

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|--|----|
| 1. CARD EDGE CONTROLS..... | 1 |
| 1.1. DETERMINING CURRENT IP ADDRESS SETTINGS..... | 1 |
| 1.2. RESTORING FACTORY DEFAULTS..... | 1 |
| 1.3. CARD EDGE LEDS..... | 1 |
| 2. CONFIGURATION..... | 2 |
| 2.1. EXAMPLE CONFIGURATION..... | 2 |
| 2.2. STEP 1: PREPARE MVP OUTPUT CARD TO RECEIVE UMD DATA | 3 |
| 2.3. STEP 2: CONNECT 7700PTX-MVS TO THE SWITCHER..... | 4 |
| 2.4. STEP 3: CONNECT A PC TO THE DEBUG/MONITOR PORT | 5 |
| 2.5. STEP 4: CONFIGURE NETWORK PARAMETERS | 7 |
| 2.6. STEP 5: OPEN 7700PTX-MVS VLPRO CONFIGURATION VIEW | 8 |
| 2.7. STEP 6: CONFIGURE SWITCHER PARAMETERS..... | 9 |
| 2.8. STEP 7: CONFIGURE UMD PEERS | 10 |
| 2.9. STEP 8: CONFIGURE ROUTER PARAMETERS..... | 11 |
| 2.10. STEP 9: REBOOT THE 7700PTX-MVS | 14 |
| 2.11. STEP 10: CHECK SWITCHER COMMUNICATION | 15 |
| 2.12. STEP 11: CHECK UMD PEER COMMUNICATION..... | 16 |
| 2.13. STEP 12: CHECK ROUTER COMMUNICATION | 17 |
| 2.14. STEP 13: ASSOCIATE UMD PROTOCOL IDS WITH ROUTER DESTINATIONS..... | 18 |
| 2.15. STEP 14: ASSOCIATE ROUTER DESTINATIONS WITH SWITCHER SOURCES | 19 |
| 3. ROUTER CONTROL | 20 |
| 3.1. CROSSPOINT CONTROL | 20 |
| 4. FIRMWARE UPGRADE | 21 |
| 4.1. FTP | 21 |
| 4.2. SERIAL..... | 21 |

Figures

| | |
|--|----|
| Figure 1-1: PTX Card Edge | 1 |
| Figure 2-1: Example Setup | 2 |
| Figure 2-2: RS-422 Pins | 4 |
| Figure 2-3: Upgrade Jumper | 5 |
| Figure 2-4: 'Connect To' Window | 5 |
| Figure 2-5: COM1 Properties | 6 |
| Figure 2-6: 7700PTX-MVS Main Menu | 6 |
| Figure 2-7: 7700PTX-MVS Network Configuration Menu | 7 |
| Figure 2-8: VLPro Hardware Navigation Tree | 8 |
| Figure 2-9: Switcher Parameters | 9 |
| Figure 2-10: UMD Peer Parameters | 10 |
| Figure 2-11: Router Parameters | 11 |
| Figure 2-12: WinSetup Port Protocol Settings | 12 |
| Figure 2-13: WinSetup System Levels | 13 |
| Figure 2-14: Rebooting the 7700PTX-MVS | 14 |
| Figure 2-15: Switcher Communication | 15 |
| Figure 2-16: UMD Peer Communication | 16 |
| Figure 2-17: Router Communication | 17 |
| Figure 2-18: Configuring UMD Protocol IDs (PIDs) | 18 |
| Figure 2-19: Associating Switcher Sources With Router Destinations | 19 |
| Figure 3-1: Changing Router Crosspoints | 20 |

Tables

| | |
|---|----|
| Table 2-1: RS-422 Wiring | 4 |
| Table 2-2: Switcher Status Parameters | 15 |
| Table 2-3: Router Status Parameters | 17 |

REVISION HISTORY

| <u>REVISION</u> | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>DATE</u> |
|-----------------|---|-------------|
| 1.0 | First Release | Oct 07 |
| 1.1 | Updated card edge drawing and RS-422 Wiring table | Nov 07 |

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1. CARD EDGE CONTROLS

1.1. DETERMINING CURRENT IP ADDRESS SETTINGS

To read the current IP address during normal operation, press the front switch DOWN. The IP address can be read on the four-character alphanumeric display.

1.2. RESTORING FACTORY DEFAULTS

To restore all settings to factory defaults, apply power to the card while holding the toggle switch UP until the green LED is illuminated.

1.3. CARD EDGE LEDS

LED 22 is illuminated when Ethernet activity is detected.

All other card edge LEDs are for factory use only.

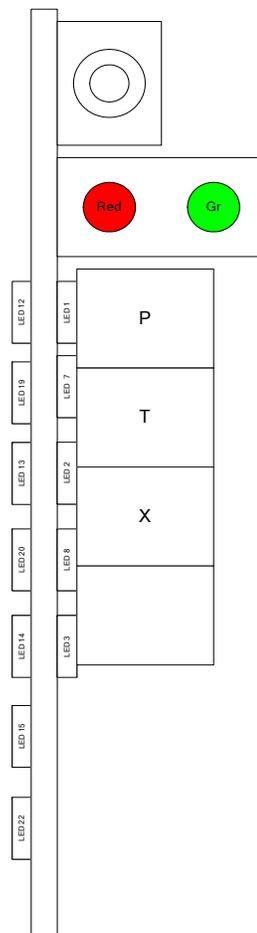


Figure 1-1: PTX Card Edge

2. CONFIGURATION

2.1. EXAMPLE CONFIGURATION

The setup in Figure 2-1 will be used to demonstrate how to configure the 7700PTX-MVS.

