

932393229321



HD/SD Video Proc and Embedder/De-Embedders with Dolby® Decoding Option

Product Manual



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2.0-to-5.1 audio upmixer licensed feature uses the **AutoMAX-II**[™] upmix algorithm provided under license from **Linear Acoustic Inc. Linear Acoustic**, the "**LA**" symbol, **UPMAX**, **AutoMAX**, and **AutoMAX-II** are trademarks of Linear Acoustic Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt[®] 9323 group of HD/SD Video Proc and Embedder/De-Embedders with Dolby[®] Decoding Option The 9323 group is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of this card, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

Manual No.:	9323G-OM
Document Version:	4.1
Release Date:	November 23, 2010
Applicable for Software Version	
(or greater):	4.1 / 3074

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Introduction

Overview

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9323 group of HD/SD Video Proc and Embedder/De-Embedders with Dolby[®] Decoding cards (also referred to herein as the 932X or "card").

Note: This manual covers the 9323 group, which consists of the 9323, 9322, and 9321 cards. These cards vary only in audio embedding/de-embedding capabilities; the differences are described in detail later in this section.

All of the 9323 group cards are available with Dolby® decoding as an option. Cards equipped with this option are identified by suffix "+DEC" in both part numbers and this manual. Where applicable, descriptions related exclusively to the either the 932X or the 932X+DEC are respectively denoted by (932X only) or (932X+DEC only). In all other aspects, both the 932X and 932X+DEC cards function identically as described in this manual.

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- Chapter 1, "Introduction" Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 932X group.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing this card in a frame, and optionally installing Rear I/O Modules.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using this card.

This chapter contains the following information:

- 932X Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety Summary (p. 1-4)
- 932X Functional Description (p. 1-5)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-21)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-24)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-25)

932X Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build.

The Software Version of your card can be checked by viewing the **Card Info** menu in DashBoardTM. See Checking Card Information (p. 3-12) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information. You can then check our website for the latest software version currently released for the card as described below.

Check our website and proceed as follows if your card's software does not match the latest version:

T	
Card Software earlier than latest version	Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available.
	You can update your card by downloading the new Update software by going to the Support>Firmware link at www.cobaltdigital.com. Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then downloading it to your card through DashBoard TM .
	Software updates are field-installed without any need to remove the card from its frame.
Card Software newer than version in manual	A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated and specifications and/or functionality have changed as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card.
	If your card shows features not described in this manual, you can check for the latest manual (if applicable) and download it by going to the Support>Documents>Product Information and Manuals link at www.cobaltdigital.com.

Cobalt Reference Guides

From the Cobalt[®] web home page, go to **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, and other topics.

Introduction Manual Conventions

Manual Conventions

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the card itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:

Ch01

• Connector names are shown like this: **SDI IN**

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- 932X refers to the 9232 group of HD/SD Video Proc and Embedder/ De-Embedders with Dolby® Decoding Option cards.
- **Frame** refers to the 8321 (or similar) frame that houses the Cobalt® COMPASSTM cards.
- **Device** and/or **Card** refers to a COMPASSTM card.
- System and/or Video System refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which this card and other COMPASSTM cards operate.

Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

Cautions

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

Notes

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

1 Safety Summary

Labeling Symbol Definitions

\triangle	Attention, consult accompanying documents.
	Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices. If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid contact with any connectors or components.
	Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC) For product disposal, ensure the following: • Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. • Collect this product separately. • Use collection and return systems available to you.

Safety Summary

Warnings

! WARNING!

To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

Cautions

CAUTION

This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.

CAUTION

This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear™ frame. Refer to the openGear™ frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products.

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. This card has a moderate power dissipation (15 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the card into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

932X Functional Description

The 932X group includes a full 16-channel audio processor/router and video proc. A Dolby® decoder option is available for all 932X group cards.

Note: Some of the functions described below are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Control Panels user interfaces. Refer to User Control Interface (p. 1-17) for user interface descriptions.

932X Input/Output Formats

The 9321, 9322, and 9323 cards which comprise the 932X group vary only in the input/output complement and embedding/de-embedding capabilities as shown in Figure 1-1. Where functional or operating descriptions apply only to specific cards, these differences are noted.

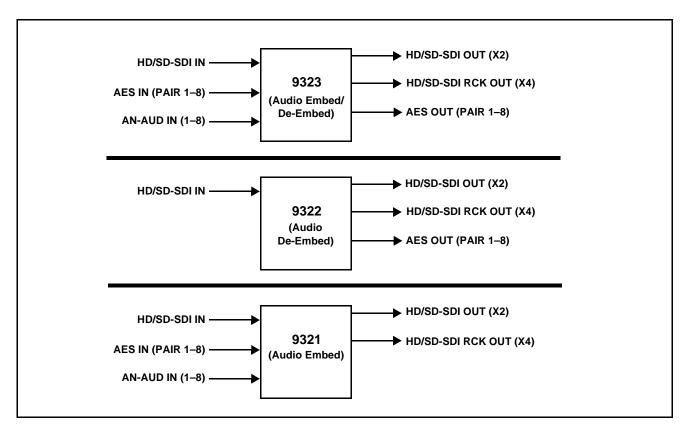


Figure 1-1 989X Group Input/Output Details

Video Processor Description

Video Processor

(See Figure 1-2.) The card provides full color processing control (luma gain and lift, chroma saturation, and color phase) of the output video.

AFD Inserter

This function provides for assignment and insertion of AFD codes into the SDI output video. Using this function, AFD codes in accordance with the standard 4-bit AFD code designations can be applied to the output video.

This function checks for any existing AFD code within the received video input. If a code is present, the code is displayed. When used in conjunction with a separate downstream card capable of providing AFD-directed scaling, the image can in turn be scaled in accordance with the AFD coding embedded by this card.

The function also allows the selection/changing of the AFD code and ancillary data line number for the outputted AFD code.

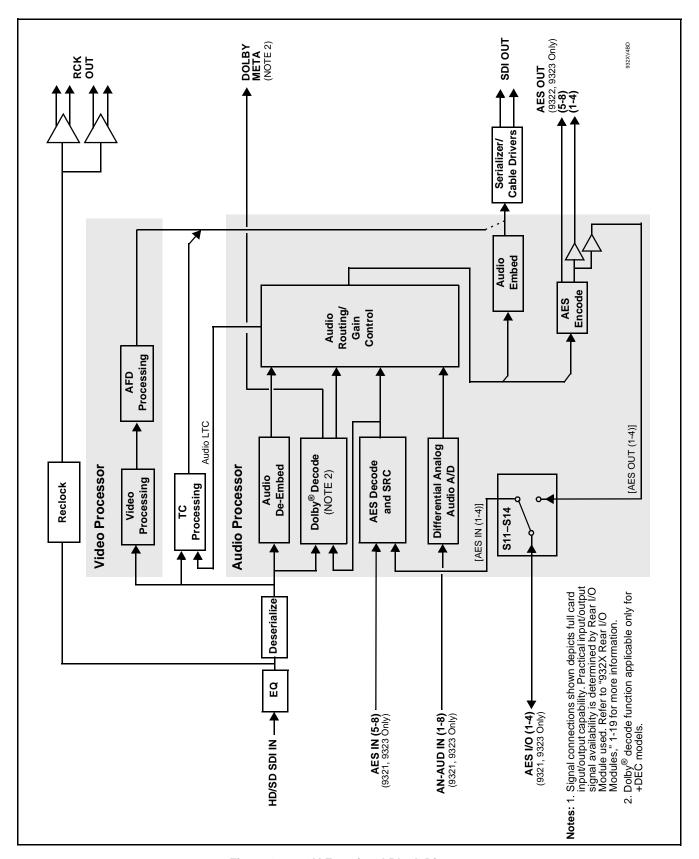


Figure 1-2 932X Functional Block Diagram

Timecode Processor

(See Figure 1-3.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from the input video, and in turn re-insertion of timecode data into the output SDI.

The function can monitor analog and SDI video streams, and audio LTC over a selected channel, for supported timecode formats and then select and prioritize among analog VITC, SDI VITC, SDI ATC_VITC, SDI ATC_LTC, and audio LTC timecode sources. Audio LTC can be received over a selected balanced analog audio input, or as digital audio over a selected embedded or AES input. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired.

The function also provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

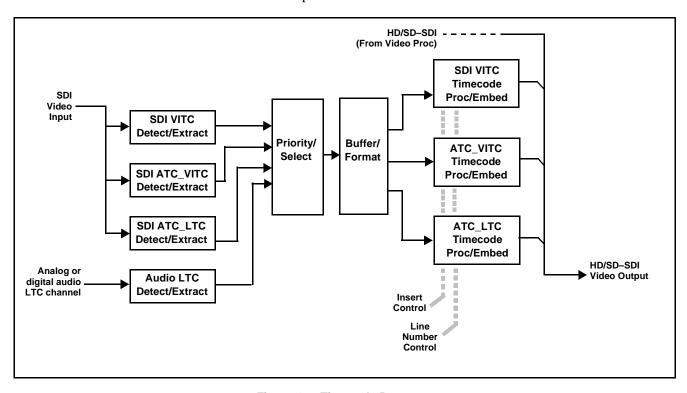


Figure 1-3 Timecode Processor

Audio Processor Description

(See Figure 1-2.) The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. The router function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video
- 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES input (9321, 9323 only)
- 8 channels of balanced analog audio input (9321, 9323 only)
- Four independent internal tone generators (described below)
- Digital silence (mute) setting
- Internal down mix and mono mixer outputs (described below)
- (**DEC only**) Decoded Dolby[®] channels

The router function provides the following audio outputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio on the SDI output
- 16 channels of discrete AES output on eight AES pairs (9322, 9323 only)

The router acts as a full audio cross point. Each of the output channels can receive signal from any one of the input channel sources, four internal tone generators, or the Down Mix Left and/or the Down Mix-Right mixer outputs. Unused output channels can be mapped to a "Silence" source. Each output also provides gain adjustment and selectable polarity inversion.

(**+DEC only**) In addition to the audio sources described above, the up to 10 decoded Dolby[®] channels are available as input sources.

Output audio rates are always 48 kHz locked to output video, but discrete AES inputs can pass through the sample rate converters to align these inputs with the output timing. (AES must be nominally 48 kHz input; 32, 44.1, 96, and 192 kHz inputs are not compatible with the card.) The sample rate converters are disabled by default. Output AES is always precisely synchronized with the output video. The balanced analog audio input is sampled at 48 kHz with a +24 dBu clipping level (+24 dBu => 0 dBFS).

Note: As shown in Figure 1-4, the 9322 and 9323 are equipped with eight discrete AES input pair ports and eight discrete AES output pair ports. On Rear I/O Modules having limited AES I/O capabilities, switches S11 thru S14 allow available rear module BNC connectors to be allotted between AES inputs and outputs as desired. Buffered copies of AES OUT (1-4) are available as dedicated outputs and as respective outputs fed through S11 – S14 on the card.

9323G-OM (V4.1)

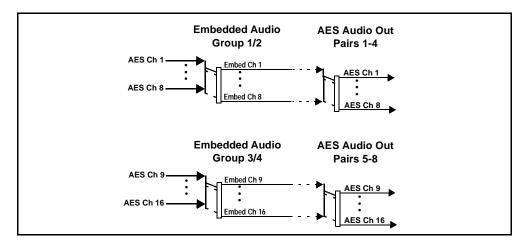


Figure 1-4 Default Embed/De-Embed Audio Routing

Audio Down Mixer and Mono Mixer Function

(See Figure 1-5.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded, AES discrete, or analog audio sources serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R)). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

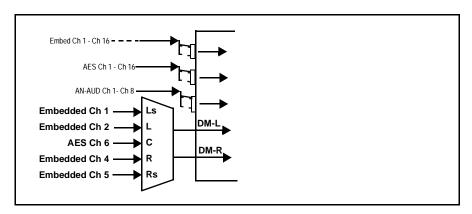


Figure 1-5 Audio Mixing Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

The Mono Mixer function (Figure 1-6) generates an additional mono-mixed channel from two selected embedded, AES discrete, or analog input channels serving as left and right inputs. The resulting mono mix channel **MONO** can in turn be routed and processed just like any of the other audio sources described earlier.

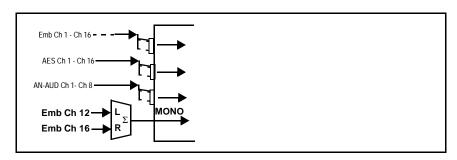


Figure 1-6 Audio Mono Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function

Note: Upmix function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. (This option (identified in Cobalt® price lists as **+UM**) can be purchased upon initial order, or field-activated using a key string which is sent to you when this option is purchased.)

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function receives a normal PCM stereo pair from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function and upmixes the pair to provide 5.1 channels (Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Low Frequency Effects (LFE), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs)). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo L and R inputs with new L and R signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to up mix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

- If the upmixer detects signal level **below** a selected threshold on **all four** of the selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer overwrites all six selected channels with the new 5.1 content.
- of the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the four selected channels designated as **C**, **LFE**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed, allowing the original channels to pass unaffected.

The examples in Figure 1-7 show the automatic enable/disable up-mixing function applied to example selected channels **Emb Ch 1** thru **Emb Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS). Note also that this function is applied **after** the Audio Routing/Gain Control function. Because all audio inputs pass through the Audio Routing/Gain Control function before the up mixer, the up mixer can use embedded, AES discrete, and/or analog audio sources.

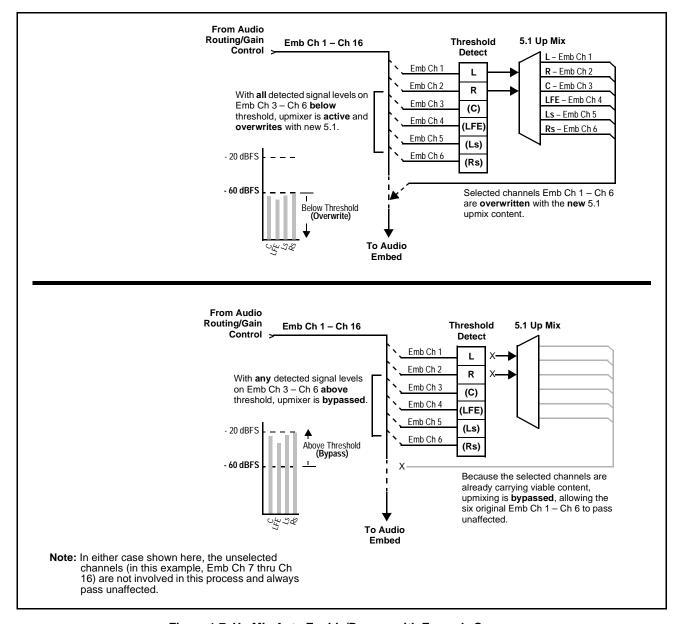


Figure 1-7 Up Mix Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

Tone Generator Function

The card contains four built-in tone generators (Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4). Each of the four tone generators can be set to a different frequency, and are available as audio sources for the embedded or AES audio outputs.

18 discrete sine wave frequencies are available, ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz (default frequency is 1.0 kHz).

Audio Routing Example

Figure 1-8 shows an example of using the 9323 audio embedding/ de-embedding and routing functions to de-embed audio, route the audio to discrete outputs for post-production processing (in this example, a console used for post-production EQ, levels, and monitor), and finally re-embed the audio into the SDI video output. Additionally, the example shows how external analog sources can be embedded into the SDI output (in this example, a provision for local station ID voice-over analog).

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** source can route to **any** destination.

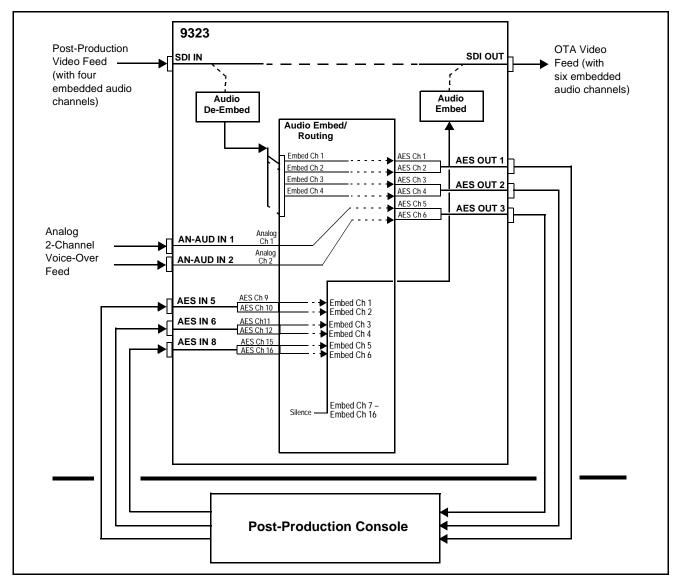


Figure 1-8 Audio Routing Example

AES Audio Input Advanced Features (9321, 9323 Only)

AES Sample Rate Converter

The card AES inputs have sample rate converters that can be independently enabled for each AES pair to allow the card to interface with asynchronous AES sources (sources in which AES timing does not match the video input timing). The sample rate converters are set to disabled (bypassed) by default; this is necessary when embedding undecoded, non-PCM audio such as Dolby® E or Dolby® DigitalTM audio streams. When a valid Dolby® E or Dolby® DigitalTM signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an AES or embedded audio signal, SRC is automatically bypassed along with gain and polarity controls.

