

OPERATORS MANUAL (Product V1.10)

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Note: Please see pages 71-74 for details of important operational changes from earlier versions of this product.



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Whilst the Company take the utmost care in ensuring that all details in the publication are correct at the time of publication, we are constantly striving for improvement and therefore reserve the right to alter specifications & equipment without notice.

This publication is for International usage.

Please also refer to the User Registration page at the end of this manual.

Please observe the following:-

After Sales Modifications.

Modifications to this equipment by any party other than Calrec Audio Limited may invalidate EMC and safety features designed into this equipment. Calrec Audio Limited can not be liable for any legal proceedings or problems that may arise relating to such modifications.

If in doubt, please contact Calrec Audio Limited for guidance prior to commencing any such work.

ESD (Static) Handling Procedures.

In its completed form, this equipment has been designed to have a high level of immunity to static discharges. However, when handling individual boards and modules, many highly static sensitive parts are exposed, therefore in order to protect these devices from damage and to protect your warranty, please observe static handling procedures (e.g. use an appropriately grounded anti-static wrist band).

All modules and cards should be returned to Calrec Audio Limited in anti-static wrapping. Calrec Audio Limited can supply these items upon request, should you require assistance.

This applies particularly to digital products due to the types of devices and very small geometries used in their fabrication, analogue parts can, however, still be affected.



IMPORTANT HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION

- This equipment must be EARTHED.
- Only suitably trained personnel should service this equipment.
- Please read and take note of all warning and informative labels.
- Before starting any servicing operation, this equipment must be isolated from the AC supply (mains).
- Fuses should only be replaced with ones of the same type and rating as that indicated.
- Operate only in a clean, dry and pollutant-free environment.
- Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.
- Do not allow any liquid or solid objects to enter the equipment. Should this accidentally occur then immediately switch off the unit and contact your service agent.
- Do not allow ventilation slots to be blocked.
- Do not leave the equipment powered up with the dust cover fitted.
- The rack mounting parts of this equipment must be fitted into an enclosure which complies with local regulations.

Cleaning

For cleaning the front panels of the equipment we recommend anti-static screen cleaner sprayed onto a soft cloth to dampen it only.

Explanation of Warning Symbols

The triangular warning symbols below contain a black symbol on a yellow background, surrounded by a black border.



The lightning flash with arrow head symbol within an equilateral triangle is intended to alert the user to the presence of dangerous voltages and energy levels within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock or injury.



The exclamation mark within an equilateral triangle is intended to prompt the user to refer to important operating or maintenance (servicing) instructions in the documentation supplied with the product.



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TECHNICAL CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Should you require any technical assistance with your Calrec product then please contact your local distributor, if outside the U.K. and Ireland. For a list of Worldwide distributors please see the Calrec Web site at www.calrec.com or contact Calrec UK. If you do not have a local distributor, then please contact Calrec UK.

For Technical assistance within the UK and Ireland, please contact a member of the Calrec Customer Support Team at :-

Customer Support Calrec Audio Ltd Nutclough Mill Hebden Bridge HX7 8EZ England UK

Tel: +44 (0) 1422 842159 Fax: +44 (0) 1422 845244 Email: support@calrec.com Website: www.calrec.com

We can deal with all technical after sales issues, such as :-

Arrange repairs Supply of replacement or loan units while repairs are being carried out Service / commissioning site visits Operational training courses Maintenance training courses Supply of replacement components Supply of documentation Technical advice by telephone

If you have any other issues regarding your Calrec purchase, then please contact us and we will do our best to help. Calrec welcomes all Customer feedback.

Stephen Brant Senior Customer Support Engineer



PRODUCT WARRANTY

A full list of our conditions & warranties relating to Goods & Services is contained in the Company's standard 'Terms & Conditions'. A copy of this is available on request.

CUSTOMER SUPPORT HOURS

Factory based customer support engineers can be contacted by telephone during normal office hours, or outside hours, a message can be left on the answering machine. All messages are dealt with promptly on the next working day. Alternatively a message can be sent to them by email at: support@calrec.com

REPAIRS

If you need to return goods to Calrec, for whatever reason, please contact the Company beforehand in order that you can receive advice on the best method of returning the goods & that a repair order reference number can be issued.

STANDARD OF SERVICE

Ensuring high standards is a priority & if you have any comments on the level of service, product quality or documentation offered to you by Calrec, then the Customer Support team would be pleased to receive your comments through any of the normal contact numbers, the email address listed earlier or on the User registration form located at the end of this manual.



INTRODUCTION

The Alpha 100 is a large format digital console designed for the most critical broadcast production and on-air applications. It is a no-compromise design that provides comprehensive features and functionality with sophisticated failure protection systems. The Alpha 100 represents a milestone in digital audio mixing console systems as it offers the reliability associated with analogue technology but with the flexibility of an all-digital system.

The Alpha 100 is the result of over 30 years experience in broadcast console design and is the third generation of Calrec consoles to feature a digital control surface and computer-aided memory system. The introduction of digitally controlled assignable systems in 1980 has allowed for their ergonomics to be continuously refined by user input and the Alpha 100 reflects this in its user interface. In contrast to many other designs, the flexibility offered by digital control has been harnessed to provide greater functionality and ease of use.

Calrec has a world-wide customer base which includes many of the world's most prestigious broadcasters. By consistently focusing upon purely broadcast products, Calrec offers consoles with the most comprehensive combination of performance and features available. The high level of reliability of all Calrec products, many of which are still in daily use after 20 years, reflects a clear awareness of the critical nature of the operating environment.

This understanding of the real issues of broadcast operations is one of the many reasons why operators and management alike prefer Calrec. The Alpha 100 is designed to ensure this level of confidence will continue in the digital era.

Please Note:

Any text shown in *bold ITALICS* indicates functions which are not available in this product release (V1.10).



PRINCIPAL FEATURES

Format

Up to 96 faders, with A & B layers of control, plus 4 dedicated Main Output faders. Up to 96 Stereo or Mono Channels plus 48 Mono Channels. Comprehensive Surround Panning and Monitoring.

Channel / Group Facilities

All channels have 4-band EQ, 2-band Filters, Compressor/Limiter and Expander/Gate. Up to 20 Auxiliary Outputs which can be 20 Mono or 10 Stereo.

All groups have Compressor and Expander/Gate.

There is a pool of assignable Inserts and a pool of Direct outputs for channels and groups.

Direct Outputs can be from Pre EQ, Pre Fader, or Post Fader.

Every Direct Output can be a Mix Minus feed.

All faders are Motorised - a centrally assigned fader is also motorised.

Routing

8 Stereo or Mono Audio Groups.

Additional VCA style Grouping system.

Up to 48 outputs for multi-track or general purpose feeds.

Tracks can be fed from Pre EQ, Pre Fader, Post Fader or Mix Minus.

4 Main Stereo or 5.1 Surround Outputs with Compressors.

Simultaneous LCRS, Stereo and Mono outputs available from each 5.1 Main output.

Every channel can route to every bus, at the same time, without restrictions.

Direct Input available to Group, Mains, Auxs and Mix-Minus busses.

System

On board Flash ROM memory system offers 99 memories

PC backup allows an unlimited number of memories

Independent DSP operation ensures audio continuity even during PC or control reset Console & racks boot from power on in less than 21 seconds

Automatic change over to hot spares for PSU's, Control cards & DSP cards Hot plugging of every card and module



IMPORTANT CONCEPTS

If you are at all familiar with sound mixing consoles, you should find the Alpha 100 very easy to operate. To help with this, there are just a few basic concepts which need to be explained:

LAYERING

Each Fader can control two independent audio signal paths, named A and B. These signal paths can be either Channels, Groups *or Main Outputs*, although for easy reference, the faders are simply known as "Channel Faders".

B signal paths are fully equipped with all the same facilities as an A path.

The faders are motorised so, when switching between A and B, the fader will move to the correct position.

This arrangement means there is less need for the operator to have to move around a large work-surface. Channels towards the ends of the control surface can be accessed more quickly than on a conventional, single layer design.

Less important signals can be placed on the B layer. Even then, only one button press is required to access them again. Using ALL A and ALL B is like moving to a different section of a single layer design.

The B layer does not need to be used if there are sufficient faders using just the A layer.

ASSIGNABLE CONTROL

Each fader has an "Assign" button (sometimes called the "Show Me" button) for each audio path (A & B). Pressing this causes the central control modules (the "Assign Panels") to display and control the settings for that fader's Channel, Group or Main Path.

In this way a large number of controls can be accessed, for each audio path, from the central listening position. Also, accessing a control on a channel is usually faster using this method than on a conventional console.

A number of controls and displays are also provided on a per fader basis, to allow important information to be even more easily available.

In addition to the above, the type of audio path on each fader is completely assignable. The operator can choose which faders to use for the mono Channels, which for the stereo Channels, and which for the Groups *and Main Outputs*. See the I/O Matrix panel section for details of this.



48 FADER FRAME STANDARD LAYOUT





PATHS AND PORTS

Digital consoles, by necessity, incorporate features which may seem, at first sight, to be a nuisance.

The main difference which falls into this category, is the way in which audio signals get from the outside world into the channels within the desk.

On an analogue desk, the channel inputs are physical connections to the channel module or card. They are fixed. Channel 1's input is always channel 1's input (even though it may be possible to control channel 1 from a different fader). Every channel will probably have both a Mic and a Line Input, even though most will only use one of them at any one time.

In a digital desk, there are three basic types of input: Mic, Analogue Line, and Digital. However, all three types of input are <u>not</u> provided for every channel. This is because, since only one type will be used at once, to provide all three for each channel would increase the cost, size and power consumption of the desk unnecessarily.

Instead, a "pool" of each type is provided, plus an internal matrix to allow any of them to be connected to any channel. This is actually an advantage in that it is more flexible than the analogue desk approach. The matrix can be thought of as an electronic patch-bay with the bonus that any connections made will be stored with the console's memories.

Each channel can select from two inputs (1 & 2), switched on the Input Output panel. These can be Mic and Line (as on an analogue desk), two Mics, Mic and Digital, two Digital's, etc. Both inputs can be set up independently using the input matrix.

The two inputs also have separate input controls which include input gain, phase reverse and phantom power, etc. The switching between the two inputs takes place after these controls.

A similar matrix and "pool" is provided for the outputs. This is also stored with the memories.

The basic terminology is that Channels, Groups and Mains, etc are referred to as "Paths" and the Inputs and Outputs are referred to as "Ports" which the audio signals have to pass through. The Ports are connected to the Paths via the Matrix.

Most matrix connections should have been preset by the "house technician" using the PC screen.

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PORT LABELS AND LISTS

When the Alpha 100 is installed, all the Ports on the system are labelled to match the studio wiring. Some rules are imposed on this labelling:

- The I/O should be labelled in pairs.
- The label must be no more than six characters (to fit on the console's displays).
- The same label cannot be used more than once (but an input can have the same label as an output) to avoid confusion.

I/O is labelled in pairs to make it easier to use with any type of signal; Mono, Stereo or Surround. Also, Digital I/O is wired in pairs and it makes sense to deal with all the I/O in the same way.

The system automatically adds a left (L) and right ($_{R}$) suffix to the label to distinguish the two halves of the pair, or an $_{R}^{L}$ suffix when the pair is used together.

The pairs can be used either for two mono signals, or a stereo signal, or parts of a surround signal. This includes the digital ports if the external circuit allows them to be used for two mono signals.