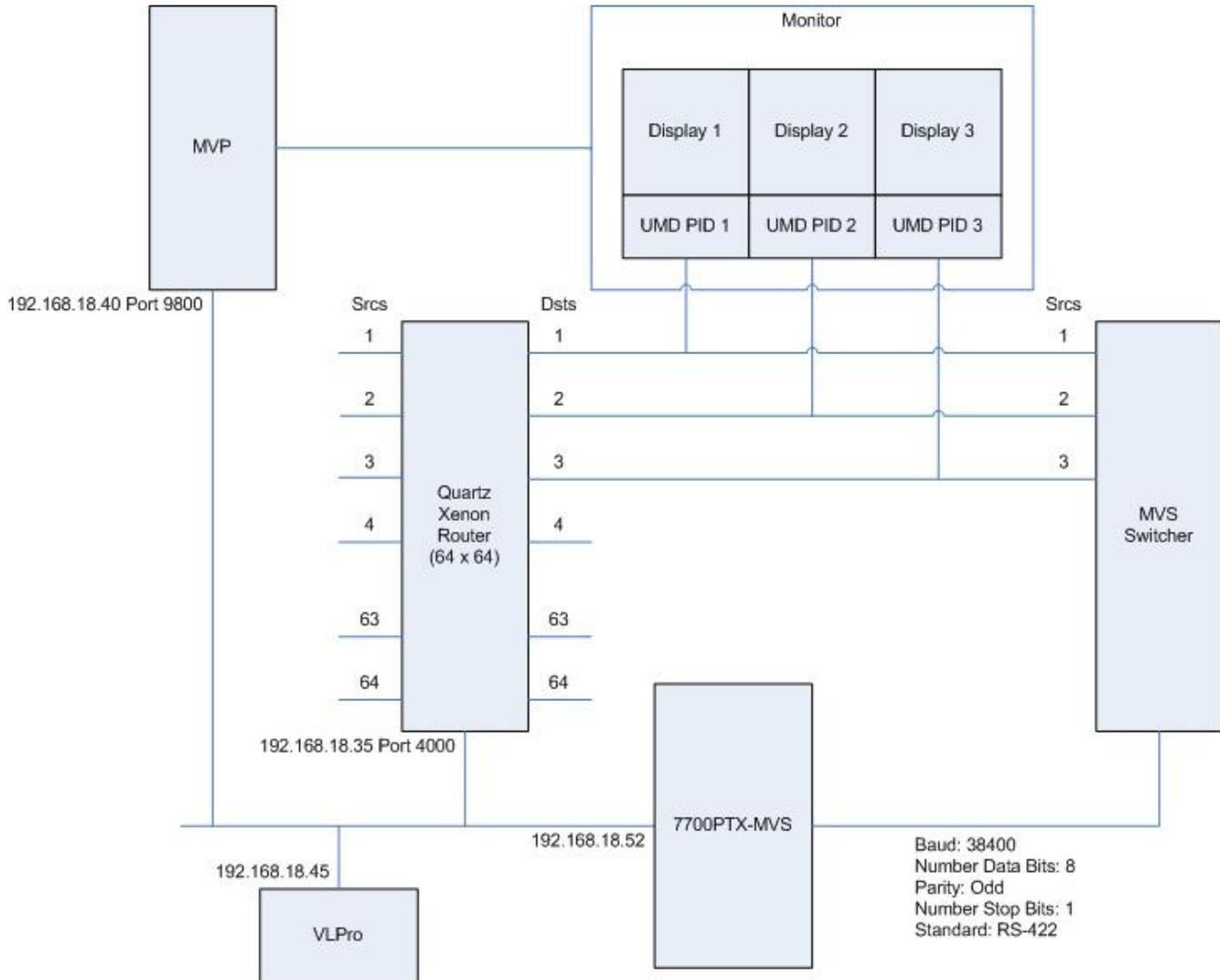


Figure 2-1: Example Setup

Figure 2-1 contains the following elements:

- A 64x64 Xenon router with IP address 192.168.18.35. The router is configured so that Ethernet 1 port, as a server, will receive the Quartz standard protocol on port number 4000.
- A MVP with a single output card. The output card has IP address 192.168.18.40. It is configured to receive UMD data using Image Video over a network link using TCP port 9800. A monitor is connected to the output card.
- Destination 1 of the router is monitored by Display 1. Display 1 has a UMD with protocol ID (PID) set to 1. This UMD displays the name of the router source associated with router destination 1.

- Destination 1 of the router is connected to source 1 of the switcher.
- Destination 2 of the router is monitored by Display 2. Display 2 has a UMD with a PID of 2. This UMD displays the name of the router source associated with router destination 2.
- Destination 2 of the router is connected to source 2 of the switcher.
- Destination 3 of the router is monitored by Display 3. Display 1 has a UMD with a PID of 3. This UMD displays the name of the router source associated with router destination 3.
- Destination 3 of the router is connected to source 3 of the switcher.
- A 7700PTX-MVS has IP address 192.168.18.52. It conveys UMD information via TCP to the MVP's output card. It uses TCP to retrieve source names and crosspoint information from the Xenon router. It uses the MVS-8000 protocol over a serial link to set the names of switcher sources 1, 2, and 3. Switcher source names 1, 2 and 3 will correspond to the router sources associated with router destinations 1, 2, and 3 respectively.
- A computer, having IP address 192.168.18.45, with VLPro installed. Apart from its network settings, VLPro is used to configure the parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS.

2.2. STEP 1: PREPARE MVP OUTPUT CARD TO RECEIVE UMD DATA

1. Connect a console application, such as HyperTerminal, to the output card using a procedure similar to that of section 2.4.
2. From the output card's *Main Menu* select *Under Monitor Display Setup*.
3. Select *Set protocol*.
4. Select *Image Video*.
5. Select *Network* as the input type.
6. Enter *9800* for the TCP port.
7. Select *S* to *Save and Exit*.
8. Reboot the output card.
9. During the subsequent boot process you should see the message *Ready to accept ImageVideo Protocol* on the console. This message indicates the output card is listening on TCP port 9800 for UMD data.

2.3. STEP 2: CONNECT 7700PTX-MVS TO THE SWITCHER

1. Ensure there is no power applied to the 7700PTX-MVS.
2. Connect the RS-422 pins of the 7700PTX-MVS to those of the switcher. See Figure 2-2 and Table 2-1.
3. Apply power to the 7700PTX-MVS.

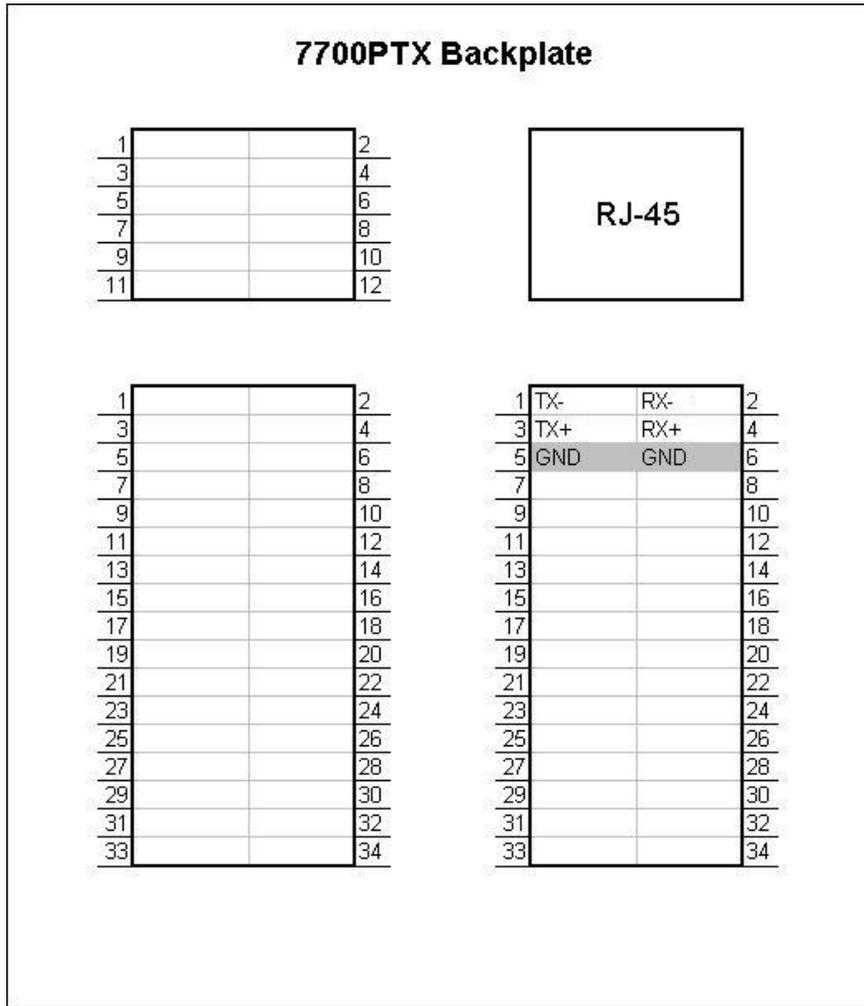


Figure 2-2: RS-422 Pins

| 7700PTX-MVS | | | Switcher | |
|-------------|----------|-----|----------|-----------|
| Port | Pin Name | Pin | Pin | Pin Name |
| 1 | TX- | 1 | 2 | RX A |
| | TX+ | 3 | 7 | RX B |
| | RX- | 2 | 8 | TX A |
| | RX+ | 4 | 3 | TX B |
| | GND | 6 | 6 | RX Common |
| | GND | 5 | 4 | TX Common |

Table 2-1: RS-422 Wiring

2.4. STEP 3: CONNECT A PC TO THE DEBUG/MONITOR PORT

The network parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS must be configured via its debug/monitor port, the header of which is labelled J1. A special Evertz adapter cable allows this port to connect to the COM port of a personal computer. The following steps describe this procedure.