Zero-Delay Audio Embedding

In cases where additional delay must be avoided, it may be desirable to embed AES with minimum latency. Using zero-delay embedding, the video can then be delayed by one frame to account for any remaining audio delay. In this manner, any delay between video and audio can be cleanly contained and managed within one frame period.

When zero-delay audio embedding is enabled for a given AES pair, the pair is directly embedded into its corresponding group (for example, AES Pair 1 into embedded channels 1 and 2; AES Pair 2 into embedded channels 3 and 4, and so on) with the normal frame sync audio delay being bypassed.

This function overrides the audio routing system (for example if AES Pair 1 is selected, then the controls to route AES Pair 1 into other embedded channels will not apply). Gain and polarity control is not available when this option is selected. Zero-delay audio embedding is set to Off by default.

Low-Latency AES Passthrough

This function is similar to zero-delay audio embedding. If low-latency AES passthrough is selected for a given input pair, it causes the corresponding AES output pair to act as a bit-for-bit copy of the corresponding AES input pair. This control overrides the normal audio routing and delay. Gain and polarity control is not available when this option is selected. Passthrough is set to Off by default.

Dolby® Decoding (+DEC only)

Note: Although the +DEC Dolby[®] decoder-equipped cards can provide Dolby[®] Digital[™] (AC-3) decoding, discussion and examples here describe only Dolby[®] E decoding.

When Dolby[®] E or Dolby[®] DigitalTM is present on a discrete AES pair or an embedded audio pair, the decoder produces up to 10 decoded channels (according to the Dolby[®] sub-format received from the metadata). All resulting channels are available as inputs to the audio router.

Dolby® Identification and Metadata Output Processing

(See Figure 1-9.) All AES pairs and embedded channels are checked by the +DEC card for valid Dolby® status. When a valid Dolby® encoded embedded or discrete AES pair is detected, the channel pair carrying the Dolby® format is displayed as "Present Dolby E" or "Present Dolby Digital", as applicable. (The decoder always uses the metadata associated with its respective AES or embedded pair.) A selected encoded channel pair can then be directed to the Dolby® decoder. The decoder then displays the Dolby® bitstream format and program configuration (for example, "Dolby E 20-bit 5.1+2" indicating 5-channel surround with LFE channel and stereo monitor pair) for the selected pair, as defined by its metadata.

The +DEC card can embed metadata on the SDI output, sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired. Similarly, the **DOLBY META** output can provide RS-485 metadata for downstream devices or systems. Metadata on the **DOLBY META** RS-485 output can also be sourced from either SDI input video or from the decoder as desired.

Audio Decoding

(See Figure 1-9.) Based on the channels carrying the Dolby[®] encoded pair and the format defined within, the Dolby[®] decoder provides up to 10 decoded audio channels (**Dolby Ch 1** thru **Dolby Ch 8**; **Dolby Mix 1**, **Dolby Mix 2**). Each channel can be routed just as any other audio channel described in this section.

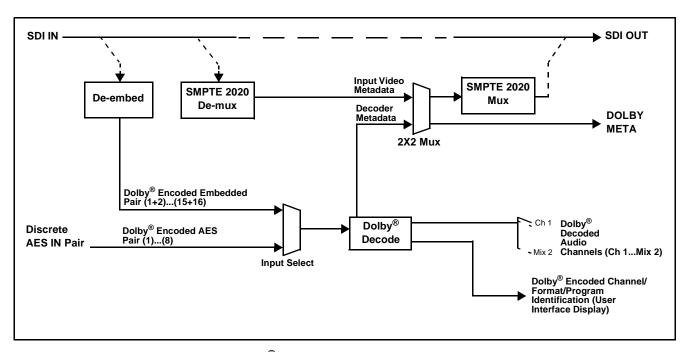


Figure 1-9 Dolby® Decoding and Metadata Output Processing

User Control Interface

Figure 1-10 shows the user control interface options for the card. These options are individually described below.

Note: All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.

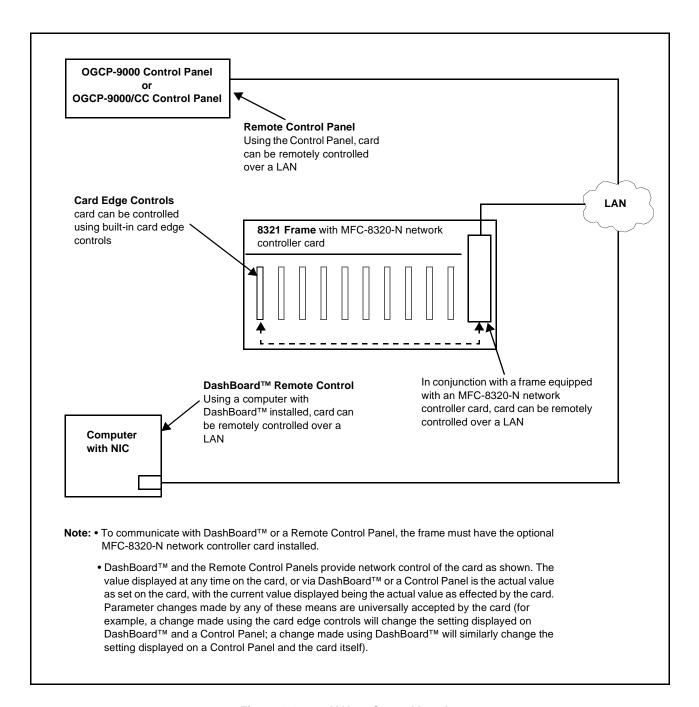


Figure 1-10 932X User Control Interface

• **Built-in Card Edge User Interface** – Using the built-in card edge controls and display, card control settings can be set using a front panel menu which is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

Note: Some of the card functions described in this manual are available only when using the DashBoard[™], or Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 or OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel user interfaces.

• DashBoardTM User Interface – Using DashBoardTM, this card and other cards installed in openGearTM frames such as the Cobalt[®] 8321-C Frame can be controlled from a computer and monitor. DashBoardTM allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoardTM, so the control interface is always up to date.

The DashBoardTM software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website: www.cobaltdigital.com (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoardTM user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASSTM cards using DashBoardTM. (Cobalt[®] OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Documents> Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-25).

 Cobalt® OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of this card and other video and audio processing terminal equipment meeting the open-architecture Cobalt COMPASSTM cards for openGearTM standard.

In addition to circumventing the need for a computer to monitor and control signal processing cards, the Control Panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.

The Remote Control Panels are totally compatible with the openGearTM control software DashBoardTM; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other. The Remote Control Panel user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

932X Rear I/O Modules

The 932x cards physically interface to system video and audio connections using a Rear I/O Module. Figure 1-11 shows typical Rear I/O Modules.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 932X Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-2) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the card edge connections to industry standard connections that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

In this manner, the particular inputs and outputs required for a particular application can be accommodated using a Rear I/O Module that suits the requirements. The required input and outputs are broken out to the industry standard connectors on the Rear I/O Module; the unused inputs and outputs remain unterminated and not available for use.

The full assortment of Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 923X Group Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-6) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

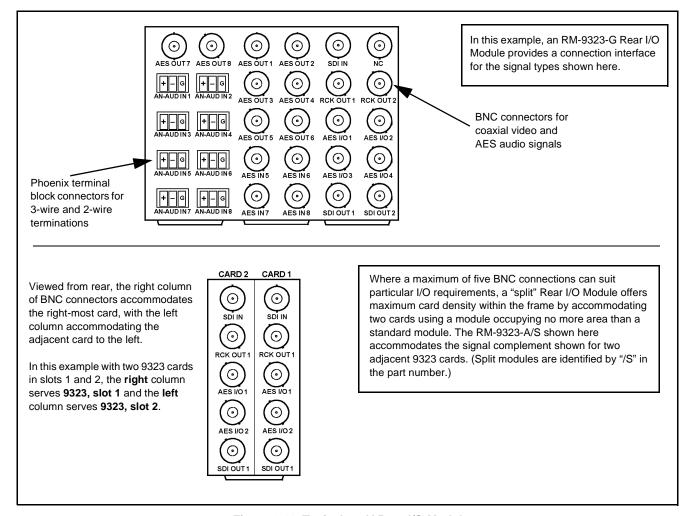


Figure 1-11 Typical 932X Rear I/O Module

Audio and Video Formats Supported by the 932X Group

The 932X group supports all current SMPTE standard SD and HD video formats. Table 1-1 lists and provides details regarding the audio and video formats supported by the 932X group.

Table 1-1 Supported Audio and Video Formats

Item	Desc	ription/Specification
Input / Output Video	Raster Structure:	Frame Rate:
	1080PsF	23.98; 24
	1080p	23.98; 24
	1080i ⁽¹⁾	25; 29.97; 30
	720p	23.98; 24; 25; 29.97; 30; 50; 59.94; 60
	486i ⁽¹⁾	29.97
	575i ⁽¹⁾	25
Embedded Audio	Supports all four groups (16 channels) of embedded audio at full 24-bit resolution in both SD (with extended data packets) and HD.	
Analog Audio (9321, 9323 Only)	Supports 8 channels of balanced (differential) analog audio. The analog audio is encoded such that a +24 dBu input is equivalent to digital 0 dBFS.	
Discrete AES Audio Input (9321, 9323 Only)	Accepts up to 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES audio on 75Ω BNC connections. Sample rate conversion can be employed to account for minor clock rate differences in the AES stream and the input video stream.	
		have a nominal rate of approximately es not support AES input at 32 kHz, 192 kHz rates.
Discrete AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only)	Provides up to 16 channels BNC connections.	(8 pairs) of discrete AES audio on 75Ω
(+DEC only) Dolby [®] E/Dolby [®] Digital [™] Audio Input Decode		up to 10 decoded AES channels when valid audio is received on either discrete AES rresponding metadata.
(1) All rates displayed as frame rates; into	erlaced ("i") field rates are two times th	ne rate value shown.

Technical Specifications

Table 1-2 lists the technical specifications for the 932X group HD/SD Video Proc and Embedder/De-Embedders with Dolby® Decoding Option cards.

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications

Item	Characteristic
Part number, nomenclature	 9321 – HD/SD Embedder with Dolby[®] Decoding Option 9322 – HD/SD De-Embedder with Dolby[®] Decoding Option 9323 – HD/SD Embedder/De-Embedder with A/V Processing and Dolby[®] Decoding Option
Installation/usage environment	Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear™ modular system definition.
Power consumption	< 15 Watts maximum
Environmental: Operating temperature: Relative humidity (operating or storage):	32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C) < 95%, non-condensing
Frame communication	10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX.
Indicators	Card edge display and indicators as follows: • 4-character alphanumeric display • Remote Activity LED indicator • Input Format LED indicator
Controls	Card edge switches as follows: • Menu Enter pushbutton switch • Menu Exit pushbutton switch • Up/down selection toggle switch
Internal Tone Generators	Four built-in tone generators, each configurable for 18 discrete sine wave frequencies ranging from 50 Hz to 16 kHz. Generator source signal level is equivalent to -20 dBu.
Serial Digital Video Input	Data Rates Supported: SMPTE 292 HD-SDI: 1.485 Gbps or 1.485/1.001 Gbps SMPTE 259M-C SD-SDI: 270 Mbps Impedance: 75 Ω terminating Equalization (HD): 328 ft (100 m) Belden 1694A

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications — continued

Item	Characteristic
Serial Digital Video Input (cont.)	Equalization (SD): 1000 ft (305 m) Belden 1694A
	Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 1.485 GHz
Resolution:	10-bit video data path
Post-Processor Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Two HD/SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2
	Impedance: $75~\Omega$
	Return Loss: > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz > 12 dB at 270 MHz – 1.485 GHz
	Signal Level: 800 mV ± 10%
	DC Offset: 0 V ± 50 mV
	Jitter (HD): < 0.15 UI (all outputs)
	Jitter (SD): < 0.10 UI (all outputs)
	Overshoot: < 0.2% of amplitude
Pre-Processor (Reclocked) Serial Digital Video Outputs	Number of Outputs: Four SD-SDI BNC per IEC 60169-8 Amendment 2 Impedance: 75 Ω
	1044

Table 1-2 Technical Specifications — continued

AES Audio Input (9321, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Inputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Input Level: 0.1 to 2.5 Vp-p (5 Vp-p tolerant) Input Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHz Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance: 75 Ω SMPTE 276M Number of Output Impedance: 75 Ω SMPTE 276M Number of Output Impedance: 75 Ω SMPTE 276M Output Impedance: 75 Ω Output Impedance: Output Impedance: Output Impedance: Output Impedance: Output Impedance: Output I	Item	Characteristic
8 unbalanced Input Level: 0.1 to 2.5 Vp-p (5 Vp-p tolerant) Input Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHz Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		
8 unbalanced Input Level: 0.1 to 2.5 Vp-p (5 Vp-p tolerant) Input Impedance: 75 Ω Return Loss: > 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHz Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		Number of Inputs (maximum):
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75 Ω Return Loss: > 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHz Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		0.1 to 2.5 Vp-p (5 Vp-p tolerant)
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> 12 dB at 100 kHz to 6 MHz Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		75 Ω
Resolution: 24-bit only Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		Return Loss:
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Sample Rate: 48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		Resolution:
48 kHz SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		24-bit only
SRC: 32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		Sample Rate:
32-channel; 142 dB S/N AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		48 kHz
AES Audio Output (9322, 9323 Only) Standard: SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		SRC:
(9322, 9323 Only) SMPTE 276M Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		32-channel; 142 dB S/N
Number of Outputs (maximum): 8 unbalanced Output Impedance:		Standard:
8 unbalanced Output Impedance:	(9322, 9323 Only)	SMPTE 276M
Output Impedance:		
75 O		
		75Ω
Return Loss:		
> 30 dB 100 kHz to 6 MHz		
Sample Rate:		·
48 kHz		48 kHz
Dolby [®] RS485 Metadata Output Metadata extracted from input video (per SMPTE 2020-1-2008) or Dolby [®] decoder on RS-485 interface; 3-wire balanced via Phoenix terminal block connector.	Dolby [®] RS485 Metadata Output	Dolby [®] decoder on RS-485 interface; 3-wire balanced via Phoenix
Analog Audio Input Number of Inputs (maximum):		Number of Inputs (maximum):
(9321, 9323 Only) Eight, 3-wire balanced analog audio using Phoenix connectors with removable screw terminal blocks (Phoenix PN 1803581; Cobalt PN 5000-0013-000R)	(9321, 9323 Only)	with removable screw terminal blocks (Phoenix PN 1803581;
Sampling Rate:		Sampling Rate:
48 kHz (locked to video input)		48 kHz (locked to video input)
Signal Level:		Signal Level:
+24 dBu => 0 dBFS		+24 dBu => 0 dBFS
A/D Frequency Response:		A/D Frequency Response:
20 – 20 kHz ± 0.25 dB		20 – 20 kHz ± 0.25 dB

Warranty and Service Information

Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby[®] modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center

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Installation and Setup

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

- Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (p. 2-1)
- Installing the Card Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-2)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-5)
- Setting Up Card Network Remote Control (p. 2-15)

Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only)

Note: This procedure is applicable only if any of the four AES I/O (1-4) ports on the card are to be used as **outputs** (the switches are set to input mode by factory default). The card is equipped with a four-section red DIP switch that sets AES pairs 1 thru 4 as either inputs or outputs. The factory default position is the **input** position for each pair.

- If all of the AES I/O (1-4) ports are to be used as inputs (or not used at all), omit this procedure.
- If any of the AES I/O (1-4) ports are to be used as outputs, set the switches as described in this procedure.

Note switch S11 thru S14 settings for **AES I/O 1** thru **AES I/O 4** mode shown in Figure 2-1. For port to be used as an **output**, set switch to down position as shown in Figure 2-1.

Note: Regardless of S11 thru S14 settings for AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4, outputs AES OUT (1-8) are still available on cards equipped with a Rear I/O Module having dedicated AES OUT (1-8) BNC connectors.

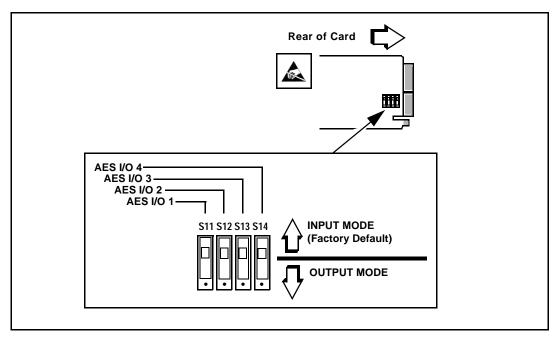


Figure 2-1 9323 AES I/O (1-4) Mode Switches

Installing the Card Into a Frame Slot

CAUTION

CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. This card has a moderate power dissipation (15 W max.). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

CAUTION



This device contains semiconductor devices which are susceptible to serious damage from Electrostatic Discharge (ESD). ESD damage may not be immediately apparent and can affect the long-term reliability of the device.