One exception to these rules is that I/O which is dedicated, externally, to mono signals only (telephone lines, mono reverbs, mono distribution feeds, etc), can be specified as being mono in which case the two halves of the pair have separate labels and the & R suffixes are not applied. Note that I/O labelled in this way cannot be connected in pairs to stereo paths.

In addition to labelling, each port will have been allocated to one of a number of lists. This allows I/O which is wired for similar purposes to be grouped together for selection. Each list is automatically sorted alphabetically/numerically.

There are separate lists for inputs (12 off) and outputs (8 off). Each list can contain a mixture of normal I/O (labelled in pairs) and I/O dedicated to mono signals.

Each list will have been given a six character "list label" and the lists will have been sorted into the order in which they appear on the selection screens. The lists will appear in the same order on the I/O matrix panel.





CUT

) MATRIX

19

AFL

GETTING STARTED

Assuming that the "house technician" has set up the basic system ports, etc, firstly choose a **channel fader** by pressing the A (or B) button on the channel fader module.



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You are now ready to use the channel as you would on any other desk.

Set the Input Gain, Panning, etc, on the Input Output panel, the EQ and Dynamics on their respective panels, and route the signal, to Main 1 say, on the Routing panel.

Now fade up the Main 1 fader and select **ST Line 1** on the LS selector (**Monitor LS** panel). If the channel fader and LS volume controls are set correctly you should hear the signal.

Refer to the descriptions of the individual control panels and screens to see what else can be done.





SIGNAL PATHS

As can be seen from the diagram, the Alpha 100 can have up to 96 Stereo or Mono, plus 48 Mono channels.

The 8 groups can each be designated as stereo or mono (see the Busses screen in the User screens group). In addition, as many VCA style groups as required, can be created.

The 4 main outputs can each be designated as Stereo or 5.1 Surround (see User - Busses screen). If they are 5.1 Surround, a mono rear is derived at the output to allow them to be used as LCRS mains. If a channel is panned to both a Stereo and 5.1 bus simultaneously, the pan law to each will be correct, as though the other two did not exist; even though the same control is used to achieve the pan.

The 20 Mono auxiliary outputs can be paired up to give up to 10 Stereo auxiliary outputs (see User - Busses screen).

INSERTS

There is a pool of insert send/return paths which can be used for channels and groups (in pairs for Stereo channels and groups).

This is in addition to the insert send/returns for main outputs.

The ports for these insert paths will be pre-configured at the time of installation.



SYSTEMS DIAGRAM



Drums



"CHANNEL" FADERS

Channel and Group Paths are controlled by the console's "CHANNEL" FADERS. Any "Channel" Fader (A or B) can control any Channel or Group Path. The Main Paths are controlled by the faders on the Main Outputs Module.

CUT AFL 19 slO stO А GPO 19 SLO STO GPO В ▲ 0 ▼ 0 ⊺ 0 (+) 10 PEAKO ONO 1/P O 0/P O DYNO 0 10 40 20 20 EQO 30 DYNO M/SO 40 50 60 ∞ (+)

The label in the display at the top of the fader module is the name associated with the channel Input selected (or the Group number). These channel input labels default to the Port ID unless a name is entered via the PC.

The text shows the 'A' path in the top and the 'B' path in the bottom of the display. The colour of the label will show which fader is active at any one time: Green for A, Amber for B. This is in addition to the A & B leds above the top display on the "CHANNEL CONTROL" module (situated above the "Channel" Fader).

In addition to switching between the two Paths, the A & B buttons also "CALL" the "Channel" Fader to the Assign Panels.

The CUT button cuts the channel or group. Its effect is the same as fading out the channel or group. ON buttons can be fitted instead of CUT buttons.

AFL will be heard through the monitor loudspeakers (main or small).

The MR & SL led's next to the Assign buttons indicate the Masters and Slaves of the VCA style group.

The ST & GP led's next to the Assign buttons indicate Stereo Channels (ST) or Groups and Group Faders (GP).

The \land and \lor led's are normally off. They will only illuminate when the position of the fader knob is not the same as the level of the audio. For example, if a VCA Master is moved away from the `0' position, the null leds on the slaves will light.

When illuminated they indicate the direction the knob must be moved to match the audio level.

The T led indicates that the console has recognised that the fader has been touched.

The PEAK led will light if the channel, main or group signal is within 3 dB of the clipping level.

The ON led lights when the audio level is not at the ∞ position.

The fader bargraph indicates the level at the channel input (post the input gain & switching and the tone switching), the channel direct output, or the gain reduction of the dynamics, indicated by the three led's. Selection is made on the Functions Panel.

The EQ, FLTR, DYN and M/S leds indicate that these functions are active.

PFL is provided on the fader overpress and on the button. It will be heard on the small LS (or the main LS if PFL to Mon is selected).



19 GROUF MAIN I O 2 O MICO 3 O LINEO 4 O DIGO 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 SRCC TRACK C MIX-MC 0 O A B 8 1 GN HFEQ GN HMF GN 4 AUTO MODE DIR TB _{rear}o Afl

"CHANNEL CONTROL"

The "Channel Control" module is housed above the "Channel" faders. At the top, led's display: Routing to groups and mains; the currently selected input type (Mic, Analogue Line, or Digital); whether the Sample Rate Convertor (SRC) is switched in, if it is a Digital input; routing to any track; and whether the Direct output is being fed with a Mix Minus feed. The 'A' and 'B' led's indicate which layer is active.

The four buttons at the bottom of the module are not used in this product release.

WILD CONTROLS

The "Channel Control" module houses four WILD controls per fader. Any Assign Panel rotary control (Pan, Input Gain, etc), for the selected path, may be assigned to any Wild control on that fader. (see next page).

The four Wild controls "FLIP" with the fader, providing the same function for each of the two paths. The A & B faders may also be assigned to a Wild control, in which case it will be the opposite fader which is being controlled. The colour of the Wild control display will show which fader the control is related to: Green for A, Amber for B.



ASSIGNABLE FADER

The ASSIGNABLE FADER is positioned towards the centre of the console, in the optimum listening position, and works in parallel with the last "Channel" Fader selected.

Alternatively, LOCK FADER allows it to be fixed to a specific path.

FUNCTIONS MODULE

The Oscillator controls and Replay Function are not used in this product release.

MIX-MINUS BUS, DIRECT INPUT can be switched ON or OFF, and a rotary control is provided to adjust its level. The port for this is patched on the Direct Input Ports Screen.

CLEAR, AUX CLEAR, DEFAULT SET-UP and CONSOLE CLEAR flash when pressed and require the EXEC button to be pressed before the operation is carried out. It is recommended that settings are saved to memory before these functions are used.

If the DEFAULT SET-UP needs changing, please contact your Studio Technician. Loading the Default Set-up will clear any Isolate settings.

ASSIGNING WILD CONTROLS

The Wild controls are assigned from the FUNCTIONS module. All the Assign Panel rotary controls (Pan, Input Gain, etc) incorporate a switch which is operated by pushing the control. These switches are used to assign the control to a Wild control as follows:

- 1) Call a Fader to the Assign Panels by pressing its Assign Button.
- 2) Select WILD ASSIGN 1, 2, 3 or 4 on the Functions Panel.
- 3) Optionally, it is possible to carry out <u>one</u> of the following:
 - a) Select HOLD (hold flashes), plus select other Assign Buttons.
 - b) Press and hold, HOLD, plus select first and last of block of Assign Buttons, then release HOLD.
 - c) Select ALL.
- 4) Push one Assign Panel rotary control. For example, Aux 1 Send.

Notes:

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Aux output controls cannot be assigned to Wild controls.

If, at 4, the fader is touched, then the fader for the alternate layer will be assigned to the Wild control. If the Track output level control is assigned to a block of wild controls, each fader's wild control will have a different numbered track output level control, beginning with the track currently selected on the first fader in the block.

FADER BARGRAPH ASSIGNMENT

I/P, DIR O/P, DYN and OFF will set the function of the fader bargraph on the currently assigned fader. If ALL is pressed first (flashes) all fader bargraphs will be set to the selected functions.







CHANNEL COPY

Also controlled from the FUNCTIONS module is Channel Copy. Nine sections of a channel or ALL together can be copied to another channel or channels. The Nudge buttons (< and >), plus A & B, can select the channel to be copied by calling it to the Assign Panels.

TO FADER (flashes) allows the destination/s to be chosen. Multiple destinations can be selected on the Assign Buttons, or by using the ALL A or ALL B buttons.

The nudge buttons (and the keypad on the I/O Matrix panel) can select an individual destination, which can be in addition to any multiple destinations set. Once all the destinations have been chosen, the EXEC button executes the Copy.

If a Stereo channel's settings are copied to Mono channels, only the relevant settings will be copied. Other settings on the Mono channels will be reset to the cleared down state. (Vice-versa for Mono to Stereo).

If Groups or Mains are included in the selected destinations, they will simply be ignored.

I/Ps copies the LB, RB, \emptyset L, \emptyset R, M/S & Balance settings (only \emptyset for a mono channel) for inputs 1 & 2, but not the Input Gains, SRC or Phantom Power (because different types of port are not compatible in these matters).

EQ and FLTR copies the settings including the In/Out, Alternate and Assignment (CH or Dyn) settings.

DYN copies the Dynamics settings but not whether the EQ or Filters are in the Dynamics.

PAN copies Pan and Width settings as appropriate.

FDR copies the Fader and Cut switch settings but not PFL or AFL selections. It does not copy VCA Group assignments.

RTG copies the routing to Mains and Groups but not the routing to Tracks.

AUX copies the routing and levels to the auxiliaries.

WILDS copies the Wild assignments but not their settings.

ALL copies all of the above.



INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROLS

The INPUT controls on the Input/Output module allow separate settings for the two channel inputs, plus Gain and On/Off for the Group & Main direct inputs.

SRC switches the sample rate converter on digital inputs.

48L & 48R switch phantom power on Mic/line channel inputs. 48L is used for Mono channels.

LB & RB provide Left to Both & Right to Both on Stereo channels and groups.

M/S converts a sum & difference (mono/stereo) input to L & R on Stereo channels.

The BALANCE control operates on Stereo channels only. The control is disabled when LB or RB is selected. When LB & RB are selected, the BALANCE control acts as an input pan control. ØL and ØR buttons reverse the phase of the channel inputs. ØL is used for Mono channels.

The TONE button switches tone to the input of the channel *or group,* from where it can be routed as required.

GAIN adjustment comprises 2 buttons for coarse ranging plus a knob for fine adjustment.

Pressing both buttons at the same time sets the Gain to 0 dB. For a Group or Main Path, the controls set the gain of the Direct input. Gain is from -18dB to +78dB for Mic/line inputs, -18dB to +24dB for Line and Digital inputs, and ∞ to +10dB for Direct inputs.

A WIDTH control operates, pre fader, on Stereo channels and groups. It adjusts the width from mono, through stereo, to wide.

Stereo and Surround panning is provided for channels and groups. Signals can be panned to both Stereo and 5.1 outputs simultaneously. AFL can be heard in surround, post the pan controls, if the monitoring is surround.

On Stereo channels and groups, the L-R PAN acts as a balance control.



The FRONT/BACK pan can be switched to be a rear level control. When the REAR LEVEL is not in circuit, the Front/Back pan control pans the signal between Front and Back. When the Rear Level control is IN, the level to the Front remains as set by the Front/Back pan but the level to the Rear is now solely controlled by the Rear Level control. This allows signal to be fed to the rear without affecting the balance of the mix in the front speakers. Also, the front signal can be turned off and a level set to the rear which is different to that being sent to any stereo Groups or Mains which the path is feeding.

