

9083 HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option

Product Manual



Cobalt Digital Inc.

2406 E. University Ave. Urbana, IL 61802 Voice 217.344.1243 • Fax 217.344.1245 www.cobaltdigital.com

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2.0-to-5.1 audio upmixer licensed feature uses the AutoMAX-II[™] upmix algorithm provided under license from Linear Acoustic Inc. Linear Acoustic, the "LA" symbol, UPMAX, AutoMAX, and AutoMAX-II are trademarks of Linear Acoustic Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt[®] 9083 HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option. The 9083 is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your 9083, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Overview

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9083 HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option card (also referred to herein as the 9083).

Note: This manual also covers the 9083-DEC, which is the 9083 card equipped with Dolby[®] decoding as an option. Where applicable, descriptions related exclusively to either the 9083 or the 9083-DEC are respectively denoted by **(9083 only)** or **(9083-DEC only)**. In all other aspects, both the 9083 and 9083-DEC function identically as described in this manual.

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1, "Introduction"** Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 9083.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing the 9083 in a frame, and optionally installing 9083 Rear I/O Modules.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the 9083.

This chapter contains the following information:

- 9083 Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- 9083 Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-21)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-25)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-26)

9083 Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual COMPASSTM card product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build. If you received your 9083 and this manual at the same time, this manual reflects all facets of your card.

If your card was purchased **earlier** than receiving this manual, you can check the Software Version of your card and see if it matches the Software Version covered by this manual.

If necessary, the Software Release Number/Software Build Number of your 9083 can be checked by viewing this information as displayed on the **Info** submenu on the card-edge display, or by checking the **Card Info** menu in DashBoardTM. See Checking 9083 Card Information (p. 3-14) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information.

Proceed as follows if your 9083 card's software does not match this manual:

| Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available. |
|---|
| If desired, contact Cobalt Digital Inc. to receive the latest Update software for your card. Software is typically sent by e-mail. |
| You can update your card by uploading the new Update software by going to the Support>Firmware link at www.cobaltdigital.com. Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then uploading it to your card. |
| A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated and specifications and/or functionality have changed as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card. |
| If your card shows features not described in this manual, you can check for the latest manual (if |
| |

Cobalt Reference Guides

From the Cobalt[®] web home page, go to **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, and other topics.

Manual Conventions

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the 9083 itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:



• Connector names are shown like this: **SDI OUT**

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **9083** refers to the 9083 HD/SD HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option card.
- Frame refers to the 8321 (or similar) frame that houses the Cobalt[®] COMPASSTM cards.
- Device and/or Card refers to a COMPASSTM card.
- System and/or Video System refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the 9083 and other COMPASSTM cards operate.

Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

Cautions

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

Notes

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

Labeling Symbol Definitions

| \triangle | Attention, consult accompanying documents. |
|-------------|---|
| | Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices. If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components. |
| | Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following: Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Collect this product separately. Use collection and return systems available to you. |

Safety Summary

Warnings



To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

Cautions

| CAUTION | This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments. |
|---------|---|
| CAUTION | This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear™ frame. Refer to the openGear™ frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products. |
| CAUTION | Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9083 has a moderate power dissipation (15 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible. |
| CAUTION | If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9083 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot. |
| CAUTION | If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted. |

9083 Functional Description

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the 9083. The 9083 frame synchronizer also includes a full 16-channel audio embedder/de-embedder, an 8-channel, and a 24-bit balanced analog-to-digital audio converter. The 9083 also handles AFD code detection/insertion and transfer of Dolby[®] metadata.

(**9083-DEC only**) The 9083-DEC also performs Dolby[®] E and Dolby[®] DigitalTM decoding and decoded channel routing.

Note: Some of the functions described below are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Control Panels user interfaces. Refer to User Control Interface (p. 1-17) for user interface descriptions.

9083 Input/Output Formats

The 9083 provides the following inputs and outputs:

- Inputs:
 - HD/SD SDI IN dual-rate HD/SD-SDI input
 - AES I/O (1-4) user-switchable as AES inputs or AES outputs
 - AES IN (5-8) dedicated AES inputs
 - AN-AUD IN (1-8) balanced analog audio inputs
- Outputs:
 - SDI OUT two dual-rate HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs
 - **RCK OUT** two reclocked HD/SD-SDI input copies
 - AES OUT (1-8) dedicated AES outputs
 - AES I/O (1-4) user-switchable as AES inputs or AES outputs
 - DOLBY META RS-485 Dolby[®] metadata output (extracted from input video). (9083-DEC only) RS-485 Dolby[®] metadata output can consist of input video or Dolby[®] decoder metadata output.
- **Note:** The input/output complement listed above represents the maximum capability of the 9083. The practical input/output complement is determined by the particular Rear I/O Module used with the 9083. Refer to 9083 Rear I/O Modules (p. 1-19) for more information.

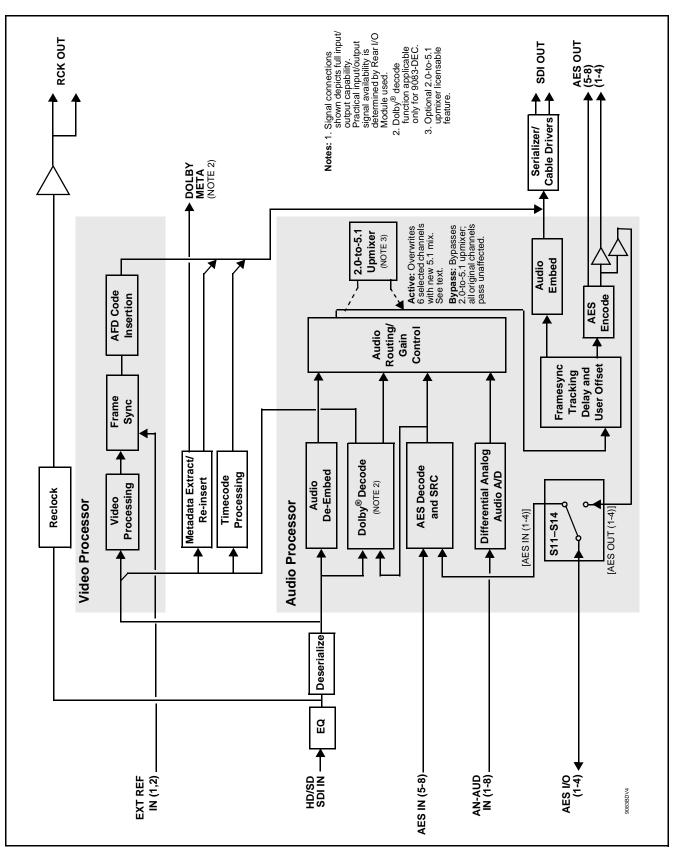


Figure 1-1 9083 Functional Block Diagram

Video Processor Description

Video Processor

The 9083 provides full color processing control (luma gain and lift, chroma saturation, and color phase) of the output video.

Frame Sync Function

This function provides for frame sync control using either one of two external **EXT REF IN (1,2)** reference signals distributed with the card frame, or the input video as a frame sync reference.

This function allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

A video/audio delay offset function allows adding or reducing audio delay from the matching video delay. This function is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. A Reset Framesync function resets the frame sync following any horizontal or vertical offset changes, clearing any buffered audio and video and re-establishing the frame sync. The 9083 re-establishes video/audio sync following framesync changes by applying an offset in small, progressive amounts to provide a seamless, glitch-free retiming. A user-selectable hard resync function allows setting a threshold at which hard resync is applied if audio-video offset exceeds the threshold. Hard resync provides fastest snyc-up suitable for off-air manipulation. Conversely, a threshold setting that avoids hard resync allows glitch-free on-air manipulation.

In the event of input video loss of signal, this function provides for disabling the video, going to a desired color raster, or freezing to the last intact frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

(**9083-DEC only**) When Dolby[®] data is received and actively routed into embedded or AES output channels, the frame sync function delays the video by one frame (as required by the Dolby[®] decode processing delay) to maintain video/audio sync.

AFD Inserter

This function provides for assignment and insertion of AFD codes into the SDI output video. Using this function, AFD codes in accordance with the standard 4-bit AFD code designations can be applied to the output video.

This function checks for any existing AFD code within the received video input. If a code is present, the code is displayed. When used in conjunction with a separate downstream card capable of providing AFD-directed scaling, the image can in turn be scaled in accordance with the AFD coding embedded by this card.

The function also allows the selection/changing of the AFD code and ancillary data line number for the outputted AFD code.

Dolby® Metadata Extractor/Re-inserter

- Notes: (9083 only) This function allows metadata extraction from input video only.
 - (9083-DEC only) This function is replaced with Dolby metadata tools that are part of the Dolby[®] decoder function. Refer to Dolby[®] Decoding (p. 1-16) for description of Dolby[®] metadata processing for the 9083-DEC card.

This function extracts and preserves Dolby[®] metadata from the input SDI, and in turn allows the metadata to be re-inserted in the output SDI. (The 9083 does not offer Dolby[®] decoding or encoding, but will pass Dolby[®] E and/or Dolby[®] DigitalTM encoded signals and metadata intact.) The extracted metadata is buffered and then output on a user-selectable line number on the SDI output, and on an RS-485 port on cards equipped with an appropriate Rear I/O Module.

Timecode Processor

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from the input video, and in turn re-insertion of timecode data into the output SDI. The function can monitor the SDI video input of the card for supported timecode formats, and then select and prioritize among SDI VITC, SDI ATC VITC, and SDI ATC LTC timecode sources. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired.

The function provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

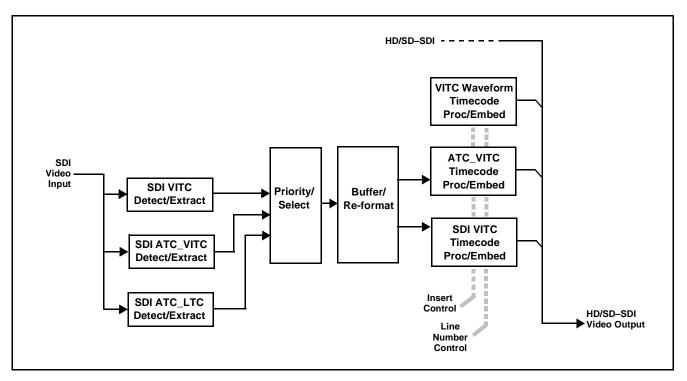


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

1

Audio Processor Description

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. The router function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video
- 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES input
- 8 channels of balanced analog audio input
- Four independent internal tone generators (described below)
- Digital silence (mute) setting
- Internal Down Mix and Mono Mixer outputs (described below)
- (9083-DEC only) Decoded Dolby[®] channels

The router function provides the following audio outputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio on the SDI output
- 16 channels of discrete AES output on eight AES pairs

The router acts as a full audio cross point. Each of the 32 output channels (16 embedded AES, 16 discrete AES) can receive signal from any one of the 40 (16 embedded AES, 16 discrete AES, 8 analog) input channels, four internal tone generators, or several mixer outputs. Unused output channels can be mapped to a "Silence" source. Each output also provides gain adjustment and selectable polarity inversion.

Output audio rates are always 48 kHz locked to output video, but discrete AES inputs can pass through the sample rate converters to align these inputs with the output timing. (AES must be nominally 48 kHz input; 32, 44.1, 96, and 192 kHz inputs are not compatible with the 9083.) The sample rate converters are disabled by default. Output AES is always precisely synchronized with the output video. The balanced analog audio input is sampled at 48 kHz with a +24 dBu clipping level (+24 dBu => 0 dBFS).

As set with the default settings, the routing between embedded audio channels **Embed Ch 1** thru **Embed Ch 16** and discrete AES audio channels **AES Ch1** thru **AES Ch 16** is as shown in Figure 1-3. In this mode, the routing is basic 1-to-1 embedding/de-embedding for the 16 embedded and AES discrete audio channels. Other sources and/or destinations (described below) for each channel are selected using the card edge controls or a remote control system.

Note: As shown in Figure 1-1, the 9083 is equipped with eight discrete AES input pair ports and eight discrete AES output pair ports. On Rear I/O Modules having limited AES I/O capabilities, switches S11 thru S14 allow available rear module BNC connectors to be allotted between AES inputs and outputs as desired. Buffered copies of AES OUT (1-4) are available as dedicated outputs and as respective outputs fed through S11 – S14 on the 9083 card.

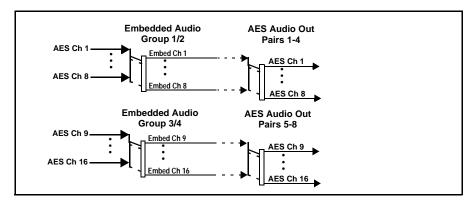


Figure 1-3 Default Embed/De-Embed Audio Routing

Audio Down Mixer and Mono Mixer Function

(See Figure 1-4.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded, AES discrete, or analog audio sources serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R)). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

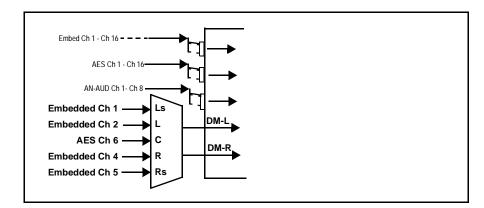


Figure 1-4 Audio Mixing Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

The Mono Mixer function (Figure 1-5) generates an additional mono-mixed channel from two selected embedded, AES discrete, or analog input channels serving as left and right inputs. The resulting mono mix channel **MONO** can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

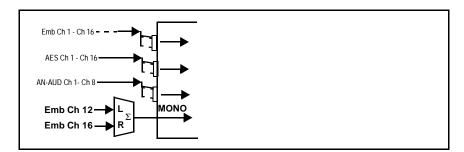


Figure 1-5 Audio Mono Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function

Note: Upmix function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt[®] price lists as "OPT-SW-UM") can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function receives a normal PCM stereo pair from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function and upmixes the pair to provide 5.1 channels (Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Low Frequency Effects (LFE), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs)). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo L and R inputs with new L and R signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to up mix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

- If the upmixer detects signal level **below** a selected threshold on **all four** of the selected channels designated as C, LFE, Ls, and Rs, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content.
- If the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the four selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed, allowing the original channels to pass unaffected.

The examples in Figure 1-6 show the automatic enable/disable up-mixing function applied to example selected channels **Emb Ch 1** thru **Emb Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS). Note also that this function is applied **after** the Audio Routing/Gain Control function. Because all audio inputs pass through the Audio Routing/Gain Control function before the up mixer, the up mixer can use embedded, AES discrete, and/or analog audio sources.

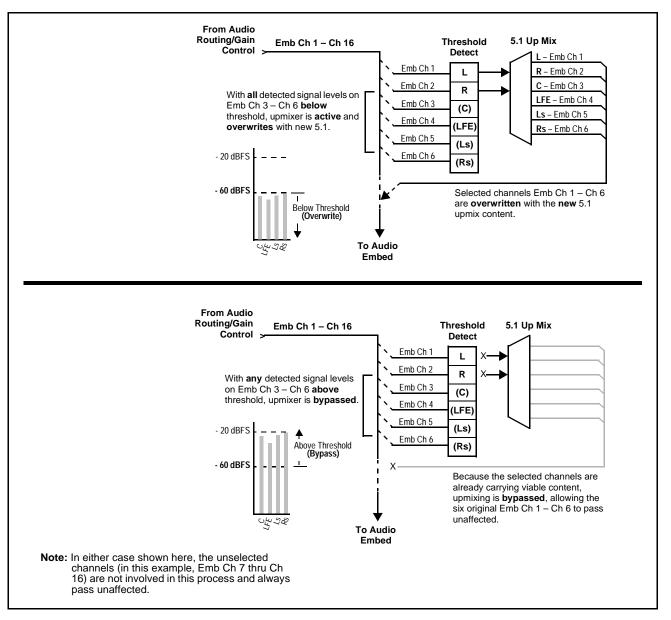


Figure 1-6 Up Mix Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

1

Tone Generator Function

The 9083 contains four built-in tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4). Each of the four tone generators can be set to a different frequency, and are available as audio sources for the embedded or AES audio outputs.

18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz).

Audio Routing Example

Figure 1-7 shows an example of using the 9083 audio embedding/ de-embedding and routing functions to de-embed audio, route the audio to discrete outputs for post-production processing (in this example, a console used for post-production EQ, levels, and monitor), and finally re-embed the audio into the SDI video output. Additionally, the example shows how external analog and internal tone generator sources can be embedded into the SDI output (in this example, a provision for local station ID voice-over analog and a tone).

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** source can route to **any** destination.

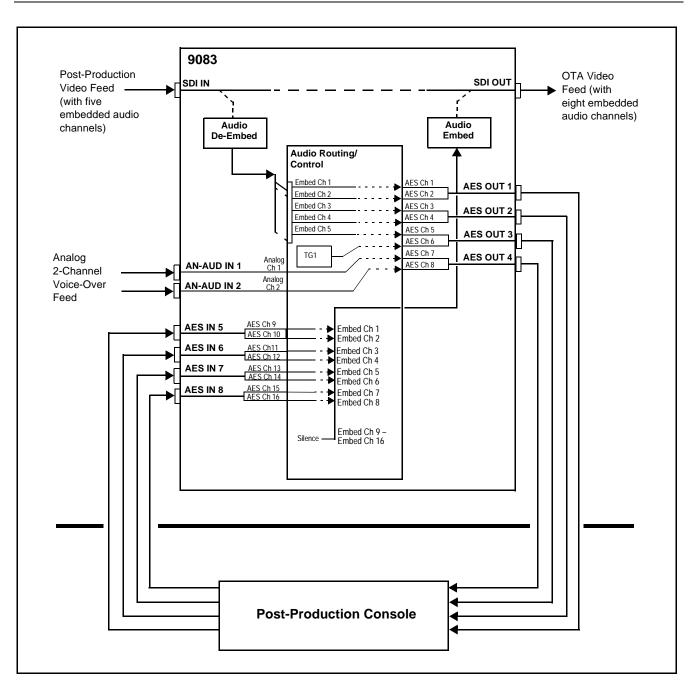


Figure 1-7 Audio Routing Example

AES Audio Input Advanced Features

AES Sample Rate Converter

The 9083 AES inputs have sample rate converters that can be independently enabled for each AES pair to allow the card to interface with asynchronous AES sources (sources in which AES timing does not match the video input timing). The sample rate converters are set to disabled (bypassed) by default; this is necessary when embedding non-PCM AES audio such as Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] Digital audio streams. When a valid Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] Digital signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an AES or embedded audio signal, SRC is automatically bypassed along with gain and polarity controls.

Zero-Delay Audio Embedding

In cases where additional delay must be avoided, it may be desirable to embed AES with minimum latency. For example if Dolby[®] E is to be embedded into video with no latency, additional delay may not be tolerable. Using zero-delay embedding, the video can then be delayed by one frame to account for the Dolby E encoding delay. In this manner, any delay between video and audio can be cleanly contained within one frame period.

When zero-delay audio embedding is enabled for a given AES pair, the pair is directly embedded into its corresponding group (for example, AES Pair 1 into embedded channels 1 and 2; AES Pair 2 into embedded channels 3 and 4, and so on) with the normal frame sync audio delay being bypassed.

This function overrides the audio routing system (for example if AES Pair 1 is selected, then the controls to route AES Pair 1 into other embedded channels will not apply). Gain and polarity control is not available when this option is selected. Zero-delay audio embedding is set to Off by default.

Low-Latency AES Passthrough

This function is similar to zero-delay audio embedding. If low-latency AES passthrough is selected for a given input pair, it causes the corresponding AES output pair to act as a bit-for-bit copy of the corresponding AES input pair.

This control overrides the normal audio routing and delay. Gain and polarity control is not available when this option is selected. Passthrough is set to Off by default.

Dolby® Decoding (9083-DEC only)

Note: Although the 9083-DEC Dolby[®] decoder can provide Dolby[®] Digital[™] (AC-3) decoding, discussion and examples here describe only Dolby[®] E decoding.

When Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] DigitalTM is present on an embedded audio pair, the decoder produces up to 10 decoded channels (according to the Dolby[®] sub-format received from the metadata). All resulting channels are available as inputs to the audio router.

Dolby® Identification and Metadata Output Processing

(See Figure 1-8.) All embedded channels are checked by the 9083-DEC for valid Dolby[®] status. When a valid Dolby[®] encoded embedded pair is detected, the channel pair carrying the Dolby[®] format is displayed as "Present, Dolby E" or "Present, Dolby Digital", as applicable. (The decoder always uses the metadata associated with its respective pair.) A selected encoded channel pair can then be directed to the Dolby[®] decoder. The decoder then displays the Dolby[®] bitstream format and program configuration (for example, "Dolby E 20-bit 5.1+2" indicating 5-channel surround with LFE channel and stereo monitor pair) for the selected pair, as defined by its metadata.

The 9083-DEC can embed metadata on the SDI output, sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired. Similarly, the 9083-DEC **DOLBY META** output can provide RS-485 metadata for downstream devices or systems. Metadata on the **DOLBY META** RS-485 output can also be sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired.

Audio Decoding

(See Figure 1-8.) Based on the channels carrying the Dolby[®] encoded pair and the format defined within, the Dolby[®] decoder provides up to 10 decoded audio channels (**Dolby Ch 1** thru **Dolby Ch 8**; **Dolby Mix 1**, **Dolby Mix 2**). Each channel can be routed just as any other audio channel described in this section.

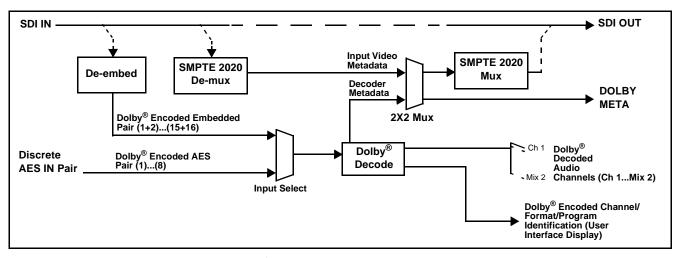


Figure 1-8 Dolby[®] Decoding and Metadata Output Processing

User Control Interface

Figure 1-9 shows the user control interface options for the 9083. These options are individually described below.

Note: All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.

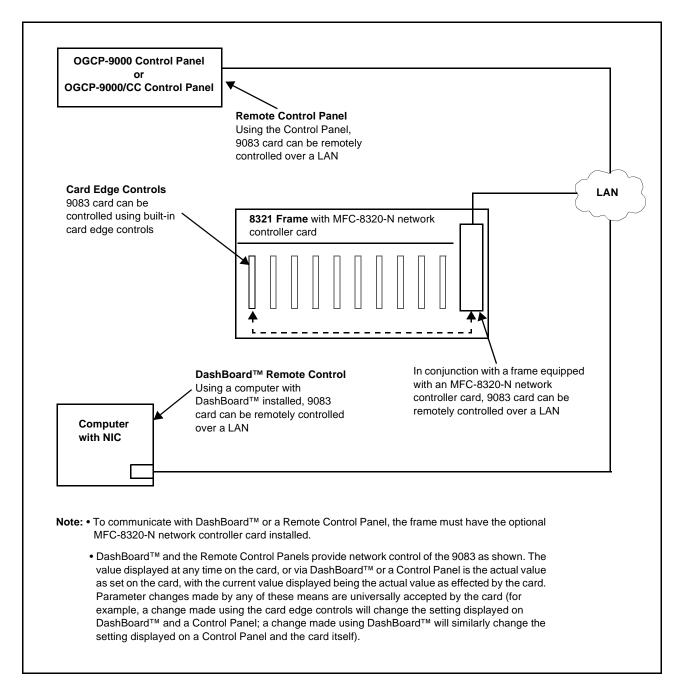


Figure 1-9 9083 User Control Interface

- **Built-in Card Edge User Interface** Using the built-in card edge controls and display, card control settings can be set using a front panel menu which is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".
- Note: Some of the 9083 functions described in this manual are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel user interfaces.
 - **DashBoard[™] User Interface** Using DashBoard[™], the 9083 and other cards installed in openGear[™] frames such as the Cobalt[®] 8321 Frame can be controlled from a computer and monitor.

DashBoardTM allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoardTM, so the control interface is always up to date.

The DashBoardTM software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website: <u>www.cobaltdigital.com</u> (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoardTM user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide **Remote Control** User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS[™] cards using DashBoard[™]. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents> Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-26).

 Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of the 9083 and other video and audio processing terminal equipment meeting the open-architecture Cobalt COMPASSTM cards for openGearTM standard.

In addition to circumventing the need for a computer to monitor and control signal processing cards, the Control Panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.

The Remote Control Panels are totally compatible with the openGearTM control software DashBoardTM; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other. The Remote Control Panel user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

9083 Rear I/O Modules

The 9083 physically interfaces to system video and audio connections using a Rear I/O Module. Figure 1-10 shows a typical 9083 Rear I/O Module.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 9083 Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-1) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the 9083 card edge connections to industry standard connections that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

In this manner, the particular inputs and outputs required for a particular application can be accommodated using a Rear I/O Module that suits the requirements. The required input and outputs are broken out to the industry standard connectors on the Rear I/O Module; the unused inputs and outputs remain unterminated and not available for use.

The full assortment of 9083 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9083 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-6) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

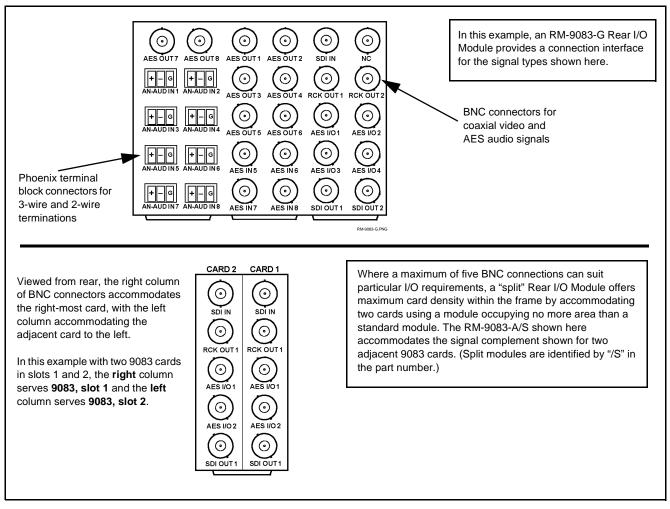


Figure 1-10 Typical 9083 Rear I/O Modules

Audio and Video Formats Supported by the 9083

The 9083 supports all current SMPTE standard SD and HD video formats. Table 1-1 lists and provides details regarding the audio and video formats supported by the 9083.

| Desc | cription/Specification |
|---|--|
| Raster Structure: | Frame Rate: |
| 1080PsF | 23.98; 24 |
| 1080p | 23.98; 24 |
| 1080i ⁽¹⁾ | 25; 29.97; 30 |
| 720p | 23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94; 60 |
| 486i ⁽¹⁾ | 29.97 |
| 575i ⁽¹⁾ | 25 |
| The 9083 supports all four groups (16 channels) of embedded audio at full 24-bit resolution in both SD (with extended data packets) and HD. The 9083 supports 8 channels of balanced (differential) analog audio. The analog audio is encoded such that a +24 dBu input is equivalent to | |
| digital 0 dBFS. The 9083 can accept 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES audio on 75Ω BNC connections. Sample rate conversion can be employed to account for minor clock rate differences in the AES stream and the input video stream. | |
| | at have a nominal rate of approximately oes not support AES input at 32 kHz, 192 kHz rates. |
| The 9083 can provide 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES audio on 75Ω BNC connections. | |
| The 9083-DEC provides up to 10 decoded AES channels when valid Dolby [®] E or Dolby [®] Digital [™] audio is received on either discrete AES or embedded inputs with corresponding metadata. | |
| | Raster Structure:1080PsF1080p1080i (1)720p486i (1)575i (1)The 9083 supports all four full 24-bit resolution in bothThe 9083 supports 8 chang The analog audio is encode digital 0 dBFS.The 9083 can accept 16 cf 75 Ω BNC connections. Sa account for minor clock rati input video stream.Note: The AES signal mus 48 kHz. The 9083 d 44.1 kHz, 96 kHz orThe 9083 can provide 16 cf 75 Ω BNC connections.The 9083-DEC provides up Dolby® E or Dolby® Digital |

Technical Specifications

Table 1-2 lists the technical specifications for the 9083 HD/SD Frame Sync HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option card.

| Item | Characteristic |
|---|--|
| Part number, nomenclature | 9083 – HD/SD Frame Sync HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding |
| | 9083-DEC – HD/SD Frame Sync HD/SD Frame Sync with Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and Dolby[®] Decoding Option |
| Installation/usage environment | Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear™ modular system definition. |
| Power consumption | < 15 Watts maximum |
| Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage): | 32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing |
| Frame communication | 10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX. |
| Indicators | Card edge display and indicators as follows: |
| | 4-character alphanumeric display |
| | Status/Error LED indicator |
| | Input Format LED indicator |
| Controls | Card edge switches as follows: |
| | Menu Enter pushbutton switch |
| | Menu Exit pushbutton switch |
| | Up/down selection toggle switch |
| Internal Tone Generators | Four built-in tone generators, each configurable for 18 discrete sine wave frequencies ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz. |
| | Generator source signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu. |
| Resolution | 10-bit video data path |

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications

| Item | Characteristic |
|---|---|
| Serial Digital Video Input | Data Rates Supported: SMPTE 292 HD-SDI: 1.485 Gbps or 1.485/1.001 Gbps SMPTE 259M-C SD-SDI: 270 Mbps Impedance: 75 Ω terminating Equalization (HD): 328 ft (100 m) Belden 1694A Equalization (SD): 1000 ft (305 m) Belden 1694A Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 1.485 GHz |
| Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs | Number of Outputs: Two HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz > 12 dB at 270 MHz – 1.485 GHz Signal Level: 800 mV ± 10% DC Offset: 0 V ± 50 mV Jitter (HD): < 0.15 UI (all outputs) Jitter (SD): < 0.10 UI (all outputs) Overshoot: < 0.2% of amplitude |
| Pre-Processor (Reclocked) Serial Digital Video Outputs | Number of Outputs: Two HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 Ω |

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications — continued

| ltem | Characteristic |
|---|--|
| AES Audio Input | Standard:SMPTE 276MNumber of Inputs (maximum): 8 unbalancedInput Level: 0.1 to 2.5 Vp-p (5 Vp-p tolerant)Input Impedance: 75Ω Return Loss:> 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHzResolution:24-bit onlySample Rate:48 kHzSRC:32-channel; 142 dB S/N |
| Analog Audio Input | Number of Inputs (maximum): Eight, 3-wire balanced analog audio using Phoenix connectors with removable screw terminal blocks (Phoenix PN 1803581; Cobalt PN 5000-0013-000R) Sampling Rate: 48 kHz (locked to video input) Signal Level: +24 dBu => 0 dBFS A/D Frequency Response: 20 – 20 kHz ± 0.25 dB |
| AES Audio Output | Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 30 dB 100 kHz to 6 MHz Sample Rate: 48 kHz |
| (9083-DEC only) Dolby [®] Metadata Output | 2-wire RS-485 and/or embedded into SDI video output (user selectable) |

| Item | Characteristic |
|-----------------------|---|
| Reference Video Input | Number of Inputs: Two non-terminating (looping) Frame Reference inputs Standards Supported (HD): 720p 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94 1080i 25; 29.97 1080p 23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30 1080p/sF 23.98; 24 Standards Supported (SD): 486i 29.97 (NTSC); 575i 25 (PAL) |
| | Signal Level: 1 Vp-p nominal Signal Type: Analog video sync (black burst or tri-level) |
| | Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 30 dB to 30 MHz Allowable Maximum DC on Ref Input: ±1.0 V |

| Table 1-2 | Technical Specifications — continued |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| | recimical opecifications continued |

Warranty and Service Information

Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby[®] modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center

| 2406 E. University Avenue | Office: (217) 344-1243 |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Urbana, IL 61802 USA | Fax: (217) 344-1245 |
| www.cobaltdigital.com | Email: info@cobaltdigital.com |

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Contact Cobalt Digital Inc.

Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- Technical support
- Upcoming trade show information

| Phone: | (217) 344-1243 |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Fax: | (217) 344-1245 |
| Web: | www.cobaltdigital.com |
| General Information: | info@cobaltdigital.com |
| Technical Support: | support@cobaltdigital.com |

Chapter 2

Installation and Setup

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

- Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (p. 2-1)
- Installing the 9083 Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-2)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-5)
- Setting Up 9083 Network Remote Control (p. 2-10)

Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports

- **Note:** This procedure is applicable only if any of the four AES I/O (1-4) ports on the 9083 are to be used as **outputs** (the switches are set to input mode by factory default). The 9083 is equipped with a four-section red DIP switch that sets AES pairs 1 thru 4 as either inputs or outputs. The factory default position is the **input** position for each pair.
 - If all of the AES I/O (1-4) ports are to be used as inputs (or not used at all), omit this procedure.
 - If any of the AES I/O (1-4) ports are to be used as outputs, set the switches as described in this procedure.

Note switch S11 thru S14 settings for **AES I/O 1** thru **AES I/O 4** mode shown in Figure 2-1. For port to be used as an **output**, set switch to down position as shown in Figure 2-1.

Note: Regardless of S11 thru S14 settings for AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4, outputs AES OUT (1-8) are still available on cards equipped with a Rear I/O Module having dedicated AES OUT (1-8) BNC connectors.

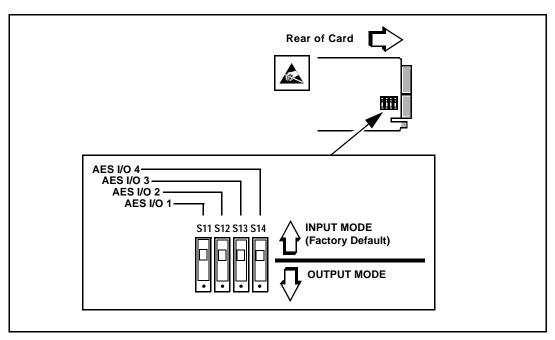


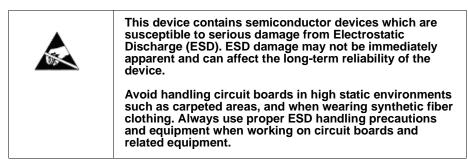
Figure 2-1 9083 AES I/O (1-4) Mode Switches

Installing the 9083 Into a Frame Slot

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9083 has a moderate power dissipation (15 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

CAUTION



- **Note:** If installing the 9083 in an 8310-C-BNC or 8310-BNC frame (which is pre-equipped with a 100-BNC rear I/O module installed across the entire backplane) or a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, proceed to card installation steps below.
 - If installing the 9083 an 8321 frame, or in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-5) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9083 into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

Note: Check the packaging in which the 9083 was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and to be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the 9083 into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the 9083 is to be installed.
- **2.** Open the frame front access panel.
- **3.** While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- 4. Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- 6. Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- **7.** Close the frame front access panel.

- 8. Connect the input and output cables as follows:
 - If the 9083 is being installed in a PN 8310-BNC or 8310-C-BNC frame, refer to the label on the connector bank corresponding to the card's slot location for connector designations.
 - If the 9083 is being installed in a frame using a specific 9083 Rear I/O Module, connect cabling in accordance with the appropriate diagram shown in Table 2-1, "9083 Rear I/O Modules" (p. 2-6).
- 9. Repeat steps 1 through 8 for other 9083 cards.
- **Note:** The 9083 BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.
- **Note:** To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.
 - 10. If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Cobalt[®] reference guide "COMPASS[™] Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).
- Note: If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Installing a Rear I/O Module

Note: This procedure is applicable **only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed** in the slot where the 9083 is to be installed.

If installing the 9083 in a 8310-C-BNC or 8310-BNC frame (which is pre-equipped with a 100-BNC rear I/O module installed across the entire backplane) or a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

The full assortment of 9083 Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9083 Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-6). Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the 9083 is to be installed.
- **2.** In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-2.

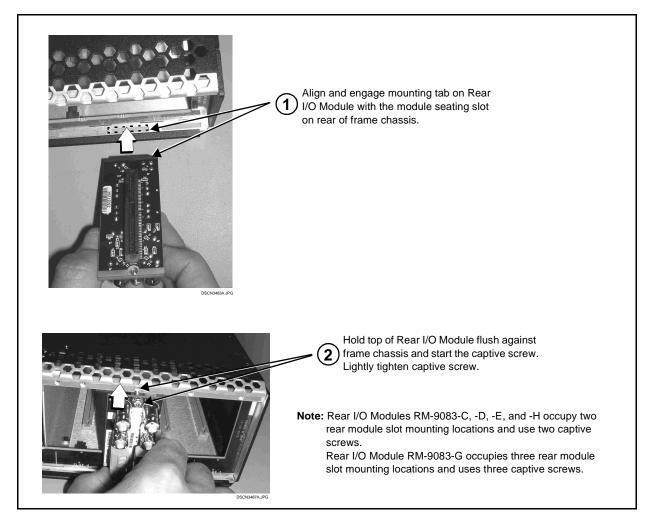


Figure 2-2 Rear I/O Module Installation

9083 Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 9083.

- **Notes:** Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.
 - RM20-x Rear I/O Modules compatible only with 8321 20-slot frames.

Table 2-19083 Rear I/O Modules

| 9083 Rear I/O Module | Description |
|---|---|
| RM-9083-A | Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT 1 and RCK OUT 2) Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2) |
| CARD 2 CARD 1 Image: SDI IN Image: SDI IN Image: SDI IN <t< th=""><th> Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9083 cards: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT 1) Two AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 and AES I/O 2; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Buffered SDI coaxial output (SDI OUT 1) </th></t<> | Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9083 cards: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT 1) Two AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 and AES I/O 2; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Buffered SDI coaxial output (SDI OUT 1) |

| 9083 Rear I/O Module | Description |
|--|--|
| RM-9083-B | Provides the following connections: |
| | HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) |
| | Six analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 6) |
| SDIN NC ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD ANAUD SDIOUT1 SDIOUT2 | • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2) |
| | Provides the following connections: |
| RM-9083-C | HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) |
| | Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) |
| | Two dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 5 and AES IN 6) |
| | Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) |
| | Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) |
| AN-AUD IN 5 AN-AUD IN 6 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 | • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2) |
| AN-AUD IN 7 AN-AUD IN 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2 | Note: AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2 on RM-9083-C Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 or AES I/O 2 are used as inputs or outputs. |

Table 2-1 9083 Rear I/O Modules — continued

Table 2-1 9083 Rear I/O Modules — continued

2

| 9083 Rear I/O Module | Description |
|---|---|
| RM-9083-D | Provides the following connections: |
| | HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) |
| | Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) |
| AN-AUD IN1 AN-AUD IN2 AES I/O1 AES I/O2 | • Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) |
| | Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) |
| | Dolby [®] RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) |
| AN-AUDINS AN-AUDING AES OUT1 AES OUT2 | Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2) |
| AN-AUD IN 7 AN-AUD IN 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2 RM9080 PMG | Note: AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2 on RM-9083-D Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 or AES I/O 2 are used as inputs or outputs. |
| RM-9083-E | Provides the following connections: |
| | HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) |
| DOLBY META SDI IN AES INB | Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) |
| AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES I/O 1 AES I/O 2 | Two dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN s and AES IN 6) |
| $\bigcirc \bigcirc \odot \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) |
| AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES I/O 3 AES I/O 4 | Dolby [®] RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) |
| AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 AES IN 5 AES IN 6 | Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and SDI OUT 2) |
| AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2 | Note: AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4 on RM-9083-E Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 are used as inputs or outputs. |

9083 Rear I/O Modules — continued 9083 Rear I/O Module Description RM-9083-F Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) \odot \odot • Five AES coaxial inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4; AES IN 8) SDIIN AES IN 8 Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs \odot \odot (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and \odot \odot SDI OUT 2) AES IN 2 AES IN 1 Note: For AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4 on RM-9083-F Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O \odot \odot switches S11 - S14 must be set to Input AES IN 4 (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AFS IN 3 AES I/O (1-4) Ports (p. 2-1) for more \odot \odot information. SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT2 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies RM-9083-G (RCK OUT 1 and RCK OUT 2) Four dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 5 thru AES IN 8) \odot \odot \odot \odot \odot \odot • Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 SDI IN NC AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is ં૦ \odot \odot \odot G G user-configurable) AFS OUT 4 RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 2 AES OUT 3 Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) + - G \odot \odot 0 \odot |+___G AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 AES I/01 AES 1/02 • Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) \odot \odot \odot 0 + - G **+** – G Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT 1 and AES IN 6 AES I/O3 AES I/O 4 SDI OUT 2) 0 ં \odot \odot G + + – G Note: AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4 on RM-9083-G AN-AUDIN7 AN-AUDIN8 AES IN 8 AES IN 7 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2 Rear I/O Module always function as outputs RM-9083-G.PN regardless of whether AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 are used as inputs or outputs.