Avoid handling circuit boards in high static environments such as carpeted areas, and when wearing synthetic fiber clothing. Always use proper ESD handling precautions and equipment when working on circuit boards and related equipment.

Note:

- If installing the card in an 8310-C-BNC or 8310-BNC frame (which is pre-equipped with a 100-BNC rear I/O module installed across the entire backplane) or a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, proceed to card installation steps below.
- If installing the card in an 8321 frame, or in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-5) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the card into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

Note: Check the packaging in which the card was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and to be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the card into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the card is to be installed.
- **2.** Open the frame front access panel.
- **3.** While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- **4.** Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- **6.** Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- **7.** Close the frame front access panel.

- **8.** Connect the input and output cables as follows:
 - If the card is being installed in a PN 8310-BNC or 8310-C-BNC frame, refer to the label on the connector bank corresponding to the card's slot location for connector designations.
 - If the card is being installed in a frame using a specific 932X Rear I/O Module, connect cabling in accordance with the appropriate diagram shown in Table 2-1, "932X Rear I/O Modules" (p. 2-6).
- **9.** Repeat steps 1 through 8 for any other cards.

Note: The card BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.

Note: To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.

10. If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Setting Up Card Network Remote Control (p. 2-15).

Note: If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Installing a Rear I/O Module

Note: This procedure is applicable only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed in the slot where the card is to be installed.

If installing the card in a 8310-C-BNC or 8310-BNC frame (which is pre-equipped with a 100-BNC rear I/O module installed across the entire backplane) or a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

The full assortment of Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 923X Group Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-6). Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the card is to be installed.
- 2. In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-2.

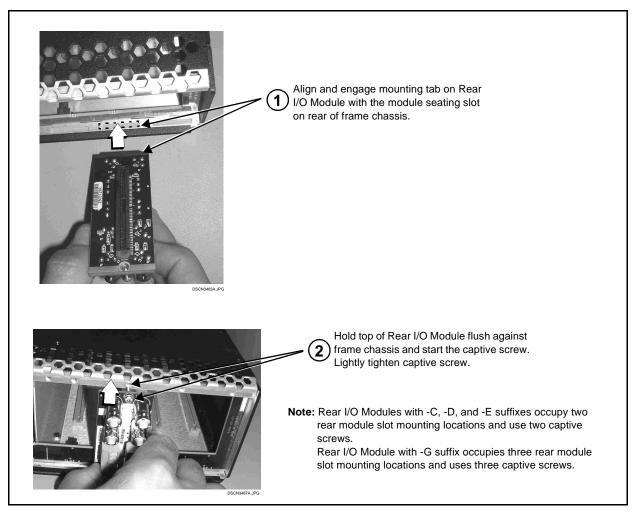


Figure 2-2 Rear I/O Module Installation

923X Group Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 932X group.

- Note: Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.
 - Rear I/O Module part number indicates I/O module-to-card applicability (e.g., "RM20-9323A" is suitable for use only with 9323 card).
 - All Rear I/O Modules listed here are available for 8310 10-slot openGear™ frame as PN RM-XXXX-X, except RM20-9321-A/S, RM20-9322-A/S, and RM20-9323-A/S.

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules

932X Rear I/O Module	Description
RM20-9323-A	Provides the following connections:
	HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)
SDI IN NG	 Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT)
RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 2	 Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable)
	Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)
AES I/O 1 AES I/O 2 OOO AES I/O 3 AES I/O 4 OOO SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	Note: For AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4 on RM20-9323-A Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information.

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description		
RM20-9323-A/S CARD 2 CARD 1	Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9323 cards:		
	 HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) 		
	 HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT) 		
SDI IN SDI IN RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 1	 Two AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 and AES I/O 2; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) 		
	 Buffered SDI coaxial output (SDI OUT) 		
AES I/O1 AES I/O1 O AES I/O2 AES I/O2 O SDI OUT1 SDI OUT1	Note: For AES IN 1 and AES IN 2 on RM20-9323-A/S Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S12 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information.		
RM20-9322-A	Provides the following connections:		
<u> </u>	 HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) 		
SDI IN NC	 Four AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4) 		
	 Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT) 		
AES OUT1 AES OUT2 AES OUT3 AES OUT4 SDI OUT1 SDI OUT2	Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9322 cards: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT) • Two AES I/O coaxial outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) • Buffered SDI coaxial output (SDI OUT)		
RM20-9322-A/S CARD 2 CARD 1 O SDI IN SDI IN RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 1 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 2 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 1			
RM20-9321-A SDI IN NC OO OO RCK OUT1 RCK OUT2 OO OO AES IN1 AES IN2 OO OO AES IN3 AES IN4 OO OO SDI OUT1 SDI OUT2	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Four AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4) • Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9321 cards: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT) • Two AES I/O coaxial inputs (AES IN 1 and AES IN 2) • Buffered SDI coaxial output (SDI OUT)		
CARD 2 CARD 1 CARD 2 CARD 1 SDI IN SDI IN RCK OUT 1 RCK OUT 1 AES IN 1 AES IN 1 AES IN 2 AES IN 2 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 1			
RM20-9322-B SDI IN RCK OUT 1 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Six AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 6) • HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: RCK OUT output available only on RM20-9322-B.		

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description		
RM20-9321-D	Provides the following connections:		
	HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)		
SDI IN AES IN 1	 Seven AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 7) 		
AES IN 2 AES IN 2 AES IN 3 O AES IN 4 AES IN 5 O AES IN 6 AES IN 7 O SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		
RM20-9323-B	Provides the following connections:		
RM20-9321-B	HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN)		
	 Six analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 6) 		
SDI IN NC	Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		
ANAUD			

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description	
RM20-9321-C AES IN 7 AES IN 8 SDI IN NC AN-AUD IN 1 AN-AUD IN 2 AES IN 1 AES IN 2 AN-AUD IN 3 AN-AUD IN 4 AES IN 3 AES IN 4 AN-AUD IN 5 AN-AUD IN 6 AES IN 5 AES IN 6 AN-AUD IN 7 AN-AUD IN 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Eight AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 8) • Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)	
RM20-9323-C AES IN5 AES IN6 SDI IN NC H-G H-G AN-AUD IN1 AN-AUD IN2 AES I/O 1 AES I/O 2 AN-AUD IN3 AN-AUD IN4 AES I/O 3 AES I/O 4 H-G H-G AN-AUD IN5 AN-AUD IN6 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 H-G H-G SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Two dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 5 and AES IN 6) Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2 on RM20-9323-C Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 or AES I/O 2 are used as inputs or outputs. Note: For AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 on RM20-9323-C Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information. 	

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description		
ABG DOLBY META SDI IN NC +-G AN-AUD IN1 AN-AUD IN2 AES IN 1 AES IN 2	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Four AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4) • Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) • Dolby® RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		
RM20-9323-D ABG DOLBY META SDI IN NC H-G AN-AUD IN1 AN-AUD IN2 AES I/O1 AES I/O2 H-G AN-AUD IN3 AN-AUD IN4 AES I/O3 AES I/O4 H-G AN-AUD IN5 AN-AUD IN6 AES OUT1 AES OUT2 H-G AN-AUD IN7 AN-AUD IN8 SDI OUT1 SDI OUT2	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 through AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) Dolby® RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2 on RM20-9323-D Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 or AES I/O 2 are used as inputs of outputs. Note: For AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 on RM20-9323-D Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more 		

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description		
RM20-9322-C O NC NC SDI IN RCK OUT 1 O AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 6 NC NC NC NC NC AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 SDI OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 NC NC NC AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Two copies of AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4) Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copy (RCK OUT) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: RCK OUT output available only on RM20-9322-C. 		
ABG DOLBY META SDI IN RCK OUT 1 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 NC AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Two copies of AES coaxial outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4) • Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) • Dolby® RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT)		

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description	
RM20-9323-E ABG DOLBY META SDI IN AES IN8 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES I/O 1 AES I/O 2 AES OUT 3 AES OUT 4 AES I/O 3 AES I/O 4 AES OUT 5 AES OUT 6 AES IN 5 AES IN 6 AES OUT 7 AES OUT 8 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) Three dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 5, AES IN 6, AES IN 8) Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) Dolby® RS-485 metadata output (DOLBY META) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4 on RM20-9323-E Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 are used as inputs or outputs. Note: For AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 on RM20-9323-E Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information. 	
RM20-9323-F SDI IN AES IN 8 AES OUT 1 AES OUT 2 AES IN 1 AES IN 2 AES IN 3 AES IN 4 SDI OUT 1 SDI OUT 2	 Provides the following connections: HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) Five AES coaxial inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4, AES IN 8) Two dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2) Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: For AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4 on RM20-9323-F Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information. 	

Table 2-1 932X Rear I/O Modules — continued

932X Rear I/O Module	Description	
RM20-9323-G AES OUT7 AES OUT8 AES OUT1 AES OUT2 SDI IN NC H-G H-G OO	Provides the following connections: • HD/SD-SDI coaxial input (SDI IN) • Four AES I/O coaxial input/outputs (AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4; I/O function of each connection is user-configurable) • Four dedicated AES coaxial audio inputs (AES IN 5 thru AES IN 8) • Eight dedicated AES coaxial audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 8) • Eight analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 8) • Two HD/SD-SDI reclocked input copies (RCK OUT) • Two buffered SDI coaxial outputs (SDI OUT) Note: AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4 on RM20-9323-G Rear I/O Module always function as outputs regardless of whether AES I/O 1 or AES I/O 2 are used as inputs or outputs. Note: For AES I/O 1 thru AES I/O 4 on RM20-9323-G Rear I/O Module to function as inputs, AES I/O switches S11 – S14 must be set to Input (factory default). See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) for more information.	

Setting Up Card Network Remote Control

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt® reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

Note:

- If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt[®] reference guide **Remote**Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of COMPASS™ cards using DashBoard™. (Cobalt® OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

 Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the Support>Documents>Reference Guides link at www.cobaltdigital.com
 - **Support>Documents>Reference Guides** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt[®] as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-25).
- If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard[™], no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard[™] and be ready for use.

Operating Instructions

Overview

This chapter contains the following information:

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the Card via Remote Control (p. 3-10)
- Checking Card Information (p. 3-12)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-13)
- 932X Group Function Submenu List and Descriptions (p. 3-14)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-54)

Control and Display Descriptions

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays (both on-card and remote controls) for using the 932X group cards. The card functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the card functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the card functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Submenus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview below).

After familiarizing yourself with the arrangement described in Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview, proceed to the subsection for the particular user interface being used. Descriptions and general instructions for using each of the three user interfaces are individually described in the following subsections:

- 932X Group Card Edge Controls, Indicators, and Display (p. 3-3)
- DashBoardTM User Interface (p. 3-7)
- Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces (p. 3-9)

Note:

Instructions provided here are applicable for all available user control methods. However, DashBoard™ and the Remote Control Panel provide greatly simplified user interfaces as compared to using the card edge controls. For this reason, **it is strongly recommended** that DashBoard™ or a Remote Control Panel be used for all card applications other than the most basic cases.

Note: Not all functions available using DashBoard™ or the Control Panel are available using the cord adds controls

able using the card edge controls.

Note: When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard[™] (or the Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

The functions and related parameters available on the card are organized into function **submenus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the card and its submenus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function submenus, and parameters.

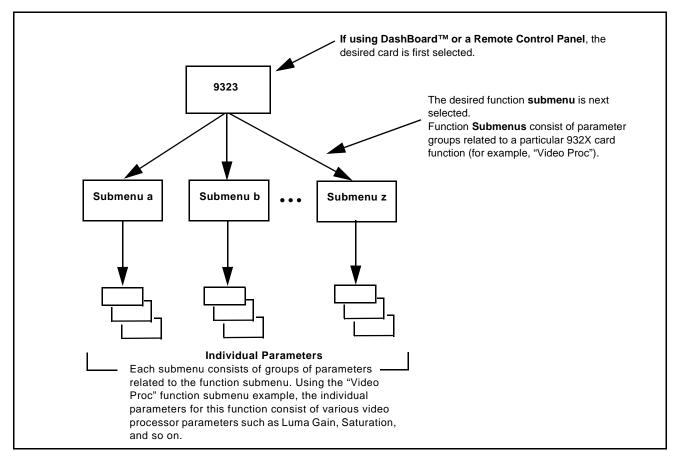


Figure 3-1 Function Submenu/Parameter Submenu Overview

932X Group Card Edge Controls, Indicators, and Display

Figure 3-2 shows and describes the card edge controls, indicators, and display.

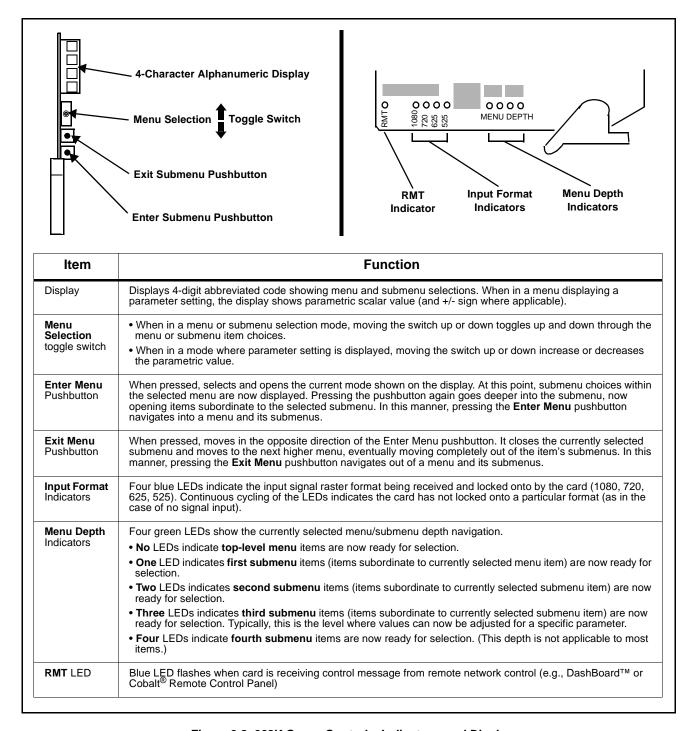


Figure 3-2 932X Group Controls, Indicators, and Display

Card Edge Control Menu/Submenu Structure

(See below.) Using the menu system of group menus and submenus described earlier, the card parameters/controls are organized into menus and submenus. As appropriate, a submenu similarly may have its own further additional subordinate submenus.

	Menu Depth	Menu depth (as indicated by Menu Depth LEDs)
Menu Group Item		none
Submenu 1 (Submenu 1 selection items)	1	• 0 0 0
Submenu 2 (Submenu 2 selection items)	2	• • 0 0
Submenu 3 (Submenu 3 selection items and/or parameter values)	3	● ● ○
Submenu 4 (Submenu 4 selection items and/or parameter values)	4	• • • •

Figure 3-3 shows an example of using the card edge controls to access the Video Proc menu (along with some of its submenus) to adjust luma and color gain. (A) through (G) in Figure 3-3 denote the discrete tasks required in performing the example setup using the card edge controls.

In this example, luma gain is being set to 120%, and color gain is being set to 90%.

Due to the limited control available when using the built-in card edge control user interface, the navigation into and out of submenus shown in Figure 3-3 is required to perform the setup described above.

Vid					Select a top-level menu item (in this example, select Vid (video processor))
Submenu Depth					
	1	2	3	4	
A	Proc				Press Enter Menu and in this example, select Proc.
B		Enbl			Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select Enbl (Enable).
©			On Off		Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select On . This sets the video processor to On .
D		Gain			Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Gain (luma gain).
E			(gain value)		Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select a gain value of 120 for luma gain.
F		Sat			Press Exit Menu and in this example, select Sat (saturation; or color gain).
G			(sat value)		Press Enter Menu again and in this example, select a color gain value of 90.

Figure 3-3 Card Edge Controls Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

Card Edge Display Orientation, Brightness, and Timeout Adjust

The card edge 4-Character Alphanumeric Display can be changed between vertical or horizontal character orientation to suit the mounting position of the card as shown and described below.

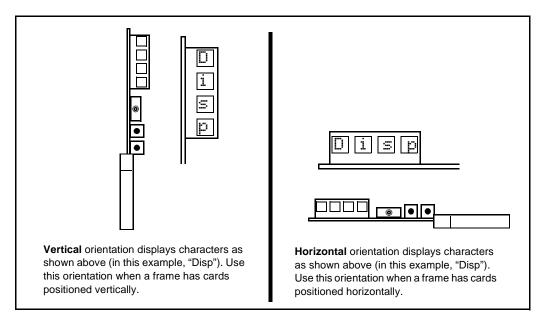
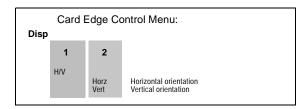


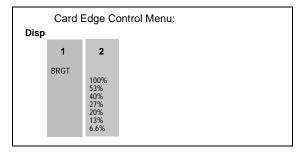
Figure 3-4 Card Edge Display Orientation

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- 2. Select between Horizontal or Vertical as shown below.