The LFE (Low Frequency Effects) signal has an optional Low Pass filter for each 5.1 Main output.

The DIVERGENCE sets an amount of the centre signal to also feed L & R. Divergence does not operate on stereo channels and groups.

The C ONLY button connects the channel output to the centre BUS only. All other panning controls are disabled. The channel is fed to both L & R of stereo busses.

On Stereo channels and groups, C ONLY feeds a mono reduction of the Stereo signal to the centre bus only.

The Direct Output is covered under Mix Minus, on page 24.







EQ & FILTERS

The Equaliser module controls EQ & Filters on the Channels. ALTERNATE EQ FLTR allows switching between two complete sets of alternate settings. Excessive control ranges are deliberately avoided to simplify operation.

The controls provide:

Filters:

LF 12dB/octave plus notch, 20Hz to 330Hz HF 12dB/octave plus notch, 3.3kHz to 20kHz

Equaliser:

LF 30Hz to 470Hz, shelf or bell (Q of 1.5)
LMF 160Hz to 2.4kHz, Q from 1 to 10
HMF 500Hz to 7.5kHz, Q from 1 to 10
HF 1kHz to 16kHz, shelf or bell (Q of 1.5)

EQ level controls are ±15dB

EQ &/or FLTR can be switched into the DYN







DYNAMICS

The Dynamics module controls Compressor and Expander or Gate, on Channels and Groups, and Compressor on Main outputs, providing:

Compressor: Threshold +20dB to -20dB Recovery 75ms to 4 sec + AUTO Ratio 1 to 50 Attack 50µs (0.05 ms) to 5ms

Expander: Threshold 0dB to -40dB Recovery 75ms to 4 sec + AUTO Depth 0dB to 40dB Fast attack 50µs (normal 4ms) Ratio 2/1 and VAR (variable - according to level)

Gate:

Threshold 0dB to -40dB Recovery 75ms to 4 sec + AUTO Depth 0dB to 40dB Fast attack 50µs (normal 4ms) Gate delay 0 to 1 sec in addition to 6dB hysteresis.

Make up gain 0dB to +20dB

Pre EQ will not function on Group & Main as there is no EQ. *LINK, SIDE CHAIN KEY & LISTEN are not available in this product release.*

A 0dB setting on the dynamics equates to the chosen reference level for the console.

EQ &/or FLTR can be switched into the Dynamics. (see EQ and Filters).





ROUTING

Routes for the selected channel can be made or removed by pressing the numbered buttons on the routing panel.

To route several adjacent channels to one bus, the nudge buttons (on the Functions or I/O Matrix module) can be used to quickly select the channels.

INTERROGATE (flashes) allows pressing the numbered buttons to light the fader Assign Buttons of all the paths feeding that bus.

TRACKS (GENERAL PURPOSE BUS OUTPUTS)

The TRACK CONTROL section of the Routing module, controls the output to the multi-track, after the track mix. These outputs can also be used as IFB or general purpose bus outputs. The number of outputs available will depend on the option fitted. 48 optional bargraphs can be fitted to monitor the output level.

The track output being controlled is selected by TRACK SEL plus the track routing buttons 1-48. ALL makes the control a Master, controlling all the tracks at once.

The OMNI buttons feed Tone or Talkback to all the track outputs.

The CHANNEL/GP TO TRACKS section controls the signal, from the channel or group, feeding the track routing selector.

PAN makes the control into a Pan control (Balance on stereo paths). Routing is Left to Odd tracks, Right to Even tracks.

On Stereo paths, MONO switches the Balance control off. The Mono signal can then be routed to any track.

MIX MINUS

On the ROUTING Panel, MIX MINUS feeds the Mix Minus signal of the channel or group, as set up on the Direct Output section of the Input/Output module, to the Track Routing selector. The Simple Channel Schematic shows this.





SIMPLE CHANNEL SCHEMATIC



On the Input/Output module, BUS feeds the direct Output signal to the Mix Minus Bus. The output of the Mix Minus Bus feeds back into the channel (or group) where the channel's signal is subtracted. MIX MINUS then feeds the resulting signal to the Direct Output. Therefore, every channel can produce a Mix Minus output which is a mix of all the channels routed to the bus apart from itself.

MIX MINUS & BUS are independent buttons, so the Track routing selector and the Direct Output can be fed with the Mix Minus Bus, even if the Channel is not feeding the Bus.

Bus will light the fader assign buttons of all the path feeding the Mix Minus Bus when INTERROGATE is flashing (on the Routing Panel).





AUXILIARIES

This module controls the feeds from the channels or groups to the auxiliary output busses. Each feed can be Pre or Post the channel or group fader.

The Auxiliary buses are pre-set to be mono or stereo via the PC. If, for example, aux 9 is stereo, then aux 19 will not be available (and Aux 19 will not work on the monitor selector).

On stereo auxiliaries a dual level display will be shown. For example, aux 9 & 10. Here buttons 19 & 20 will be inoperative. PAN makes the control into a Pan control (balance on Stereo channels). Any pan offset will be shown as an offset between the two bars of the display.

On mono auxiliaries, buttons 11 to 20 switch the control to that numbered aux send. The Pan button will be inoperative.





AUX OUTPUT

These modules control the Auxiliary outputs.

On Stereo auxiliaries a dual level display will be shown. For example, aux 9 & 10. Here buttons 19 & 20 will be inoperative. There cannot be a level offset on the output display.

INTER (momentary) displays which paths are feeding the auxiliary by lighting their fader Assign Buttons.

DIR I/P switches on the direct input to the auxiliary bus. DIR LEVEL makes the Aux output control into the direct input level control.





MEMORY & I/O MATRIX

99 memories can be held in the Flash ROM.

The LIVE MEMORY is the last memory loaded. The SELECTED MEMORY is the one which will be affected by the buttons; *Preview*, Load, Save, Remove, Insert into Stack & Clr (on the keypad).

The memories can be arranged into a Pre-set list, or Stack. The two memories either side of the Selected Memory, in the Stack, are shown in the display. The > and < buttons move the Stack along. Pressing both > and < together, will reset the position so that the last number loaded is back in the centre position.

PREVIEW is momentary and changes all the console displays (not the audio) to show the settings of the Selected Memory.

LOAD loads the Selected Memory into the console overiding the current console setting. If these might be required again they should firstly

be saved into another memory location.

SEL MEM, plus the keypad, allows any memory number to be called into the Selected Memory position. Enter the two digit memory number followed by EXEC to call up any memory. Inverse text is used to indicate that this memory is not part of the Stack. INSERT INTO STACK can add this Selected Memory to the Stack.

SAVE + EXEC (on the keypad) saves the current settings into the Selected Memory. The PC can be used to change the title of the memory being saved. *AUTO SEL (enabled via the PC) automatically increments the Selected Memory number to the next available one, after each Save.*

REMOVE either removes a Stack memory from the Stack or removes a non-stack memory from the Selected Memory position.

Clear Memory on the screen + EXEC on the keypad (when SEL MEM is lit) or screen will Clear the contents of the Selected Memory.





The I/O MATRIX panel area allows:

- Faders to be called to the Assign Panels, via the <, >, A and B buttons and the keypad (with SEL FADER lit).
- Paths to be assigned to the faders, via the GROUP, *MAIN*, and STEREO and MONO Channel buttons.
- Selection of the number of the Group or *Main* to be assigned, via the rotary control & ON button.
- Paths to be moved or swapped from one fader to another, via the MOVE PATH buttons.
- Ports to be connected to Channel INPUT 1 and 2, via the rotary control and ON button.
- Selection of INSERT (on channels and groups) *and KEY input* connections, via the rotary control and ON button.
- Ports to be connected to Channel and Group Direct outputs, via the rotary control and ON button. (Two ports can be connected to each Direct output).

If the rotary control is pressed and turned, it switches between types of Port, etc. If it is just turned, it scrolls through the numbers of that type available.



MAIN OUTPUTS

The ASSIGN BUTTON on each Main fader calls the Main output to the Assign Panels to allow; routing (of one Main to another - indicated on the routing leds above the faders), Insert on/off, and control of the Compressor and Direct input.

Each Main output can be pre-set to be either Surround or Stereo. Surround Mains are 5.1 plus a Rear downmix to allow a simultaneous LCRS. There is also a Stereo downmix and a Mono downmix (potentially 10 outputs for each Surround Main). Output cards will only be fitted for the signals which a Customer wants to use. The Insert and Direct Input are also Surround.

If a Surround Main is routed to a Stereo Main, it will be the Stereo downmix which is routed.

The Main Output Meters display the stereo downmix if the output is Surround.

If the Main Line Monitor is set to be fed back from the Studio Distribution via external inputs to the desk, then the meters will display this instead.





MAIN METERS



The MAIN METERS can be *Stereo only,* Surround only, *or Surround plus Stereo (displaying a downmix of the Surround signal).* There can be a separate M/S meter *(fed from the same downmix).* They can be PPM's, VU's, Bargraphs, Phase display incorporating bargraphs, or a mixture of these.

The Main meter selector is on the Monitor Selector module. It can select either Main 1 or 2 Desk (pre Tone & TB), Main 1 or 2 Line (which can be an external input), or Tone.

All meters in the meter bridge, including moving coil types, are fed directly from the meter processor, except for any Phase Displays which will require audio outputs from the I/O Rack. The Meter Bridge is continental height allowing alternative European bargraph meters to be fitted. These would need additional audio outputs from the DSP.

The PSU FAIL Indicator/Cancel button will flash if any one PSU fails (the optional hot spare PSU would prevent the desk from being affected). Pressing the button will change the flashing to a steady lit condition. In this mode, in the unlikely event of a second PSU failing, the light will begin to flash again, although depending on the function affected by this second failure, other effects may be apparent.

The CONSOLE RESET resets the Control System only.



MONITOR SELECTOR & LS

All SELECTOR external inputs can be Mono, Stereo, *LCRS*, or 5.1. Mono inputs are fed to L + R. SEL 1 & SEL 2 are sub-selectors which feed the other selectors.

The SMALL LS level control can be in series with *or seperate from* the Main LS level control. The ON button diverts the monitor output to the Small LS for near field, or domestic check, monitoring. Both Main and Small LS can be Stereo, 3 Stereo, or 5.1 independently.

If the LS system is Surround, Stereo and Mono sources will still be heard in Stereo and Mono, with no signals on the other speakers. If a surround signal is monitored on a stereo LS or Meter, only the L & R signals will be monitored. If a Main o/p is surround, the surround monitor buttons for that Main o/p will work but the stereo ones will not. If a Main o/p is stereo, the stereo monitor buttons for that Main o/p will work but the surround ones will not.

DIM, CUT & SOLO operate on both sets of loudspeakers. DIM & CUT can be externally operated *and controlled from the TB.*



The display indicates exactly what is being monitored, even if this is via a sub-selector.



ALTERNATIVE LISTENING MODES: All off indicates NORMAL (Mono, Stereo or Surround depending on the source selected and the LS arrangement).

3 STEREO with Phan Centre ON is the same as STEREO except the LFE is optional.

ØR, L+R to L, L to L+R, and R to L+R will work in any mode, but are really designed for use in STEREO mode or when monitoring Stereo sources.

MONO feeds L, C, R, LS & RS to L + R.

An INSERT point is provided after the LS SELECTOR, for a Dolby DP570. Any of the selector signals can be fed through this. Alternatively, the DP570 can be wired to the Main LS output, before the LS amplifiers.