Table 2-1

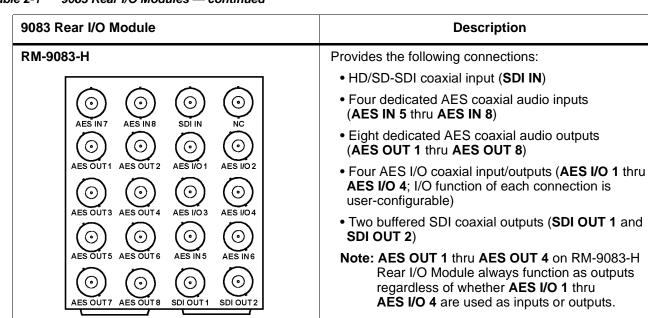


Table 2-1 9083 Rear I/O Modules — continued

Setting Up 9083 Network Remote Control

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt[®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS[™] cards using DashBoard[™]. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support> Documents>Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-26).

 If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Chapter 3

Operating Instructions

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the 9083 Card via Remote Control (p. 3-12)
- Checking 9083 Card Information (p. 3-14)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-15)
- 9083 Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-16)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-66)

Control and Display Descriptions

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays (both on-card and remote controls) for using the 9083 card. The 9083 functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the 9083 functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the 9083 functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related parameters can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

After familiarizing yourself with the arrangement described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview, proceed to the subsection for the particular user interface being used. Descriptions and general instructions for using each of the three user interfaces are individually described in the following subsections:

- 9083 Card Edge Controls, Indicators, and Display (p. 3-3)
- DashBoardTM User Interface (p. 3-8)
- Cobalt[®] Remote Control Panel User Interfaces (p. 3-11)

- Note: Instructions provided here are applicable for all available user control methods. However, DashBoard[™] and the Remote Control Panel provide greatly simplified user interfaces as compared to using the card edge controls. For this reason, **it is strongly recommended** that DashBoard[™] or a Remote Control Panel be used for all card applications other than the most basic cases.
- **Note:** Not all functions available using DashBoard[™] or the Control Panel are available using the card edge controls.
- **Note:** When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard[™] (or the Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the 9083 card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the 9083 card are organized into function **submenus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the 9083 card and its submenus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function submenus, and parameters.

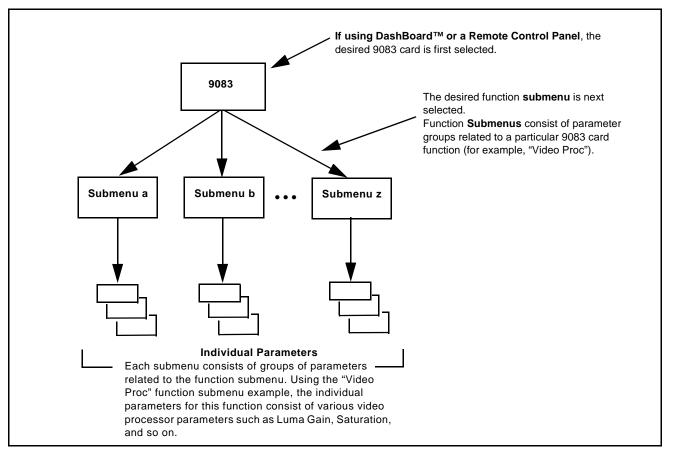


Figure 3-1 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

9083 Card Edge Controls, Indicators, and Display

Figure 3-2 shows and describes the 9083 card edge controls, indicators, and display.

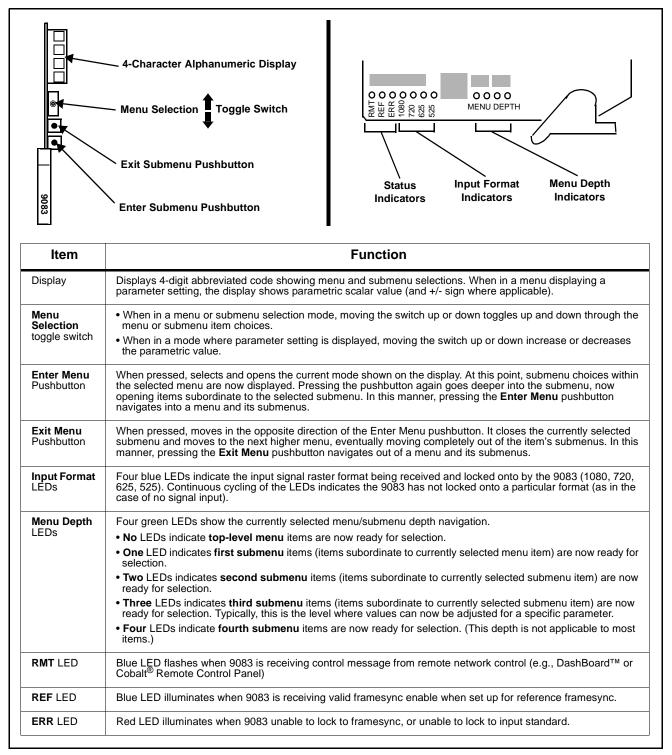


Figure 3-2 9083 Controls, Indicators, and Display

9083 Card Edge Control Menu/Submenu Structure

(See below.) Using the menu system of group menus and submenus described earlier, the 9083 parameters/controls are organized into menus and submenus. As appropriate, a submenu similarly may have its own further additional subordinate submenus.

| | Menu Depth | Menu depth (as indicated by9083 Menu Depth LEDs) |
|--|------------|--|
| enu Group Item | | none |
| Submenu 1 (Submenu 1 selection items) | 1 | • • • • |
| Submenu 2 (Submenu 2 selection items) | 2 | $\bullet \bullet \circ \circ$ |
| Submenu 3 (Submenu 3 selection items and/or parameter values) | 3 | ●●●○ |
| Submenu 4 (Submenu 4 selection items and/or parameter values) | 4 | •••• |

Figure 3-3 shows an example of using the card edge controls to access the Embedded Audio processing group menu (along with some of its submenus) to set the routing and signal processing parameters for an embedded audio channel. (A) through (S) in Figure 3-3 denote the discrete tasks required in performing the example setup using the 9083 card edge controls.

In this example, the following input processing is being performed:

- Embedded Channel 3 is selected as the source for Embedded Channel 1 within Embedded Audio Group 1.
- Gain is increased over unity default by 12.1.
- Phase is inverted.

In this example, the following output processing is being performed:

- The embedded Channel 1 path has been directed to AES Output Channel 1.
- Gain is increased over unity output default by 18.5.
- Phase is normal (non-inverted).

Due to the limited control available when using the built-in card edge control user interface, the navigation into and out of submenus shown in Figure 3-3 is required to perform the setup described above.

| Submenu Depth | | | | | (embedded audio routing/control)) |
|---------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | |
| A | Embd AES Tone | | | | Press Enter Menu and in this example, select Embd (Embedded Audio Groups). This selects embedded audio function of the Audio processor. |
| B | | Grp1 Grp2 Grp3 Grp4 | | | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Grp1 (Embedded Audio Group 1). This selects the embedded audio group to be accessed. |
| © | | | Enbl | | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Enbl (Enable). |
| D | | | | On Off | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select On. This sets the selected embedded audio group to Enabled. |
| E | | | Ch01 Ch02 Ch03 Ch04 | | Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Ch01 (Destination Embedded Channel 1). This selects the embedded channel to be accessed. |
| F | | | | Src Gain Pol | Press Enter Menu and select in this example, Src (source for embedded channel 1). This selects the source for the embedded channel. |
| 6 | | | | Em01 Em02 Em03 | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Em03 (embeddded channel 3 as source for embedded channel 1). This selects embedded channel 3 as the source for embedded channel 1. |
| H | | | | Src Gain Pol | Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Gain (gain adjustment field for selected embedded audio channel). |
| | | | | (gain value) | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select a gain value of 12.1 for this channel. |
| J | | | | Src Gain Pol | Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Pol (phase for embedded channel 1). |
| ĸ | | | | Norm Inv | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Inv (invert polarity for embedded channel 1). (continued on next page) |

Figure 3-3 Card Edge Controls Setup of Example Embedded Audio Function (sheet 1 of 2)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | Α | (continued from anoticut actual) |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| | | 2 | 3 | 4 | (continued from previous page) |
| L | Embd AES Tone | | | | Go to submenu 1 and in this example, select AES (AES outp channel selection). This selects an AES output channel as the output for this group. |
| M | | Ch01 Ch02 Ch03 | | | Press Enter Menu and in this example, select Ch01 (AES Out Channel 1). |
| N | | | Src Gain Pol | | Press Enter Menu again and select in this example, Src (sour for AES Output Channel 1). |
| 0 | | | | Em01 Em02 Em03 | Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Em01 (Embeddded Channel 1 as source for AES Output Channel 1 |
| P | | | Src Gain Pol | | Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Gain (gain adjustment field for selected AES output channel). |
| 0 | | | | (gain value) | Press Enter Menu and in this example, select a gain value of 18.5 for this channel. |
| R | | | Src Gain Pol | | Press Exit Menu and in this example, select PoI (polarity for Embedded Channel 1). |
| S | | | | Norm Inv | Press Enter Menu and in this example, select Norm (no invert AES output channel 1). |
| In T abb in th navi sub carc In th | able 3-2, "9 reviated dia ne example igation requ menu item d edge cont | tup Abbrev 083 Functio grams (as s to the right uired to acc or paramete rols. e, group ena dio Group 1 | on Submer shown abo) show the ess a parti er when us able for | nu List" we and Au cular ing the | Card Edge Control Menu: ud I 2 3 4 Embd Grp1 Enbl On Off Set embedded audio group to On Set embedded audio group to Off |

Figure 3-3 Card Edge Controls Setup of Example Embedded Audio Function (sheet 2 of 2)

Card Edge Display Orientation, Brightness, and Timeout Adjust

The card edge 4-Character Alphanumeric Display can be changed between vertical or horizontal character orientation to suit the mounting position of the card as shown and described below.

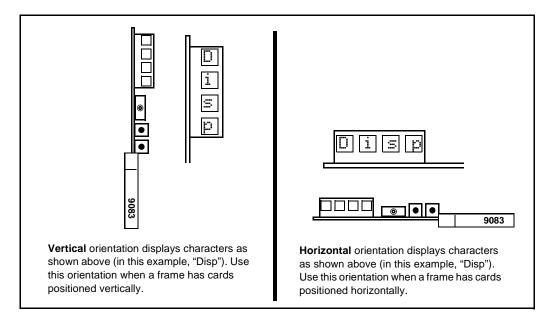


Figure 3-4 Card Edge Display Orientation

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- 2. Select between Horizontal or Vertical as shown below.

| | Card Edge Control Menu: | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| Disp | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | | | | |
| | H/V | | | | | |
| | | Horz Vert | Horizontal orientation Vertical orientation | | | |

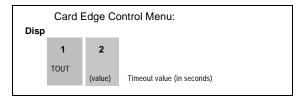
Adjust the display brightness as described below.

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- 2. Select from the relative brightness levels as shown below.

| Disp | | Edge Co |
|------|------|---|
| | 1 | 2 |
| | BRGT | 100% 53% 40% 27% 20% 13% 6.6% |

The timeout period from when a menu is entered to when the display times outs (reverts to the default card model display) can be adjusted from 5 to 9999 seconds (166.7 minutes) as described below.

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- **2.** Use the up/down switch to enter the desired timeout value as shown below.



DashBoard[™] User Interface

(See Figure 3-5.) The 9083 function submenus are organized in DashBoardTM using tabs (for example, "Embedded Audio Group 1/2" in Figure 3-5). When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed in DashBoardTM are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9083 card edge controls.)

Figure 3-5 shows the same setup described in Figure 3-3 as performed using DashBoardTM. Note how this setup is greatly simplified using DashBoardTM with most of the discrete tasks (A through S in Figure 3-3) performed with the card edge controls now rolled into simple actions using DashBoardTM.

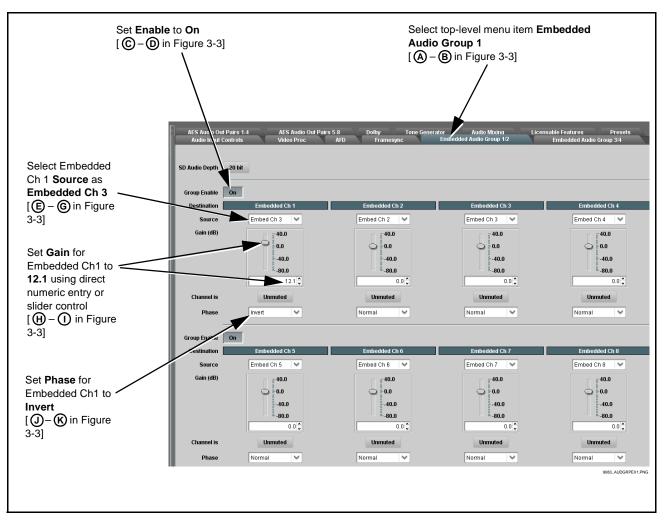


Figure 3-5 DashBoard[™] Setup of Example Embedded Audio Function (sheet 1 of 2)

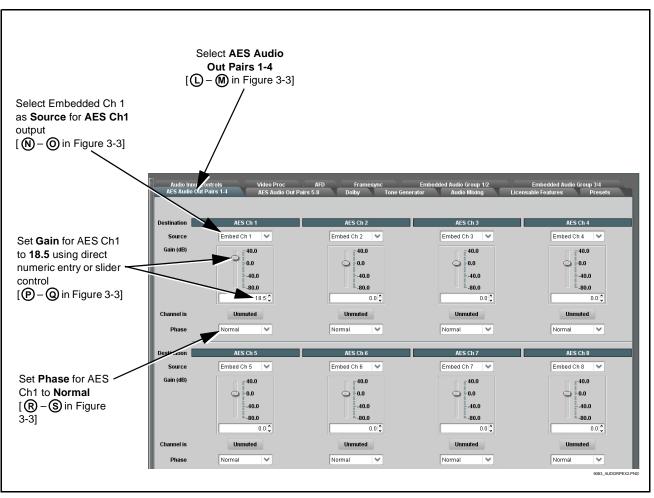


Figure 3-5 DashBoard[™] Setup of Example Embedded Audio Function (sheet 2 of 2)

Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces

(See Figure 3-6.) Similar to the function submenu tabs using DashBoardTM, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act as potentiometers. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act as rotary switches. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9083 card edge controls.)

Figure 3-6 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel as compared to using the card edge controls.

Note: Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

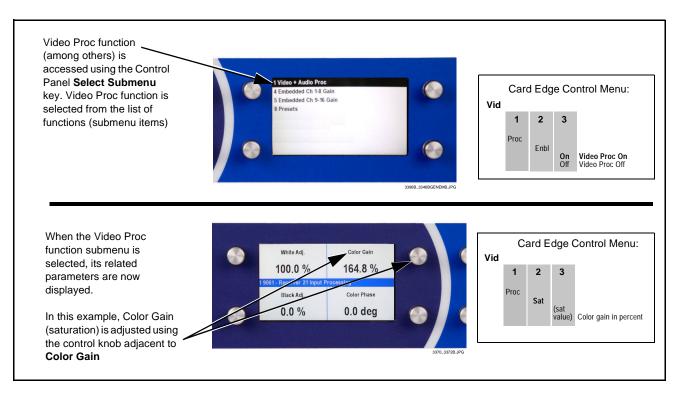


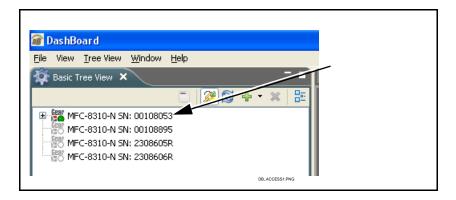
Figure 3-6 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function

Accessing the 9083 Card via Remote Control

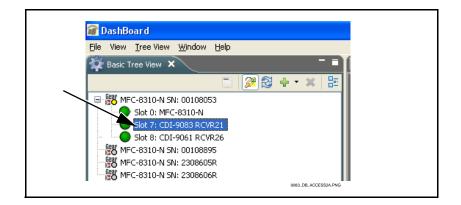
Access the 9083 card using DashBoardTM or Cobalt[®] Remote Control Panel as described below.

Accessing the 9083 Card Using DashBoard™

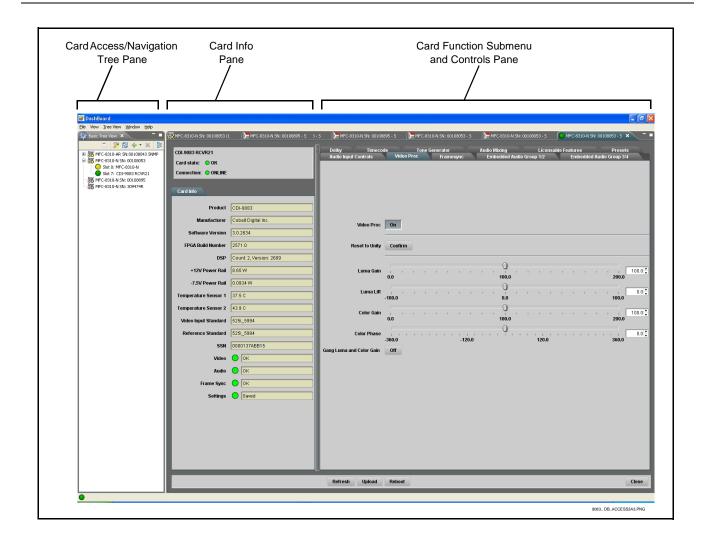
- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoardTM.
- **2.** As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the 9083 card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053").



3. As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 7: CDI-9083 RCVR21").

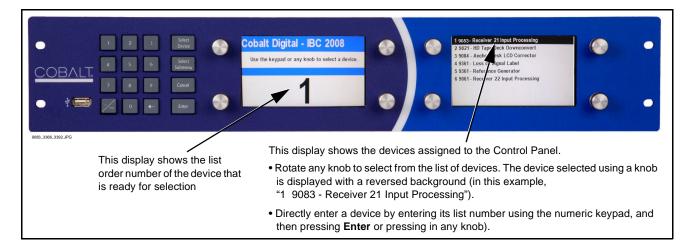


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed a DashBoardTM its function submenu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular submenu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoardTM).



Accessing the 9083 Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



Checking 9083 Card Information

The operating status and software version the 9083 card can be checked using DashBoardTM or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-7 shows and describes the 9083 card information screen using DashBoardTM and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

Note: Proper operating status in DashBoard[™] is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-7. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-66) for corrective action.