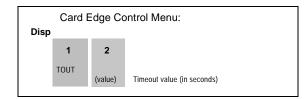
Adjust the display brightness as described below.

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- 2. Select from the relative brightness levels as shown below.



The timeout period from when a menu is entered to when the display times outs (reverts to the default card model display) can be adjusted from 5 to 9999 seconds (166.7 minutes) as described below.

- 1. Access the **Displ** (Display) menu.
- **2.** Use the up/down switch to enter the desired timeout value as shown below.



DashBoard™ User Interface

(See Figure 3-5.) The card function submenus are organized in DashBoardTM using tabs (for example, "Video Proc" in Figure 3-5). When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed in DashBoardTM are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the card edge controls.)

Figure 3-5 shows the same setup described in Figure 3-3 as performed using DashBoardTM. Note how this setup is greatly simplified using DashBoardTM with most of the discrete tasks (A through G in Figure 3-3) performed with the card edge controls now rolled into simple actions using DashBoardTM.

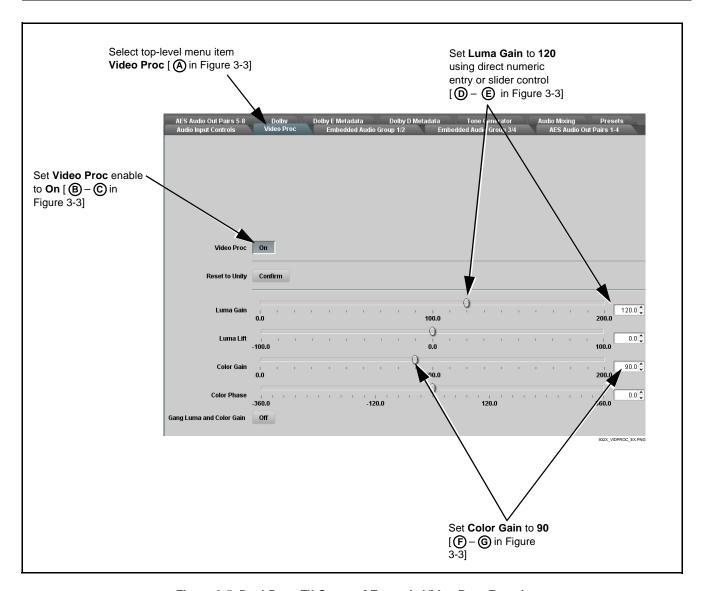


Figure 3-5 DashBoard™ Setup of Example Video Proc Function

Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces

(See Figure 3-6.) Similar to the function submenu tabs using DashBoardTM, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act like a potentiometer. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act like a rotary switch. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the card edge controls.)

Figure 3-6 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel as compared to using the card edge controls.

Note: Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

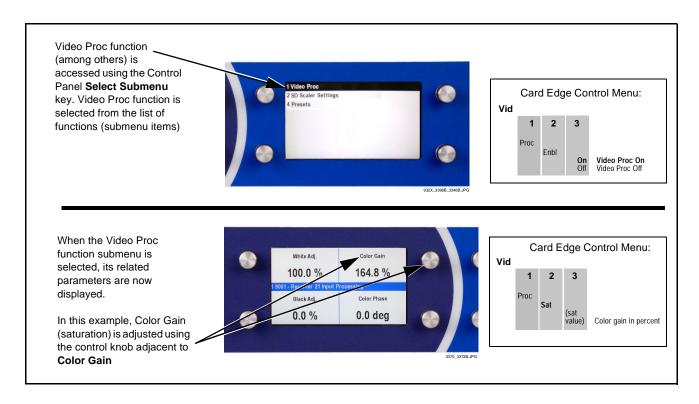


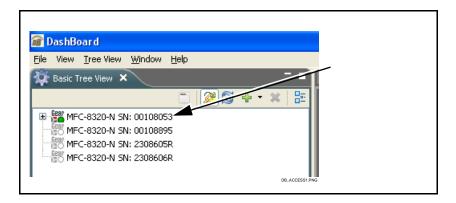
Figure 3-6 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

Accessing the Card via Remote Control

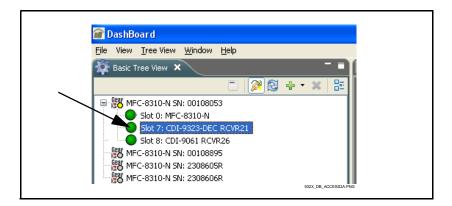
Access the card using DashBoardTM or Cobalt[®] Remote Control Panel as described below.

Accessing the Card Using DashBoard™

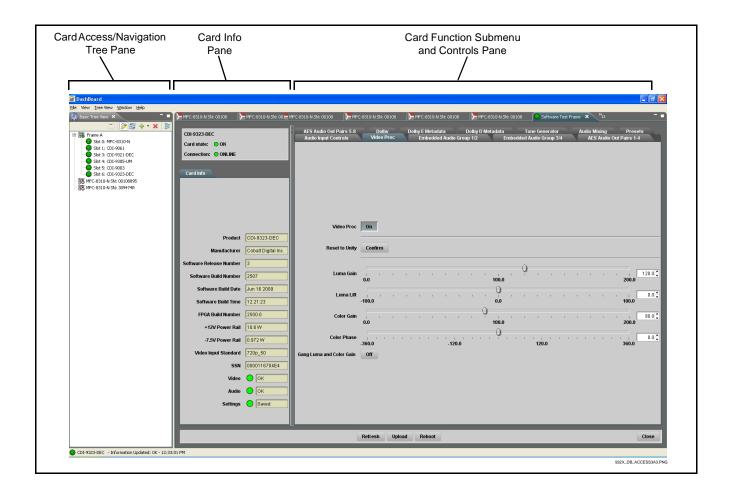
- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoardTM.
- 2. As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8310-N SN: 00108053").



3. As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 7: CDI-9323-DEC RCVR21").

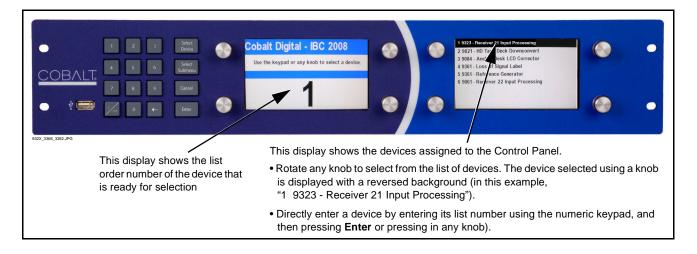


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed in DashBoardTM its function submenu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular submenu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoardTM).



Accessing the Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



Checking Card Information

The operating status and software version the card can be checked using DashBoardTM or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-7 shows and describes the card information screen using DashBoardTM and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

Note:

Proper operating status in DashBoard[™] is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-7. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-54) for corrective action.

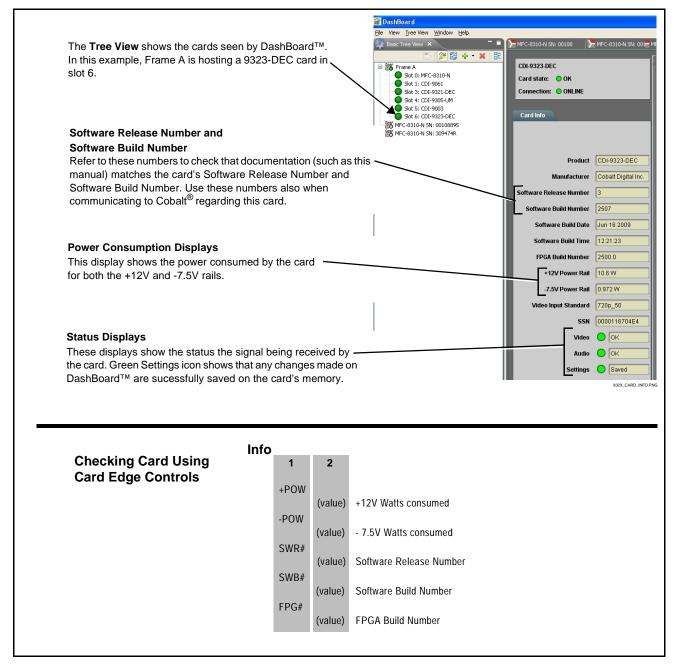


Figure 3-7 Card Info Utility

Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

Table 3-1	Typical Ancillar	y Data Line Number	Locations/Ranges
-----------	------------------	--------------------	------------------

	Default Line No. / Range		
ltem	SD	HD	
AFD	12 (Note 2)	9 (Note 2)	
ATC_VITC	13 (Note 2)	9/8 (Note 2)	
ATC_LTC	_	10 (Note 2)	
Dolby [®] Metadata	13 (Note 2)	13 (Note 2)	
SDI VITC Waveform	14/16 (Note 2)	_	
Closed Captioning	21 (locked)	10 (Note 2)	

Notes:

- 1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
- 2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting	Format	Line No. Limiting
525i	12-19	720p	9-25	1080p	9-41
625i	9-22	1080i	9-20		

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-8 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

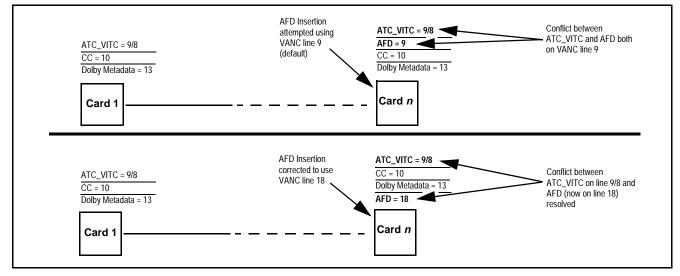


Figure 3-8 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Conflict and Resolution

932X Group Function Submenu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 932X group function submenu "tab" and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoardTM to access each function and its corresponding submenus and parameters.

Note: All numeric (scalar) parameters displayed on DashBoard[™] can be changed using the slider controls, @ arrows, or by numeric keypad entry in the corresponding numeric field. (When using numeric keypad entry, add a return after the entry to commit the entry.)

Note: Table 3-2 also provides abbreviated menu structure charts showing the menu structure for accessing the function/parameter using the card edge controls. Where this is not shown for a particular control, this indicates the control is not available using card edge controls.

If using card edge controls, refer to Card Edge Control Menu/Submenu Structure (p. 3-4) and Figure 3-3 for an explanation and an example of card edge control menu structure navigation.

On DashBoardTM itself and in Table 3-2, the function submenu items are organized using tabs as shown below.



The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function submenu item can be found.

Function Submenu Item	Page	Function Submenu Item	Page
Audio Input Controls	3-15	Dolby Decoder	3-39
Video Proc	3-18	Dolby E Metadata	3-42
AFD	3-20	Dolby D Metadata	3-43
Embedded Audio Group 1/2	3-21	Audio Mixing	3-44
Embedded Audio Group 3/4	3-27	Tone Generator	3-49
AES Audio Out Pairs 1-4	3-29	Licensable Features	3-49
AES Audio Out Pairs 5-8	3-34	Presets	3-50
Timecode	3-35		

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List

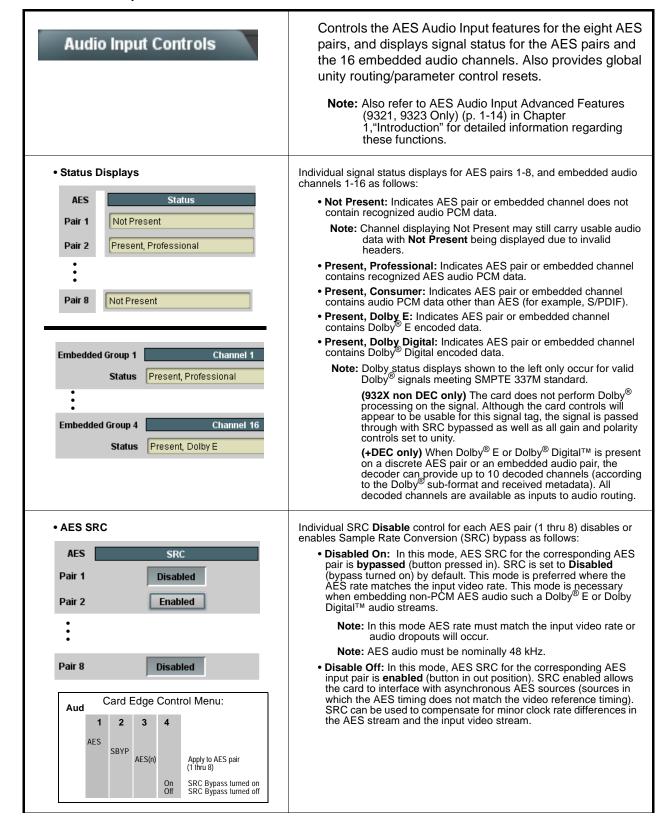


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

(continued) Audio Input Controls AES Passthrough Individual AES Passthrough On/Off control for each AES pair (1 thru 8) disables or enables Passthrough as follows: Passthrough Off: Disables AES passthrough for the selected AES input pair. Passthrough is set to Off by default. Off Pair 1 • On: Passthrough is turned on, with the corresponding AES output pair to act as a bit-for-bit copy with zero delay of the corresponding AES input pair. On Pair 2 Note: AES Passthrough set to On overrides normal audio routing. Gain and polarity control is not available when AES passthrough is enabled. Pair 8 Off Card Edge Control Menu: Aud PASS Apply to AES pair (1 thru 8) AES(n) Passthrough Disabled Passthrough Enabled Zero Delay Embedding Individual AES Zero-Delay Embedding On/Off control for each AES pair (1 thru 8) disables or enables Zero-Delay Embedding as follows: • Off: Disables Zero-Delay Embedding for the selected AES input AES Zero Delay Embeddii pair. Zero-delay embedding is set to Off by default. Pair 1 Off • On: The selected pair directly embeds into its corresponding group (AES Pair 1 embeds into embedded channels 1 and 2; AES pair 2 embeds into embedded channels 3 and 4, and so on) with the On Pair 2 normal frame sync audio delay being bypassed. Note: Zero Delay Embedding overrides the standard audio routing system. For example, if AES Pair 1 is selected, then the controls to route into embedded channels 1 and 2 will not Pair 8 Off apply. Gain and polarity control is not available when zero-delay embedding is enabled. Card Edge Control Menu: Aud AFS 0DLY AES(n) Apply to AES pair (1 thru 8) Zero-Delay Embedding Off On Zero-Delay Embedding • Embedded Unity Channel Selection Selects unity reset of Embedded Audio Group 1/2 and 3/4 controls and re-establishes default 1-to-1 routing as follows: **Embedded Unity Channel Selection** • Embedded: Routes Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 16. Embedded • AES: Routes AES Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 16. Analog • Analog: Routes Analog Ch 1 thru Ch 8 as sources to destination channels Embedded Ch 1 thru Embedded Ch 8. Sets Embedded Ch 9 thru Ch 16 to Silence.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