1. Locate the small, keyed, four-pin end of the upgrade cable provided by Evertz.
2. Connect it to the four-pin interface (J1) near the front of the 7700PTX, directly above the card unlock latch.

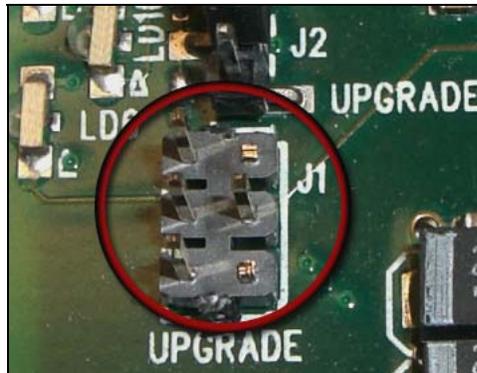


Figure 2-3: Upgrade Jumper

3. Connect the other end of the upgrade cable to a straight-through serial cable. Connect the serial cable to the serial or COM port of the computer.
4. Initiate HyperTerminal on your computer by selecting:
"Start\Programs\Accessories\Communications\HyperTerminal".
5. Enter a name for your connection, for example: PTX.
6. Press the <Enter> key. A new "Connect To" window will appear.



Figure 2-4: 'Connect To' Window

7. In the “*Connect using*” region, select COM1 from the drop down menu. If COM1 is in use, select an alternate COM port.
8. Press the <Enter> key or select OK. This opens the “COM Properties” window.

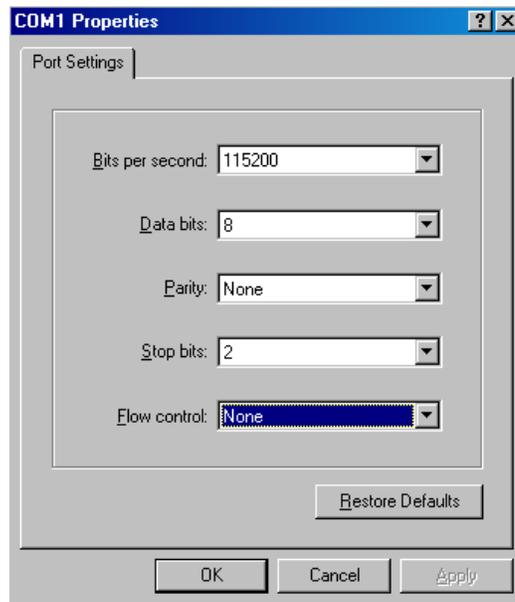


Figure 2-5: COM1 Properties

9. Enter the information for the *COM1 Properties* settings as listed in the screen above.
10. Press the <Enter> key or select OK. The “COM Properties” window closes, leaving the HyperTerminal window open.
11. Apply power if the 7700PTX-MVS does not have power. The boot sequence and Main Menu are displayed in the HyperTerminal window.
12. If the 7700PTX-MVS has power, press the <Enter> key to view the 7700PTX-MVS’s menu system.
13. Various 7700PTX-MVS parameters are configurable via the 7700PTX-MVS’s menu system, the root of which is called *Main Menu*. This is shown in Figure 2-6.

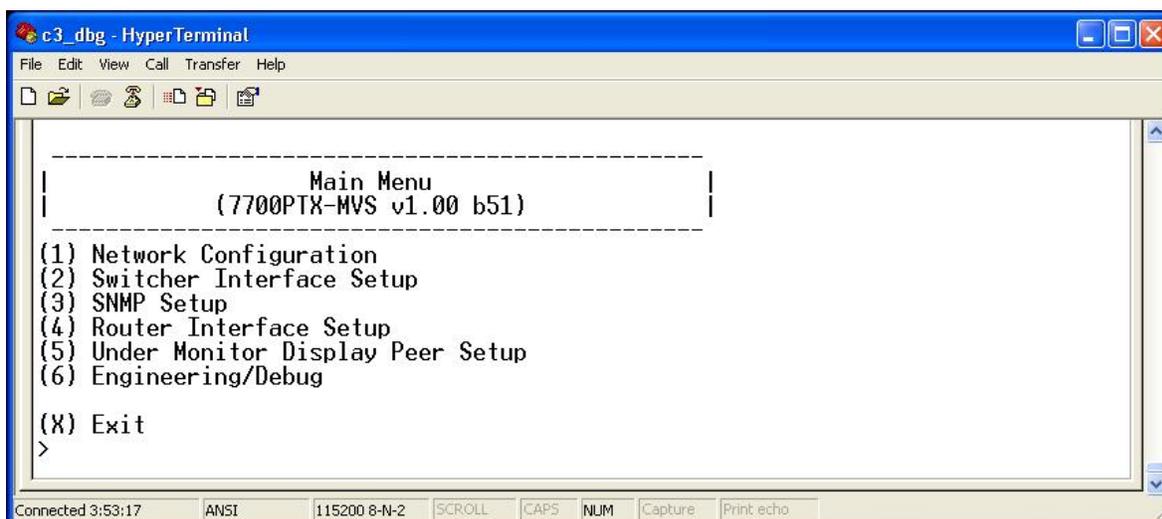
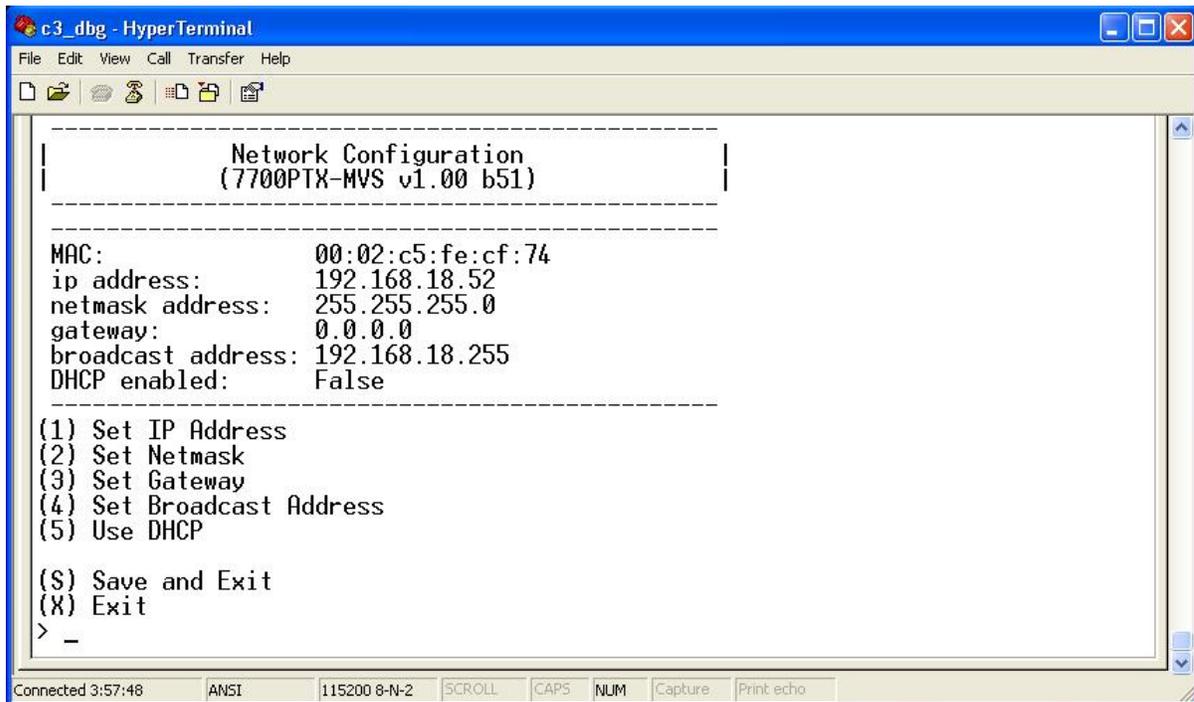