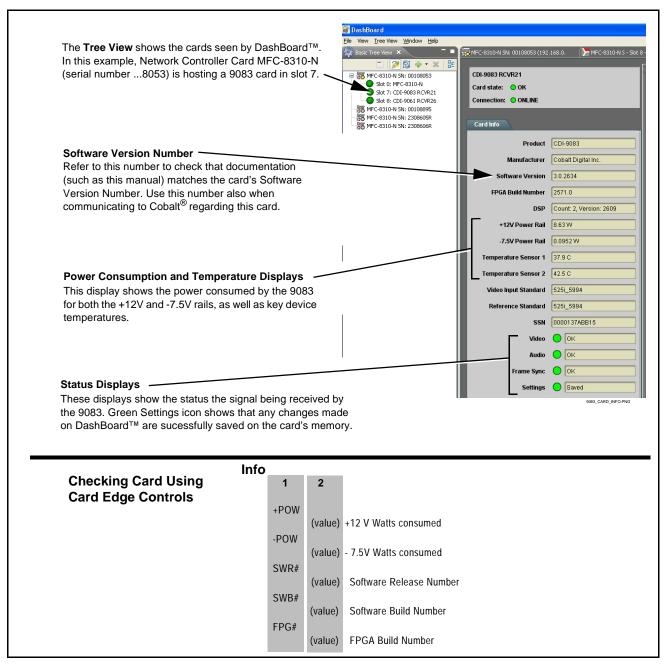


Figure 3-7 9083 Card Info Utility

HD

9/8 (Note 2)

10 (Note 2)

13 (Note 2)

10 (Note 2)

Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | , | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|
| | Default L | ine No. / Range |
| ltem | SD | |
| AFD | 12 (Note 2) | 9 (Note 2) |

12 (locked)

13 (Note 2)

21 (locked)

14/16 (Note 2)

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

| Notes: |
|--------|
|--------|

ATC_VITC

ATC_LTC

Dolby[®] Metadata

SDI VITC Waveform

Closed Captioning

- 1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
- 2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

| Format | Line No. Limiting | Format | Line No. Limiting | Format | Line No. Limiting |
|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|
| 525i | 12-19 | 720p | 9-25 | 1080p | 9-41 |
| 625i | 9-22 | 1080i | 9-20 | | |

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-8 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

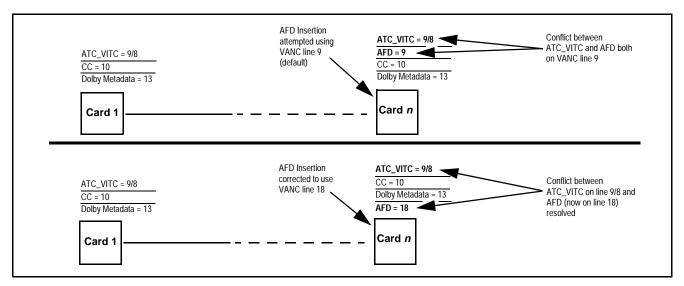


Figure 3-8 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Example

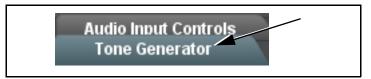
9083 Function Submenu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 9083 function submenu ('tab") and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoardTM to access each function and its corresponding submenus and parameters.

- Note: All numeric (scalar) parameters displayed on DashBoard[™] can be changed using the slider controls, a arrows, or by numeric keypad entry in the corresponding numeric field. (When using numeric keypad entry, add a return after the entry to commit the entry.)
- **Note:** Table 3-2 also provides abbreviated menu structure charts showing the menu structure for accessing the function/parameter using the card edge controls. Where this is not shown for a particular control, this indicates the control is **not** available using card edge controls.

If using card edge controls, refer to 9083 Card Edge Control Menu/Submenu Structure (p. 3-4) and Figure 3-3 for an explanation and an example of card edge control menu structure navigation.

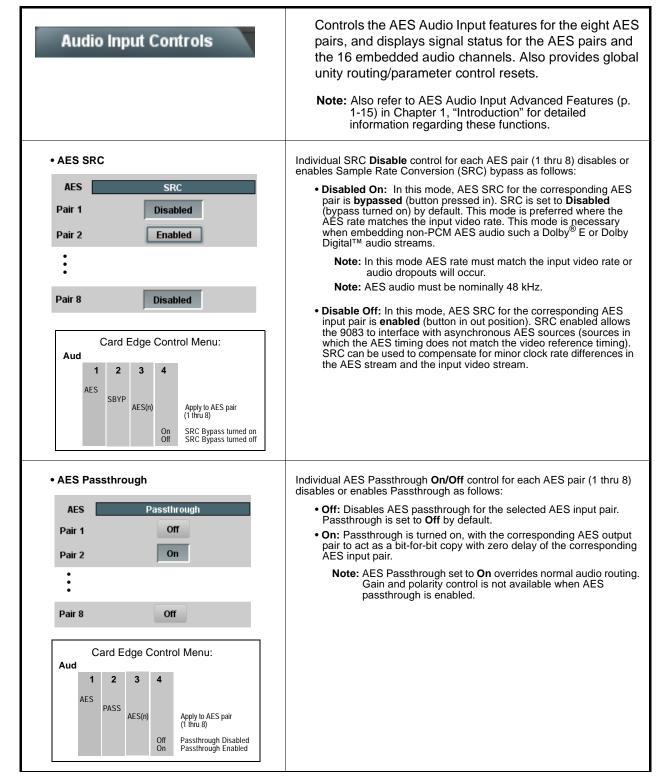
On DashBoardTM itself and in Table 3-2, the function submenu items are organized using tabs as shown below.

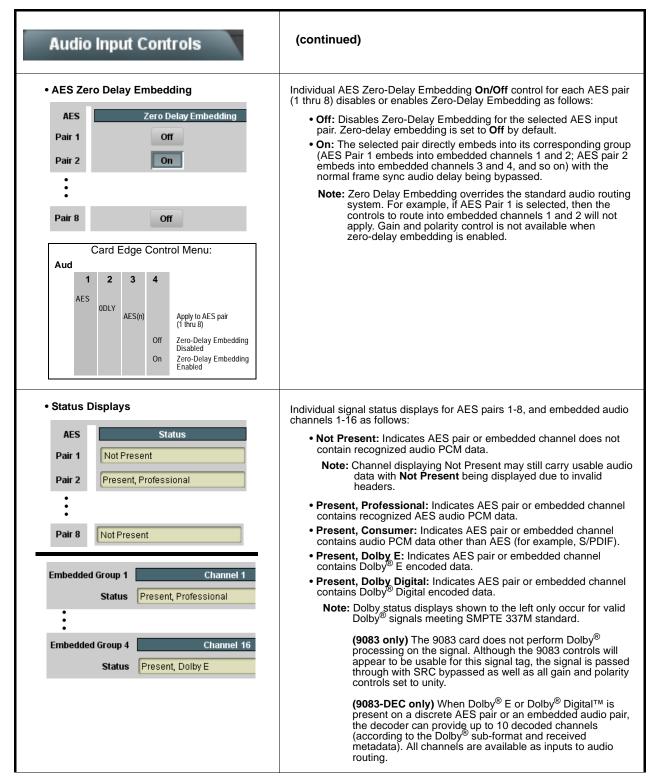


The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function submenu item can be found.

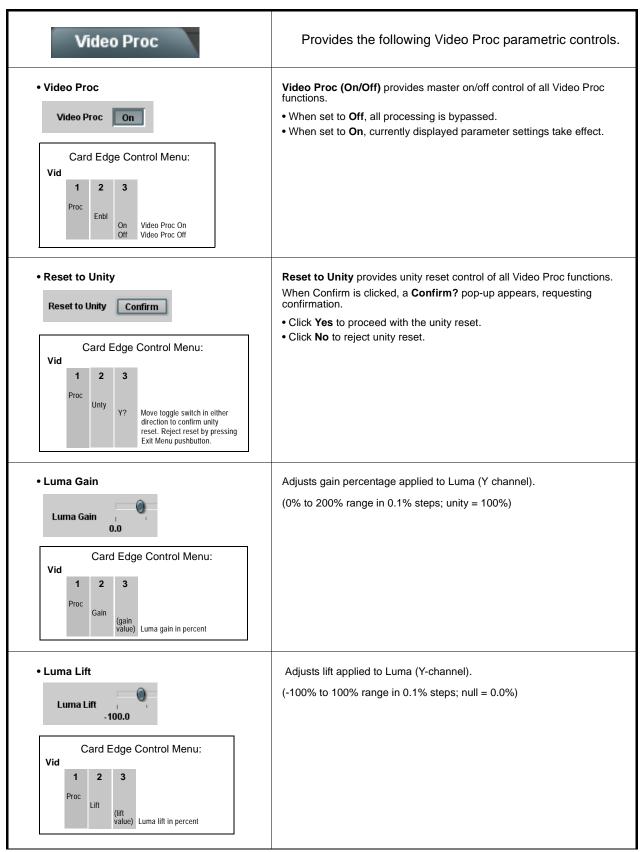
| Function Submenu Item | Page | Function Submenu Item | Page |
|----------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|
| Audio Input Controls | 3-17 | Dolby Decoder (9083-DEC only) | 3-44 |
| Video Proc | 3-20 | Dolby E Metadata (9083-DEC only) | 3-47 |
| AFD | 3-22 | Dolby D Metadata (9083-DEC only) | 3-48 |
| Framesync | 3-23 | Timecode | 3-49 |
| Embedded Audio Group 1/2 | 3-29 | Audio Mixing | 3-53 |
| Embedded Audio Group 3/4 | 3-35 | Tone Generator | 3-58 |
| AES Audio Out Pairs 1-4 | 3-37 | Licensable Features | 3-58 |
| AES Audio Out Pairs 5-8 | 3-42 | Presets | 3-59 |
| Dolby Metadata (9083 only) | 3-43 | | |

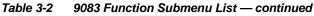
Table 3-29083 Function Submenu List

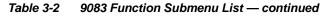


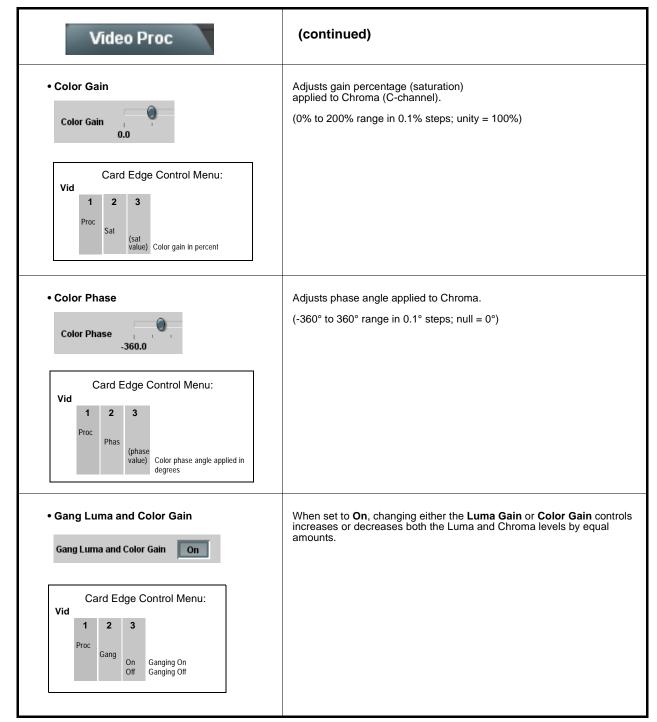


| Audio Input Controls | (continued) |
|---|---|
| Embedded Unity Channel Selection Embedded Unity Channel Selection Embedded AES Analog | Selects unity reset of Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4 controls and re-establishes default 1-to-1 routing as follows: Embedded: Routes Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 16. AES: Routes AES Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 16. Analog: Routes Analog Ch 1 thru Ch 8 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 8. Sets Embedded Ch 9 thru Ch 16 to Silence. |
| AES Unity Channel Selection AES Unity Channel Selection Embedded AES Analog | Selects unity reset of AES Outputs Pairs 1-4 and 5-8 controls and re-establishes default 1-to-1 routing as follows: Embedded: Routes Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16. AES: Routes AES Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16. Analog: Routes Analog Ch 1 thru Ch 8 as sources to destination channels AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 8. Sets AES Ch 9 thru Ch 16 to Silence. |
| Apply Audio Channel Selection Apply Audio Unity Settings Confirm | Applies embedded and AES unity channel selection (as set in the above drop-down lists). To apply the selections, click the Confirm button. When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation. Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset. Click No to reject unity reset. For any selection following confirm, the destination channel controls are default reset as follows: Gain is to unity Phase control is set to Normal Channel is set to Unmuted |
| Tie AES and Embedded Controls Tie AES and Embedded Controls Enabled | When set to Enabled, gangs Gain , Phase , and Mute controls for same-numbered Embedded and AES channels. Ganging is bilateral, with embedded channel control settings affecting corresponding AES channel controls, and vice-versa. |
| HANC Timecode Control SDI ATC_LTC Status SDI ATC_VTIC Status SDI ATC_VTIC Status D0:10:46:02.0, Field 1 Line 9, Fi 00:10:46:02.0, Line 10 Preserve VITC Preserve VITC 00:10:46:02.0 (Source: ATC VIT) | Where ATC_LTC or ATC_VITC timecode data is present on input video HANC space (which can be affected by audio processing), allows extracting and preserving HANC timecode data, with re-direction of the timecode data safely to the VANC space. |
| HANC Timecode Preservation Selection Preserve VITC Preserve LTC Over VITC Preserve LTC Preserve LTC | Using the drop-down list, selects the action to take in presence or absence of HANC ATC_VITC and/or ATC_LTC timecode data. Note: • For 525i2994 SD_ATC, field 1 and field 2 timecode data is redirected to VANC lines 12 and 275. For 625i50 SD_ATC, field 1 and field 2 timecode data is redirected to VANC lines 8 and 321. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-15) for more information. |



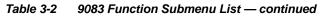


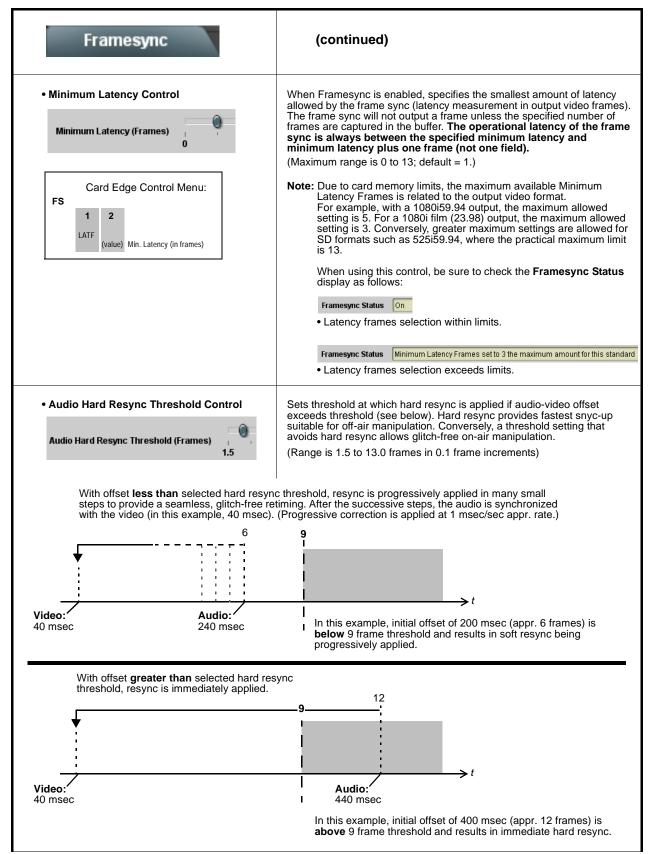


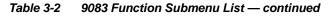


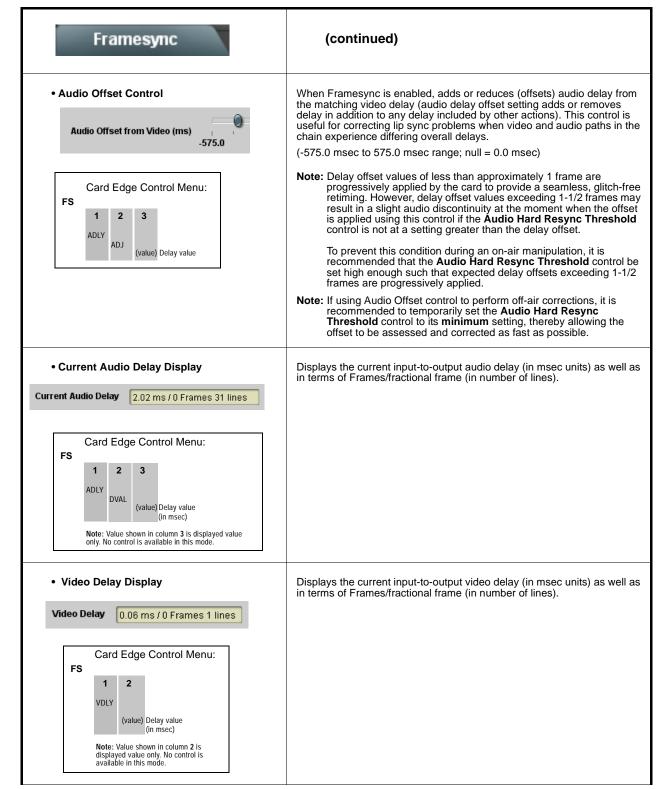
| | 1 | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| AFD | | ignment of AFD ne SDI output vie | | mat Description) |
| Note: This function only marks the SDI output to card or system that recognizes an AFD of | | al AFD processing i | must be perforr | ned by a downstream |
| Incoming AFD | Displays incoming | g AFD setting as fol | lows: | |
| | | | | codes is displayed (as |
| Incoming AFD 16:9 coded frame - 1010 - 16:9 (image prot | | ample to the left). All acoming AFD code. | iso displayed is | the vanc line |
| | If no AFD setting displayed. | g is present in the v | ideo signal, No | AFD Present is |
| Output Mode | Drop-down select existing AFD cod | | on to take in pr | esence or absence of |
| Output Mode Pass If Present, Else Insert Pass If Present, Else Insert Pass Incoming Code Replace Incoming Code | | | | |
| • Output Code | | signs desired AFD | to output SDI. | |
| Output Code No AFD | 4:3 Coded Fra | | | |
| | AFD Code ⁽¹⁾ | Description | AFD Code ⁽¹⁾ | Description |
| No AFD 4:3 - 0000 - Undefined | - | No code present | 1001 | Full frame |
| 4:3 - 0010 - Box 16:9 (top) | 0000 | Undefined Box 16:9 (top) | 1010 | 16:9 (center) 14:9 (center) |
| 4:3 - 0011 - Box 14:9 (top) | 0010 | Box 10:9 (top) Box 14:9 (top) | 1011 | 4:3 (with alternate |
| : | 0011 | Box 11.0 (top) | 1101 | 14:9 center) |
| | 0100 | Box > 16:9 (center) | 1110 | 16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾ |
| 16:9 - 1111 - 16:9 (w/alt 4:3 center) 🚽 | 1000 | Full frame | 1111 | 16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾ |
| | 16:9 Coded Fr | ame | | |
| | AFD Code ⁽¹⁾ | Description | AFD Code ⁽¹⁾ | Description |
| | - | No code present | 1001 | 4:3 (center) |
| | 0000 | Undefined | 1010 | 16:9 (image protected) ⁽²⁾ |
| | 0010 | Full frame | 1011 | 14:9 (center) |
| | 0011 | 4:3 (center) | 1101 | 4:3 (with alternate 14:9 center) |
| | 0100 | Box > 16:9 (center) | 1110 | 16:9 (with alternate 14:9 center) ⁽²⁾ |
| | 1000 | Full frame | 1111 | 16:9 (with alternate 4:3 center) ⁽²⁾ |
| | 2: Image Protec conversion p have protecte | numbering and definition cted implies picture too rocesses or display de ed center areas, with a andatory content. | ntent that must no vices. Alternate o | ot be cropped by center formats may |
| Output Line | | the line location of that the line location of the location of | | thin the video signal |
| Output Line | 9 thru 41 r to certain area depe Locations | ange, the actual ran ranges to prevent ir | ge is automatic advertent conf nat. See Ancilla 5) for more info | |
| | | | | nd carrying no other |

| Framesync | Provides video Frame Sync offset and audio re-sync tools. |
|--|--|
| Framesync Enable | Disables the Frame Sync function, or selects from choices below. |
| Framesync Enable Reference 1 | Off: Disables Frame Sync function; output video timing matches the input video timing. Reference 1: Allows Frame Sync function to use external Reference 1 as the reference standard. |
| Reference 1 Reference 2 | Reference 2 as the reference standard. Reference 2 as the reference standard. |
| Input Video Card Edge Control Menu: FS 1 2 Enbl Off Ref1 Reference 1 selected Ref2 Reference 2 selected V-In Input Video reference | Note: If Reference 1 or Reference 2 is selected and an appropriate external reference is not received, the rame sync ● Reference Invalid indication appears in the Card In status portion of DashBoard™, indicating invalid frame sync reference error. (Additionally, the card edge ERR indicato illuminates indicating the same.) External reference signa Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the 9083 and other cards via a frame bus. Input Video: Uses the input video signal as the reference standard. Note: If Input Video is used for framesync, any timing instability on the input video. |
| Vertical Delay Control Vertical Delay (Lines) -1124 | When Framesync is enabled, sets vertical delay (in number of lines of output video/format) between the output video and the frame sync reference. (Range is -1124 thru 1124 lines.) Note: Lines refer to lines in the output video format, and not to the reference format. |
| FS I 2 (value) Vertical delay value (in number of lines) | |
| Horizontal Delay Control | When Framesync is enabled, sets (in µsec of output video timing) horizontal delay between the output video and the frame sync reference |
| Horizontal Delay (us) | (Range is -64.000 thru 64.000 µsec) |
| Card Edge Control Menu: | Note: When an external framesync reference is used, the card will not produce a framesync reset until the variance between framesync reference and output video exceeds ± 2 clock periods. Therefore framesync reset will not result if offsets within this window are applied. |
| 1 2 | To apply an offset/framesync reset within this window, first apply relatively large offset, then apply the target smaller offset. |
| HOS (value) Horizontal delay value | Example: To apply a 1-period offset, first apply a 10-period positi offset and then apply a 9-period negative offset. This results in the |