AFL feeds the Control Room LS outputs (post the surround panning controls), overriding the LS SEL. PFL can also do this if PFL TO MON is selected (overrides AFL). If PFL to MON is not selected, PFL can override the Small LS (if it has been set to do this). Alternatively, there can be a separate stereo PFL LS output. *An external RTB input can mix with PFL to the PFL LS output.* PFL clear & AFL clear, clear any latched buttons.

PFL from Surround Mains is a stereo downmix of the surround signal.

The DECODER REMOTE buttons control whichever Decoder is currently selected. (Other Decoders remain in their previously set state). The buttons are shown engraved for a Dolby DP570.

□ 4 buttons for Alternate Output Modes (all off indicates Full Surround).

- □ 3 buttons for Alternate Compression Modes (all off indicates no compression and no dialogue normalisation).
- □ 1 button for Pro Logic mode. It is assumed that the DP570 will be set on the unit, to Dolby Digital mode either in manual or auto detect mode.
- □ When controlling a Dolby SDU4, LT/RT decoder, only the Stereo and Mono, Output Mode buttons will function.

The Off Air decoder button does not function in this product release.

For STUDIO LS, two parallel LS outputs are provided, post the level control, with separate MIC OPEN cuts. These can be independently either Stereo, 3 Stereo or 5.1.





ANCILLARY 1 METERS



The ANCILLARY 1 METERS can be *Stereo only,* Surround only, *or Surround plus Stereo (displaying a downmix of the Surround signal).* There can be a separate M/S meter *(fed from the same downmix).* They can be PPM's, VU's, Bargraphs, Phase display incorporating bargraphs, or a mixture of these.


TALKBACK

MASTER 1 and 2 operate all the TB buttons which have been preselected by the respective PRESEL button.

All Talkback buttons are subject to On-Air inhibits, set up via the PC.

The GAIN control sets the level of the TB Mic.

TB1 to TB4 set the level of 4 RTB (Reverse Talkback) signals.

Each RTB signal can feed a separate loudspeaker.

There can also be a mix of all four signals to feed a single loudspeaker. This can mix with the PFL feed to the PFL LS and/or switch onto the Desk Headphones output (requires external RTB ON signal).





OTHER METERS

TRACKS 1-	24	SPACE	FOR TRAC	KS 25-48	AN	C 2	APFL MIX MINUS	MAIN METERS	LOGO	MAIN OUTPUT METERS	ANG	C 1	TB MIC	GRO	UPS
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A comprehensive set of optional meters are available, for example:

- Track Bargraphs displaying the Track output levels, post Tone &TB. The number fitted would depend on the number of Track output paths fitted.
- ANCILLARY 2 Meter: This is Stereo only. It can be PPM's, VU's or Bargraphs.
- Stereo APFL bargraph (displaying a mixed AFL & PFL signal pre the APFL level controls).
- MIX MINUS: Single Bargraph displaying signal on the Mix Minus bus (Mono).
- GROUPS: 8 Stereo bargraphs for the Groups. For Mono groups, the meter will display the left bar only.

It is possible to rearrange the meters to put the Group meters further to left at the expense of the positions of the other meters.

All meters in the meter bridge, including moving coil types, are fed directly from the meter processor, except for any Phase Displays which will require audio outputs from the I/O Rack.

The Meter Bridge is continental height allowing alternative European bargraph meters to be fitted. These would need additional audio outputs from the DSP.

Aux Output Bargraphs are provided on the Aux Output Modules.

Bargraphs are also provided on the faders.

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SCREEN USAGE

The Alpha 100 is designed to minimise the need for the operator to use the screen once the console has been preset.

Failure of the screen's computer has no effect on the operation of the control surface or the audio.

SCREEN LAYOUT

The Alpha 100 screens are divided into groups which are accessed using the buttons along the bottom of the display. There are groups for:

- Panels Operational reproductions of the console panels for off-line work or in case of a panel failure.
- User Operational screens which enhance the controls on the console and for setting options which are stored with the memories.
- Mem Memory control screens to supplement the panel controls.
- I/O Set up and display of all the I/O connections stored with the memories.
- Tech Trouble-shooting screens for the "house technician".
- Opt Options screens for pre-set items which are not stored with the memories.

Within each group there are a number of screens accessed by buttons up the left (or optionally, the right) side of the display.

On some screens, there are drop boxes or additional buttons to access sub-sets of the screen's function.

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ERROR MESSAGES



If a problem develops, such as the failure of the primary external sync signal, the PC will switch to the Automatic Warning and Correction System (AWACS) screen. The Messages Pending section at the top of the screen will contain a list of un-cleared errors. Selecting an error message will reveal a more detailed description of that error in the Message Text section, at the bottom of the screen. The Message History section in the centre of the screen will contain a history of errors cleared since the last time the console was reset or re-booted. The history is also saved to the PC's hard disk. Three types of messages are reported:

Information (i) messages, such as "Control Surface UN4806 processor started successfully" Warning (!) messages, where the system back-up has taken over, and Fatal Error (X) messages, where the system cannot recover by itself (perhaps because the back-up is already in use)

Because the system has many back-up features, it is possible to continue operating after errors are reported. Clicking on the AWACS button at the bottom of the screen will return the PC to the screen being displayed prior to the error occurring. If un-cleared errors are still present, an icon will flash in the AWACS button. Selecting this button at any time will switch back to the AWACS screen.

Information messages can be cleared by selecting them and then leaving the AWACS screen (by pressing the AWACS button). Warning and Fatal Error messages can only be cleared by clearing the error and restoring the system to its normal operational state.



THE OPERATIONAL SCREENS

I/O - INPUT - Channel Inputs



(1) INPUT SOURCES

All the inputs (mic, line or digital) can be accessed on the left hand side of the INPUT screen. They will have been labelled and grouped into lists at the time the Alpha was installed.

Most inputs are treated as pairs in the labelling. L and R are used to distinguish the two halves of the pair. This makes it easier for them to be used as a stereo input but does not necessarily mean they are stereo. The two halves of the pair can be used for sepa rate mono signals.

(2) INPUT SOURCE LISTS

The different input lists can be accessed via this drop box.

The sources can be viewed as pairs (best for patching to stereo or surround paths), individual (best for patching to mono paths), or individual with the actual rack number, card slot and input shown (for diagnostic purposes).



(3) MIC OPEN

Each input port can be assigned to either of the two MIC OPEN busses by firstly selecting the input and then selecting BUSS 1 or BUSS 2. Then, if the input is patched to a channel input, it will operate the mic open circuit when that channel is faded up and routed to the programme output.

If a pair of inputs are patched to a stereo channel, the channel will operate the buss to which the left of the pair is assigned. Each buss can be set to automatically cut the studio loud speaker output (two separately cut outputs are provided, one for each buss) and/or fire a relay. These are set on the OPT screens: TX/REH and RELAY.

(4) CONSOLE INPUT TYPE

This drop box selects the different console path types which can have input ports attached.

(5) FADER SEQUENCE

On the Channel Input screens, it is possible to choose which set of faders, are to be available on and altered by this screen.

(6) TO MAKE CONNECTIONS

By selecting an Input Source and a Channel Input and pressing PATCH TO, the connection will be made. The Input Source label will appear in the Channel Input NAME field and on the fader on the console (if that input, 1 or 2, is selected on the Input/Output panel). During a programme, Channel Input patching would normally be done on the I/O MATRIX panel on the console.

(7) NAME (Edit Field)

By clicking on one of the Name cells, the input name can be edited. The PC keyboard slides out from the front of the console. After pressing Return on the keyboard, the new name is stored with the channel input and replaces the Source Label on the fader display, whichever source is connected.

To remove an input label, click on the Name cell and backspace all of the name. Then, pressing Return will allow the Source Label to be seen again.



I/O - OUTPUT - Direct Outputs

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200 200 <td>288 500 PATTE 288 500 PATTE 4 000000 PATTE 4 0000000 PATTE 288 5000000000000000000000000000000000000</td> <td>28A</td> <td>GRP4 ST</td> <td>GROUP4</td> <td>1</td> <td>R</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	288 500 PATTE 4 000000 PATTE 4 0000000 PATTE 288 5000000000000000000000000000000000000	28A	GRP4 ST	GROUP4	1	R								
284 REP5_ST_GROUPS 1 R 288 30 PATH Image: Consolid of Consolid consol	284 2875 31 R 280 30 PATTE SELECTED CONNECTIONS Direct Outputs - All Fadlers SELECTED CONNECTIONS SELECTED PATCH POINTS OUTPUT PORT LISTS 2 1 REMOVE NOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE TEL-PH Image: Consection of the	265	MO PATH											
CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 Direct Outputs - All Faders	CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 Direct Outputs - All Faders CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE SIGNAL 3 CONSOLE 3 CONSOLE SIGNAL 3 CONSOL	29A	GRPS ST	GROUP 5	1	R			_					
COMSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 Direct Outputs - All Faders	CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL 3 Direct Outputs - All Faders ELECTED CONNECTIONS REMOVE SELECTED CONNECTIONS REMOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE MOVE	29B	MO PATH					1. Sec. 1. Sec						
To make concertions	To make consections: Select one Conzole Output Signer and one Dutput Port Patch Point	De	NSOLE OU Nect Outpu	TPUT SIGNA Es - All Fader	3		▼ SELE			SELECTED PATER		TPUT PORT L L-PH W OUTPUTS I TCH FROM S	STS 2	
	and one Dutput Port Paloh Point							To make connec	ions:	4	VIE	W OUTPUTS	for Tereo.Surr	aou

- (1) OUTPUT PORTS All the outputs (line or digital) can be accessed on the right hand side of the OUTPUT screen. They will have been labelled and grouped into lists at the time the Alpha was installed. Most outputs are treated as pairs in the labelling. L and R are used to distinguish the two halves of the pair. This makes it easier for them to be used as a stereo output but does not necessarily mean they are stereo. The two halves of the pair can be used for separate mono signals.
- (2) OUTPUT PORT LISTS The different output lists can be accessed via this drop box. The ports can be viewed as pairs (best for patching to stereo outputs), individual (best for patch ing to mono outputs), or individual with the actual rack number, card slot and output shown (for diagnostic purposes).
- (3) CONSOLE OUTPUT SIGNAL This drop box selects the different console output signals which can have output ports attached.
- (4) TO MAKE CONNECTIONS By selecting a Direct Output and pressing PATCH TO, the connection will be made. Output signals can be patched to any number of output ports by repeating this procedure.

Note: If Groups are set to be Mono, only the left direct output will have a signal on it.