Figure 2-6: 7700PTX-MVS Main Menu

2.5. STEP 4: CONFIGURE NETWORK PARAMETERS



```

c3_dbg - HyperTerminal
File Edit View Call Transfer Help
-----
Network Configuration
(7700PTX-MVS v1.00 b51)
-----
MAC:                00:02:c5:fe:cf:74
ip address:         192.168.18.52
netmask address:   255.255.255.0
gateway:           0.0.0.0
broadcast address: 192.168.18.255
DHCP enabled:     False
-----
(1) Set IP Address
(2) Set Netmask
(3) Set Gateway
(4) Set Broadcast Address
(5) Use DHCP

(S) Save and Exit
(X) Exit
> _
-----
Connected 3:57:48  ANSI  115200 8-N-2  SCROLL  CAPS  NUM  Capture  Print echo
  
```

Figure 2-7: 7700PTX-MVS Network Configuration Menu

The network parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS can only be configured by using its menu system.

1. From the *Main Menu* select *Network Configuration*.
2. Select *Set IP Address* then enter the IP address, 192.168.18.52, of the 7700PTX-MVS.
3. Select *Set Netmask* then enter the subnet mask, 255.255.255.0, of the 7700PTX-MVS.
4. For example, the MVP output card and Xenon router reside on the same IP network as the 7700PTX-MVS. Thus, the *gateway* can be left as 0.0.0.0. If the 7700PTX-MVS were on a different IP network then the IP address of the gateway would need to be entered by selecting *Set Gateway* and entering the appropriate IP address.
5. For a manually entered network configuration, ensure *DHCP enabled* is set to *False*. A setting of *True* means the 7700PTX-MVS will, upon boot, try to fetch network settings from a DHCP server. The *Use DHCP* entry permits changes to this parameter.
6. Once the network settings are configured, select *Save and Exit* before exiting the *Network Configuration* to save the settings, otherwise select *Exit*.
7. Reboot the 7700PTX-MVS.
8. Ensure the VLPro machine can ping the 7700PTX-MVS. If it can, the menu system of the 7700PTX-MVS is no longer required and the adapter cable can be removed from the debug/monitor port.



The 7700PTX-MVS must be rebooted for any network setting changes to take effect.

2.6. STEP 5: OPEN 7700PTX-MVS VLPRO CONFIGURATION VIEW

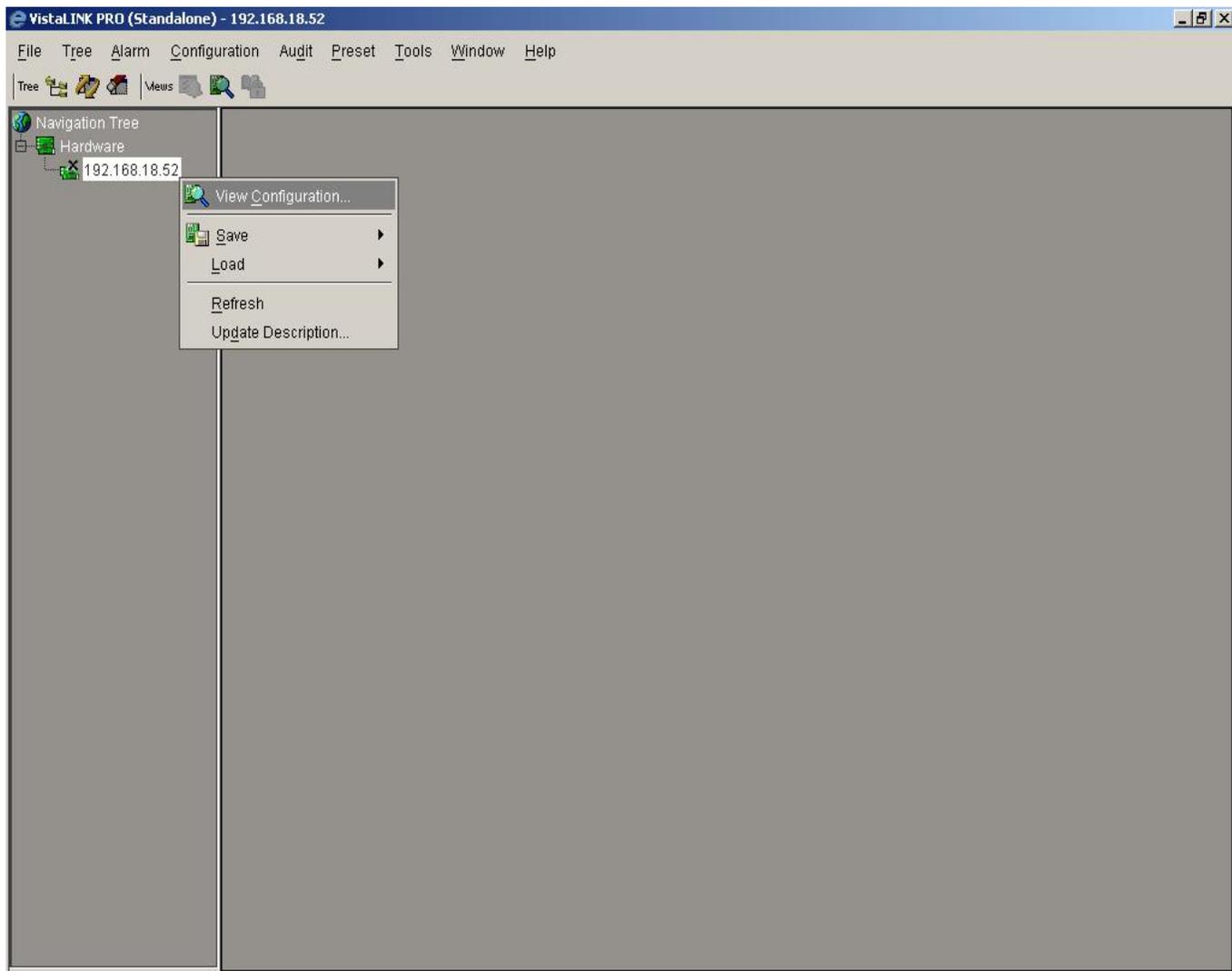


Figure 2-8: VLPro Hardware Navigation Tree

1. Launch VLPro. The IP address of the 7700PTX-MVS, 192.168.18.52, should appear in the hardware navigation tree.
2. Right click on the IP address.
3. Click *View Configuration*.