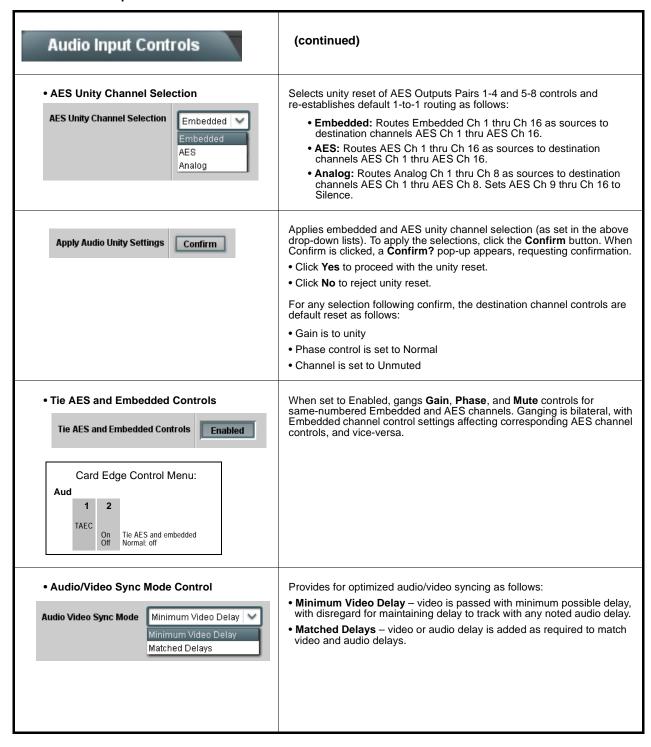


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

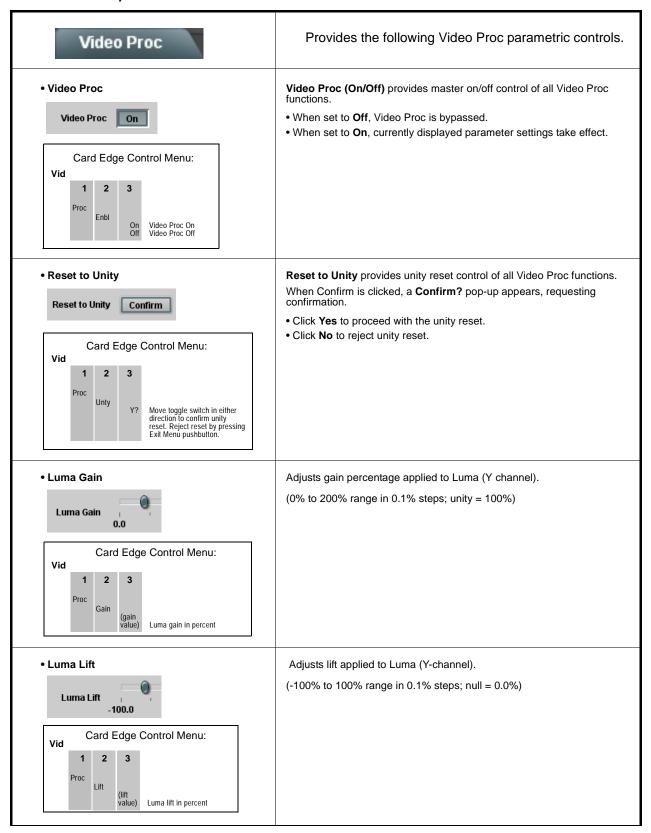


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

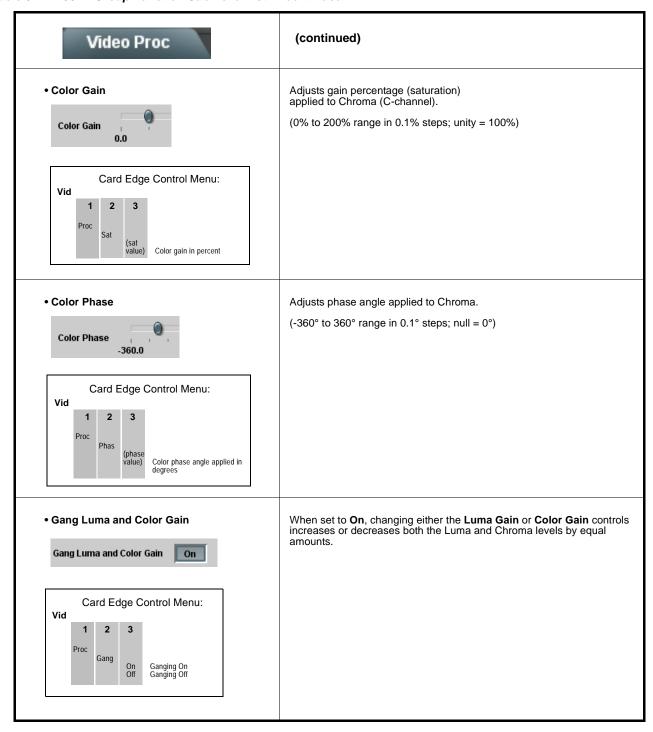


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

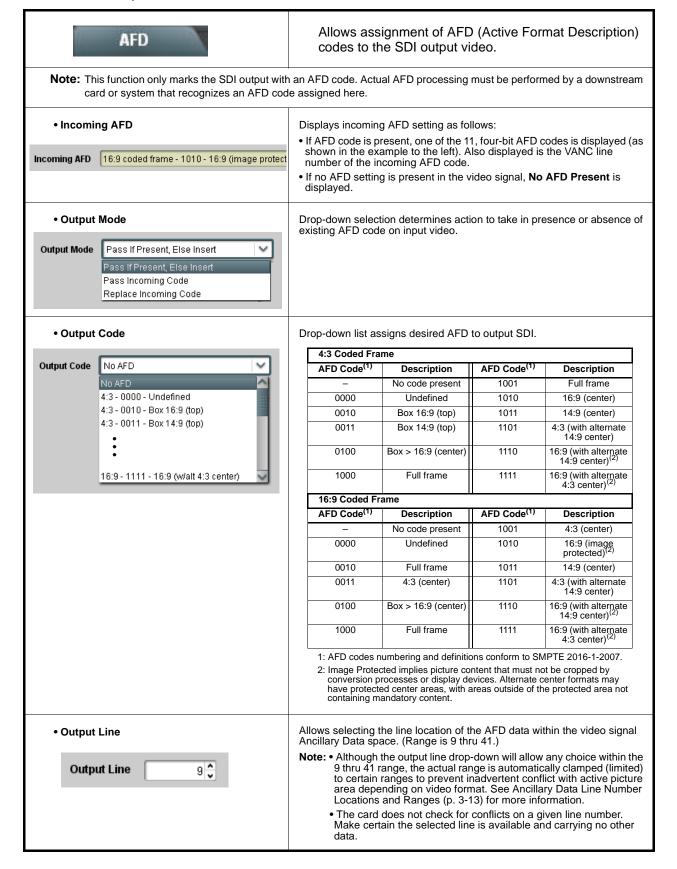


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

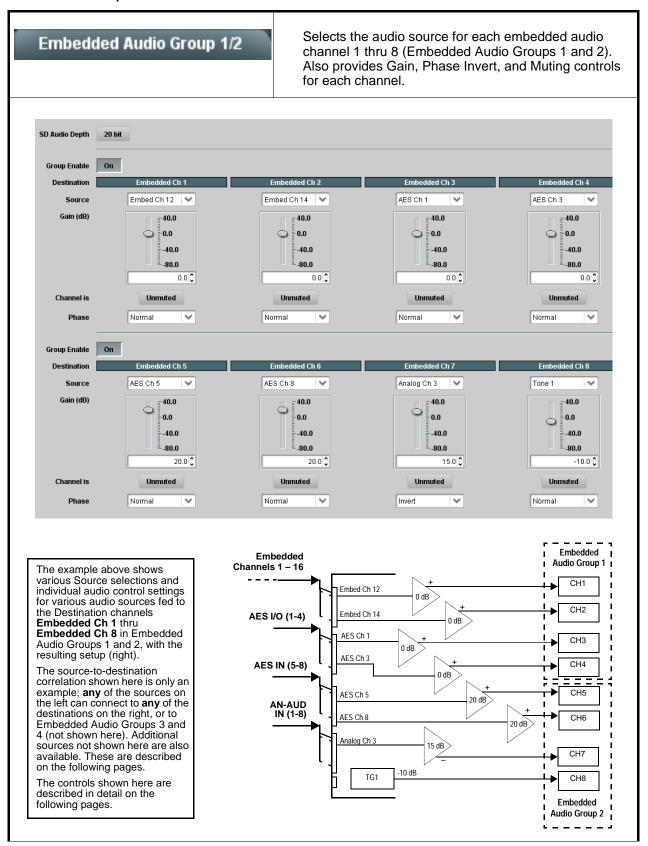


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

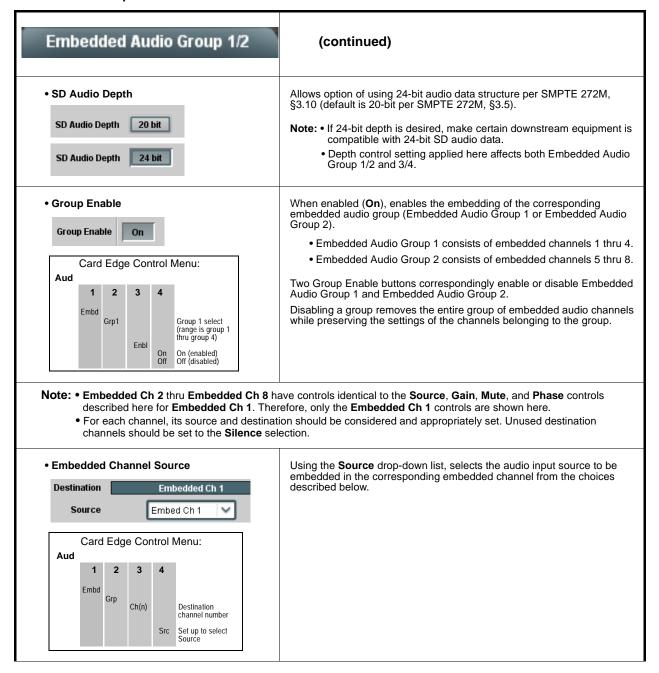


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

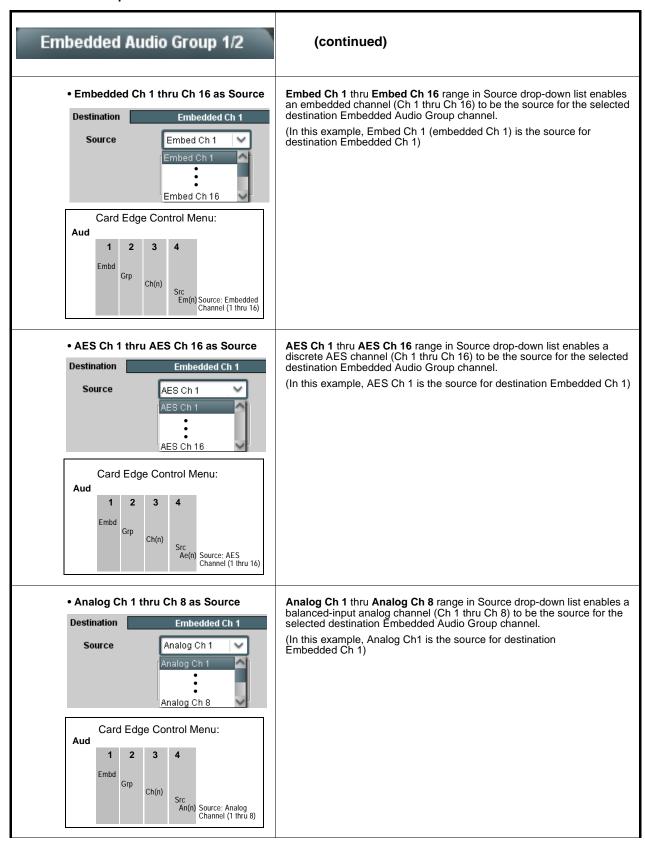


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Embedded Audio Group 1/2 (continued) . Down Mix Left or Right as Source Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right selections in Source drop-down list allow either downmixer left or right channel to be the source for the Destination Embedded Ch 1 selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (In this example, the Down Mix Left channel is the source for destination Source Down Mix Left Embedded Ch 1) Note: Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right channels are a stereo pair Down Mix Right derived from the L, C, R, Ls, and Rs channel inputs selected using the Audio Mixing function. The stereo pair consists of basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information. Card Edge Control Menu: Refer to Audio Mixing function description on page 3-44 for more Aud information. Embd Grp Ch(n) Src DM L DM R Downmix L channel DM R Channel Mono Mix as Source Mono selection in Source drop-down list allows mono mix content to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. Destination Embedded Ch 1 (In this example, the mono content is the source for destination Èmbedded Ch 1) Source Mono V Note: Mono mix content is set up using Mono Mixer Selection in the Audio Mixing function). Refer to Audio Mixing function Card Edge Control Menu: description on page 3-44 for more information. Aud 2 Fmbd Grp Ch(n) Mono mix selection • Dolby® Decoded Channel as Source **(+DEC only) Dolby Ch 1** thru **Dolby Ch 8** range in Source drop-down list enables a Dolby[®] decoded channel to be the source for the selected destination Embedded Audio Group channel. Destination Embedded Ch 1 (In this example, Dolby® decoded Ch 1 is the source for destination Source Dolby Ch 1 Embedded Ch 1) Note: Drop-down choices of Ch 1 thru Ch 8 and Mix 1/Mix 2 represent maximum channels available. Actual active channel complement is per received Dolby® format and upstream encoding. Inactive Dolby Mix 2 channels should not be used. Card Edge Control Menu: Refer to **Dolby Decoder** function description on page 3-39 for more Aud information. 1 2 3 Refer to Dolby^{\otimes} E Processing and Routing Example on page 3-52 for an example of using and routing Dolby^{\otimes} decoding. Grp Ch(n) Src Db(n) Source; Dolby® Channel (1 thru M2)

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

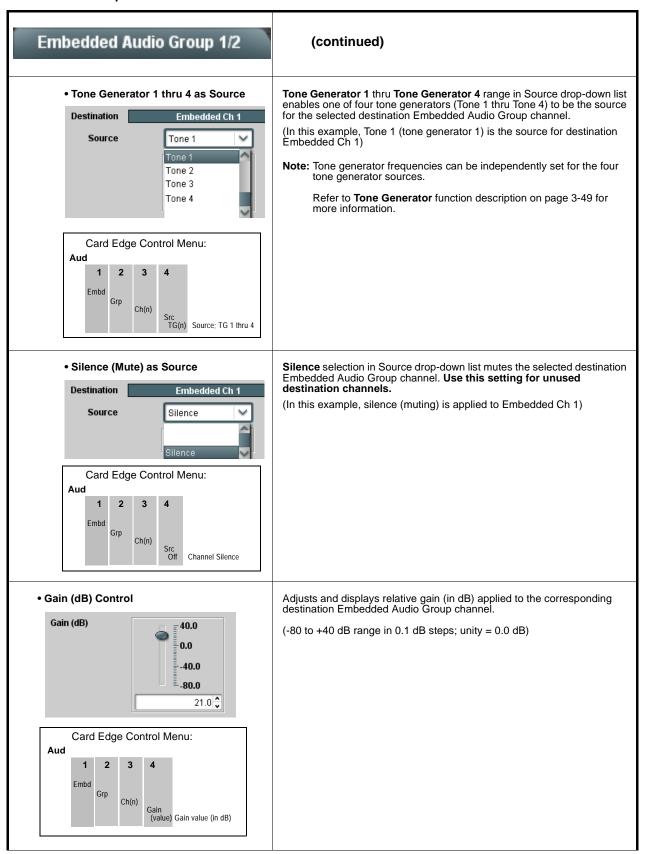


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

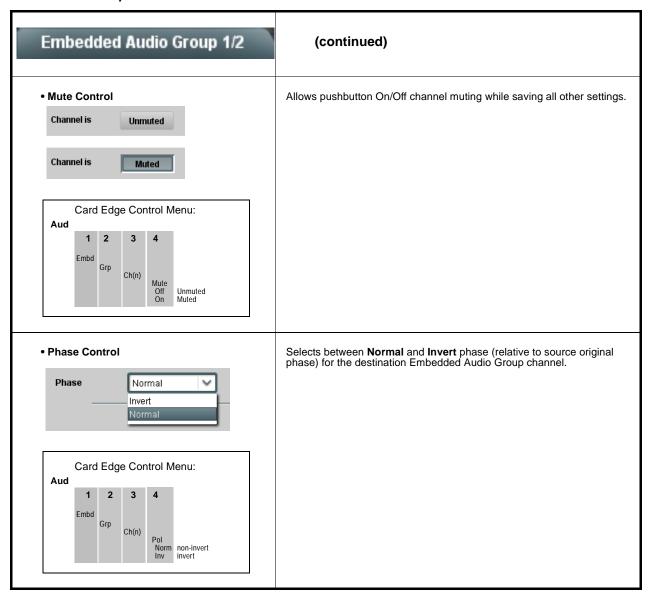


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

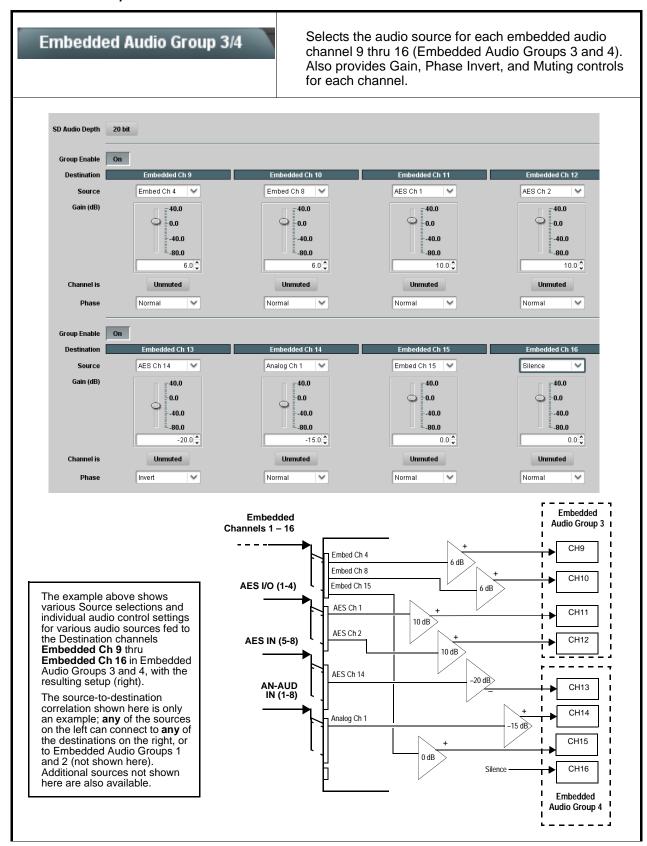
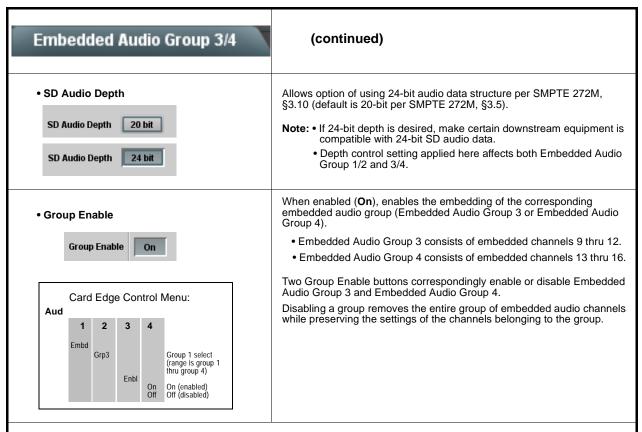