I/O - OUTPUT - BUSS OUTPUTS

				Buss Out	puts					OUTPU 0-L	IT PORTS 0 List		
0/7	Kane	0/F Type	R	R	0/F 1 Connec	urt tion	0/F Furt Connection		O-	0	Fort None	Port. Hane	TYPE
NAIN4	LIME		1	R .	10-03	L	R				10-01		UN
			с	198	10-04	L	R				10-D1+		UN
_			15	R.S	10-05	L	R	_	MAIN4 LINE M		10-02		LIN
_			3		10-024	•	_	_	MAIN4 LINE B		10-02+		LIN
			K		10-03	_		_	MAIN4 LINE L	MAIN4 LINE F	10-03 L	R	LIN
MUX	1/11		1/11	11/1R	10-10	£.	R	_	MAIN4 LINE C	MAIN4 LINE L	FE 10-04 L	R	LIN
AUX	2/12		2/21	12/28				_	MAIN4 LINE LS	MAIN4 LINE F	48 10-05 L	R	LIN
AUX	4/13	-	3/31	13/38				500			10-06 L	M	LIN
AUX	4/14		6745	15/68	-						10-DF L	R R	LIN
AITX	6/16	-	6/61	16/68	-						10-00 1	15	LIN
AITX	3/17	-	7/71	17/78	-	-					10-09+	_	LIN
AUX	8/18		8/81	18/60.	-				AUX 1/1L	AUX 110B	10-10 L	B	LIN
AUDC	9/19		9/91	19/90.							10-11 L	B	LIN
AUX 1	0/20		10/10L	20/10R							10-12 L	R	UN
TRACK	1/2		1	2							10-13 L	R	UN
TRACK	3/4		3	4							10-14 L	R	UN
TRACK	5/6		5	6							10-15 L	R	UN
TRACK	7/8	_	7	a							10-16 L	R	UN
TRACK	9/10	_	9	10							10-17 L	R	UN
CON	SOLE O	UTPUT S	IGNAL			s	ELECTED CONVECTION	15	SELECTED PATC	H POINTS	OUTPUT PORT L	ISTS	
Bus	s Outpu	rts				1	REMOVE		PATCH TO REMOVE	E MOVE	0-L 0		٠
						L					VIEW OUTPUTS	FOR	
											PATCH FROM S	TEREO.SU	ROUND
							To make come	ctions:					
							Selectione Conso and one Output Pr Connect selection	le Output S of Patch Pr	onal -				

The output ports for the Main, Aux and Track outputs can be patched here in the same way that Direct Output Ports are patched.

Each pair of auxes can be two mono outputs or a stereo output as set up on the USER - BUSSES screen.



ASSIGNABLE INSERTS



Assignable inserts are designed to be pre-connected to send and return ports which are in turn pre-wired to insertable devices or to an insert patchbay (normally there would be some assignable inserts of each type).

They can then be patched into channels or groups as required.

The system is as shown in the above diagram. This allows for the rapid patching of Devices into channels and groups on the I/O Matrix panel.



I/O - OUTPUT - Assignable Insert Sends

.#•	OUTPUTS	SCREE	N			A	ssign	able insert Ser	nds			
INSE	REALING	ECTIONS		Assigna	bie Insert Se	mets			OUTPU	T PORTS RT List		
Τ	Beturn Furt	Return Port	R	R	0/P Fort Com	0/P Port Coan		O-	0	Port Same	Port Ham	TYPE
	LTN 04 1		A-THEL L	D	LTN 12 1	P		API535		AP1535	-	LIN
	LTN OS 1		A-THE2 1		LTN 13 1	P		060(160		DECISD	-	LIN
	0.08 0.0 8		A-THUS 1	D 0	0.0 23 8			DUNCT	D-NS1 P	DIG 201	D D	DIG
			A THUS A	D. D.	-			DUNCTI	D-NG2 P	DIG 211	P	DIG
			A-THUE 1	D. 0	-			ALMOLT	A NOT D	UN 111		LIN
			A-THES 1	8	1		- 8	AINS31	A NS2 P	LIN 131	8	LIN
			4-7897 1		-			70.681	70.64 P	70.681	8	Dig
			4-7858 1		-			20.6011	70 6/2 R	70.6011	8	Dig
	TTE 20.1		D. THEI 1		DTC 20 1	D		70.6131	70 6/2 P	70.6131	8	Dia
	DED DO L	P. 1	D. THES 1		DIG 20 1			200 000 12	2.0 0.5 10	23 03 5	- Pi	510
	DED OF S		D-THES &		10 21 4	~						
			D-INCO A	P			- 8					
			D-INCA A	D. D.								
			D-INCO h	D. D.								
			D-1800 L	D. 0								
			D-IND/ L	D. 0.	-							
	437838		177838	P. 10	437838							
	AF1363		1011100		14121.60							
	70 6 (1 1		70 6 (1 1		70 6 (1 1	D						
	70 6/2 1		70 6 /2 1		20 6/2 1	P						
-	04 076 8	P.	104 070 8	R	104 076 8	~						
cor	SOLE OUTP	UT SIGNAL			SELECTE	O CONNECTION	s	SELECTED P	ATCH POINTS	SUTPUT PORT LE	STS	
As	signable inse	rt Sends		•	REMOV	c		PATCH TO REM	OVE NOVE	INSERT		•
	-											
						_			,	NEW OUTPUTS F	OR	
										PATCH FROM ST	EREO.SUF	ROUND
					-10	make connec	tions:					
						led one Console	Output	lignal 🛄				
						dione Output Por	d Patch I	toint 📃				
					00	med selections	- unit	PATCH TO SUBON				
		_	_									
			TECH	OFT								

The Output Ports for Assignable Insert Sends can be patched here in the same way that Direct Output Ports are patched.

The Input ports connected to the Insert Return can also be seen. These are set up on the INPUT screens.

The send and return ports will usually be pre-set. Once this is done the Insert can be connected to any channel or group via the INSERT screen or by using the I/O MATRIX panel on the console.

Once connected, the Insert is switched into the channel path using the buttons on the INPUT/OUTPUT module.





CALREC AUDIO - Alpha 100 ID X INPUTS SCREEN Assignable Insert Returns LOCAT INPUT SOURCES ASSIGNABLE INSERT RETURNS INSERT SEND CONNECTION **INSERT List** TOPE Insert Insert Send Send R O Harne Norm Fort Port. A-INSS L LIN API525 DIG 20 1 R -IMS1 L R DIG 20 L p. UN DEKI60 DIG 21 1 2 -IMS2 L R DIG 21 L p DIG DIG 20 L R D-IMS3 L R R DIG DIG 21 L D-IMS4 L R LIN LIN 04 L R LIN LIN 05 L R D-INSS L R -IN96 L R DIG 20 6/1 L R -IN37 L R DIG ZQ 6/2 L R D-IMSE L R DIG 20 6/3 L R A71525 API525 API525 080(160 080(160 160(16D 20 6/1 1 ZQ 6/1 L ZQ 6/1 L R R R 20 6/2 1 R ZQ 6/2 L R ZQ 6/2 L R ZQ 6/3 L 20 6/3 1 R ZQ 6/3 L R B SPARE1 L R SPAPE2 L p. SELECTED PATCH POINTS INPUT SOURCE LISTS CONSOLE INPUT TYPE PATCH TO INPUT INSERT Ŧ Assignable Insert Returns • VIEW SOURCES FOR DUTPU PATCH TO STEREO/SURROUND V NSER MIC. OPEN NO BUSS BUSS 2 8098 h Point 📰 OPT. DIT 1000

I/O - INPUT - Assignable Insert Returns

The Input Sources for Assignable Insert Returns can be patched here in the same way that channel inputs are patched.

The Output ports connected to the Insert Send can also be seen. These are set up on the OUTPUT screens.

The send and return ports will usually be pre-set. Once this is done the Insert can be connected to any channel or group via the INSERT screen or by using the I/O MATRIX panel on the console. Once connected, the Insert is actually switched into the channel path using the buttons on the INPUT/OUTPUT module.





I/O - Insert

APPLICATE P BATTER			1					1
ASSIGNABLE INSERTS DEVICE List			FADER		INSERT ASS	IGNED		
PETURN PORT		No	TYPE NAME		O - ''			
API525		19A 3T	EREO VIRL/1 1R		A-INSI 1	R		-
DECLED		20A 3T	EREO VIRL/2 1R					
20 6/1 L R	1	21A ST	EREO VIR2/1 1R		A-INE2 L	R		
20 6/2 L R	1	22A 3T	EFEO VIR2/2 1R					
20 6/3 L R	1	23A ST	ERED VIR3/1 1R					
	1	24A 3T	ERED VIR3/2 1R					
		25A GR	91 ST GROUP1		20 6/1 1	R		
		26A GR	92 ST 68.0092					100
		27A GR	#3 5T GROUPS		1			
		20A GR	74 ST GROUP4					
		29A GR	PS ST GROUPS					
		3DA GR	P6 ST 68.00P6		1			
		31A GR	P7 ST 68.00P7					
		32A GR	PE ST GB.0UPS					_
		33A H0	NO MIC 09 1		AF1525			-
		34A HO	NO MIC 09 B.					- 11
		35A MO	ND NIC 10 1					- 11
		36A HD	NO MIC 10 D.		DBX160			- 11
	•	37A HD	ND NIC 11 1					
ASSIGNABLE INSERT LISTS DEVICE • VIEW INSERTS FOR	PATCH TO	ECTED PA	ACVE NOVE	CONSOLER CHANNELS FADER SEG	PATH TYPE 5 - All Faders Nence	•	To assign ins Select one Ass and one Conso Connect select	eerts: Ignable heert Ie Path Patch Poin Ions I using PAT
PATCH TO STEREO				A FADERS	ONLY	•		

The Assignable Inserts can be patched here to channels and groups, in the same way that channel inputs are patched. The CONSOLE PATH TYPE and the FADER SEQUENCE select which paths are on display. The send and return ports should have been

pre-set on the OUTPUT & INPUT screens. The Assignable Inserts can also be patched to channels and groups by using the I/O MATRIX panel on the console. Once connected, the Insert is switched into the channel path using the buttons on the INPUT/OUTPUT module.

All the Inserts can be accessed on the left hand side of the INSERTS screen. They will have been labelled and grouped into lists at the time the Alpha was installed. Most inserts are treated as pairs in the labelling. L and R are used to distinguish the two halves of the pair. This makes it easier for them to be used as a stereo insert but does not necessarily mean they are stereo. The two halves of the pair can be used for separate mono signals. The inserts can be viewed as pairs



(best for patching to stereo paths) or individual (best for patching to mono paths).

Note: If Groups are set to be Mono, only the left insert will have a signal on it.



IJ		S SCREE	N			M	ain & I	Monitor Insert Se	ends			
	INSERT RTN COM	NECTIONS		Main & Mo	nitor insert	Sends			OUTPUT P O-L 01	ORTS JIST		
	Return Fort	Return Port	R	R	0/P Fort Com	0/F Fort Comm		O	O-	Fort Same	Fort Name	TYPE
			WATER C.			_	-	l		10.01	-	L PA
			C.			-	-			10.01+	-	LIN
			1.0	100		-		MINALINE M		10.02	-	LIN
			LO P	20		-		MARKALINE O		10.02*	-	LPI
			BATER D	~		-		MARKA LINE 1	MAINING INC. D	10.02.1	0	LIN
			BATES D			-		MARKALINE C	MANUELINE LEE	10-03 6	0	LIN
			L POLAN	K .		-		MARIA LINE LO	MAINA LINE LPE	10-04 L	0	LIN
				1.72				MARIE LINE LS	AAINA LINE RS	10-05 L	0	LIN
			1.5	10	1					10-06 L	n 0	LIN
										10.00 1	0	1.04
										10-00 L		LIN
										10-09	-	LIN
								40.07 4 141	AL BOARD D	10-09*		LIN
								ADA DIE	AUX TUTK	10-10 L	0	LIN
										10-11 L	0	LIN
										10-12 L		LIN
										10-13 L	- M	LIN
										10-14 L	M 0	LIN
										10-15 L	0	LIN
										10-16 L	M	LIN
							-			10-17 L	M	LIN
	CONSOLE OUT	UT SIGNAL			SELECTS	D CONVECTIONS	d.	SELECTED PATE		IPUT PORT L	STS	
	Main & Monitor	Insert Serv	is .	*	RENOV	s		PATCH TO REMOVE	NOVE O	0	010	
												-
					_		-		VIE	W OUTPUTS F	OR.	
									PA	TCH FROM ST	EREOISUE	ROUND
ł					- 10	make como	lane					
						lect one Console	Output 5	ignel 🗖				
						rnect selections	using	PATCH TO bullon				
ļ		_			_		_				_	

I/O - OUTPUT - Main Insert Sends

The Output Ports for Main Insert Sends can be patched here in the same way that Direct Output Ports are patched.