2.7. STEP 6: CONFIGURE SWITCHER PARAMETERS

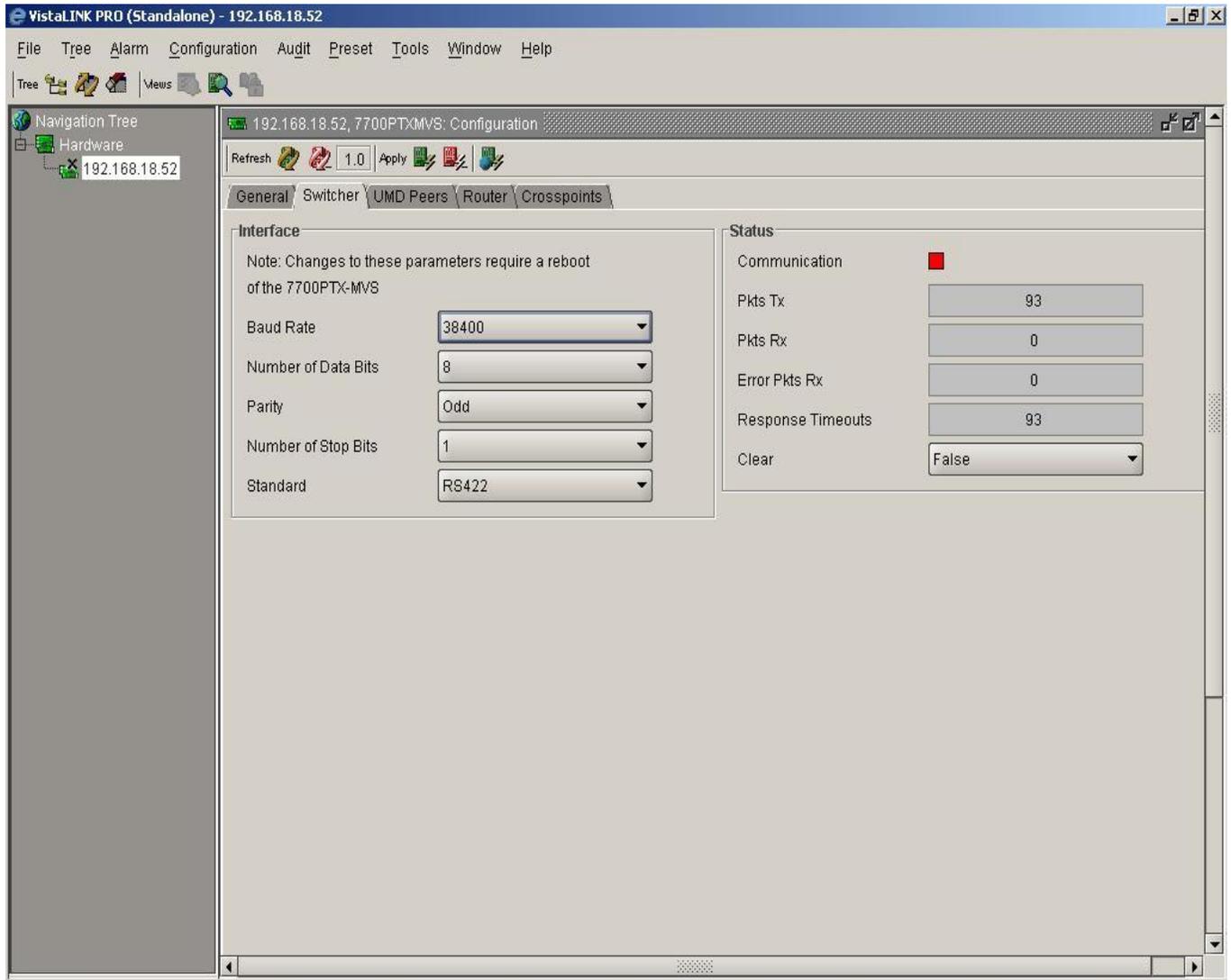


Figure 2-9: Switcher Parameters

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *Switcher* tab.
2. Select the baud rate to match that of the switcher. Typically, this value is 38400.
3. Select the number of data bits to match that of the switcher. Typically, this value is 8.
4. Select the parity to match that of the switcher. Typically, odd parity is used.
5. Select the number of stop bits to match that of the switcher. Typically, this value is 1.
6. Select the standard to match that of the switcher. Typically, this value is RS-422.
7. Click the *Apply* button.
8. A reboot of the 7700PTX-MVS is required in order for changes to the switcher interface parameters to take effect. However, this step will be delayed until all parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS are configured.