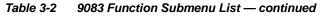


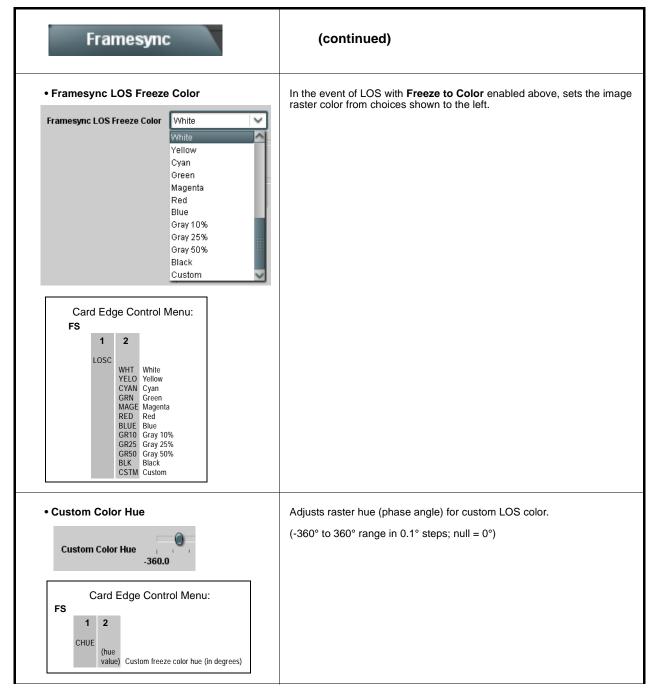


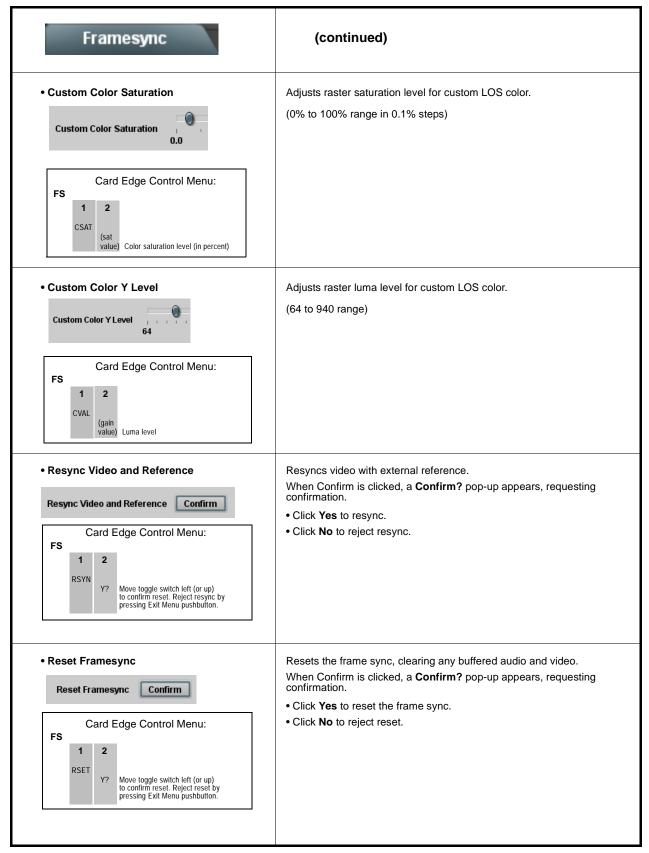


| Table 3-2 | 9083 Function | Submenu L | ist — continued |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|-----------------|
| | | | |

| Framesync | (continued) |
|--|---|
| • Framesync Status Display Framesync Status On | Displays the current framesync status as follows: Framesync Status On • Framesync status OK. Framesync Status Off • Framesync source off or not connected. Framesync Status Off no valid reference detected • Improper or missing framesync reference. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames set to 3 the maximum amount for this standard • Latency frames selection exceeds limits. Note: See Minimum Latency Frames Control above for more information about this message. |
| • Loss of Input Signal Selection On Loss of Input Signal: Disable Outputs VIIII VIIII VIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII | In the event of input video Loss of Signal (LOS), determines action to be taken as follows: Disable Outputs: Disable all outputs. Freeze Last Frame: Freeze image to last good frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes). Freeze to Color: Freeze image to a color raster (as selected using Framesync LOS Freeze Color control). |







| Embedo | led Audio Group | channel 1 | ne audio source for each thru 8 (Embedded Auc ides Gain, Phase Invert channel. | lio Groups 1 and 2 |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| SD Audio Depth | 20 bit | | | |
| Group Enable | On | | | |
| Destination | Embedded Ch 1 | Embedded Ch 2 | Embedded Ch 3 | Embedded Ch 4 |
| Source | Embed Ch 12 | Embed Ch 14 | AES Ch 1 | AES Ch 3 🛛 💙 |
| Gain (dB) | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 0.0 -80.0 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 |
| Channel is | Unmuted | Unmuted | Unmuted | Unmuted |
| Phase | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| Group Enable | On | | | |
| Destination | Embedded Ch 5 | Embedded Ch 6 | Embedded Ch 7 | Embedded Ch 8 |
| Source | AES Ch 5 | AES Ch 8 | Analog Ch 3 🛛 🗸 | Tone 1 🗸 🗸 🗸 |
| Gain (dB) | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 20.0 🗘 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 15.0 🗘 | 40.0 0.0 -40.0 -80.0 -10.0 ≎ |
| Channel is | Unmuted | Unmuted | Unmuted | Unmuted |
| Phase | Normal | Normal | Invert | Normal |
| various Sour individual au for various a the Destinati Embedded Audio Group | Ch 1 thru Ch 8 in Embedded s 1 and 2, with the | AES I/O (1-4) | 0 dB | CH1 CH2 CH3 |
| correlation sl example; an | o-destination hown here is only an y of the sources on | AES IN (5-8) | | CH4 |
| destinations Embedded A 4 (not showr sources not available. Th on the follow | | | | 20 dB CH6 CH7 CH7 |
| | shown here are detail on the ges. | Ľ | | Embedded Audio Group 2 |

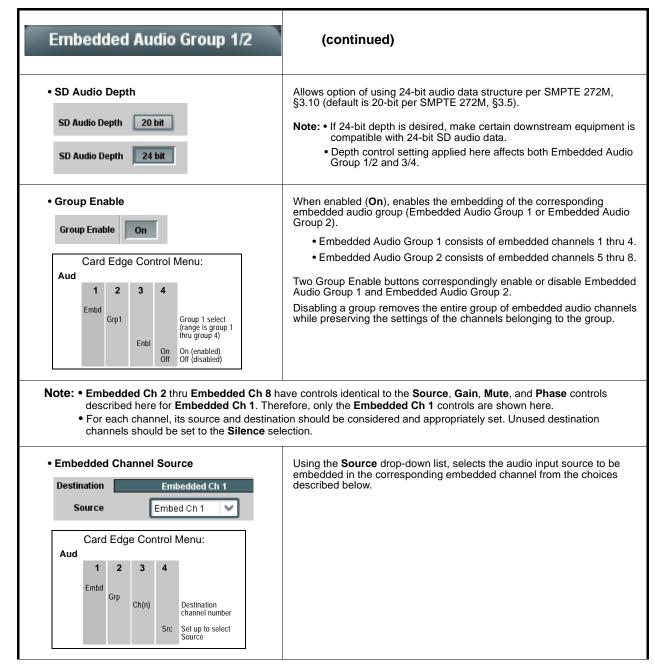
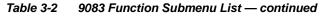
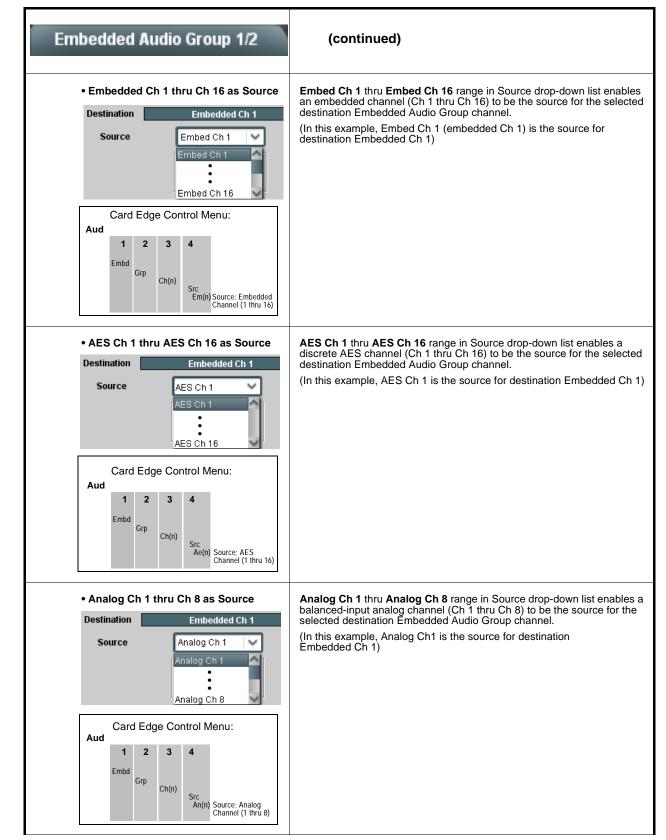
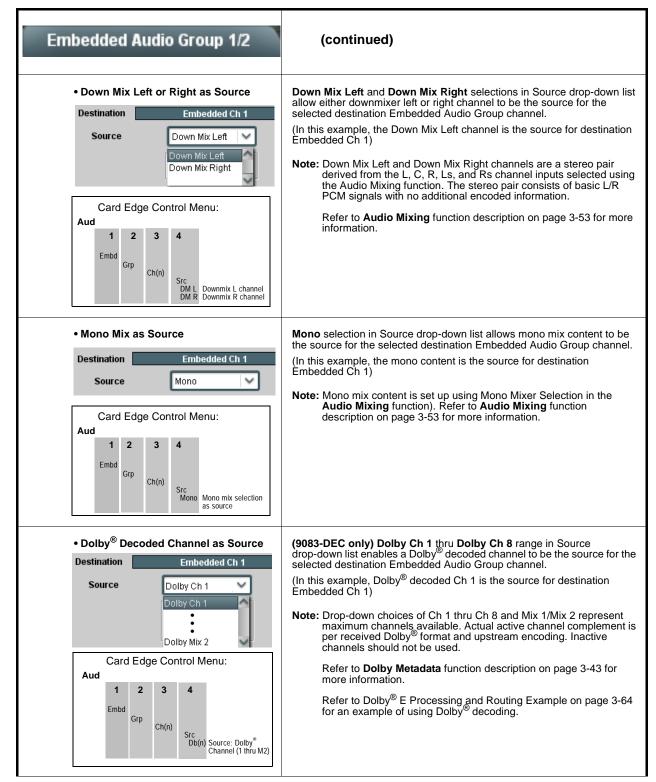


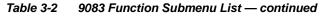
Table 3-2
 9083 Function Submenu List — continued