The Input ports connected to the Insert Return can also be seen. These are set up on the INPUT screens.

The Main Inserts are dedicated to the Main outputs. Once the ports have been set up the Insert can be switched into the main path using the buttons on the INPUT/OUTPUT module.







I/O - INPUT - Main Insert Returns

The Input Sources for Main Insert Returns can be patched here in the same way that channel inputs are patched.

The Output ports connected to the Insert Send can also be seen. These are set up on the OUTPUT screens.

The Main Inserts are dedicated to the Main outputs. Once the ports have been set up the Insert can be switched into the main path using the buttons on the INPUT/OUTPUT module.





		Mor	, TB & Osc	. Outputs				our C	PUT POR	us I		
0/P Hane	0/P Type	R	R	0/P Post Connection	0/P Port Connection		0	C	}	Fort Name	Fort Name	1376
MAIN 15		4	8							10-01		LIN
		с	LFE							10-01+		LIN
		15	95				MAIN4 LINE	M		10-02		LIN
SMALL LS		1	2				MAIN4 LINE 1	8		10-02+		LIN
		C	LFE				MAIN4 LINE	L MAIN4 LINE	R	10-03 L	R	LIN
		1.5	95				MAIN4 LINE	C MAINA LINE	LFE	10-04 L	R	LIN
27L LS	-	1	2				MAIN4 LINE	LB MAINA LINE	RS	10-05 L	R	LIN
	-	С	LYE							10-06 L	R	LIN
		15	95			_				10-07 L	R	LIN
AFL LS	-	1	8							10-08 L	R	LIN
		C	LPE			_				10-09	-	LIN
		15	95			_	4107.444	ALE CARE D		10-09*		LIN
DESE H/F						_	AUX THE	AUXTUR		10-10 L	n	LIN
			172			- 8				10-11 L	0	1.04
57780.10.1.5		10	80							10-12 L	8	LIN
210210 12 1	·		1.99			_				10-14 1	R	LIN
	-	15	85							10-15 L	R	LIN
5110 10 15 2	2	1	2							10-16 L	R	LIN
	-	с	LFE							10-17 L	R	LIN
CONSOLE	OUTPUT S	IGNAL.			ELECTED CONNECTION	6	SELECTED PATCH TO		OUTPO	UT PORT LI	515	
Mon, TB &	Osc. Out	puts							01.1	,		-
						_			VIEW	OUTPUTS F	OR.	
									PATC	H FROM ST	ERECISUE	ROUN
					-To make come Select one Consol and one Dutput Po Connect selection	e Output S et Patch Po et Patch Po	prei					

I/O - OUTPUT - Mon, TB & Osc Outputs

The output ports for the Monitoring can be patched here in the same way that Direct Output Ports are patched.

Outputs shown in grey are not available in this product release.



	010.00	INEED			E	xterna	Meter Outputs				
		Ext	ernal Mete	r Outputs				OUTPU 0-L	IT PORTS O LIN		
0/P Base	0/F Type	R	R	0/P Fort Connection	0/F Fort Connection		O-	O	Fort Nort	Port Ham	TX0
NAIN METER	_	1	8	-			MAIN1 DESK L		10-01	_	LIN
	-	c	175			- 10			10-01+	_	LIN
	-	15	85						10-02	_	LIN
ARC 1		1	R	10-12 L	R		NPUT10-13 L		10-02+	_	LIN
		c	172				NPUT10-12 L	R	10-D3 L	R	11
		15	85				NPUT10-09 L	INPUT 10-09	L 10-D4 L	R	LIN
ARE 2		1	8				NPUT10-10 L	R	10-D5 L	R	LIP
PFL	-	1	8				SMALL LS L	SMALL LS R	10-D6 L	B	LIP
A771		1	8				1.		10-07 L	R	11
									10-D8 L	R	11
									10-09		11
									10-09+		LI
									10-10 L	R	LI
									10-11 L	R	LI
							AND 1 METER L	ANC 1 METER	R 10-12 L	R	11
							COLUMN STREET		10-13 L	R	11
									10-14 L	R	LI
									10-15 L	R	Ц
									10-16 L	R	Ц
						-			10-17 L	R	LI
CONSOLE (External N	NUTPUT S	IGNAL NES		•	ELECTED CONNECTION REMOVE	8			OUTPUT PORT I O-L 0 VIEW OUTPUTS	JSTS FOR	٠
									PATCH FROM S	TEREOSU	RROUM
					-Te make come Selectorie Coroci and one Output Po Connect selector	ctions: le Output 5 at Patati Pa e Unios	Ignal				

.....

I/O - OUTPUT - Ext Meter Outputs

The output ports for the External Meters, such as a DK phase scope, can be patched here in the same way that Direct Output Ports are patched.

Most of the meters on the console are driven internally and do not require output ports.



I/O - INPUT - Outputs



Input ports can be patched directly to output ports on this screen.



MEM - MEM



This screen works in parallel with the MEMORY panel on the console. From here, memories can be backed up to the PC's hard disk, re-named, and cleared.

- (1) The STACK is shown here.
- (2) Scene labels can be applied to positions in the stack.
- (3) Backing up the Session, backs up the Stack and all the memories in it, to the hard disk.
- (4) With the Auto > or Auto < check box ticked, the next memory in the stack will automatically move to the Sel Mem position after the previous Sel Mem has been loaded (provided that this was a stack memory).

PREVIEW is not available in this product release.



MEM - ISOL



The isolate screen allows whole channels/groups or parts of channels/groups to be isolated from memory recall. This means their current settings will not be over-written by what is in the memory.



Panels - Route

CALREC AUDIO - Alpha 100	
LOCATE	Selection: Fader 7A [MONO] 10-11 R
	A NO INP NO INP NO INP NO INP NO INP 0.11 L 10-11 R NO INP
	B NO INP NO INP NO INP NO INP 10-09 10-10 NO INP
EG POR MINUS	A NO INP
I MENS INST IN	B NO INP
	NO INP
	B NO INP
	A GROUP1 GROUP2 NO INP
10° 10° 10° 20° 20° 22° 23° 24°	
25° 26° 27° 28° 25° 30° 31° 32°	A NO INP
35° 34° 35° 86° 35° 86° 35° 40°	
4° 4° 4° 4° 4° 4° 4° 4°	
MAN ACUITING	A NO INP
	MAIN 1 MAIN 2 MAIN 3 MAIN 4
	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1

.....

This screen works in parallel with the console Assign Buttons and the ROUTING panel.



User - Busses

				_	_					
CATE Mains	1 2	3	4	- Groups-	1	2 3	4	5	6 7	7 8 1 0
Surround enabled Surround										
Auxes										
Storee										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Pre-send cut when chanigp cu	. 🗉									
Pre-send cut when chan/gp fader closed										
	11	12	13	14	15	16				
Pre-send cut when chanigp cu										
Pre-send cut when chanigp fader closed										
Note: when making o correctly selected, inc	hanges remen luding Direct In	nberto check puts, inserts	that the I/O is and Monitoring							
	10	CH OFT								

GROUPS

Group busses can be selected to be Mono or Stereo.

Stereo channels feed a mix of L + R to mono groups.

Mono channels pan L/R to stereo groups.

AUXES

Mono Aux busses can be paired up to make stereo auxes or vice-versa. When a pair of auxes are changed in this way, all settings of the pair are cleared.



Options Screens

The OPT screens are used to pre-set the system to the studio's required settings. These settings are not stored in the individual console memories but can be saved separately using the OPT - FILE screen. This allows options to be changed without invalidating any saved memories.





Opt -Misc

waiting to Parent List visionly	3			Leves
Select list category:	Listname	Visible		Nic inputs headroom above input gain
Input ports for inputs 1 & 2 🔻	I-L 0	E.		(axcluding pre-EO and pre-fader feeds):
Input ports for inputs 1 & 2	FL 1	E.		Note: full scale digital (0 dBFS) is set to equal +28 dBu analogue level
Output parts for direct op	PL 2	R		Ref. level is setto - 24 dBFS (equals 4 dBu analogue).
Assignate Earrs	I-L 3	R		NiciLine input changes to line
	I-L 4	E.		impedance below gain of
	I-L 5	M		
	I-L 6			
	FL 7			
	I-L 8			
	PE 8		-9 H	

(1) MIC INPUT HEADROOM - This area allows the channel mic input headroom to be set. This is the headroom available above the input gain setting, up to the channel fader. For example, if the input gain is set to 40 dB and the mic input headroom is 36 dB, then the channel will handle up to -4 dB up to the fader which can be backed off to avoid clipping of the programme output. Obviously, any pre-fader insert or pre-fader feeds to auxes, tracks, or direct outputs will not handle this level and so these should not be used where this head room is needed.

Note: Selecting a high headroom value will compromise the noise spec slightly but this should not be noticeable in practice.

- (2) MIC/LINE INPUT IMPEDANCE The point at which the Mic/Line Input Impedance changes can be set here.
- (3) I/O MATRIX PANEL LIST VISIBILITY This allows the studio engineer to set which port and insert lists can be accessed on the I/O Matrix panel. All lists are always available on the PC screens. For example, output ports which are only used for Buss outputs or Moni toring outputs, etc could be assigned to their own lists (in the Setup application) and those lists made invisible to the Direct output ports selection on the I/O Matrix panel.



Opt -Sync

	Route	CLION/second							
	Video NTRC	Rear of Din 10							
	TTL Wordslock	Rear of Dig. NO		Current	Order	Connection	R/S/I	Rate (kHz)	
	Internal	in an army ro			1st	Video NTSC	Rear of Di	48	
	DIG 01 LR	1/11/1			2nd	DIG 01 LR	1/11/1	48 +/- 100 H;	
	DIG 02 LR	1/11/3			3rd	VTR1/1 LR	1/13/11	48 ±6 100 H;	
	DIG 03 LR	1/11/5			4th	VTR2/1 LR	1/13/15	48 ±6 100 H	
	DIG 04 LR	1/11/7			5th	VTR3/1 LR	1/13/19	48 +6 100 H	
	DIG 05 LR	1/11/9			6th	Internal		40 10011	
	DIG 06 LR	1/11/11						40	
	DIG 07 LR	1/11/13							
	DIG 08 LR	1/11/15							
	DIG 09 LR	1/11/17							
5	DIG 10 LR	1/11/19		Reset to 1s	(3)	4	Set all to 48kH	tz Set all to 44	LINH
	DIG 11 LR	1/11/21	_						
	DIG 12 LR	1/11/23	_						
6 I	DIG 13 LR	1/11/25	_						
	DIG 14 LH	1/11/27	_	Patch Operations	h				
	DIG 15 LR	1/11/29	_						
m	DIG 15 LH	1/11/31	_						
	DIG 17 LR	1/1.3/1	_	PATCH TO					
	DIG TO LR	1/13/3	_						
24	00118	1/13/3							
- 1	002.18	1/13/25							
	VTR1/LLR	1/13/11		Table legend					
15	VTR1/21.8	1/13/13		_					
- 1	VTR2/1LR	1/13/15		Avait	able source				
12	VTR2/2 LR	1/13/17							
	VTR3/LR	1/13/19		Fatch	point				
	VTR3/2 LR	1/13/21							
	DIG 20 LR	1/13/7		Louise	d catch coint				
	DIG 21 LR	1/13/9		-					
	70.041.0	4.00.0107	100						
				Selec	ted source/patch	poent			
	Video Iver	e	-	_					
				Rixed	pation				
£									

- (1) The system can be pre-set with up to five external sync sources, plus internal, such that if the 1st source fails, it will automatically switch to the 2nd, and so on. Please note that the facility for locking to external AES sources is restricted to the first six inputs of each AES card in the console. One of the external sources can be Video, (PAL or NTSC). *TTL wordclock is another possible external source.*
- (2) Any digital input on the console can also be an external source. These can be patched to the five selections in the same way that channel input ports are patched. When using a digital input or wordclock as a source, the system will tolerate a variation of up to +/- 100 Hz in the frequency of the source.
- (3) If the system is running on any of the selections 2 to 6, because the lower numbered ones have failed, and the 1st source is repaired, the system can be RESET TO 1ST during any convenient off-air period.
- (4) Normally the system would be set to either 48 kHz or 44.1 kHz operation. The SET ALL TO buttons provide a convenient way of switching between the two. When syncing to NTSC, drop rate options become available (in the Rate drop box). If the system is syncing to NTSC drop rate and the video sync fails, the system can remain at drop rate providing the next working selection is running at the drop rate (because drop rate is within 100 Hz of the normal rates). Internal sync cannot run at drop rate.