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued



- **Note:** Embedded Ch 9 thru Embedded Ch 16 have controls that are identical to the **Source**, **Gain**, **Mute**, and **Phase** controls described for Embedded Ch 1. Refer to Embedded Audio Group 1/2 on page 3-21 for descriptions of these controls.
 - For each channel, its source and destination should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels should be set to the **Silence** selection.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

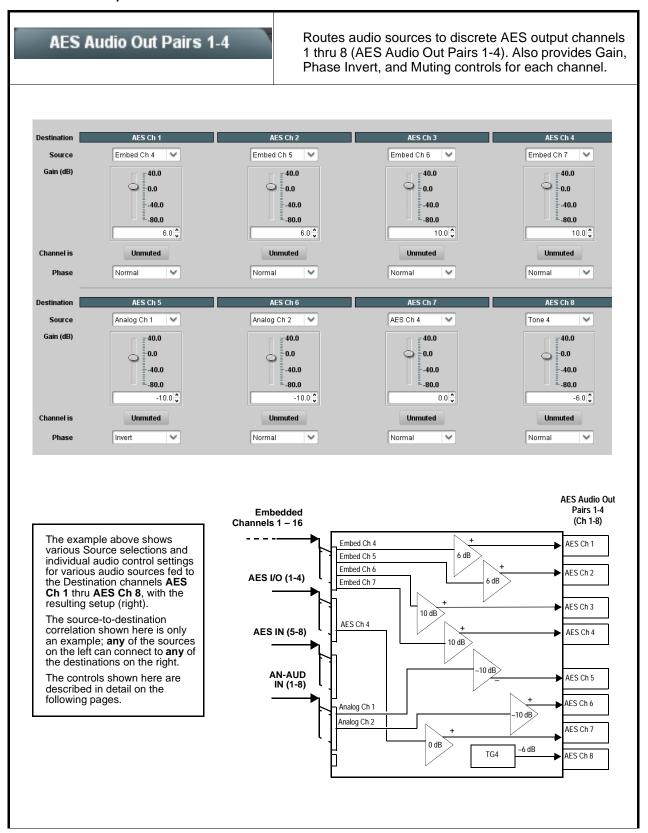


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

(continued) AES Audio Out Pairs 1-4 Note: • AES Ch 2 thru AES Ch 8 have controls that are identical to the Source, Gain, Mute, and Phase controls described here for AES Ch 1. Therefore, only the AES Ch 1 controls are shown here. • For each channel, its source and destination should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels should be set to the Silence selection. Using the **Source** drop-down list, selects the audio source to be routed to the corresponding AES output channel from the choices described below. AES Channel Source Destination AES Ch 1 Source Embed Ch 1 Card Edge Control Menu: Aud 2 3 AES Ch(n) Destination channel number Set up to select Source Src • Embedded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 as Source Embed Ch 1 thru Embed Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enables an embedded channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the selected Destination AES Ch 1 destination AES channel. (In this example, Embed Ch 1 (embedded Ch 1) is the source for Embed Ch 1 Source destination AES Ch 1) Embed Ch 1 Embed Ch 16 Card Edge Control Menu: Aud 2 3 AES Ch(n) Src Em(n) Source: Embedded • AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16 as Source AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16 range in Source drop-down list enables a discrete AES channel (Ch 1 thru Ch 16) to be the source for the selected Destination AES Ch 1 destination AES channel. (In this example, AES Ch 5 is the source for destination AES Ch 1) Source AES Ch 5 AES Ch 16 Card Edge Control Menu: Aud 2 3 AES Ch(n) Src Ae(n) Source; AES Ch (1 thru 16)

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

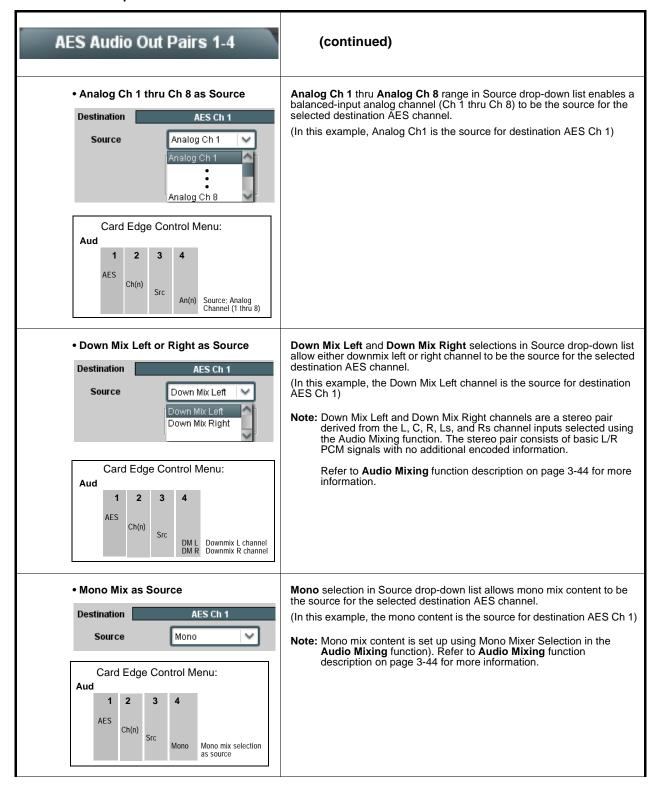


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

AES Audio Out Pairs 1-4 (continued) (+DEC only) Dolby Ch 1 thru Dolby Ch 8 range in Source drop-down list enables a Dolby $^{\otimes}$ decoded channel to be the source for the selected • Dolby® Decoded Channel as Source Destination AES Ch 1 destination AES channel. (In this example, Dolby® decoded Ch 1 is the source for destination AES Dolby Ch 1 Source Note: Drop-down choices of Ch 1 thru Ch 8 and Mix 1/Mix 2 represent maximum channels available. Actual active channel complement is per received Dolby® format and upstream encoding. Inactive Dolby Mix 2 channels should not be used. Card Edge Control Menu: Refer to **Dolby Decoder** function description on page 3-39 for more Aud Refer to Dolby $^{\circledR}$ E Processing and Routing Example on page 3-52 for an example of using and routing Dolby $^{\circledR}$ decoding. AFS Ch(n) Src Source; Dolby® Channel (1 thru M2) Tone Generator 1 thru Tone Generator 4 range in Source drop-down list enables one of four tone generators (Tone 1 thru Tone 4) to be the source • Tone Generator 1 thru 4 as Source for the selected destination AES channel. Destination AES Ch 1 (In this example, Tone 1 (tone generator 1) is the source for destination ÀES Ch 1) Source Tone 1 Note: Tone generator frequencies can be independently set for the four Tone 1 tone generator sources. Tone 2 Tone 3 Refer to Tone Generator function description on page 3-49 for more information. Tone 4 Card Edge Control Menu: Aud AFS Ch(n) Src Source; Tone Generator (1 thru 4) TG(n) • Silence (Mute) as Source Silence selection in Source drop-down list mutes the selected destination AES channel. Use this setting for unused destination channels. Destination AES Ch 1 (In this example, silence (muting) is applied to AES Ch 1) Silence Source Card Edge Control Menu: AFS Ch(n) Src Off Channel Silence

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

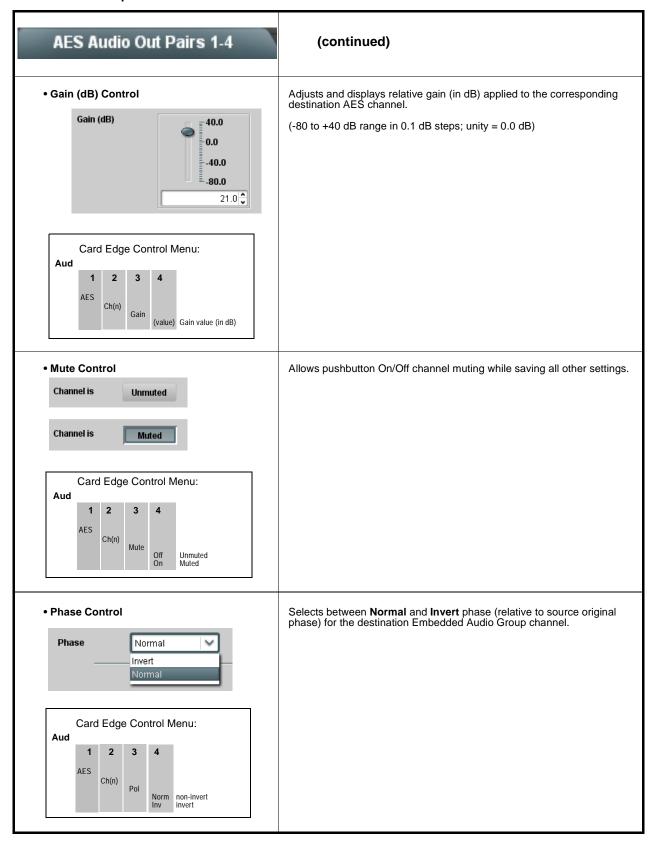
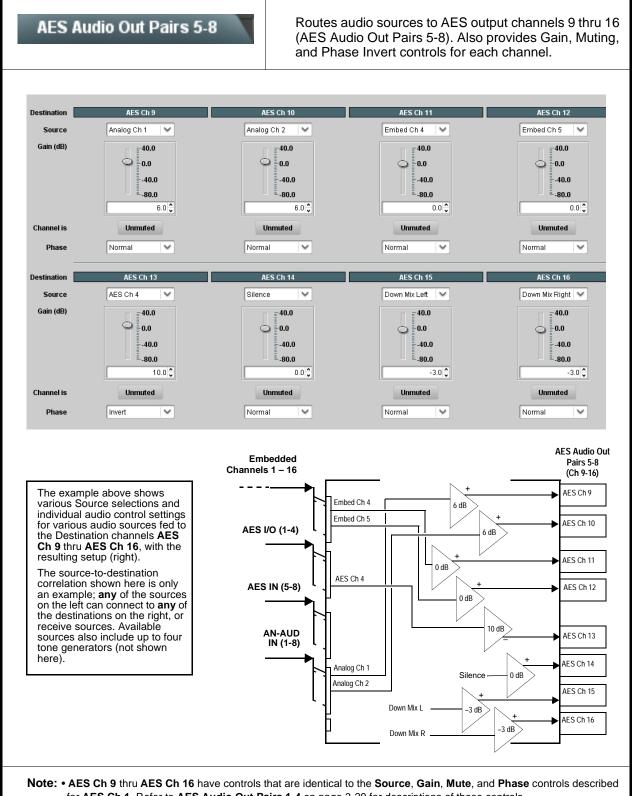


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued



for AES Ch 1. Refer to AES Audio Out Pairs 1-4 on page 3-29 for descriptions of these controls.

• For each channel, its source and destination should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination channels should be set to the Silence selection.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

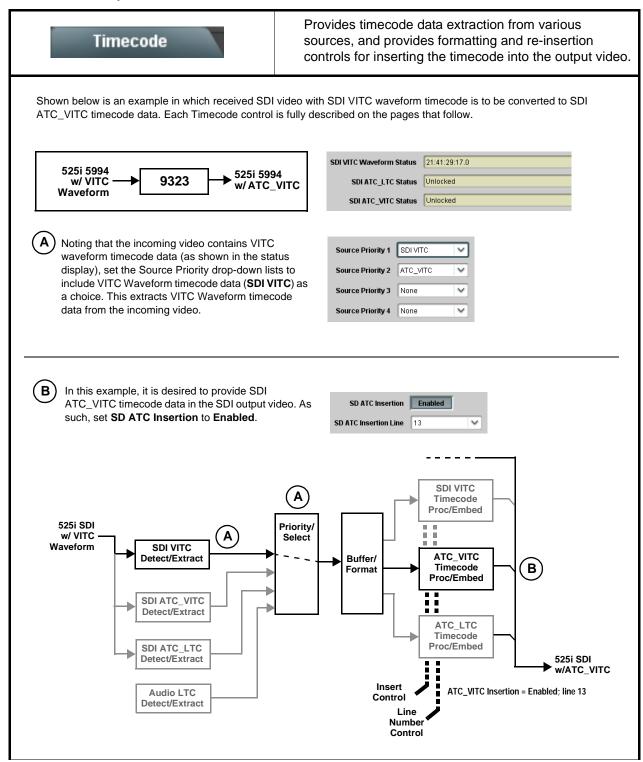


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

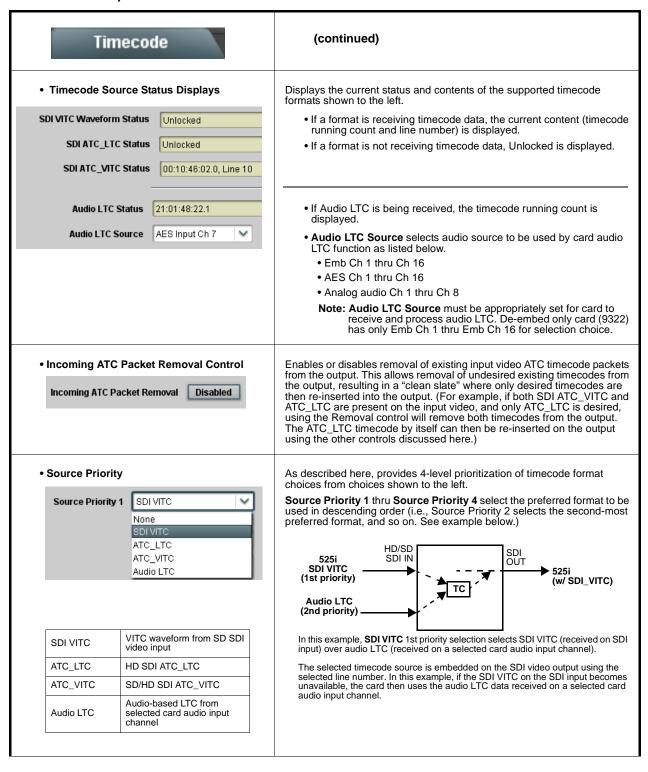


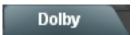
Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Timecode	(continued)	
Output Status Outpu	Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows: Output Status	
range is automatically clamped (limited) to depending on video format. See Ancillary • The card does not check for conflicts on a	Allows the current timecode count to be advanced or delayed on the output video. • Offset Advance or Delay selects offset advance or delay. • Offset Field delays or advances or delays timecode by one field. • Offset Frame delays or advances or delays timecode by up to 5 frames. Note: Default settings are null, with both controls set at zero as shown. • controls described below will allow a particular range of choices, the actual ocertain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-13) for more information.	
• SD VITC Waveform Insertion Controls VITC Waveform Output 1 Line Number VITC Waveform Output 2 Line Number SD VITC Waveform Insertion Enabled	For SD output, enables or disables SD VITC waveform timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the VITC1 and VITC2 line numbers (6 thru 22) where the VITC waveform is inserted. Note: • If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number. • SD VITC Waveform Insertion control only affects VITC waveforms inserted (or copied to a new line number) by this function. An existing VITC waveform on an unscaled SD SDI stream is not affected by this control and is passed on an SDI output.	
SD ATC Insertion Control SD ATC_VITC Insertion	For SD output, enables or disables SD ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC.	

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Timecode	(continued)
HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control HD ATC_LTC Insertion	For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data.
HD ATC_VITC Insertion Control HD ATC_VITC Insertion Enabled HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 1 9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 2 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended 8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended	For HD output, enables or disables ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2. Note: If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number.
ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled	When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling). Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued



(+DEC only) Routes a Dolby[®] encoded AES pair or embedded audio source to the Dolby[®] decoder, and provides Dolby[®] configuration display and metadata handling controls.