2.8. STEP 7: CONFIGURE UMD PEERS

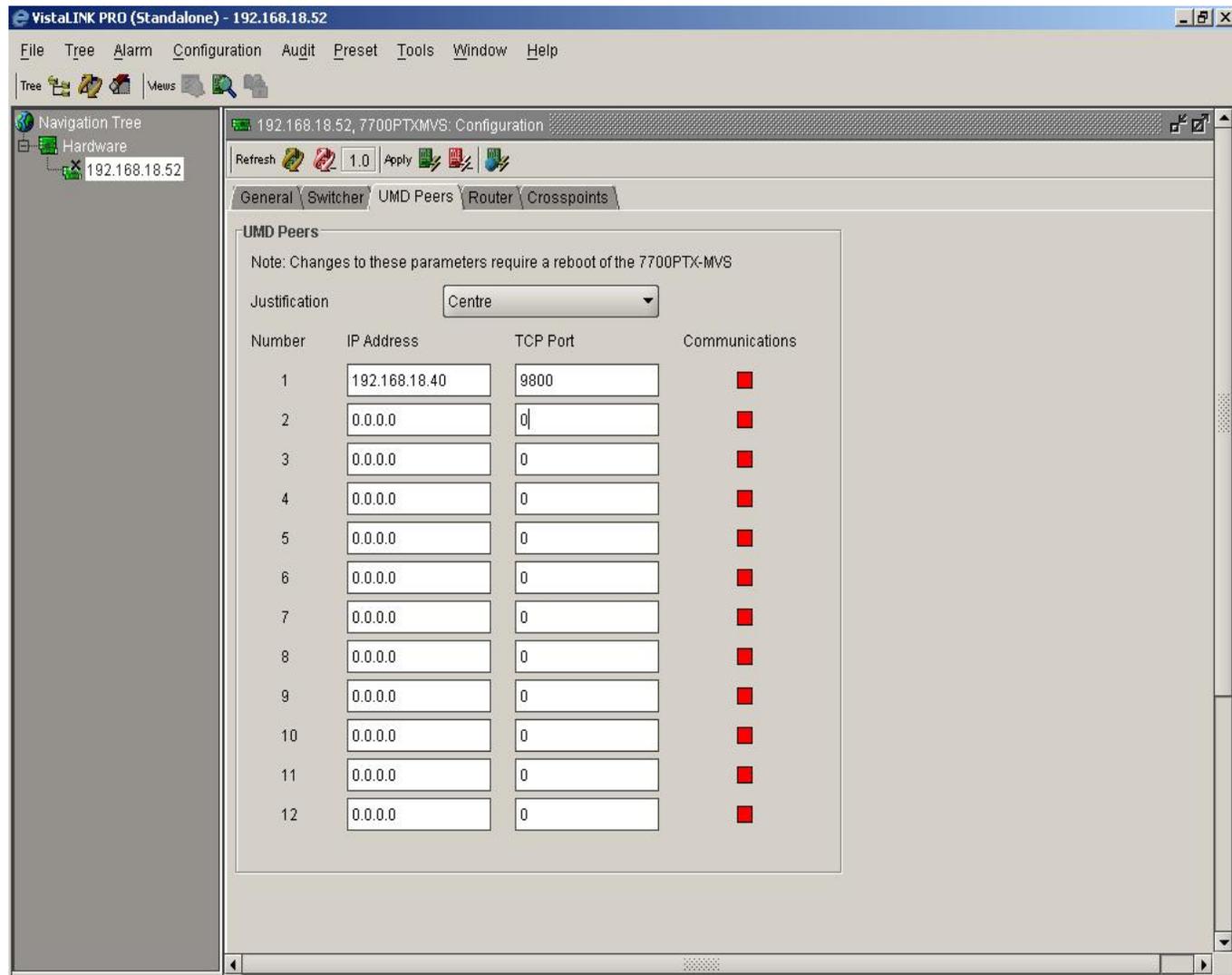


Figure 2-10: UMD Peer Parameters

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *UMD Peers* tab.
2. Configure how the UMD text will be justified by selecting an appropriate entry from the *Justification* box.
3. Enter the IP address of the host to receive UMD data. For our example, this will correspond to the IP address of the MVP's output card, 192.168.18.40.
4. Enter the TCP port over which the UMD data will be exchanged. For our example, this will be 9800.
9. Click the *Apply* button.
5. A reboot of the 7700PTX-MVS is required in order for changes to the UMD Peer parameters to take effect. However, this step will be delayed until all parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS are configured.

2.9. STEP 8: CONFIGURE ROUTER PARAMETERS

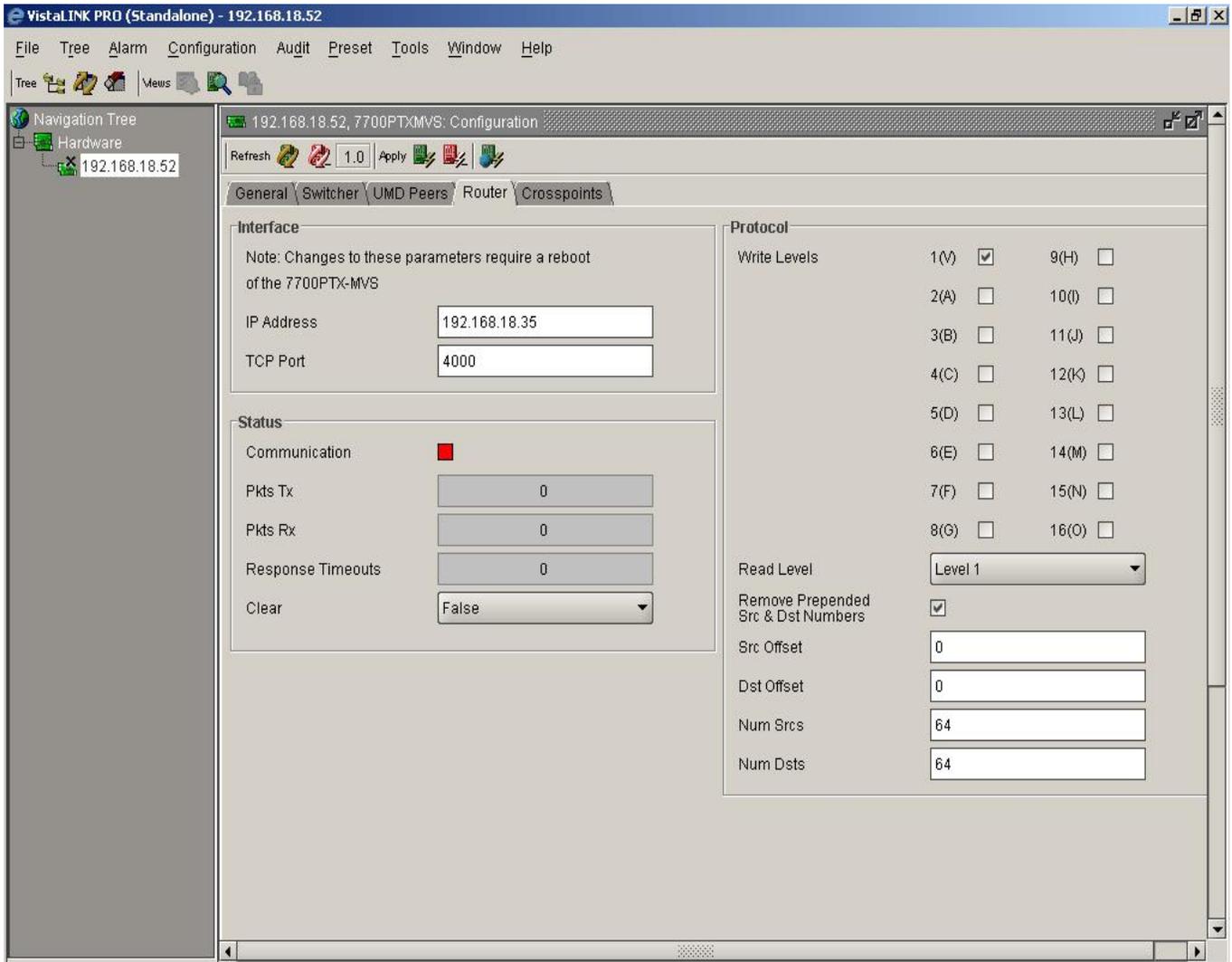


Figure 2-11: Router Parameters

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *Router* tab.
2. Set the IP address to match that of the Xenon router. For our example, this is 192.168.18.35. Using WinSetup, the IP address can be found by selecting *System* then *Ethernet Configuration*.
3. Set the TCP port to match that of the Xenon router's Ethernet 1 port number. For our example, this is 4000. Figure 2-12 shows which WinSetup window is used to configure Ethernet 1 to accept the Quartz protocol.
4. A reboot of the 7700PTX-MVS is required in order for changes to the router interface parameters to take effect. However, this step will be delayed until all parameters of the 7700PTX-MVS are configured.
5. In the *Write levels* section set which router levels will be included in any crosspoint set message sent by the 7700PTX-MVS to the router. These levels must match that configured on the router using WinSetup. Figure 2-13 shows the level configuration for our example. Thus, we would need to set only level 1 as our write level.

6. Select the *Read Level* to correspond to one of the selected *Write Levels*. This is the level used by the 7700PTX-MVS when reading router crosspoints. For our example, the *Read Level* would correspond to 1.
7. Some Quartz equipment applies a number to the source or destination name. For instance the name associated with source 1 would be reported as *001,SRC-1*. This parameter, when set to *True*, instructs the 7700PTX-MVS to remove this number.
8. It is possible to create a WinSetup configuration whereby 2 (or more) routers are configured in a contiguous manner and the router other than the first is to be controlled. As an example, suppose we have a 32 x 32 router on level 1 and a 16 x 16 router on level 2. WinSetup is used to configure the sources such that 1 to 32 correspond to the first router and 33 to 48 the second. The destinations are configured in the same manner. For this scenario, on the protocol side, the control module of the router deals with sources and destinations between 1 and 48. Suppose we'd like to control only the 16 x 16 router. We would not want to present this as a 48 x 48 router to VLPro but, instead, a 16 x 16. *Src Offset* and *Dst Offset* both set to 32 would allow for this.
9. Set *Num Srcs* to correspond to the number of router sources. For our example, this would be 64.
10. Set *Num Dsts* to correspond to the number of router destinations. For our example, this would be 64.
11. Click the *Apply* button.