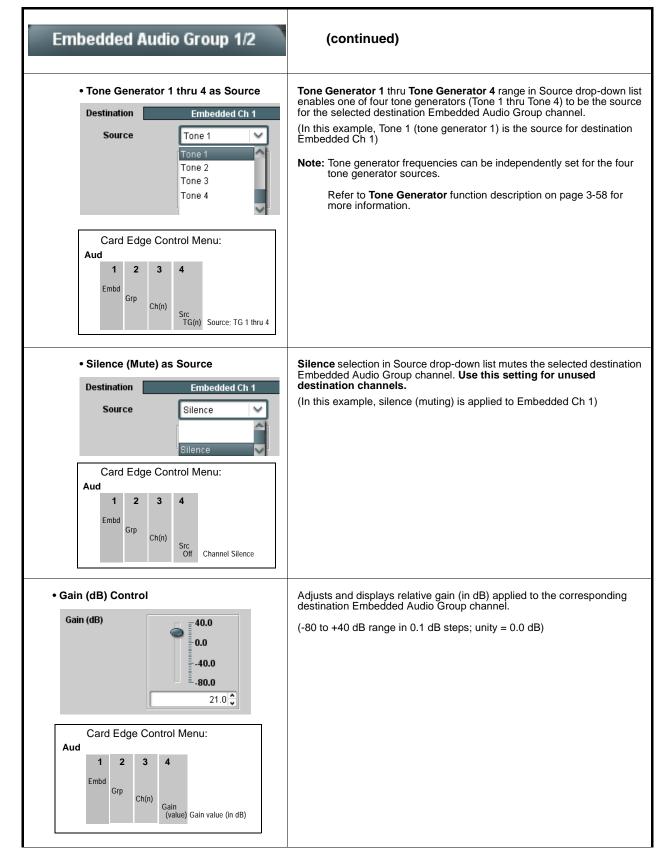


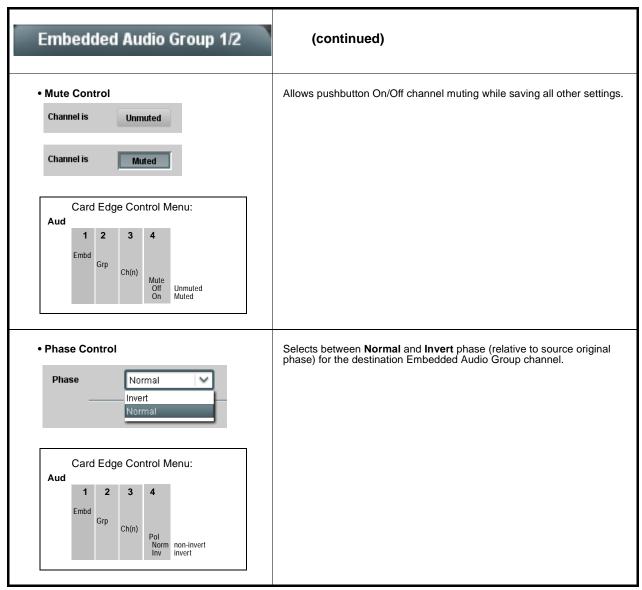


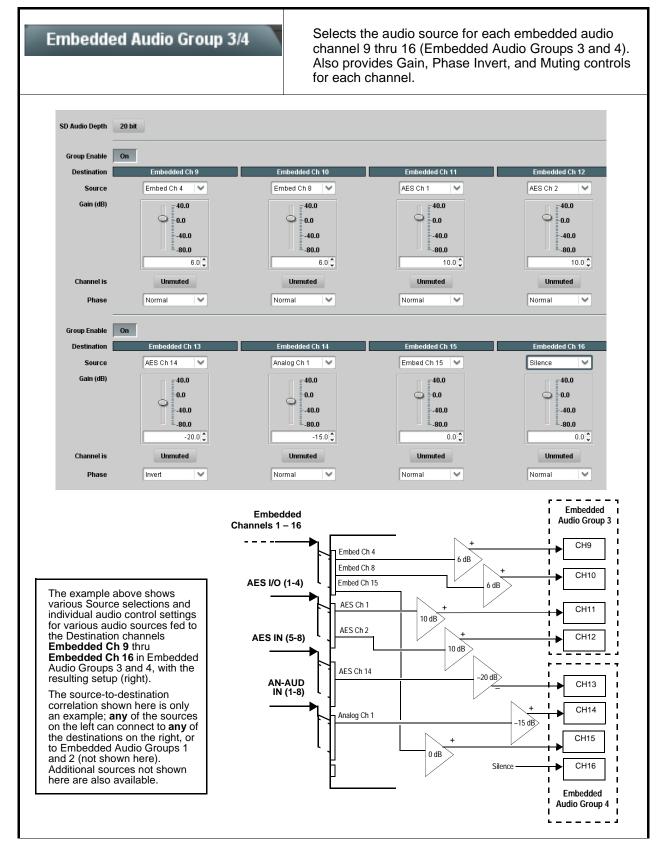


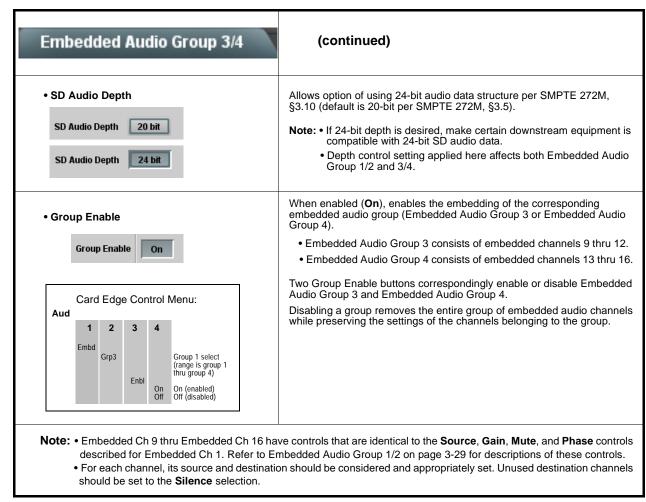


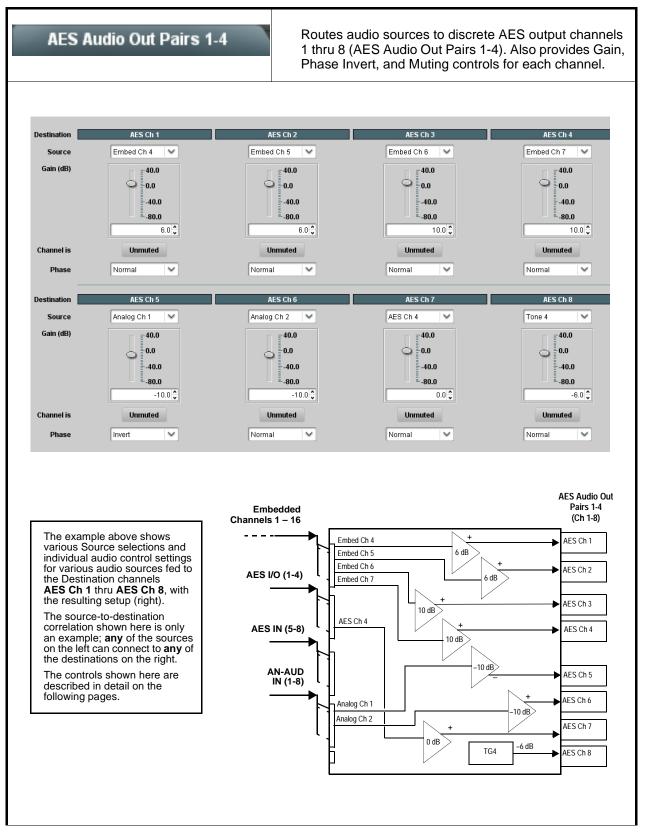


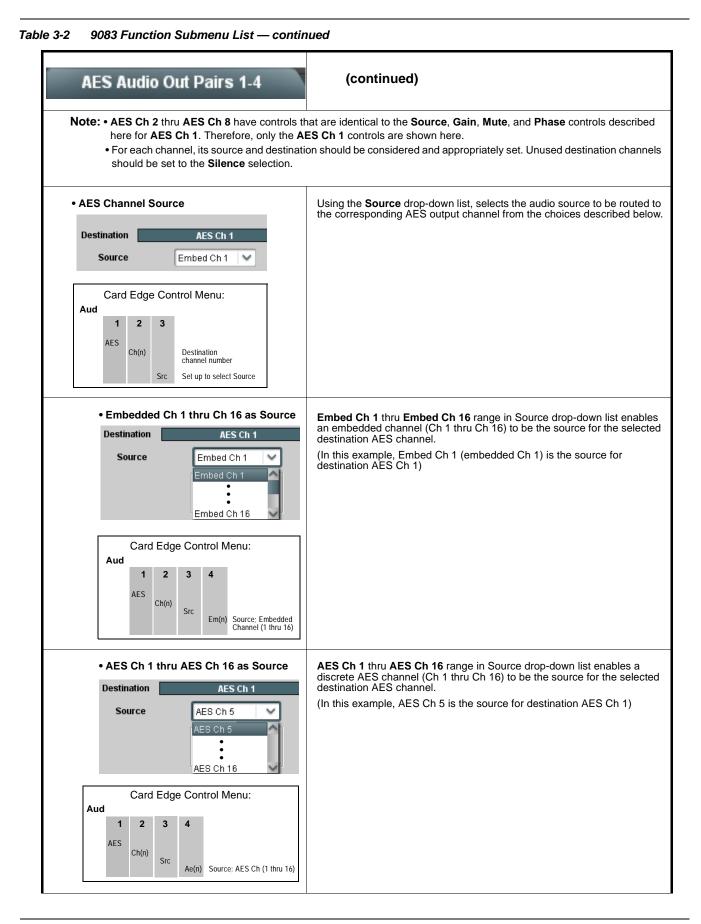


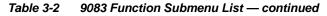


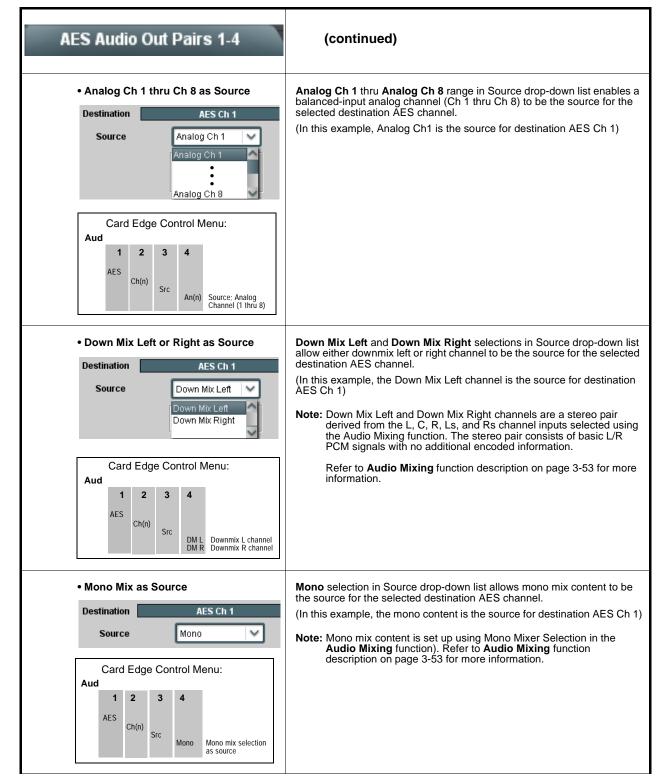












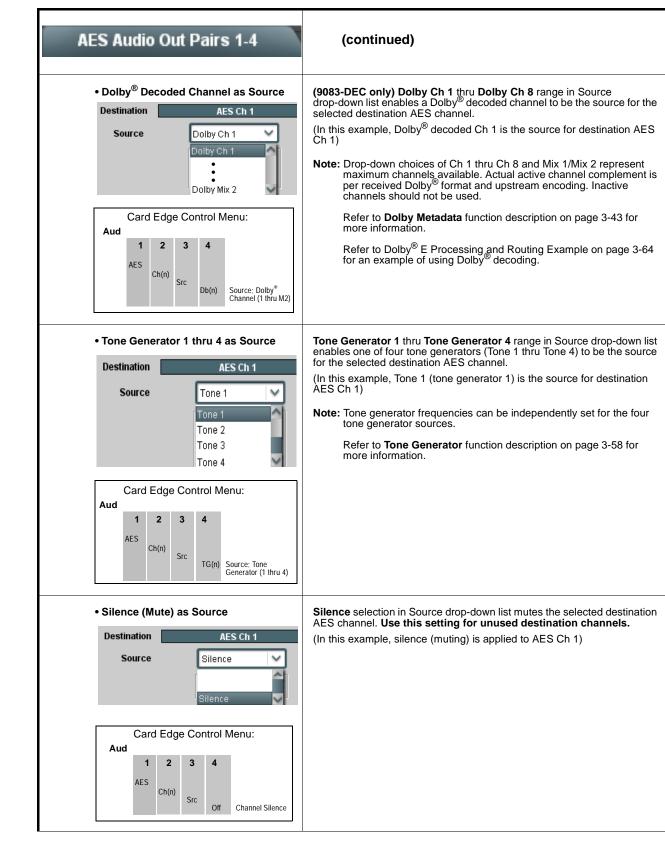
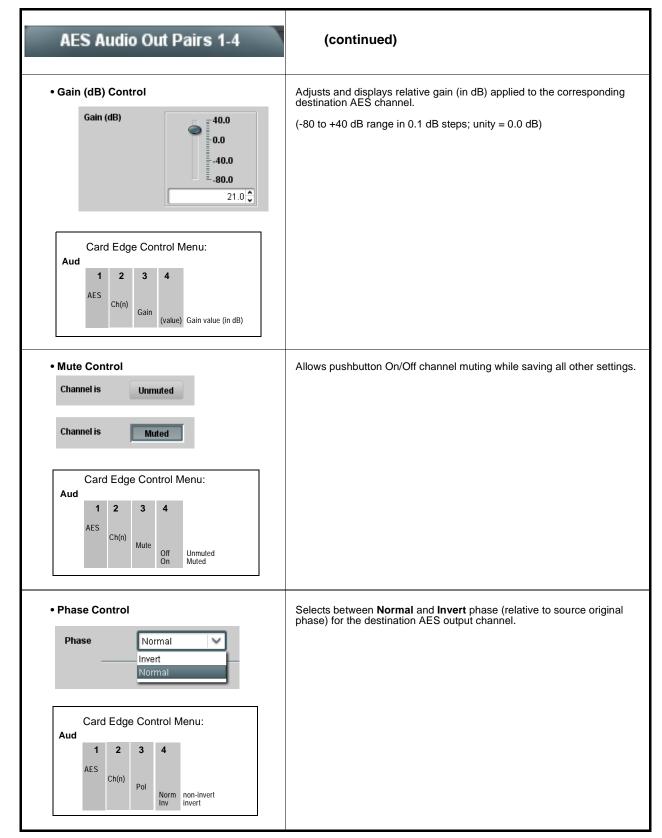
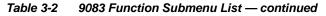
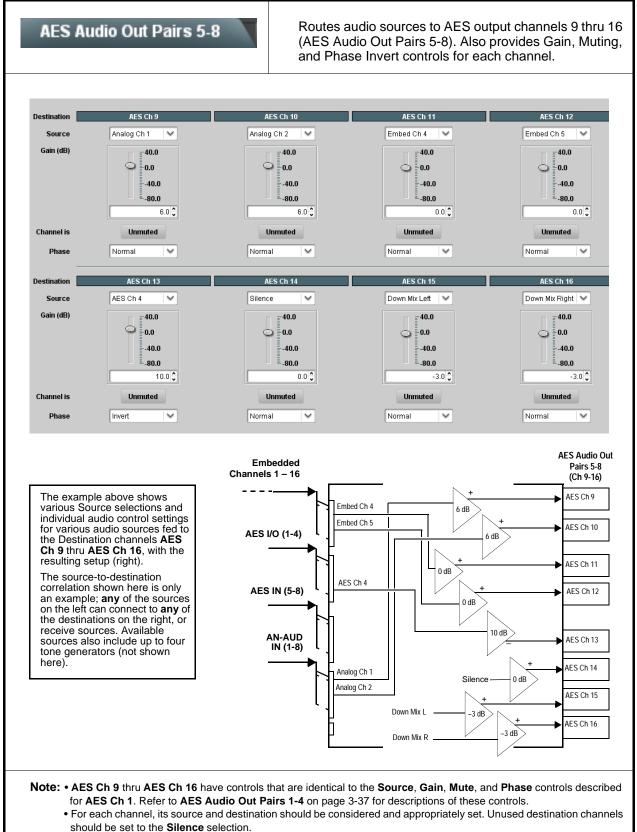
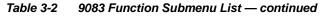


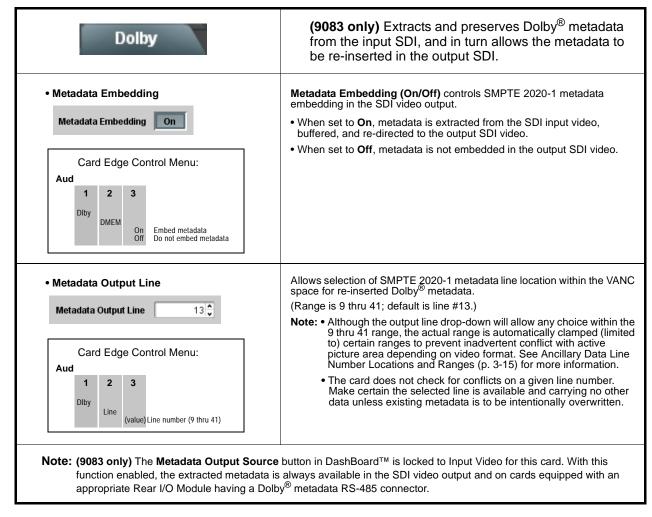
Table 3-2
 9083 Function Submenu List — continued

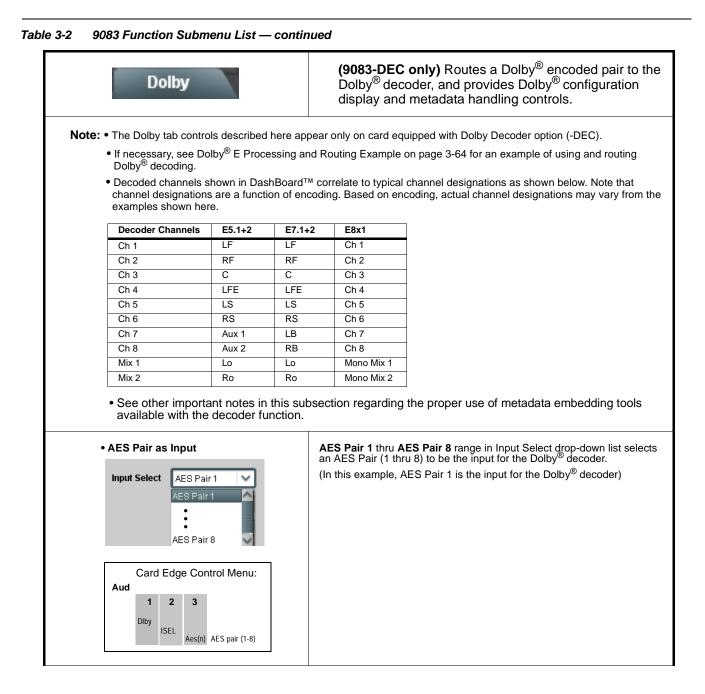


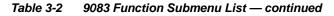


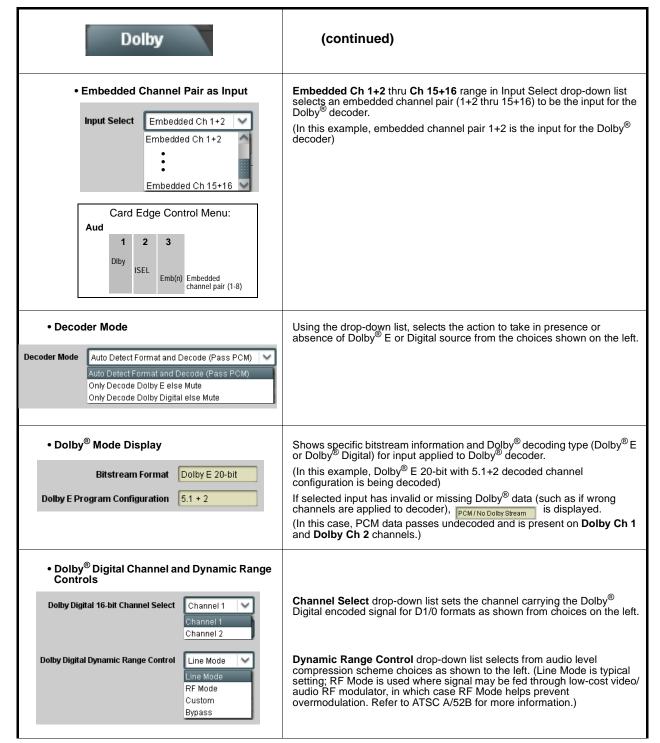




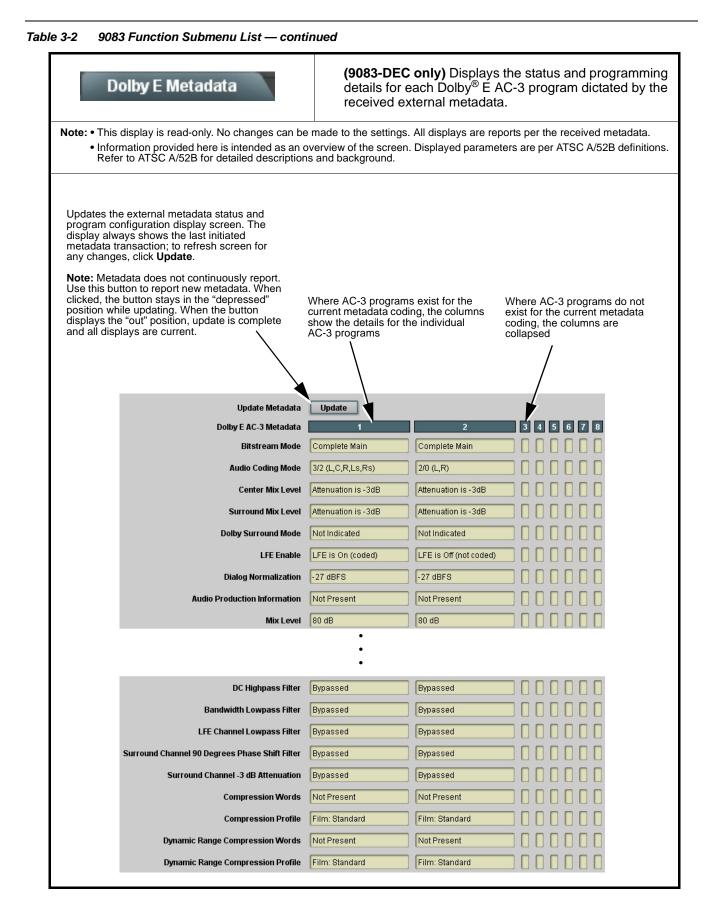








| Dolby | (continued) |
|---|--|
| Metadata Embedding Metadata Embedding On | Metadata Embedding (On/Off) controls SMPTE 2020-1 metadata embedding in the SDI video output. When set to On, metadata from selected source is embedded in the output SDI video. When set to Off, metadata is not embedded in the output SDI video. Note: Metadata Embedding should only be set to "On" if new metadata is to be embedded. Existing metadata on the SDI input is passed through the card unaffected, requiring no operator intervention. |
| • Metadata Output Source Metadata Ouput Source Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video | Drop-down list allows embedding and RS485 metadata routing to the choices shown to the left and described below. Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder – Routes the metadata from the Dolby[®] decoder to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped. Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder – Preserves input metadata and directly re-routes it to the output SDI. Routes the metadata from the Dolby[®] decoder to only the RS485 port on card so equipped. Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video – Routes the metadata from the Dolby[®] decoder to only the RS485 port on card so equipped. Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video – Routes the preserved input metadata to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped. Note: Typically, Metadata Output Source should be set to Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder, since this is the new metadata produced by the card decoder and should also be made available in the SDI stream and to any other external systems. If embedding new metadata, make certain to set its line number such that such that any old metadata for the same purpose is overwritten (i.e., new metadata set to the same line number as the old metadata to be replaced). |
| • Metadata Output Line | Allows selection of SMPTE 2020-1 metadata line location within the VANC space for source embedding selected above. (Range is 9 thru 41; default is line #13.) Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-15) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data unless existing metadata is to be intentionally overwritten. |



| e 3-2 9083 Function Submenu List — continu | led | |
|---|--|---|
| Dolby D Metadata | (9083-DEC only) Displ details for Dolby [®] Digit received external meta | ays the status and programming al program dictated by the data. |
| Note: • This display is read-only. No changes can be ma • Information provided here is intended as an over Refer to ATSC A/52B for detailed descriptions a | view of the screen. Displayed par | |
| Updates the external metadata status and program configuration display screen. The display always shows the last initiated metadata transaction; to refresh screen for any changes, click Update . Note: Metadata does not continuously report. Use this button to report new metadata. When clicked, the button stays in the "depressed" position while updating. When the button displays the "out" position, update is complete and all displays are current. | Update Metadata Bitstream Mode Audio Coding Mode Center Mix Level Surround Mix Level Dolby Surround Mode LFE Enable Dialog Normalization Audio Production Information Mix Level Room Type Copyright Bit Original Bitstream | Attenuation is -3dB Attenuation is -3dB Not Indicated LFE is Off (not coded) -27 dBFS Present 105 dB Small Room (Flat EQ) Copyright Protected |
| | • • LoRo Center Mix Level | Level is Adjusted +3.0 dB |
| | LoRo Surround Mix Level | Level is Adjusted +3.0 dB |
| | Extended Bitstream Group 2 | Not Included |
| | Dolby Surround EX Mode | Not Indicated |
| | Compression Words | Present |
| | Compression Profile | Unknown |
| | Dynamic Range Compression Words | |
| | Dynamic Range Compression Profile | |
| | Dynamic Range Compression Words | |
| | Dynamic Range Compression Profile | None |