<u>Please Note:</u> Any text shown in *bold ITALICS* indicates functions which are not available in this product release (V1.10).



OPT - Mon I/P - Monitor Buttons View

CALR	EC AUDIO - Alpha 100				
LOCATE	Monitoring Screen - Panel Setu;)			
			TORI Signal Signal		DESTEN
			iin 1 iin 1 iin 1 iin 1 iin 1	<mark>ன நிறி ஆ</mark>	DR. BR. RL PLAST TO HY LOLEAR J APL
		AND AND AND AND	• 1 • 1 • 1 • 1		
		MIX 23 MIX 23 MIX 23 MIX 34	al al al al	LS PHONES DESK HIPHONES	PFLALIST AFL DECODER REMOTES
MISC		EXA FXA FXA	ADC 3 MAX 20 *	(1110) 1010	161 0 000 000 100 100 100
SYNC		ADX 23 ADX 23 ADX 25 ADX 25	KK 🖉 KK 🕫 🕂 🏧	0.0 ·	2198/0 3 0 12800 1000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000
MON UP		11/2 11/8 11/8 11/8	19/18 11/18 11/18 115/18	HARRING BERRY	
TUREN		nnő neő mő mő	2508 2708 2808 200	#a1 #1 a22	DECODERS
DETOS		พิเเส ลีเรส ลิเส	พบคริ พอคลิ พรคลิ พรคลิ	HERE'S LINE'S LINE'S	120 TRUE BRIED TRUE 520
		Rat1 [®] Rat2 [®]	••••	17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 17 0 1	51L0 52L0
RELAYS		MAIN METER SE	LECTORS	21 0 21 0 27 0 1 3 22 24	Latterso J
		7103 X/2 57 0 57 0 3020 1 1020 1		LS SELECTON	20000 L too 2 too CONTRA L48. L48.
		x,2 ⁰ 35x 2 0 0	N/2 LINE 2 LP	_	3 0 0 0000 1 00000 1 00000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0000 1 0
140	MONITOR BUTTONS EXTERNAL PORTS	10 2 bel bel bel €	201 0 20 Ext3 Ext3		
		MONITOR	SELECTOR	MONIT	OR LS
	PANELS USER HEN LO TECH				EXIT S

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This screen gives a confirmation of how the monitor panel buttons have been set up.

Please Note: Any text shown in **bold ITALICS** indicates functions which are not available in this product release (V1.10).



Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second construction Image: second const		INPUT SC I-L S	DURCES D List		MONITORING INPUTS							
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LIN 12-05 L R - LIN 12-06 L R - LIN 12-07 L R - LIN 12-10 L R - LIN 12-11 L R - LIN 12-12 L R - LIN 12-13 L R - LIN 12-14 L R - LIN 12-15 L R - LIN 12-16 L R - SEL 2 EXT1 Smd 51 L R SEL 2 EXT1 Smd Stenceto wave wove - <td></td> <td>LIN 12-04 L</td> <td>н –</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>STEREO</td> <td>L</td> <td>R</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		LIN 12-04 L	н –				STEREO	L	R			
UN 12-06 L R - UN 12-07 L R - UN 12-08 L R - UN 12-09 L R - UN 12-09 L R - UN 12-10 L R - UN 12-10 L R - UN 12-11 L R - UN 12-12 L R - UN 12-13 L R - UN 12-14 L R - SEL 2 EXT1 Smd 1 C LFE UN 12-16 L R - - SEL 2 EXT1 Smd 1 C LFE UN 12-16 L R 12-01 L R SEL 2 EXT3 Mono Mono Mono Mono VEW SOURCE LISTS </td <td></td> <td>LIN 12-05 L</td> <td>R -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>MONO</td> <td>M</td> <td>15</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		LIN 12-05 L	R -				MONO	M	15			
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Lin 12-68 L R - Lin 12-69 L R - Lin 12-10 L R - Lin 12-10 L R - Lin 12-11 L R - Lin 12-12 L R - Lin 12-13 L R - Lin 12-13 L R - Lin 12-14 L R - Lin 12-15 L R - Lin 12-16 L R - SEL 2 EXT1 Small Steree0 L R SEL 2 EXT2 stho STERE0 L R SEL 2 EXT3 Mono Mono Mono VEW SOURCELISTS - - - PATCH T0 STEHEONSUBROUND - - </td <td>:</td> <td>LIN 12-07 L</td> <td>R -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>C</td> <td>LFE</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	:	LIN 12-07 L	R -					C	LFE			
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VEW VEW VEW and one Monitoring Input Patch Point	:	VIEW	VIEW	UKIS			and one I	Manifari n	g Input Patch Po	an 🖬 👘		

Opt -Mon I/P - External Ports View

The Input Sources for External Monitor Inputs can be patched here in the same way that channel inputs are patched. The NAME of the external input will correspond to the text on the button as shown on the Monitor Buttons View.

The Main Line monitor inputs are applicable when the Main Line output monitor is set to be returned into the desk via an external distribution. Otherwise, the Main Line monitor points are taken from the Main outputs within the desk, before they have passed though the output ports.

Main Line Monitor Inputs shown in grey indicates that the corresponding Main Output is set to Internal in the studio setup application.



Opt -TX/REH

Function	Tx (an eiß	Reh	Neither
Opto 'On Air' overrides desk button		Image: State of the state of	V
Opto 'Reh' overrides desk button		F	F
Master 1 TB inhibit			
Master 2 TB inhibit			
Track 1 TB inhibit			
Tracks 2-48 TB inhibit			
Studio TB inhibit			
Ed:1 TB inhibit			
Ext 2 TB inhibit			
Ext 3 TB inhibit			
Ed: 4 TB inhibit			
Ed: 5 TB inhibit			
Ext 6 TB inhibit			
Ed: 7 TB inhibit			
Ext 8 TB inhibit			
Main 1 TB inhibit			
Main 2 TB inhibit			
Main 3 TB inhibit			
Main 4 TB inhibit			
Groups direct alp TB inhibit			
Channels direct olp TB inhibit			

This screen allows the condition switching for the system to set up.

There are three modes which the system can be in: Transmit (TX or On Air), Rehearse, or Neither. These are controlled from the ON AIR and REH buttons on the console *or from external inputs set up on the OPTO screen.*

Each function can be set to be active, or not, in any of the three states.





Opt -**Optos**

The Opto-isolated Input connections for various Console Functions can be patched here in the same way that channel inputs are patched.

If optos are patched to Input Ports, when fired externally, they will cut any channel to which that input port is connected.





Opt -Relays

Function On wir LED	Card Card						
On air LED		Relay	-	Card	Ralay	Eurotion terrilari	1.12
TABLE EDGE. LEGEL	1	1		1	1	On str LED	Intch
Reb LED	1	2	100	1	2	Deb LFD	Intch
Part fail LED	1	3		1	3	PUT fail LFD	(incut t
APPT. 10ml	1	4		1	4	ADRT. 10ml	Latch
On air ITel	-	-		-	8	DP570 surround	150m
Beb.	-			-	6	DP570 ateres	150mg
Red Light	-			-	2	DESTO BORD	150mg
Fire slorp sure	-	-		1	8	DP570 phonton centre	150m
PSIT foil ploys	-	-		1	9	DP570 3-sperco	1501-1
AFL 1001	-	-		1	10	DP570 Projecto	150164
PEL 1001	-			1	11	DP570 gpstop	15064
Rid, open 1 (OR)	-	-		1	12	DP570 Line	1501-5
Mic. open 2 1001	-	-		1	13	DESTO RE	LSON
DP570 gorround	1	5		1	14	arrent fil	10080
DP570 stereo	1	6		1	15		
DP570 BODD	1	7		1	16		
DP570 phantos centre	1	0		2	1		
DPS70 3-starap	1	0		2	2		
DP570 Bralagin	1	10		2	3		
DP570 custom	1	11		2	a		
DDS70 Line	1	12		2	5		
DP570 BF	1	13		2	6		
Dec. rep. 2 mirr	-			2	2		
Dec. rep. 2 stars							
Dec. res. 2 scene							
STIL-4 autround							
SDI-4 stereo	-	-	-				
Spil-4 sono	-	-					
External TB	-	-				ASSIGN REMOVE MOVE	
External TB 2	-	-				TO RELAY ASSION ASSIC	8
External TD 3	-	-					
	AFFL 'On' On sir [Tx] Red. Red.light Fire alarm mute FSU fail alarm AFL 'ON' FSU fail alarm AFL 'ON' FSU open 1 'ON' Mid. open 2 'ON' DFSTO surround DFSTO surround DFSTO surround DFSTO phantom centre DFSTO anno DFSTO phantom centre DFSTO anton DFSTO phantom centre DFSTO anton DFSTO Inne DFSTO INNE DFSTO DF Dec. cem. 2 mono SEG-4 surround SEG-4 socco SEG-4 socco SEG-4 socco SEC-4 socco SEC-	APPL 'On' 1 On min [Th] Reh. Red light Fire mlarm mute PSU fail mlarm AFL 'ON' PSU fail mlarm AFL 'ON' His. open 1 'ON' His. open 2 'ON' DPSTO support DPSTO support DPSTO support DPSTO phantom centre 1 DPSTO demon DPSTO function 1 DPSTO 1 and centre 1 DPSTO 1 and centre 1 DPSTO 1 fine 1 DPSTO DF 1 Dest cen. 2 support Dest cen. 3 DI-4 mono External TB 1 External TB 2 External TB 3	APPL 'On' 1 4 On min [Th] Path Path Bed light Path Path Bed light Path Path PSU fail alors mute Path Path PSU fail alors Path Path AFL 'ON' Path Path PFL 'ON' Path Path Mid. open 1 'ON' Path Path Mid. open 2 'ON' Path Path DPSTO support 1 6 DPSTO support 1 0 DPSTO pathetes centre 1 0 DPSTO pathetes centre 1 0 DPSTO pathetes centre 1 11 DPSTO function 1 11 DPSTO for Custon 1 11 DPSTO PF 1 13 Dec. cem. 2 store 2 2 Dec. cem. 2 store 2 310-4 store 3DG-4 store 310-4 store 2 Storeal TB 2 2 2	APPL 'On' 1 4 On min [Th] Beh. Bed light Fire alarm mute FRU fail alarm AFL 'ON' PFL 'ON' Mid. open 1 'ON' Besto open 2 'ON' DPSTO suppond 1 6 DPSTO suppond 1 7 DPSTO phantom centre 1 0 DPSTO pono 1 7 DPSTO pono 1 10 DPSTO prologic 1 10 DPSTO function 1 11 DPSTO function 1 11 DPSTO DF 1 13 Dec. cem. 2 suppond SD0-4 suppond SD0-4 suppond SD0-4 suppond SD0-4 suppond SU0-4 mono Externo	AFFL 'On' 1 4 On str [Tr] 1 1 Beh. 1 1 Beh. 1 1 Bed light 1 1 Fire alarm mute 1 1 FSU fail alarm mute 1 1 PEN. 'ON' 1 1 Mic. open 1 'ON' 1 1 Mic. open 2 'ON' 1 1 DFSTO succound 1 5 DFSTO succound 1 5 DFSTO matca centre 1 0 DFSTO phantom centre 1 0 DFSTO potatom 1 11 DFSTO Cautom 1 11 DFSTO DF 1 13 Dec. cem. 2 succo 2 2 Dec. cem. 2 storeo 2 SUG-4 storeo 2 3UG-4 storeo 2 SUG-4 storeo 2 SUG-4 storeo 2 External TB 2 2 External TB 3 2	AFFL 'On' 1 4 On str [Tr] 1 4 On str [Tr] 1 1 Beh. 1 5 Bed light 1 6 Fire alarm mute 1 7 Fire alarm mute 1 8 FSU fail alarm 1 8 PSU foil alarm 1 9 AFL 'ON' 1 10 PFL 'ON' 1 11 Mic. open 1 'ON' 1 11 DESTO succond 1 6 DESTO succond 1 6 DESTO succond 1 1 DESTO succond 1 1 DESTO phantom centre 1 0 DESTO for cautom 1 11 DESTO Prologic 1 10 DESTO DEC. cens. 2 succo 2 3 Dec. cens. 2 succo 2 6 300-4 stereo 2 5 310-4 muco 2 6 310-4 muco 2 2 External TB 2 2 <t< td=""><td>APPL '0n' 1 4 On mit [Tk] - - Beh. - - Beh. - - Bed.light - - Fire alars suice - - Fire alars bute - - Bito. open 1 '08' - - DF570 stereo 1 0 DF570 realogic 1 10 DF570 fralogic 1</td></t<>	APPL '0n' 1 4 On mit [Tk] - - Beh. - - Beh. - - Bed.light - - Fire alars suice - - Fire alars bute - - Bito. open 1 '08' - - DF570 stereo 1 0 DF570 realogic 1 10 DF570 fralogic 1