Note: • If necessary, see Dolby[®] E Processing and Routing Example on page 3-52 for an example of using and routing Dolby[®] decoding.

Decoded channels shown in DashBoard[™] correlate to typical channel designations as shown below. Note that
channel designations are a function of encoding. Based on encoding, actual channel designations may vary from the
examples shown here.

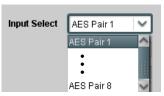
Decoder Channels	E5.1+2	E7.1+2	E8x1
Ch 1	LF	LF	Ch 1
Ch 2	RF	RF	Ch 2
Ch 3	С	С	Ch 3
Ch 4	LFE	LFE	Ch 4
Ch 5	LS	LS	Ch 5
Ch 6	RS	RS	Ch 6
Ch 7	Aux 1	LB	Ch 7
Ch 8	Aux 2	RB	Ch 8
Mix 1	Lo	Lo	Mono Mix 1
Mix 2	Ro	Ro	Mono Mix 2

• See other important notes in this subsection regarding the proper use of metadata embedding tools available with the decoder function.



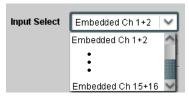
Using the **Input Select** drop-down list, routes an audio source containing locked Dolby[®] data to the Dolby[®] decoder input from the choices below.

AES Pair as Input



AES Pair 1 thru **AES Pair 8** range in Input Select drop-down list selects an AES Pair (1 thru 8) to be the input for the Dolby[®] decoder. (In this example, AES Pair 1 is the input for the Dolby[®] decoder)

• Embedded Channel Pair as Input



Embedded Ch 1+2 thru **Ch 15+16** range in Input Select drop-down list selects an embedded channel pair (1+2 thru 15+16) to be the input for the Dolby[®] decoder.

(In this example, embedded channel pair 1+2 is the input for the $\mathsf{Dolby}^{\circledR}$ decoder)

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

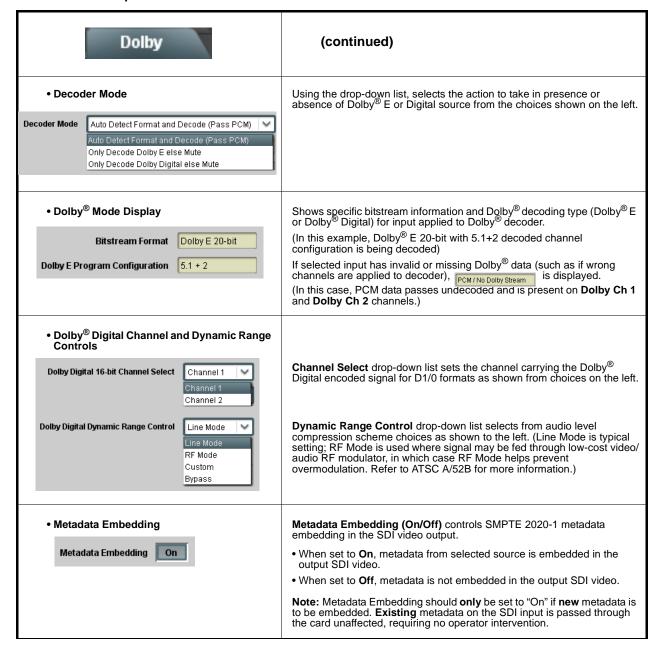


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Dolby	(continued)
Metadata Output Source Metadata Ouput Source Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video	Drop-down list allows embedding and RS485 metadata routing to the choices shown to the left and described below. • Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder — Routes the metadata from the Dolby® decoder to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped. • Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Dolby Decoder — Preserves input metadata and directly re-routes it to the output SDI. Routes the metadata from the Dolby® decoder to only the RS485 port on card so equipped. • Embedded: Input Video, RS485: Input Video — Routes the preserved input metadata to both embedding on the output SDI and the RS485 port on card so equipped. Note: Typically, Metadata Output Source should be set to Embedded: Dolby Decoder, RS485: Dolby Decoder, since this is the new metadata produced by the card decoder and should also be made available in the SDI stream and to any other external systems. If embedding new metadata, make certain to set its line number such that such that any old metadata for the same purpose is overwritten (i.e., new metadata set to the same line number as the old metadata to be replaced).
Metadata Output Line Metadata Output Line 13	Allows selection of SMPTE 2020-1 metadata line location within the VANC space for source embedding selected above. (Range is 9 thru 41; default is line #13.) Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-13) for more information. • The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data unless existing metadata is to be intentionally overwritten.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

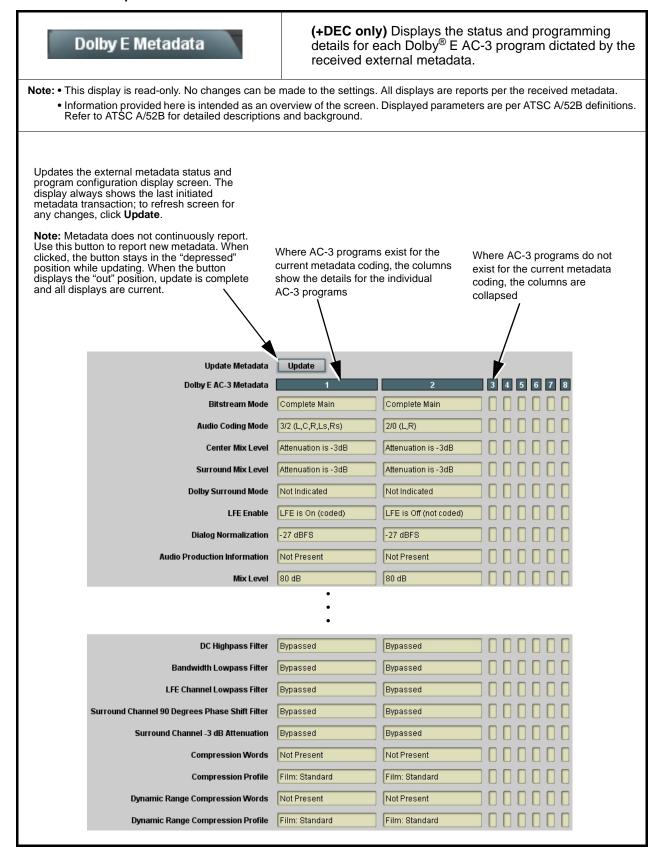


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

(+DEC only) Displays the status and programming details for Dolby[®] Digital program dictated by the Dolby D Metadata received external metadata. Note: • This display is read-only. No changes can be made to the settings. All displays are reports per the received metadata. Information provided here is intended as an overview of the screen. Displayed parameters are per ATSC A/52B definitions. Refer to ATSC A/52B for detailed descriptions and background. Updates the external metadata status and program configuration display screen. The display always shows the last initiated metadata transaction; to refresh screen for any changes, click Update. Note: Metadata does not continuously report. Use this button to report new metadata. When clicked, the button stays in the "depressed" position while updating. When the button displays the "out" position, update is complete and all displays are current. Update Metadata Update Bitstream Mode Complete Main 2/0 (L.R) Audio Codina Mode Center Mix Level Attenuation is -3dB Surround Mix Level Attenuation is -3dB Dolby Surround Mode Not Indicated LFE is Off (not coded) I FF Fnable -27 dBES Dialog Normalization **Audio Production Information** Present Mix Level 105 dB Room Type Small Room (Flat EQ) Copyright Bit Copyright Protected Original Bitstream Original Level is Adjusted +3.0 dB LoRo Center Mix Level LoRo Surround Mix Level | Level is Adjusted +3.0 dB Extended Bitstream Group 2 Not Included Not Indicated Dolby Surround EX Mode Present Compression Words

Compression Profile

Dynamic Range Compression Words

Dynamic Range Compression Profile

Dynamic Range Compression Words

Dynamic Range Compression Profile

Unknown

Present

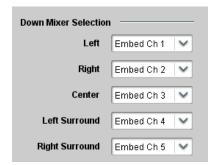
Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Audio Mixing

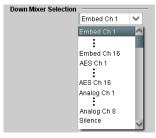
Provides down-mix audio routing selections that multiplexes any five embedded, AES, or analog audio channel sources into a stereo pair (Down Mix Left and Down Mix Right), or selection of any two audio sources to be mono-mixed to serve as a monaural source.

With an optional upmixer licensable feature activated, any normal PCM stereo pair can be fed to the upmixer to generate 5.1 surround sound audio which in turn can be applied to six user-selectable channels.

• Down Mixer Selection

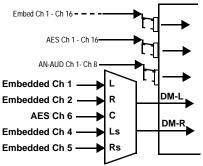


Separate drop-down lists for **Left**, **Right**, **Center**, **Left Surround** (**Ls**), and **Right Surround** (**Rs**) inputs allow embedded, AES, or analog channel audio source selection for each of the five inputs as shown below.



The example below shows selection from various sources and the resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R. The two signals comprising the pair can be routed and processed the same as any other audio input source.





Note: The stereo pair consists of basic L/R PCM signals with no additional encoded information.

Center Mix Ratio Control



Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix.

- Minimum attenuation setting (-0.0 dB) applies no ratiometric reduction.
 Center channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation, making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix.
- Maximum attenuation setting (-10.0 dB) applies a -10 dB ratiometric reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored as in-phase center-channel content at a -10 dB ratio relative to overall level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall mix

(0.0 dB to -10.0 dB range in 0.1 dB steps; default = -3 dB)

Note: Default setting of -3.0 dB is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

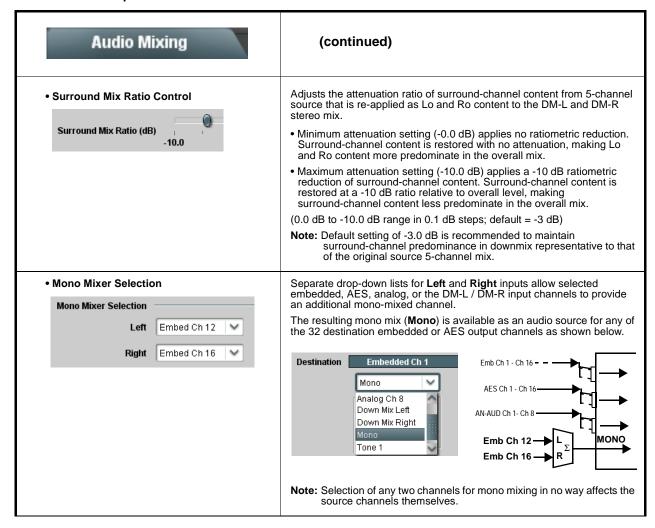


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

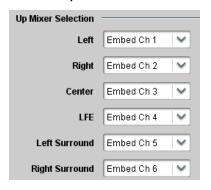
Audio Mixing

(continued)

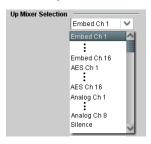
Note: • 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function is an optional licensable feature. This function and its controls appear only when a license key is entered and activated. Refer to **Licensable Features** function description on page 3-49 for more information.

- Channel sources used by the upmixer are post-processed signals received from the Audio Routing/Gain Control function. When active, the channel selections made using this function are **directly embedded in the output SDI or AES discrete pairs**. Refer to 2.0-to-5.1 Upmix Function (p. 1-11) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for detailed functional description and signal flow.
- For any six channels selected for this function, the **Left** and **Right** channel selections always serve as the stereo input pair.

• 2.0-to-5.1 Up Mixer Selection



Separate drop-down lists for **Left**, **Right**, **Center**, **LFE**, **Left Surround**, and **Right Surround** allow embedded, AES, or analog channel audio source selection, and embedded or AES discrete channel assignments for the six generated 5.1 channels.



The example below shows selection of embedded channels 1 and 2 as the received stereo source (Embed Ch1 and Ch 2 for Left and Right drop-down list selections in the Up Mixer Selection tool).

Using the setup shown in the example, when upmix is active the embedded channel 1/2 stereo pair is overwritten with the new stereo pair L/R on channels 1/2. As selected in the example, the additional 5.1 channels C, LFE, Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) overwrite Emb Ch 3 – Ch 6, respectively.

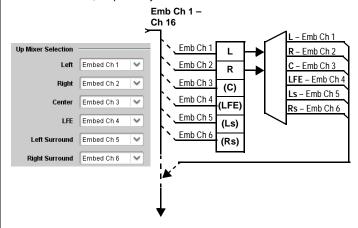


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

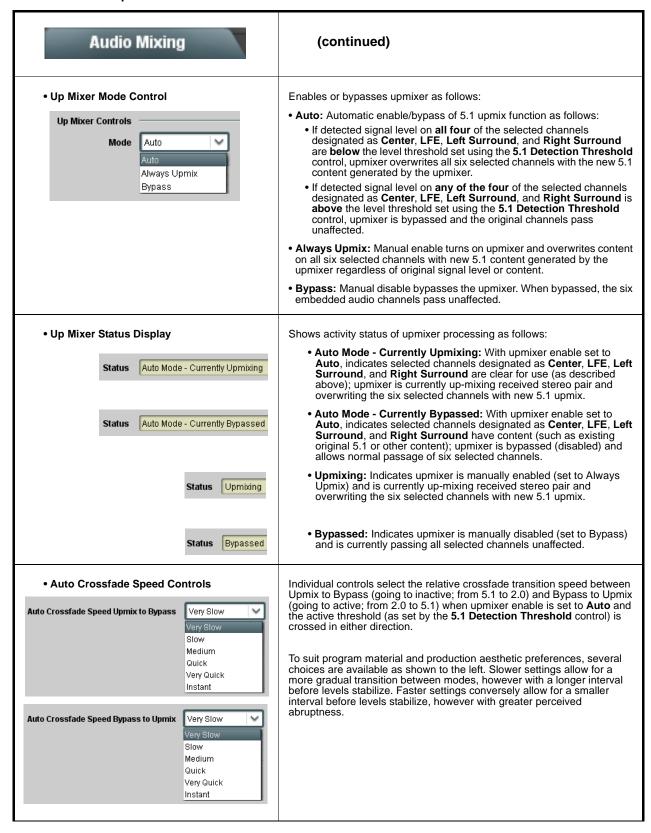


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

Audio Mixing (continued) • 5.1 Detection Threshold Control Adjusts the threshold at which selected channels designated as C. LFE. Ls, and Rs are considered to have viable content, or at which signal levels can be considered insignificant when upmixer enable is set to **Auto**. Setting affects automatic enable/bypass of 5.1 upmix function as follows: 5.1 Detection Threshold (dBFS) -150.0 • If detected signal level on all four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround are **below** the level threshold set using the **5.1 Detection Threshold** control, upmixer allows overwrite of all six selected channels with the new 5.1 signal • If detected signal level on any of the four of the selected channels designated as Center, LFE, Left Surround, and Right Surround is above the level threshold set using the 5.1 Detection Threshold control, upmixer is bypassed, thereby releasing the selected six channels and allowing the original channels to pass unaffected. (Range is -150 dB to 0 dB in 0.1dB steps; 0 dB equivalent to +24 dBu=> 0 dBFS) Typically, the **5.1 Detection Threshold** control should be set to provide a usable threshold that maintains a threshold at which valid levels large enough over the threshold **disable** the auto upmix (A), left), while nuisance levels considerably below the threshold (B), left) are rejected, allowing the Above Threshold (Bypass) - 60 dBFS upmixer to stay locked in 1 the enabled mode and Below Threshold (Overwrite) overwrite these signals with the new signals. Optimum setting is dependent on program material general overall levels. A -60 dB setting is recommended for material closely adhering to the SMPTE -20 dBFS Alignment level for normal material such as dialog. Adjusts center channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to L and Center Width Control R channels. • Minimum setting keeps all L+R (mono) content confined to center (C) Center Width channel, with any center channel content removed from L and R 0.0 Higher settings progressively blend respective L and R mono content back into L and R channels, with 100% setting resulting in center channel level going to zero and L/R channels becoming normal L/R channels containing some mono content. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 0%) Adjusts surround channel content (in terms of percentage) applied to Ls • Surround Depth Control and Rs channels. • Maximum setting results in greatest surround channel levels. Surround Depth Lower settings progressively diminish surround channel levels, with 0% setting resulting in no Ls or Rs level, with Ls and Rs content 0.0 progressively folded back into L and R, respectively. (0% to 100% range in 0.1% steps; default = 100%)

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued

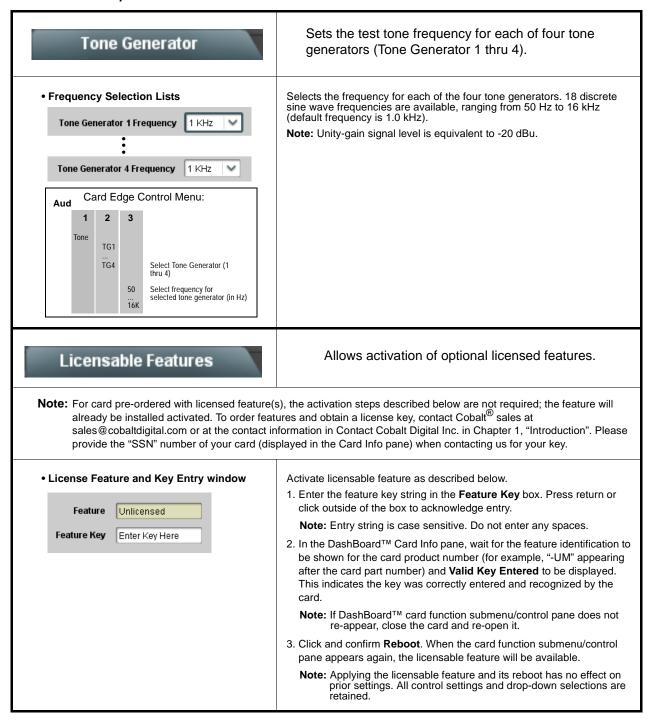
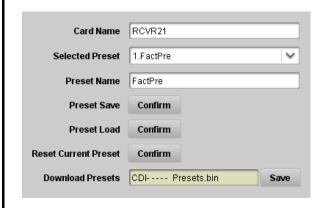


Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued



Allows up to 16 card user settings configuration presets to be saved in a Preset and then recalled (loaded) as desired. All current settings (including list selections and scalar (numeric) control settings such as Gain, etc.) are saved when a Preset Save is invoked.



