the fan straight up and off the guide posts.



# **Mechanism Cover**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board
- Hard drive fan
- Optical pressure wall



- ESD-wrist strap and mat
- Magnetized Torx T10 screwdriver



- 1 Peel up aluminum tape.
- 2 Remove 4 T10 screws; two at the top (bigger screws) and two smaller screws at the bottom.
- (2) 922-6800



(2) 922-9238 (same screws as mechanism)



- **3** Pry cover off mechanism.



## Stand

## **First Steps**

No preliminary steps are required to remove the stand.



- Torx T10 screwdriver
- Access card to lock/ unlock the stand
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



- 1 Place the computer face down on a table so that the base of the stand extends over the table edge.
- 2 Press the stand down and insert an access card into the slot between the top of the stand and the rear housing.



- **3** Insert the card as far as it will go, and press the stand down until you hear a click—the audible cue that tells you that the stand is locked into place.
- 4 Remove the access card.



- **5** Remove 8 T10 screws.
- 922-8174



**6** Separate the stand from the clutch mechanism.



## Reassembly

- 1 Align the pin on the clutch mechanism to the central hole in the stand.
- 2 Replace 8 T10 screws.
- Place the computer face down on a table so that the base of the stand extends over the table edge. Press the stand down and insert an access card into the slot between the top of the stand and the rear housing.



- 4 Insert the access card as far as it will go. Gently lift the stand approximately two inches to unlock the clutch mechanism, and then remove the access card. The clutch mechanism should now be unlocked.
- **5** Stand the computer upright.



## Mechanism

## **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- Logic board
- Hard drive fan
- Optical pressure wall
- Mechanism cover
- <u>Stand</u>



- Magnetized Torx T10 screwdriver
- ESD-wrist strap and mat


- **1** Remove 6 T10 screws:
  - 922-9238

•



2 Lift mechanism off rear housing.



# **Bluetooth Cable**

# **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- Memory
- Logic board



# Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



1 Disconnect the black Bluetooth cable from Bluetooth board



2 Follow cable along to the right....to the right of the mechanism.



**3** Peel back EMI tape securing Bluetooth cable to rear housing Lift cable from rear housing.

#### Replacement Note:

The cable routes over the notch of the optical pressure wall and connects to the top of the logic board

**Note**: In the SSD drive configuarations, the Bluetooth cable routes over the top of the SSD drive.



# **Camera Cable**

# **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Camera
- Hard drive
- Power supply
- Power supply pressure wall



# Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



1 Disconnect camera cable from camera board at top of rear housing.



2 Disconnect camera cable (#5) from the top of logic board.



 $\succ$ 

**3** Remove EMI tape at top of camera cable. Lift pressure wall to remove camera cable from rear housing.

#### Replacement Note:

The camera cable runs along the right side of the pressure wall, next to the hard drive and through the lower notch in the pressure wall.



# Cable, AC/DC Power/Backlight/ SATA

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure
  wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- AirPort Carrier
- Logic board



# Tools

 ESD-wrist strap and mat



- **1** Observe cable routing for reassembly.
- 2 Release cable from cable clips and lift out of rear housing.



#### Replacement Note: The

bottom section of cable bundle routes through the lower notch on the optical pressure wall.



# Cable, AC/DC Power/Backlight/ SATA, SSD

# **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Power supply
- Backlight pressure
  wall
- Optical drive
- Optical fan
- IR board
- <u>Memory</u>
- <u>AirPort card</u>
- <u>AirPort carrier</u>
- Logic board



# Tools

- Magnetized Torx T10
  screwdriver
- Black stick
- ESD-wrist strap and mat



1 Disconnect SSD drive power cable from top of SSD drive.



2 Release cable from black cable clips and lift out of rear housing.



# **Replacement Note**: The bottom section of cable bundle routes through the lower notch on the optical pressure wall.



# **Microphone Cable**

# **First Steps**

The microphone cable is part of the rear housing and is not available as a separate part.

Refer to the rear housing procedure.



# **Rear Housing**

### **First Steps**

#### Remove

- Glass panel
- LCD panel
- Camera
- Bluetooth board
- <u>AirPort cable</u>
- <u>AirPort carrier board</u>
- Backlight board
- Power supply
- Hard drive
- <u>SSD drive (CTO</u> option)
- Bluetooth cable
- <u>Camera cable</u>
- <u>Camera</u>
- Optical drive
- Optical drive fan
- SD Card Reader
- SD cable
- Audio cable
- IR board & cable
- Logic board
- DC/SATA/SSD/ backlight power cable
- CPU fan
- Ambient temp sensor
- Left speaker
- <u>Right speaker</u>
- Hard drive fan
- Mechanism cover
- Stand
- <u>Mechanism</u>
- Pressure walls (3)



With all other modules removed, rear housing is the remaining assembly.

A new rear housing includes the following parts:

- SD card reader and SD cable (also available separately)
- optical drive bezel kit (see reassembly, step 2)
- AirPort antenna in silver circle behind Apple logo on back of computer
- microphone and cable
- skin temp sensor and cable
- power button and cable
- AC inlet
- Aluminum tape
- Foam gaskets

### Reassembly

When replacing the rear housing follow these important steps:

1 Handling: Handling the rear housing incorrectly could flex aluminum and cause alignment issues.

> Always handle rear housing with 2 hands in the lower left and right corners.

> Never carry rear housing with a single hand, or by the aluminum "chin" near the Apple logo.