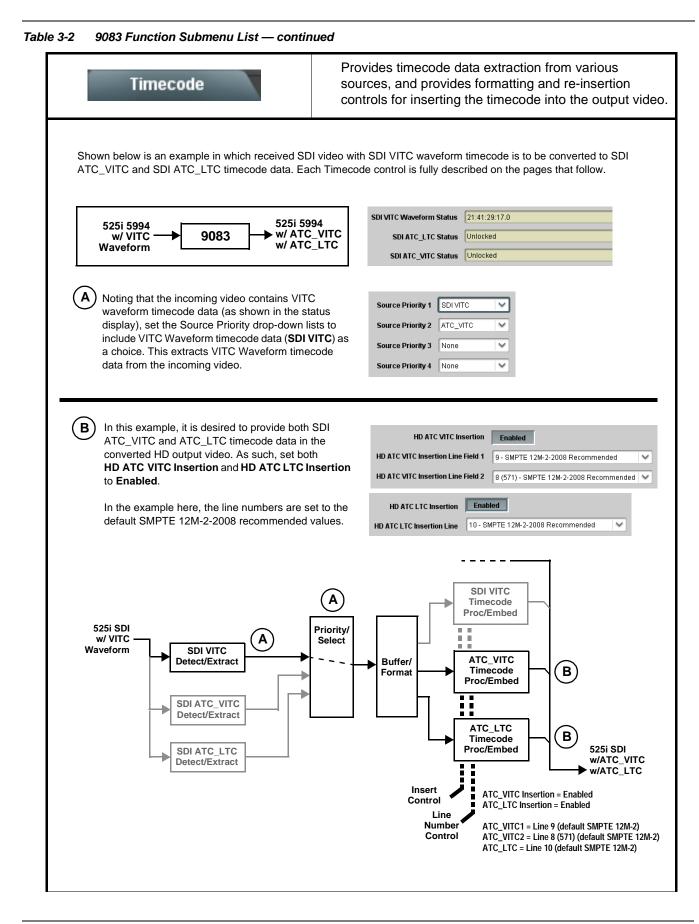
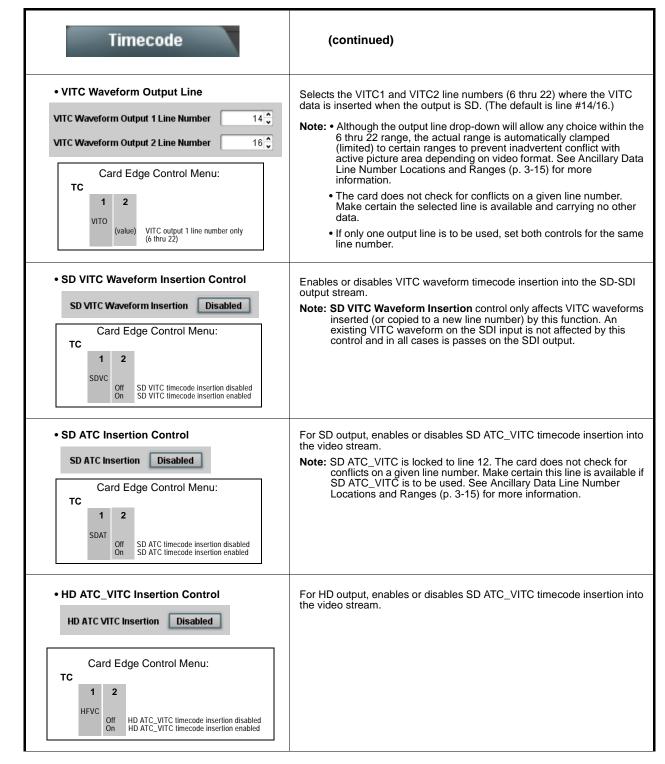


Table 3-2 9083 Function Submenu List — continued

| Timecode | (continued) |
|---|--|
| Timecode Source Status Displays SDI VITC Waveform Status Unlocked SDI ATC VITC Status 00:10:46:02.0, Field 1 Line 9, Field 2 Line 571 SDI ATC LTC Status 00:10:46:02.0, Line 10 | Displays the current status and contents of the three supported timecode formats shown to the left. If a format is receiving timecode data, the current content (timecode running count and line number) is displayed. If a format is not receiving timecode data, Unlocked is displayed. |
| Incoming ATC Packet Removal Control Incoming ATC Packet Removal Disabled Card Edge Control Menu: TC I Rmvl Off Packet removal disabled Packet removal enabled | Enables or disables removal of existing input video ATC timecode packets from the output. This allows removal of undesired existing timecodes from the output, resulting in a "clean slate" where only desired timecodes are then re-inserted into the output. (For example, if both SD VITC Waveform and SD ATC_VITC timecode data are present on the input video, and only ATC_VITC is desired, using the Removal control will remove both timecodes from the output. The ATC_VITC timecode by itself can then be re-inserted on the output using the other controls discussed here.) Note: When the Scaler is enabled, ATC packets are automatically removed. The Timecode function must be used to re-insert the timecode data into the output video. |
| • Source Priority 1 | As described here, selects the priority assigned to each of the four supported formats in the event the preferred source is unavailable. Each of the four Source Priority selection lists allows assignment of source priority from the following choices: SDIVITC Image: SDIVITC None SDIVITC ATC LTC ATC VITC Source Priority 1 thru Source Priority 4 select the preferred format to be used in descending order (i.e., Source Priority 2 selects the second-most preferred format, and so on. |
| Output Status Display Output Status O0:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC) | Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows: Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC) • Output status OK (in this example, running SDI VITC timecode received and outputted). Output Status No Output Available • Timecode not available due to lack of appropriate input timecode data on enabled formats. Note: Timecode output requires that source and priority are appropriately selected (as described above in Source Priority). Also, video input must contain appropriate timecode data. Output Status Insertion Disabled • Timecode Insertion button set to Disabled; output insertion disabled. |

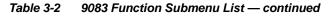


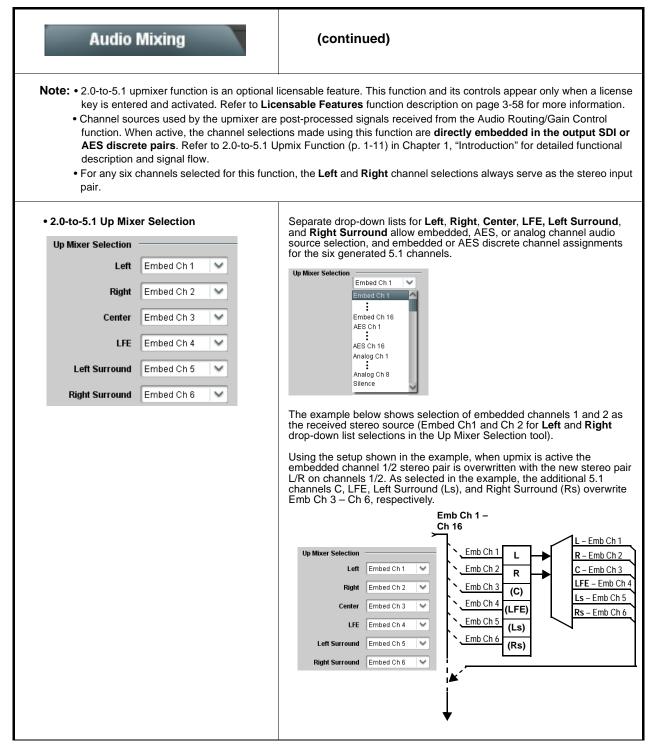
| Table 3-2 | 9083 Function Submenu List — continued |
|-----------|--|
|-----------|--|

| Timecode | (continued) |
|---|--|
| HD ATC_VITC Line Insertion Controls HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 1 9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 2 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended | For HD ATC_VITC timecode output, selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 8 thru 20 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-15) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data. • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number. |
| HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control HD ATC LTC Insertion Disabled Card Edge Control Menu: TC I 2 HDLT Off HD ATC LTC timecode insertion disabled HD ATC LTC timecode insertion enabled | For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the video stream. |
| HD ATC_LTC Line Insertion Control HD ATC_LTC Insertion Line 10-SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended | For HD timecode output, selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data. Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 20 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-15) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data. |
| ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled Card Edge Control Menu: TC I 2 AVLS Off ATC VITC legacy support disabled ATC VITC legacy support enabled | When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling). Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment. |

| Audio Mixing | Provides down-mix audio routing selections that multiplexes any five embedded, AES, or analog audio channel sources into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right), or selection of any two audio sources to be mono-mixed to serve as a monaural source. With an optional upmixer licensable feature activated, any normal PCM stereo pair can be fed to the upmixer to generate 5.1 surround sound audio which in turn can be applied to six user-selectable channels. |
|---|--|
| • Down Mixer Selection Left Embed Ch 1 ♥ Right Embed Ch 2 ♥ Center Embed Ch 3 ♥ Left Surround Embed Ch 4 ♥ Right Surround Embed Ch 5 ♥ | Separate drop-down lists for Left, Right, Center, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) inputs allow embedded, AES, or analog channel audio source selection for each of the five inputs as shown below. |
| • Center Mix Ratio Control Center Mix Ratio (dB) -10.0 | Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix. Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. Center channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation, making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix. Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content as in-phase center-channel content at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall mix. (0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB) Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix. |

| Audio Mixing | (continued) |
|---|--|
| • Surround Mix Ratio Control Surround Mix Ratio (dB) | Adjusts the attenuation ratio of surround-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lo and Ro content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix. Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction. Surround-channel content is restored with no attenuation, making Lo and Ro content more predominate in the overall mix. Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of surround-channel content. Surround-channel content is restored at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making surround-channel content less predominate in the overall mix. (0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB) Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain surround-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix. |
| • Mono Mixer Selection Left Embed Ch 12 V Right Embed Ch 16 V | Separate drop-down lists for Left and Right inputs allow selected embedded, AES, analog, or the DM-L / DM-R input channels to provide an additional mono-mixed channel. The resulting mono mix (Mono) is available as an audio source for any of the 32 destination embedded or AES output channels as shown below. Destination Embedded Ch 1 Mono Analog Ch 8 Down Mix Left Down Mix Right Mono Tone 1 Note: Selection of any two channels for mono mixing in no way affects the source channels themselves. |





| Audio Mixing | (continued) |
|--|---|
| • Up Mixer Mode Control Up Mixer Controls Mode Auto Always Upmix Bypass | Enables or bypasses upmixer as follows: Auto: Automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are below the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer. If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is bypassed and the original channels pass unaffected. Always Upmix: Manual enable turns on upmixer and overwrites content on all six selected channels with new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer regardless of original signal level or content. Bypass: Manual disable bypasses the upmixer. When bypassed, the six embedded audio channels pass unaffected. |
| • Up Mixer Status Display Status Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing Status Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed Status Upmixing Status Upmixing | Shows activity status of upmixer processing as follows: Auto Mode - Currently Upmixing: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are clear for use (as described above); upmixer is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Auto Mode - Currently Bypassed: With upmixer enable set to Auto, indicates selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround have content (such as existing original 5.1 or other content); upmixer is bypassed (disabled) and allows normal passage of six selected channels. Upmixing: Indicates upmixer is manually enabled (set to Always Upmix) and is currently up-mixing received stereo pair and overwriting the six selected channels with new 5.1 upmix. Bypassed: Indicates upmixer is manually disabled (set to Bypass) and is currently passing all selected channels unaffected. |
| Auto Crossfade Speed Upmix to Bypass Very Slow Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Quick Instant Auto Crossfade Speed Bypass to Upmix Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Slow Slow Medium Quick Very Quick Instant | Individual controls select the relative crossfade transition speed between Upmix to Bypass (going to inactive; from 5.1 to 2.0) and Bypass to Upmix (going to active; from 2.0 to 5.1) when upmixer enable is set to Auto and the active threshold (as set by the 5.1 Detection Threshold control) is crossed in either direction. To suit program material and production aesthetic preferences, several choices are available as shown to the left. Slower settings allow for a more gradual transition between modes, however with a longer interval before levels stabilize. Faster settings conversely allow for a smaller interval before levels stabilize, however with greater perceived abruptness. |

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| Table 3-2 90 | 83 Function Submenu List — continued |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
|--------------|--------------------------------------|

3

| Audio Mixing | (continued) |
|--|--|
| • 5.1 Detection Threshold Control 5.1 Detection Threshold (dBFS) | Adjusts the threshold at which selected channels designated as C, LFE, Ls, and Rs are considered to have viable content, or at which signal levels can be considered insignificant when upmixer enable is set to Auto. Setting affects automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: • If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are below the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer allows overwrite of all six selected channels with the new 5.1 signal complement. • If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is bypassed , thereby releasing the selected six channels and allowing the original channels to pass unaffected. (Range is -150 dB to 0 dB in 0.1dB steps; 0 dB equivalent to +24 dBu=> 0 dBFS) Typically, the 5.1 Detection Threshold control should be set to provide a usable threshold that maintains a threshold at which valid levels large enough over the threshold disable the auto upmix ((), left), while nuisance levels considerably below the threshold (B , left) are rejected, allowing the upmixer to stay locked in the enabled mode and overwrite these signals. • 60 dBFS • 60 d |
| Center Width Control Center Width 0.0 | Adjusts center channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to L and R channels. Minimum setting keeps all L+R (mono) content confined to center (C) channel, with any center channel content removed from L and R channels. Higher settings progressively blend respective L and R mono content back into L and R channels, with 100% setting resulting in center channel level going to zero and L/R channels becoming normal L/R channels containing some mono content. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 0%) |
| Surround Depth Control Surround Depth O.0 | Adjusts surround channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to Ls and Rs channels. Maximum setting results in greatest surround channel levels. Lower settings progressively diminish surround channel levels, with 0% setting resulting in no Ls or Rs level, with Ls and Rs content progressively folded back into L and R, respectively. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 100%) |

| Tone Generator | Sets the test tone frequency for each of four tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru 4). |
|--|---|
| Frequency Selection Lists Tone Generator 1 Frequency | Selects the frequency for each of the four tone generators. 18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz). Note: Unity-gain signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu. |
| Tone Generator 4 Frequency | |
| Aud Card Edge Control Menu: | |
| Tone TG1 TG4 Select Tone Generator (1 thru 4) Select frequency for selected tone generator (in Hz) | |
| Licensable Features | Allows activation of optional licensed features. |
| already be installed activated. To order feat sales@cobaltdigital.com or at the contact in | s), the activation steps described below are not required; the feature will tures and obtain a license key, contact Cobalt [®] sales at nformation in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. in Chapter 1, "Introduction". Please played in the Card Info pane) when contacting us for your key. |
| License Feature and Key Entry window | Activate licensable feature as described below. |
| | 1. Enter the feature key string in the Feature Key box. Press return or |
| Feature Unlicensed | click outside of the box to acknowledge entry. Note: Entry string is case sensitive. Do not enter any spaces. |
| Feature Key Enter Key Here | 2. In the DashBoard [™] Card Info pane, wait for the feature identification to be shown for the card product number (for example, "-UM" appearing after the card part number) and Valid Key Entered to be displayed. This indicates the key was correctly entered and recognized by the card. |
| | Note: If DashBoard [™] card function submenu/control pane does not re-appear, close the card and re-open it. |
| | 3. Click and confirm Reboot . When the card function submenu/control pane appears again, the licensable feature will be available. |
| | Note: Applying the licensable feature and its reboot has no effect on prior settings. All control settings and drop-down selections are retained. |

| Table 3-2 | 9083 Function Submenu List — continued |
|-----------|--|
| | Soos i unction Gubinena Eist Continued |

| Presets | Allows up to 16 card user settings configuration presets to be saved in a Preset and then recalled (loaded) as desired. All current settings (including list selections and scalar (numeric) control settings such as Gain, etc.) are saved when a Preset Save is invoked. | |
|---|---|--|
| Card NameRCVR21Selected Preset1.FactPrePreset NameFactPrePreset SaveConfirmPreset LoadConfirmReset Current PresetConfirmDownload PresetsCDI Presets.bin | The Preset Name field and Preset Save button allow custom user setting configurations to be labeled and saved to a Preset for future use. The Preset Load button and the Selected Preset drop-down list allow saved presets to be selected and loaded as desired. When a preset is loaded, it immediately becomes active with all user settings now automatically set as directed by the preset. Saved presets can be uploaded to a computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards. Each of the items to the left are described in detail on the following pages. | |
| Preset Save and Load Preset Save Confirm Preset Load Confirm | Preset Save stores all current card control settings to the currently selected preset. (For example, if Preset 1 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Save will then save all current card control settings to Preset 1) Preset Load loads (applies) all card control settings defined by whatever preset (Preset 1 thru Preset 16) is currently selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list. (For example, if Preset 3 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Load will then apply all card control settings defined in Preset 3) The above buttons have a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation. Note: Applying a change to a preset using the buttons described above rewrites the previous preset contents with the invoked contents. Make certain change is desired before confirming preset change. | |
| Selected Preset Selected Preset I.FactPre i. 16.FactPre | Selected Preset 1 thru Selected Preset 16 range in drop-down list selects one of 16 stored presets as ready for Save (being written to) or for Load (being applied to the card). Note: The preset names shown to the left are the default (unnamed) preset names. All 16 presets in this case are loaded identically with the factory default settings. | |
| Card Name Card Name RCVR 21 Input Processing | Text entry field provides for optional entry of card name, function, etc. (as shown in this example). Note: Card name can be 31 ASCII characters maximum. | |

| Table 3-2 | 9083 Function | Submenu L | ist — continued |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | 00001 41100001 | ousiliona E | |

| Presets | | (continued) | |
|--|---|---|--|
| Preset Name FactPre | With one of 16 presets selected, provides for entry of custom name for the preset (as shown in example below). | | |
| | Note | Preset Name R | CVR21 CVR21 Entering text in Preset Name field (in this example, "RCVR21") applies custom name to selected Preset (in this example, Preset 2) be seven ASCII characters maximum. mber does not need to be entered; it is |
| Reset Current Preset | • Re | added automatica | esets all parameters (including preset custom |
| Reset Current Preset Confirm | nai | me entered) of the cu | rrently selected Preset (as displayed in the o factory default settings. |
| | The above button has a Confirm? pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation. | | |
| | | e factory default settir | ngs are as follows: |
| | | Function | Parameter/Setting |
| | | Audio Mapping | Audio mapping reset for simultaneous embedding and de-embedding: Discrete AES input channels 1-16 are mapped to embedded audio output channels 1-16. Embedded audio input channels 1-16 are mapped to discrete AES output channels 1-16. |
| | | Audio Input Controls | AES SRC, Passthrough, and Zero Delay Embedding are all disabled. |
| | | Audio controls (all audio functions) | All Gain and Phase (polarity) controls are set to unity and normal, respectively. |
| | | Video Proc | All parameters set to unity/null settings. |
| | | Framesync | Framesync is disabled; Reference 1 or 2 must be selected to enable the frame sync. |
| | | Audio Mixing Up Mixer Selection (Licensable Feature activated only) | Upmixer set to Always Enabled, with upmix function using embedded channels 1 thru 6. • Center width set to 0%. • Surround Depth set to 100%. • 5.1 Detection Threshold set to -150 dB. |
| Download Presets Download Presets CDI Presets.bin Save | Download Presets allows all 16 presets to be stored to a specified location on a network computer for use with other same-model COMPASS™ cards. | | r use with other same-model COMPASS™ |
| | Refe 9000 | r to Cobalt ^{ee} reference RCS-RM) for instruct | e guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN tions on using the Download Presets function. |

Audio Routing Example Using DashBoard™

Figure 3-9 shows an example of using the 9083 Embedded Audio Group and AES Output Pairs functions to de-embed audio, route the audio to discrete outputs for post-production processing, and finally re-embed the audio into the SDI video output. Additionally, the example shows how external analog and internal tone generator sources can be embedded into the SDI output.

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** source can route to **any** destination.