The Relay-isolated Output connections for various Console Functions can be patched here in the same way that channel inputs are patched.

The relay can be set to latch or pulse for 100 ms, when the Console Function is activated.

A Console Function can be patched to more than one relay. Normally, the screen only shows the first connection made. Any Functions patched to more than one relay will have the relay number highlighted in yellow. The SHOW ALL CONNS button makes it possible to see all the relays attached to all the functions which have relays attached. It is not possible to alter the patching in this mode.

If relays are patched to Input Ports, they will operate when that input port is connected to a channel and the channel fader opened.

OPT - FILE

CALREC AUDIO - Alpha 100	
DPTOS RELAYS SAVE options to Flash LOAD from Disk to Flash	
	ar 🍂

Changes to options take effect as soon as they are made. However, if they are not saved, the next time the desk boots up the options will revert to their previous settings.

SAVE OPTIONS TO FLASH saves the current settings to disk as well as updating the on-board flash ROM.

LOAD OPTIONS FROM DISK TO FLASH loads the options settings from the file on the hard disk. This will over-write any changes made unless these have been saved. It allows changes to be tried out without losing the original settings and these original settings can be restored without having to re-boot the system.



Notes:







USER REGISTRATION

Please complete this end user registration form as soon as you receive this manual. This will allow us to not only provide you with any manual update sheets &/or modification information, but also with information on new product developments which may be of interest to you. Completion of this registration form will ensure that we send all technical correspondence directly to you at the address you have indicated.

The form, once completed should be returned to Calrec at the following address.

User Registra Calrec Audio Nutclough Mil Hebden Bridg West Yorkshin HX7 8EZ England UK	ations Ltd I je re								
or alternativel	y it can l	be faxed back to	o us on +44 (0) 142	22 845244					
Console Type	: Alpha	100							
Serial Numbe Date Receive Name: Department: Company: Address: Post/Zipcode: Tel No: Fax No: Email:	r (locate d:	d on the base p	banel):						
Customer comments:									
	69								

Please Note: Any text shown in **bold ITALICS** indicates functions which are not available in this product release (V1.10).





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IMPORTANT OPERATIONAL CHANGES FROM EARLIER VERSIONS OF THIS PRODUCT

V1.8 included:

A change to the way Port Lists are selected on the I/O Matrix panel.

The previous method of just pressing the control down will now have no effect. Instead, to change to a different list you should press and turn the control. Turning clockwise will scroll down the lists and anticlockwise will scroll up. When the required list is displayed simply release the control to select it.

V1.9 included:

The addition of the Surround Main outputs option. AFL is also in surround.

A change to the keypad on the I/O Matrix panel such that it now defaults to SEL MEM after any SEL FADER operation.

The balance control on Stereo channels works with LB + RB pressed.

The CR LS pre signal can feed an o/p port - Accessed on the Mon, TB & Osc. Output Ports Screen.

The PFL signal, post level control, can be fed to an o/p port - Accessed on the Mon, TB & Osc. Output Ports Screen. PFL also operates to small LS.

The Direct output ports can be selected on I/O matrix panel.

The port lists which appear on the I/O Matrix panel can be set on the OPT - MISC screen.

A Mix Minus meter is available.

Channels can be isolated from Memory recall - Accessed on the MEM - ISOL screen.

Aux Pre Cut when chan cut and Aux Pre Cut when chan off options.

Main PFL and Aux O/P AFL.





IMPORTANT OPERATIONAL CHANGES FROM EARLIER VERSIONS OF THIS PRODUCT

V1.10 includes:

Input port to output port routing. Set on the INPUTS screen (Outputs Tab).

Copy INPUT now copies the input gains, phantom power and SRC settings (where the inputs are the same type).

Addition of a delay before the first slave can be assigned to a VCA group (to prevent accidental group creation).

Mains, Groups, Auxes & Mix Minus Direct Inputs. The ports are set on the INPUTS screen (Direct Inputs Tab).

Tone to Direct O/P (incl group dir o/p).

Surround Main outputs now produce a stereo (Lo Ro) downmix. Outputs for these are set on the OUTPUTS screen (Buss outputs Tab). If a Main is set to "Stereo but surround enabled" (on the User - Busses screen), the Lo Ro outputs will still work (and will be the same signals as the L & R outputs). This avoids having to re-patch the ports to the L & R outputs. The Stereo monitor buttons will monitor the Lo Ro of a Surround Main. If a main is Stereo, any Surround monitor buttons for that main will monitor silence (No Bus)

Mains routing to Mains. The routing is done using the Routing panel when the Main faders are called to the assign panels. If a Surround main is routed to a Stereo main, it will be the stereo downmix (Lo Ro) which will be routed. If a Stereo main is routed to a Surround main, the Stereo signal will mix to the L & R of the Surround main.

Downmix options (in setup application) for Main LS, Small LS, Desk Headphones, Studio LS & Studio Headphones Outputs. Any of these monitor outputs can be independently set to be 5.1 (with or without LFE and Phantom Centre), 3 Stereo (L-C-R), or Stereo.

3 Stereo, Stereo, Mono, LFE off, & Phantom Centre, Alt Listen Modes on Main LS, Small LS & Desk Headphones Outputs. If all three outputs are set to stereo (in the setup application), the 3 Stereo mode will be inoperative and the LFE off & Phantom Centre will be locked ON.

Option in setup application for PFL not to override Small LS (so that separate PFL LS can be used). The ports for the separate PFL LS are set on the OUTPUTS screen (Mon, TB & Osc Outputs Tab).

PFL in Stereo instead of Mono on meter and LS outputs (Surround Main PFL downmixes in PFL mix). Previously, PFL was only mixed in mono. Now it is a stereo mix.

CR LS feed to meter sels to be pre PFL & AFL level controls (when APFL active to CR LS). This allows the APFL level to be accurately metered if separate APFL meters are not in use.


IMPORTANT OPERATIONAL CHANGES FROM EARLIER VERSIONS OF THIS PRODUCT

V1.10 includes: (Continued...)

Stereo APFL (pre level controls) output for Ext meter feed (surround AFL downmixes to this output). This is a new output.

Main meter, Anc 1 & Anc 2 meter types (B/G, moving coil, VU, PPM) set in Setup application. This only applies to the Calrec meters and should be set to match the meter types required.

Main o/p, Group, Track & Aux meter types set in Setup application. This only applies to the Calrec meters and should be set to match the meter types required.

APFL, CR LS & Mix Minus meter types set in Setup application. This only applies to the Calrec meters and should be set to match the meter types required.

VU & PPM moving coil meter reference levels set in Setup application. This only applies to the Calrec meters and should be set to match the reference levels required.

VU & PPM moving coil meter responses improved.

M/S function for Main, Anc 1 & Anc 2 meter sels (Calrec, internal meters only). The L & R meters can now by switched to display M & S (mono & stereo difference signals) using the M/S buttons on the Meter Selectors.

Separate M/S meter signal for Main & Anc 1 meter sels (Calrec, internal meters only). Additional meters could be fitted to display M & S signals at the same time as the other meters are displaying L & R.

Dolby DP570 control via relays/optos (from the left hand decoder remote button). This allows remote switching for Pro Logic, Alt Compression (Custom, Line, or RF), and Alt Output Modes (Phantom Centre, 3 stereo, Stereo or Mono).

Dolby SDU4 control via relays/optos (from the right hand decoder remote button). This allows remote switching for Alt Output Modes (Stereo or Mono).

Default memory - on Tech screen (Also clears isolate settings). This should be set by the Studio Technicians on the Tech screen. It can be recalled using the Default Set Up button on the Functions panel.

99 memories (instead of 50) in on-board flash ROM. Memory locations 51 to 99 are now operational.

AWACS changed from pop-up box to separate screen with history. This allows more information to be provided in the AWACS system.



IMPORTANT OPERATIONAL CHANGES FROM EARLIER VERSIONS OF THIS PRODUCT

V1.10 includes: (Continued...)

AWACS system responds to console processor hot-swap. Previously, this was notified separately.

Stereo pan display shows L-R difference in dB. This is for the Channel/Group Front pan control on the Input/Output panel, when not in L-C-R mode.

Q controls range extended to 0.3 (from 1). The control is now from 0.3 to 10.

Less savage boost and cut controls on EQ. The range in dB remains the same but the control is smoother to operate.

Improved default dynamics settings. Previous default settings required more control adjustment to achieve typically required settings.

Improved resolution of compressor ratio control between 1 & 2. The range of the control is unchanged.

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