### 2 Optical Drive Bezel

When replacing the rear housing, if the unit has a Sony optical drive mechanism, it may need a different optical drive bezel. A new bezel kit is included with a new rear housing

Check the EEE code in the serial number of the bezel. The EEE code is located at the end of the serial number, starting with the 4th digit from end. If EEE code is A2W, continue with procedure.





- **3** Remove foil tape and gaskets. Examine plastic tabs under foil tape. Notice that some tabs go on the outside surface and some on inside surface of the drive.
- 4 Remove 4 bezel screws, 2 on each side.
- 5 Remove old bezel and install new bezel, taking care that tabs are properly aligned.
- 6 Reinstall 4 screws.
- 7 Apply new foil tape and 2 gaskets (included with new bezel kit) as shown.
- 8 Once computer is fully reassembled, test optical drive (inject, read, eject) before returning to customer.



#### 9 Transfer Camera and Reuse Thermal Paste:

Transfer camera from old rear housing to new rear housing and reuse thermal paste from old rear housing.

Use a black stick to remove and reapply thermal paste to camera (circled).

Note: A syringe of thermal paste is available as needed, part number 922-9625, good for 5 applications.

**Important:** This white thermal paste should NOT be used for any other purpose (such as portable computer heatsinks).

#### 10 Apply aluminum tape and foam gasket:

Install aluminum tape (#1) and foam gasket (#2) as shown. .

Aluminum tape placement continued on next page.





**11** Place the two new pieces of aluminum tape over the right and left sides of the mechanism cover

#### 12 Transfer:

- Bluetooth and AirPort
  antennas
- Bluetooth cable
- camera cable
- 3 pressure walls

# **13** Replace the remaining modules.





# **Additional Procedures**

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.

# **Retrieving Mechanism**

### **Overview**

Without a stand or VESA mount installed, the mechanism can retract inside the computer if an access card trips the latch that locks the mechanism.

In the rare event that retrieving the mechanism is necessary, follow this procedure.

Note: You may notice small differences in appearance between the images in this procedure and the computer you are servicing. Although the appearance may differ, the steps and sequence are the same unless noted.



# Tools

- Access card (Apple part #922-7172)
- Retrieval tool
  (Apple part #922-7849)
- Scissors to cut access card in half



 $\bowtie$ 

- 1 Place computer face down on a clean, soft surface.
- 2 Peer into stand slot to see recessed latch. Latch is a shiny metal spring clip located above mechanism that is almost as wide as stand slot.



- **3** Cut access card in half vertically, into two equal halves.
- 4 Insert half of access card into one end of stand slot and push latch away to get a sense of how latch moves.



- 5 Notice shape of retrieval tool. When inserting retrieval tool, make sure curved end of tool is down, as shown.
- **6** The small hole on end of retrieval tool will hook onto pin on recessed mechanism.



- **7** Hold access card so latch is pushed as far as possible.
- 8 Align retrieval tool over pin on mechanism.
- Have an assistant hold computer down firmly as you simultaneously push latch away and pull mechanism towards you.
   Note: There is a lot of tension on mechanism and it will take a lot of force to pull it up.



 $\succ$ 

- **10**When you can pull up mechanism and see it emerge through slot, maintain pull force on retrieval tool, but remove access card.
- **11** Pull up mechanism until it clicks or locks into place.



**12** Mechanism is now ready to accept installation of stand or VESA mount.





Views

iMac (27-inch, Mid 2010)

© 2010 Apple Inc. All rights reserved.





### **Exploded View #3**



# **External Views**

### **Rear View**



 $\succ$ 

### Ports



- 1 Headphone out/optical digital audio out port
- 2 Audio in/optical digital audio in port
- 3 USB 2.0 ports (4)
- 4 FW 800 port
- 5 Mini DisplayPort
- 6 Ethernet port (10/100/1000 Base-T)

# **Internal Views**

# Photo of Components below LCD





# Photo of Components in the Rear Housing

# Logic Board, Front Side





# Logic Board, Back Side

# **Screw Chart**

**Note**: Screws are not to scale.

022-0246	022-0220	022-4722
<b>522-5240</b>	722-9239	<b>522-4725</b>
		10
* *******		
	47	
		Bluetooth antenna (2), AirPort
		antenna (2), video card (2),
LCD panel (8)	Camera (2)	video card bracket (3)
922-9247	922-8579	922-6850
T8	T6	T10
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		E Panou
	_	
		AirPort carrier board (2), LED
		backlight board (4), Power
		supply (1), Hard drive (2),
Bluetooth board (1)	AirPort card (1)	Optical drive (4), AC inlet (3)
922-9244	922-9593	922-9241
T10	Т10	Т8
	a start	
		20 Mar
4	2.	
	Power supply long (1)	
Power supply machine (2)	Logic board long 24mm (4)	SD card reader (1)
922-9136	922-7001	922-9245
T10	T10	T10
03		
Hard drive bracket to HDD (2)	Hard drive pins (2)	Audio cable (2)

922-9236	922-6800	922-9237
T10	Т10	Т10
Optical fan (1), CPU fan (2), Hard drive fan (1)	Logic board, short (2), Mechanism cover, small (2)	Logic board, medium 20mm (2)
922-9243 T10	922-9242 T10	922-9238 T10
Logic board, long, 24mm (4)	Right speaker (1), Left speaker (1)	Mechanism cover (2), Mechanism (6)
<b>922-8174</b> T10	<b>922-9488</b> T8	<b>922-7018</b> T10
	e)r	
Stand (8)	SDD bracket to SSD drive (1)	Optical drive bezel to ODD (4)
922-7971 T10		
Video card bracket (1)		