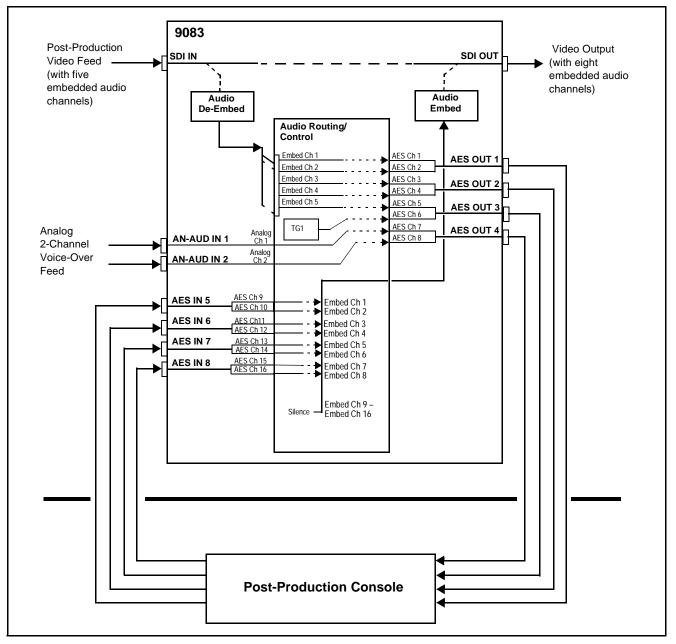


Figure 3-9 Audio Routing Example (Sheet 1 of 3)

In the example here, Embedded Channels 1 thru 5 are de-embedded from the input SDI data and routed to discrete AES channels 1 thru 5. Also, an internal tone generator (TG1) and two analog inputs are routed to AES channels 6 thru 8, respectively. Figure 3-9 (sheet 2) shows the 9083 control settings (in this example, using the DashBoardTM user interface) that result in this routing.

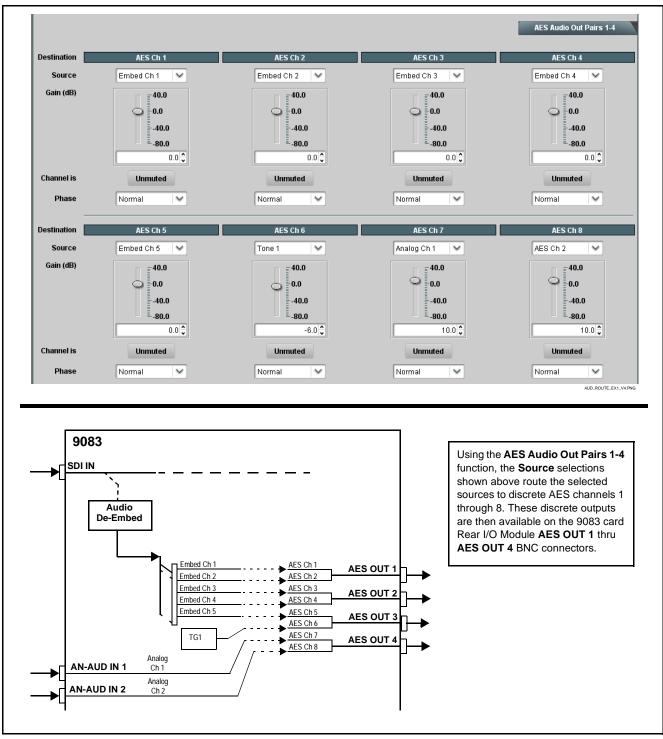


Figure 3-9 Audio Routing Example (Sheet 2 of 3)

The discrete AES audio on AES channels 9 thru 16 is now re-embedded using the 9083 control settings shown in Figure 3-9 (sheet 3).

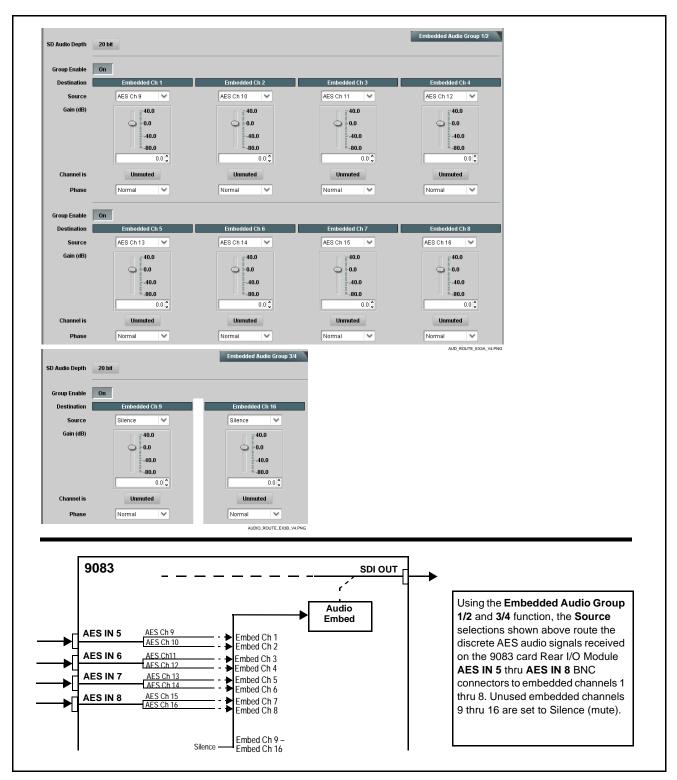


Figure 3-9 Audio Routing Example (Sheet 3 of 3)

Dolby® E Processing and Routing Example (9083-DEC only)

Figure 3-10 shows an example of using the 9083-DEC Audio Input Controls, Dolby Decoder, and Embedded Audio Group 1/2 functions to decode a received Dolby[®] E encoded pair and route the decoded channels. The example also shows routing the metadata to the 9083-DEC DOLBY META output.

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** embedded channel pair carrying encoded Dolby[®] data can be decoded. Decoded Dolby[®] channels can in turn be routed route to **any** embedded channel destination.

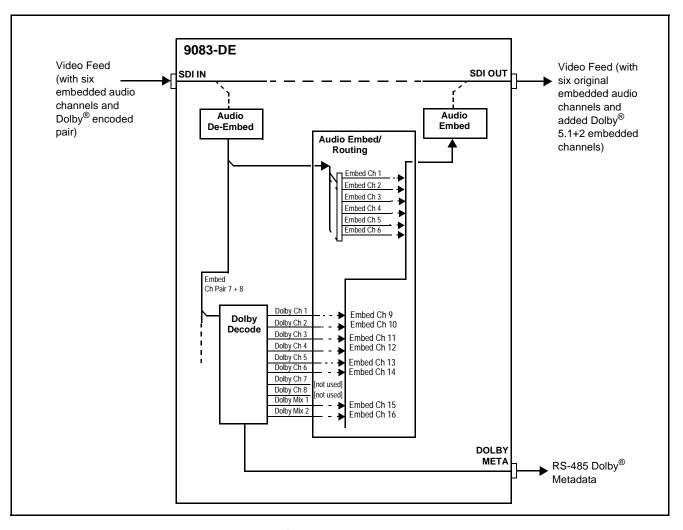


Figure 3-10 Dolby[®] E Processing Example (Sheet 1 of 2)

In the example here, Dolby[®] E 5.1+2 data on embedded pair 7/8 is to be decoded and embedded (using spare embedded channels 9 thru 16) along with the existing embedded audio channels (embedded channels 1 thru 6). Figure 3-10, sheet 2 shows the 9083-DEC control settings (using DashBoardTM) that result in this routing.

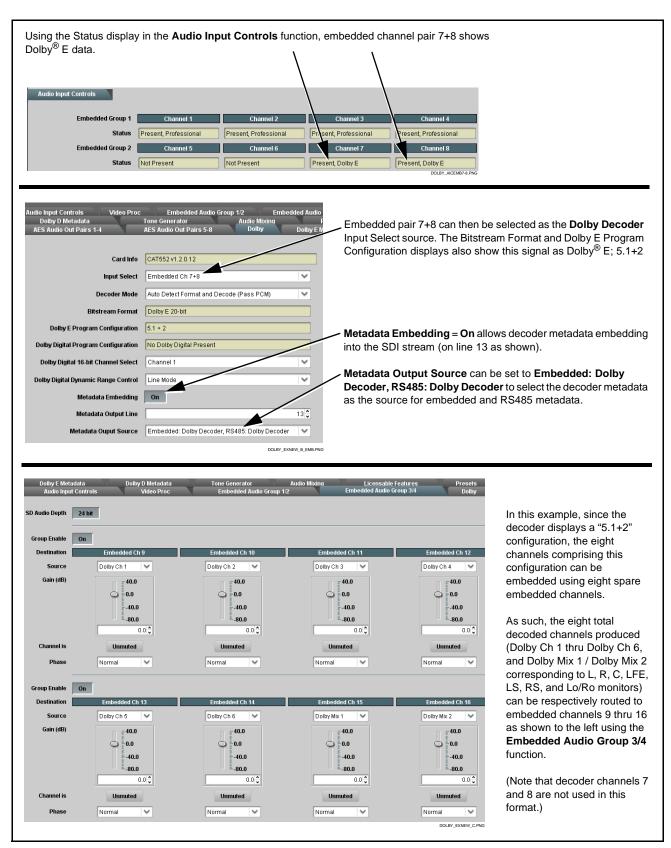


Figure 3-10 Dolby[®] E Processing Example (Sheet 2 of 2)

Troubleshooting

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the 9083 card and its remote control interface. The 9083 card requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

Error and Failure Indicator Overview

The 9083 card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the 9083 card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoardTM or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various 9083 card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

- **Note:** The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.
 - Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-70)
 - 9083 Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-71)
 - Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-74)

9083 Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-11 shows and describes the 9083 card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

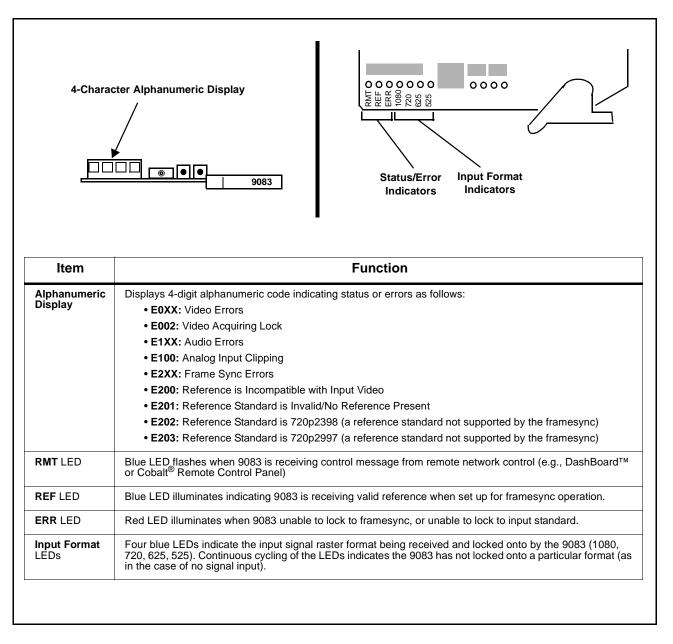


Figure 3-11 9083 Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

DashBoard[™] Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-12 shows and describes the DashBoardTM status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 9083 card itself and remote (network) communications.

| Indicator Icon or Display | Error Description |
|--|---|
| MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053 Slot 0: MFC-8310-N Slot 7: CDI-9083 RCVR 2 | Red indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Error condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general error issued by the 9083 card in slot 7). |
| CDI-9083 RCVR 2 Card state: • No connection to device. Connection: • OFFLINE | Specific errors are displayed in the Card Info pane (in this example "No connection to device" indicating 9083 card is not connecting to frame/LAN). |
| Gain (dB) | If the 9083 card is not connecting to the frame or LAN, all controls are grayed-out (as shown in the example here). |
| MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053 Slot 0: MFC-8310-N Slot 7: CDI-9083 RCVR 2 | Gray indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card(s) are not being seen by DashBoard [™] due to lack of connection to frame LAN (in this example, both a 9083 card in slot 7 and the MFC-8310-N Network Controller Card for its frame in slot 0 are not being seen). |
| | Yellow indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Alert condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general alert issued by the MFC-8310-N Network Controller Card). |
| MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053 - MFC-8310-N Card state: O Fan Door Open Connection: ONLINE | Clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree (in this example Network Controller Card "Slot 0: MFC-8310-N") opens the Card Info pane for the selected card. In this example, a "Fan Door Open" specific error is displayed. |
| Video Input Standard INVALID Reference Standard Reference Input Video: INVALID SSN 000011672394 Video Input Invalid Audio OK | Yellow indicator icon in 9083 Card Info pane shows error alert, along with cause for alert (in this example, the 9083 is receiving no video input, or a video input that is invalid for the card and/or its current settings). |
| Framesync Status Off no valid reference detected | Where available, error messages within a function submenu pane show highly specific information relating to detected errors (in this example, message shows an invalid or missing Framesync Enable reference selection). |

Figure 3-12 DashBoard[™] Status Indicator Icons and Displays

Access Card Info panes for specific cards by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-13).

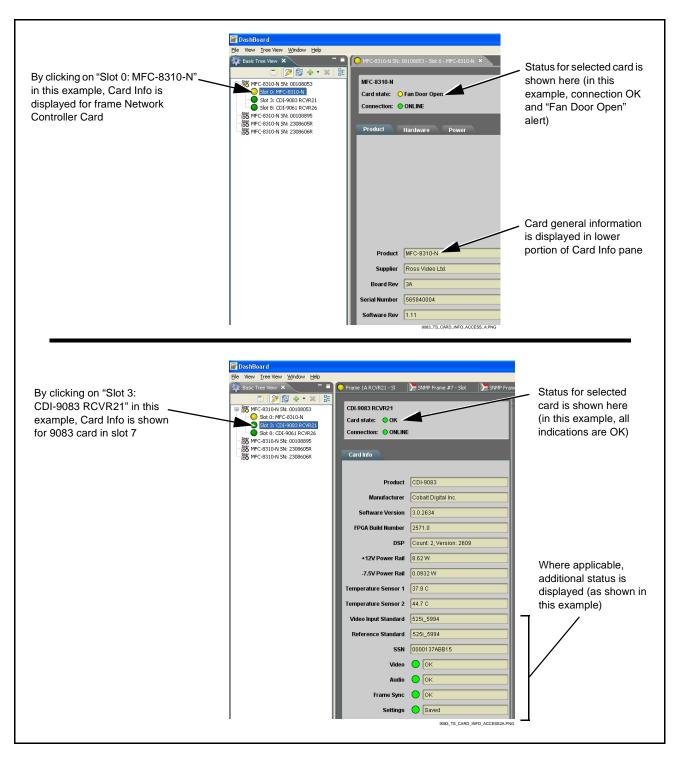


Figure 3-13 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

| Item | Checks | |
|---|--|--|
| Verify power presence and characteristics | On both the frame Network Controller Card and the 9083, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern. Check the Power Consumed indications for both the +12 V and -7.5 V supply rails for the 9083 card. This can be observed using the DashBoard[™] Card Info pane, or using the card edge controls and indicators as shown in Figure 3-7 on page 3-14. If either of the rail supplies show no power being consumed, either the frame power supply, connections, or the 9083 card itself is defective. If either of the rail supplies show excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-21) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the 9083 card may be defective. | |
| Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points | Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules. | |
| Card seating within slots | Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.) | |
| Check status indicators and displays | On both DashBoard [™] and the 9083 card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action. | |
| Troubleshoot by substitution | All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item. | |

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

9083 Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides 9083 processing troubleshooting information. If the 9083 card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the 9083 is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

- **Note:** The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard[™] and/or the 9083 card edge status indicators.
- **Note:** Where errors are displayed on both the 9083 card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

| Symptom | Error/Condition | Corrective Action |
|--|--|---|
| DashBoard[™] shows Video yellow icon and Input Invalid message in 9083 Card Info pane. Video Input Invalid Card edge Input Format LEDs show continuous cycling. | No video input present | Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate 9083 card video input. Make certain BNC cable connections between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and signal source are OK. |
| • DashBoard™ shows Frame Sync red icon and Reference Invalid message in 9083 Card Info pane. | Frame sync reference not properly selected or not being received | • If external frame sync reference is not intended to be used, make certain the Framesync Enable selection list is set to Off or Input Video as desired. |
| Frame Sync Reference Invalid Card edge red ERR indicator illuminated. | | If external frame sync reference is intended to be used, make certain selected external frame sync reference is active on frame sync frame bus. (External reference signals Reference 1 and Reference 2 are distributed to the 9083 and other cards via a frame bus.) |
| | | Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-23 for more information. |

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

| Symptom | Error/Condition | Corrective Action |
|---|---|--|
| DashBoard™ shows Framesync Status error message in 9083 Framesync function submenu screen. Framesync Status Minimum Latency Frames | Specified Minimum Latency Frames setting exceeds 9083 card buffer space for the selected output video format | Reduce the Minimum Latency Frames setting as specified in the error message to correct the error. Note: Due to card memory limits, the maximum available Minimum Latency Frames is related to the output video format selected. For example, with a 1080i 5994 output, the maximum setting is 5. For a 1080i film (2398) output, the maximum setting is 3 (due to the increased buffer space needed for the slower frame rate). Conversely, greater maximum settings are allowed for SD formats such as 525i 5994, where the practical maximum limit is 13. |
| Video/audio synchronization or delay noted. | Source synchronization condition | Use the Audio Offset from Video control to compensate for video/audio delay. Refer to Framesync function submenu tab on page 3-23 for more information. |
| Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode, Dolby [®] metadata, | Control(s) not enabled | Make certain respective control is set to On or Enabled (as appropriate). |
| AFD) not transferred through 9083. | VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items | • Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-15). |
| DashBoard[™] shows red Audio icon and Analog Input Clipping message in 9083 Card Info pane. Audio ● Analog Input Clipping Card edge display shows code | Analog peak audio input on selected input exceeds +24 dBu level | Reduce analog audio level at the source. Note: 9083 audio gain controls cannot be used to correct analog input overload condition. The condition must be corrected at the source. |
| E101 . | | |
| (9083-DEC only) Dolby [®] data indicated as Present on Audio Input Controls Status display does not process, or cannot be accessed as an audio source | Input Select in Dolby Decoder function selection not set for pair carrying locked Dolby [®] data | Make certain intended channels carrying locked Dolby[®] data are selected as the input for the Dolby[®] decoder. |
| | Upstream metadata not enabled | Check upstream device or system and enable as required. |

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

| Symptom | Error/Condition | Corrective Action |
|---|--|---|
| Audio signal(s) do not route as expected. Parameter control not available as expected. | • (9083 only) Embedded or AES audio contains Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital encoded signal | When a valid Dolby[®] E or Dolby Digital signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an AES or embedded audio signal, SRC is automatically bypassed (disabled) along with gain and polarity controls being bypassed (even though controls may appear to be functional). Gain and polarity controls are not available for this signal type. Refer to Status displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-17 for more information. |
| | Audio Input Controls AES Passthrough or Zero Delay Embedding mode may inadvertently be enabled | When either of these modes is enabled, flexible routing and parametric controls are not available. When either of these modes is not intended for use, make sure they are disabled. Refer to Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-17 for more information. Note: Routing and parametric controls may appear functional when either of these mode are enabled, although the controls will not be functional. |
| Audio not processed or passed through card. | Input audio of type that cannot be locked by 9083 card | AES discrete and embedded audio must be nominal 48 kHz input. Note: Although the Status Displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab will show audio formats other than "Present, Professional" as being locked (such as "Present, Consumer"), in any case the audio must be at nominal 48 kHz rate for lock and processing to occur. |
| | Enable control not turned on | • Group Enable button for Embedded Audio Group 1/2 or Embedded Audio Group 3/4 function submenu must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channels. |

 Table 3-4
 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

| Symptom | Error/Condition | Corrective Action |
|---|--|--|
| Audio not processed or passed through card (cont.). | Upmixer inadvertently enabled (Upmixer Licensed Feature only) | Make certain upmixer is set to Bypass if not intended for use. Note: When manually enabled or set for automatic enable with appropriate signal levels, upmixer overwrites selected embedded channels with new data; same-channel embedded output will no longer represent same-channel embedded inputs for selected channels. |
| | AES pairs 1 thru 4 switch not set for Input (factory default) mode | If any of AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4 are to be used as inputs, the respective DIP switch must be set to the default INPUT mode position. See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (p. 2-1) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" for more information. |

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors

Refer to Cobalt[®] reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-26) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

Cobalt Digital Inc.



2406 E. University Ave. Urbana, IL 61802 Voice 217.344.1243 • Fax 217.344.1245 www.cobaltdigital.com