The **Preset Name** field and **Preset Save** button allow custom user setting configurations to be labeled and saved to a Preset for future use.

The **Preset Load** button and the **Selected Preset** drop-down list allow saved presets to be selected and loaded as desired. When a preset is loaded, it immediately becomes active with all user settings now automatically set as directed by the preset.

Saved presets can be uploaded to a computer for use with other same-model COMPASSTM cards.

Each of the items to the left are described in detail on the following pages.

Selected Preset



Selected Preset 1 thru Selected Preset 16 range in drop-down list selects one of 16 stored presets as ready for **Save** (being written to) or for **Load** (being applied to the card).

Note: The preset names shown to the left are the default (unnamed) preset names. All 16 presets in this case are loaded identically with the factory default settings.

• Preset Save and Load



 Preset Save stores all current card control settings to the currently selected preset.

(For example, if Preset 1 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Save will then save all current card control settings to Preset 1)

 Preset Load loads (applies) all card control settings defined by whatever preset (Preset 1 thru Preset 16) is currently selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list.

(For example, if Preset 3 is selected in the Selected Preset drop-down list, clicking and confirming Preset Load will then apply all card control settings defined in Preset 3)

The above buttons have a **Confirm?** pop-up that appears, requesting confirmation.

Note: Applying a change to a preset using the buttons described above rewrites the previous preset contents with the invoked contents.

Make certain change is desired before confirming preset change.

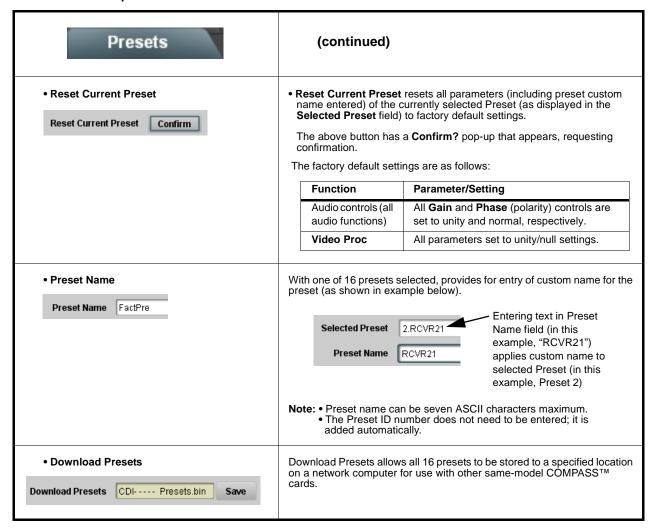
Card Name

Card Name RCVR 21 Input Processing

Text entry field provides for optional entry of card name, function, etc. (as shown in this example).

Note: Card name can be 31 ASCII characters maximum.

Table 3-2 932X Group Function Submenu List — continued



Dolby® E Processing and Routing Example (+DEC only)

Figure 3-9 shows an example of using the 9323-DEC Audio Input Controls, Dolby Decoder, and Embedded Audio Group 1/2 functions to decode a received Dolby[®] E encoded pair and route the decoded channels. The example also shows routing the metadata to the 9323-DEC DOLBY META output.

Note that the source and destination correlations shown here are only examples; **any** AES or embedded channel pair carrying encoded Dolby[®] data can be decoded. Decoded Dolby[®] channels can in turn be routed route to **any** AES or embedded channel destination.

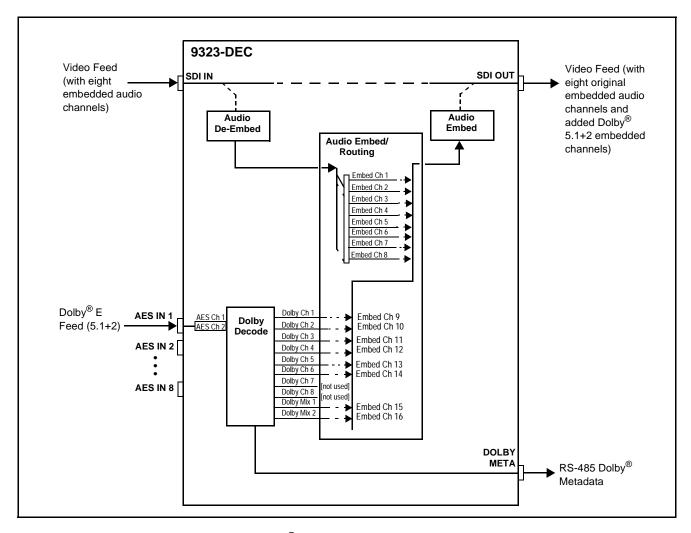


Figure 3-9 Dolby® E Processing Example (Sheet 1 of 2)

In the example here, Dolby® E 5.1+2 data on AES pair 1 is to be decoded and embedded (using spare embedded channels 9 thru 16) along with the existing embedded audio channels (embedded channels 1 thru 8). Figure 3-9, sheet 2 shows the 9323-DEC control settings (using DashBoardTM) that result in this routing.

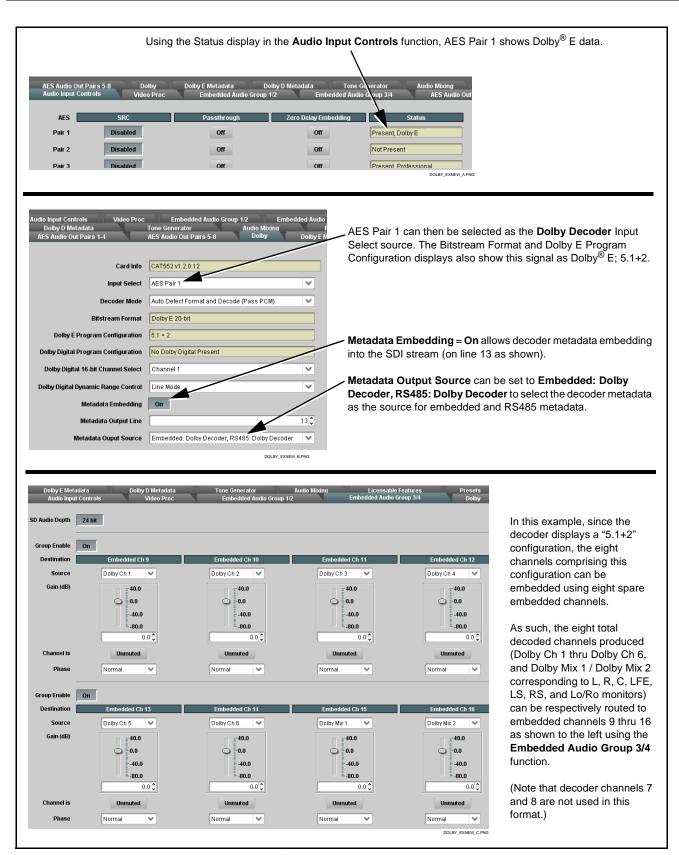


Figure 3-9 Dolby[®] E Processing Example (Sheet 2 of 2)

3 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the card and its remote control interface. A 932X group card require no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

Error and Failure Indicator Overview

The card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoardTM or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

Note:

The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.

- Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-58)
- 932X Group Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-59)
- Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-61)

932X Group Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-10 shows and describes the card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

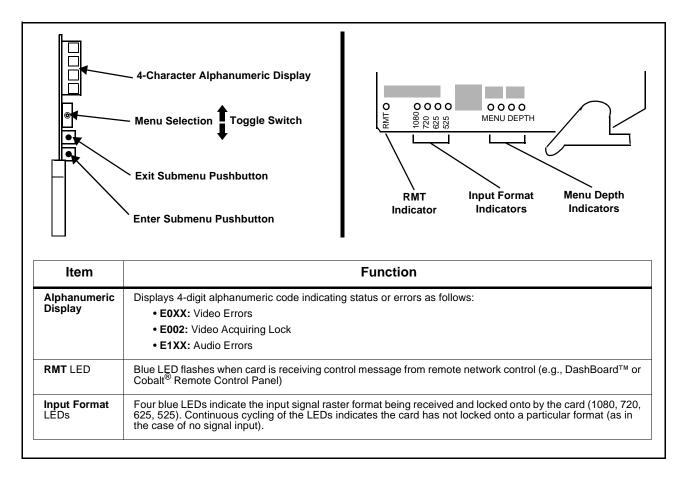


Figure 3-10 932X Group Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

3 Troubleshooting

DashBoard™ Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-11 shows and describes the DashBoardTM status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 932X group card itself and remote (network) communications.

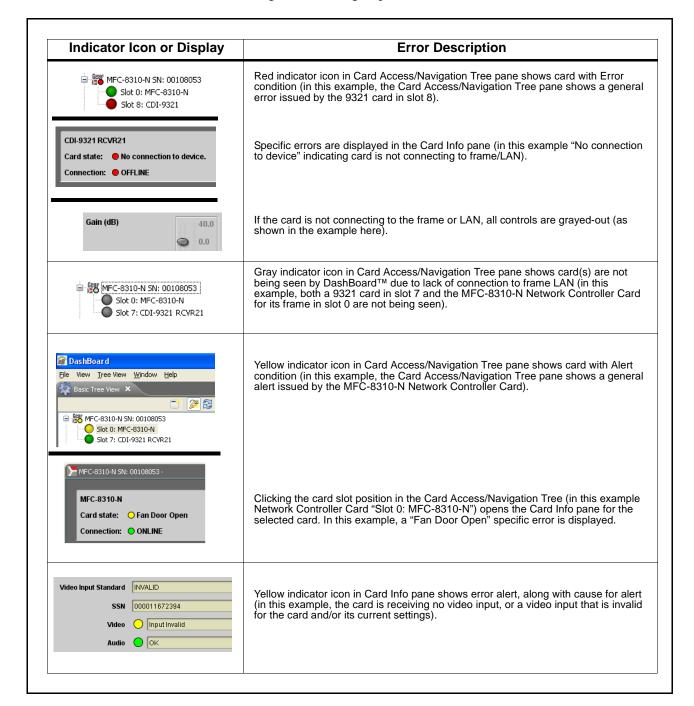


Figure 3-11 DashBoard™ Status Indicator Icons and Displays

Access the Card Info pane for a specific card by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-12).

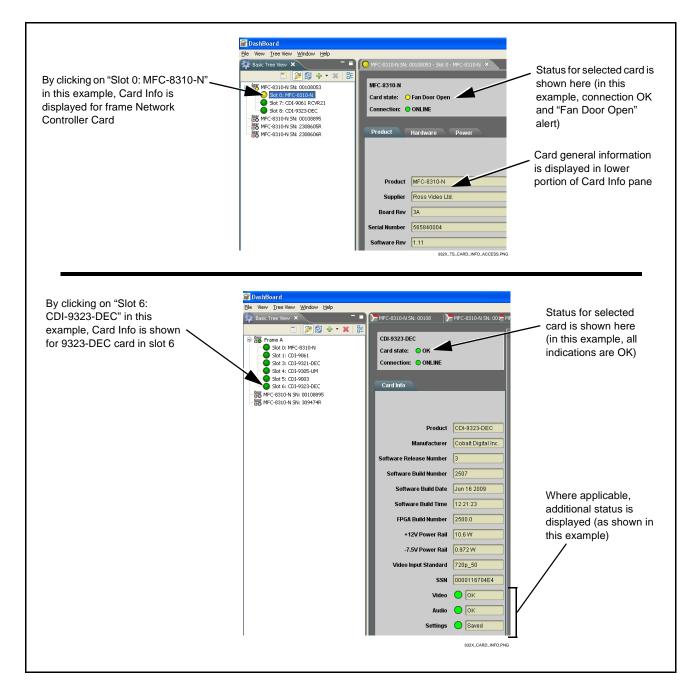


Figure 3-12 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

3 Troubleshooting

Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

Item	Checks
Verify power presence and characteristics	 On both the frame Network Controller Card and the card, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern. Check the Power Consumed indications for both the +12 V and -7.5 V supply rails for the card. This can be observed using the DashBoard™ Card Info pane, or using the card edge controls and indicators as shown in Figure 3-7 on page 3-12. If either of the rail supplies show no power being consumed, either the frame power supply, connections, or the card itself is defective. If either of the rail supplies show excessive power being consumed (see Technical Specifications (p. 1-21) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the card may be defective.
Check Cable connection secureness and connecting points	Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules.
Card seating within slots	Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.)
Check status indicators and displays	On both DashBoard [™] and the card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.
Troubleshoot by substitution	All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item.

932X Group Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides processing troubleshooting information. If the card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

Note: The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard™ and/or the card edge status indicators.

Note: Where errors are displayed on both the card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action
DashBoard™ shows Video yellow icon and Input Invalid message in Card Info pane. Video	No video input present	Make certain intended video source is connected to appropriate card video input. Make certain BNC cable connections between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and signal source are OK.
Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode, Dolby® metadata, AFD) not transferred through card.	VANC line number conflict between two or more ancillary data items	Make certain each ancillary data item to be passed is assigned a unique line number (see Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges on page 3-13).
DashBoard™ shows red Audio icon and Analog Input Clipping message in Card Info pane. Audio	Analog peak audio input on selected input exceeds +24 dBu level	Reduce analog audio level at the source. Note: Card audio gain controls cannot be used to correct analog input overload condition. The condition must be corrected at the source.
(+DEC only) Dolby® data indicated as Locked on Audio Input Controls Status display does not process, or cannot be • Input Select in Dolby Decoder function selection not set for pair carrying locked Dolby® data	Make certain intended channels carrying Dolby [®] data are selected as the input for the Dolby [®] decoder.	
accessed as an audio source.	Upstream metadata not enabled	Check upstream device or system and enable as required.

3 Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

Symptom	Error/Condition	Corrective Action	
Audio signal(s) do not route as expected. Parameter control not available as expected.	Audio Input Controls AES Passthrough or Zero Delay Embedding mode may inadvertently be enabled	When either of these modes is enabled, flexible routing and parametric controls are not available. When either of these modes is not intended for use, make sure they are disabled.	
		Refer to Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-15 for more information.	
		Note: Routing and parametric controls may appear functional when either of these mode are enabled, although the controls will not be functional.	
	AES audio contains Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital™ signal	When a valid Dolby [®] E or Dolby Digital™ signal (in accordance with SMPTE 337M) is detected on an AES or embedded audio signal, SRC is automatically bypassed (disabled) along with gain and polarity controls being bypassed (even though controls may appear to be functional). Gain and polarity controls are not available for this signal type.	
		Refer to Status displays in Audio Input Controls function submenu tab on page 3-15 for more information.	
Audio not processed or passed through card.	Input audio of type that cannot be locked by card	AES discrete and embedded audio must be nominal 48 kHz input. Note: Although the Status Displays in Audio	
		Input Controls function submenu tab will show audio formats other than "Locked Professional" as being locked (such as "Consumer Locked"), in any case the audio must be at nominal 48 kHz rate for lock and processing to occur.	
	Enable control not turned on	Group Enable button for Embedded Audio Group 1/2 or Embedded Audio Group 3/4 function submenu must be turned on for sources to be embedded into respective embedded channels.	
	(9323 only) AES pairs 1 thru 4 switch not set for Input (factory default) mode	If any of AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4 are to be used as inputs, the respective DIP switch must be set to the default INPUT mode position.	
		See Setting I/O Switches for AES I/O (1-4) Ports (9321, 9323 Only) (p. 2-1) in Chapter 2," Installation and Setup" for more information.	

Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors

Refer to Cobalt® reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-25) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

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9323G-OM (V4.1) Printed in USA