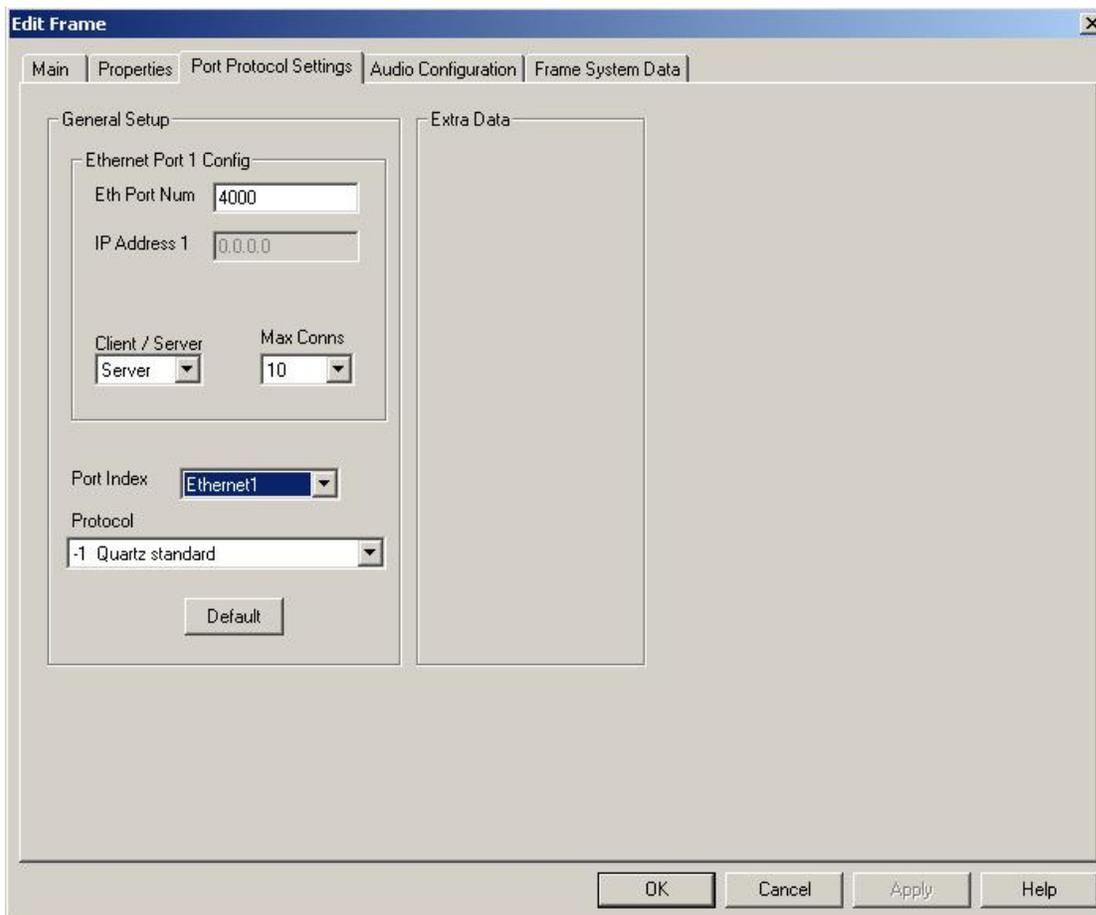


Figure 2-12: WinSetup Port Protocol Settings

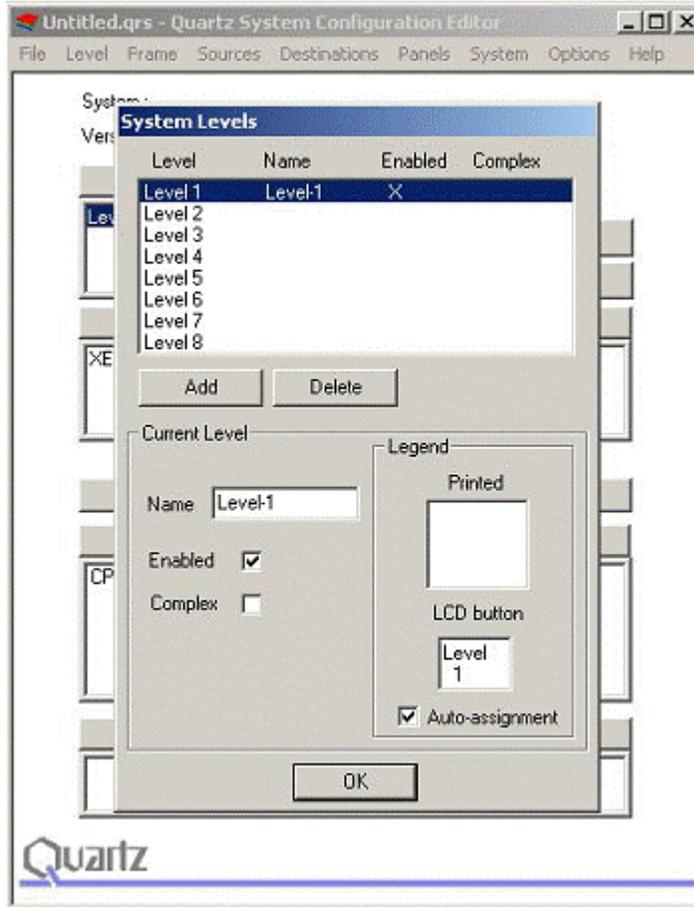


Figure 2-13: WinSetup System Levels

2.10. STEP 9: REBOOT THE 7700PTX-MVS

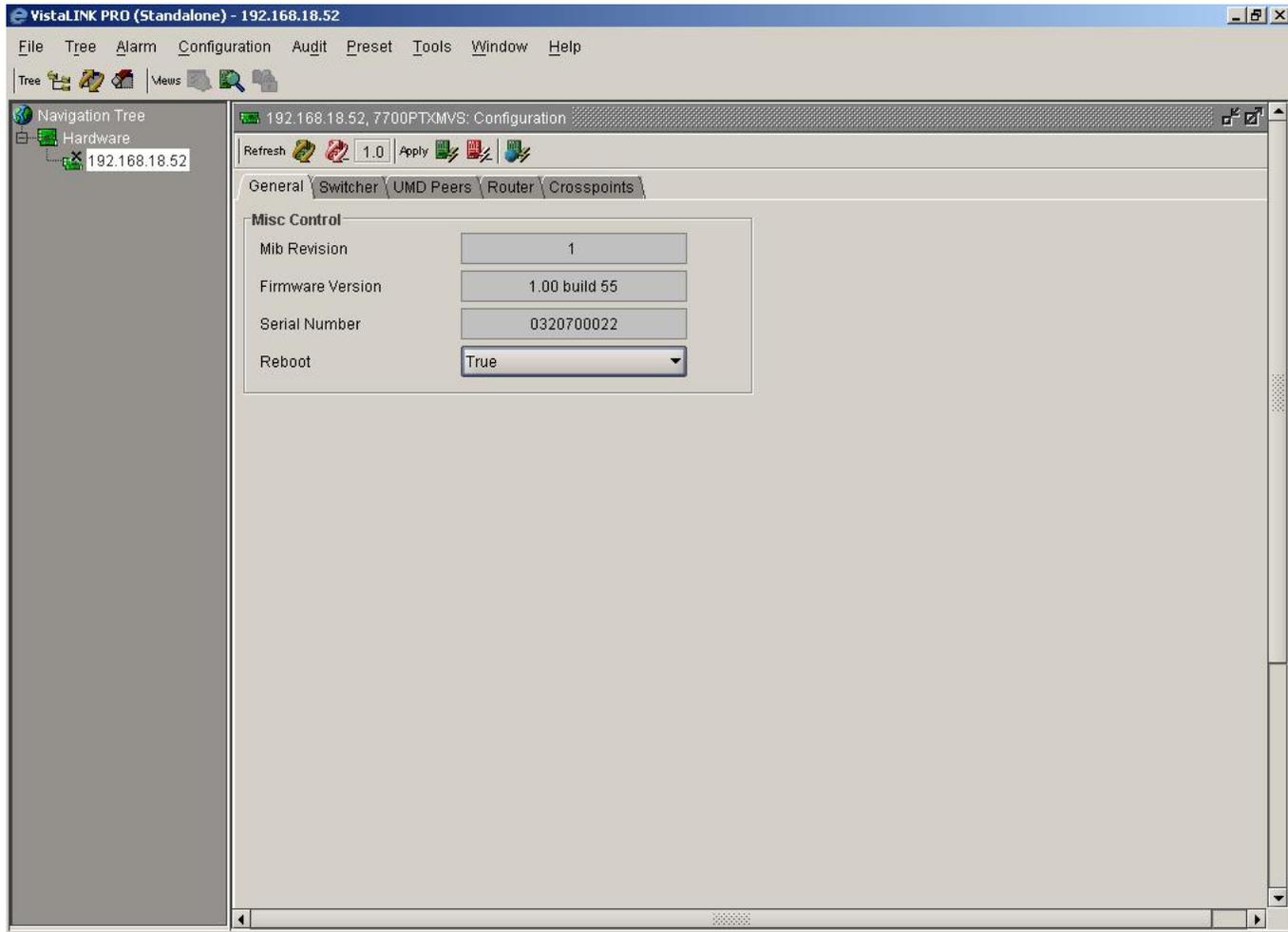


Figure 2-14: Rebooting the 7700PTX-MVS

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *General* tab.
2. Set the *Reboot* box to *True*.
3. Click the *Apply* button.
4. Since the number of router sources and destinations was changed, the configuration view must be closed.
5. Wait 15 seconds to allow the 7700PTX-STP to establish communications with the router, switcher, and UMD peer(s).
6. Open the VLPro configuration view.

2.11. STEP 10: CHECK SWITCHER COMMUNICATION

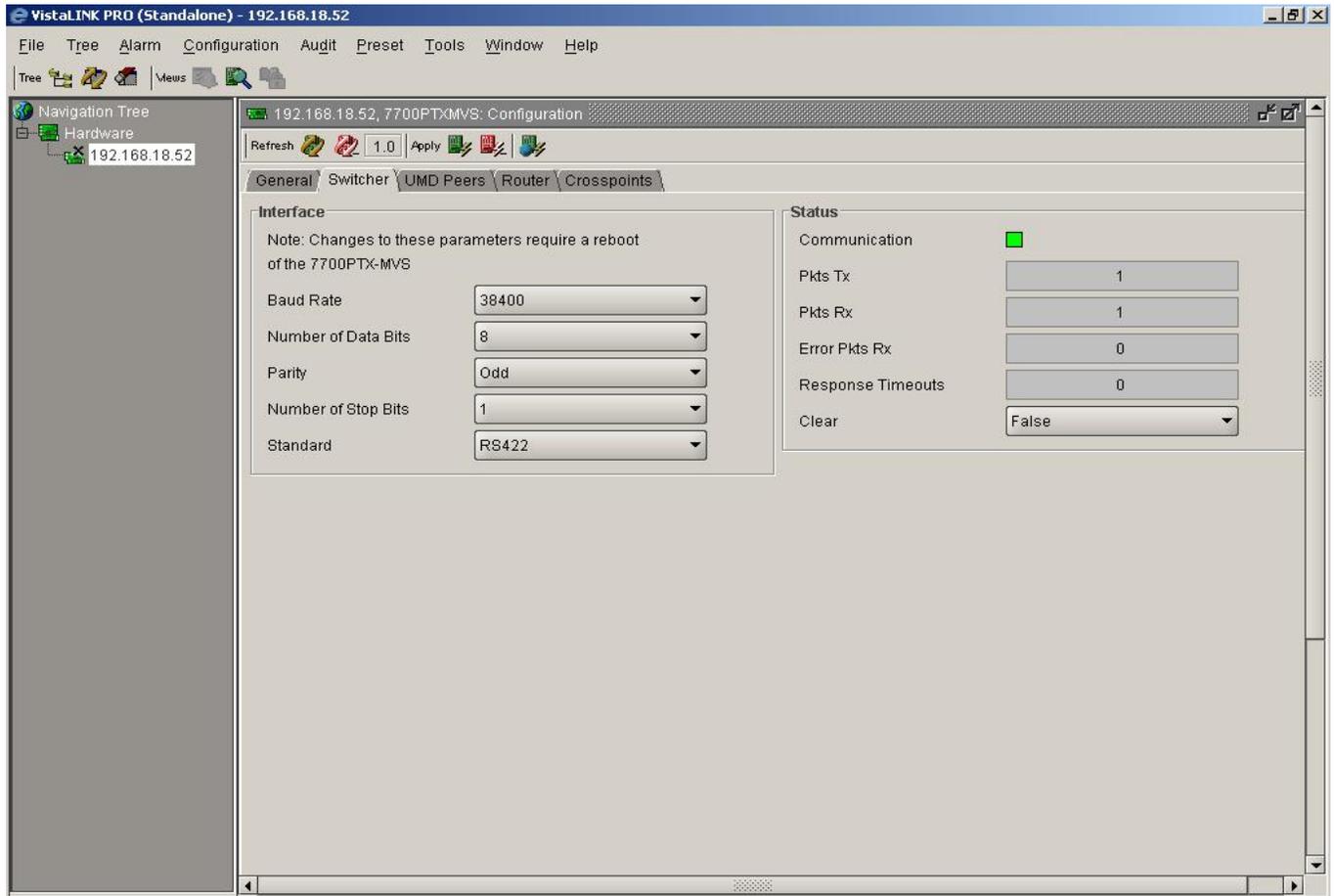


Figure 2-15: Switcher Communication

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *Switcher* tab.
2. Check the *Communication* status box. Green indicates the ability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the switcher. Red indicates the inability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the switcher. Refer to Table 2-2 for descriptions of the switcher status parameters.

| Status Parameter | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Communication | Green indicates the ability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the switcher. Red indicates the inability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the switcher. This may mean the wiring or serial settings are incorrect. |
| Pkts Tx | This reports the number of packets sent by the 7700PTX-MVS to the switcher. |
| Pkts Rx | This reports the number of packets sent by the switcher to the 7700PTX-MVS. |
| Error Pkts Rx | This reports the number of packets with some type of error received by the 7700PTX-MVS. |
| Response Timeouts | This reports the number of times the 7700PTX-MVS timed out waiting for a response packet from the switcher. |
| Clear | The combo box can be used to reset the status statistics. To do so, set the box to <i>True</i> and click the <i>Apply</i> button. Then click the refresh button. |

Table 2-2: Switcher Status Parameters

2.12. STEP 11: CHECK UMD PEER COMMUNICATION

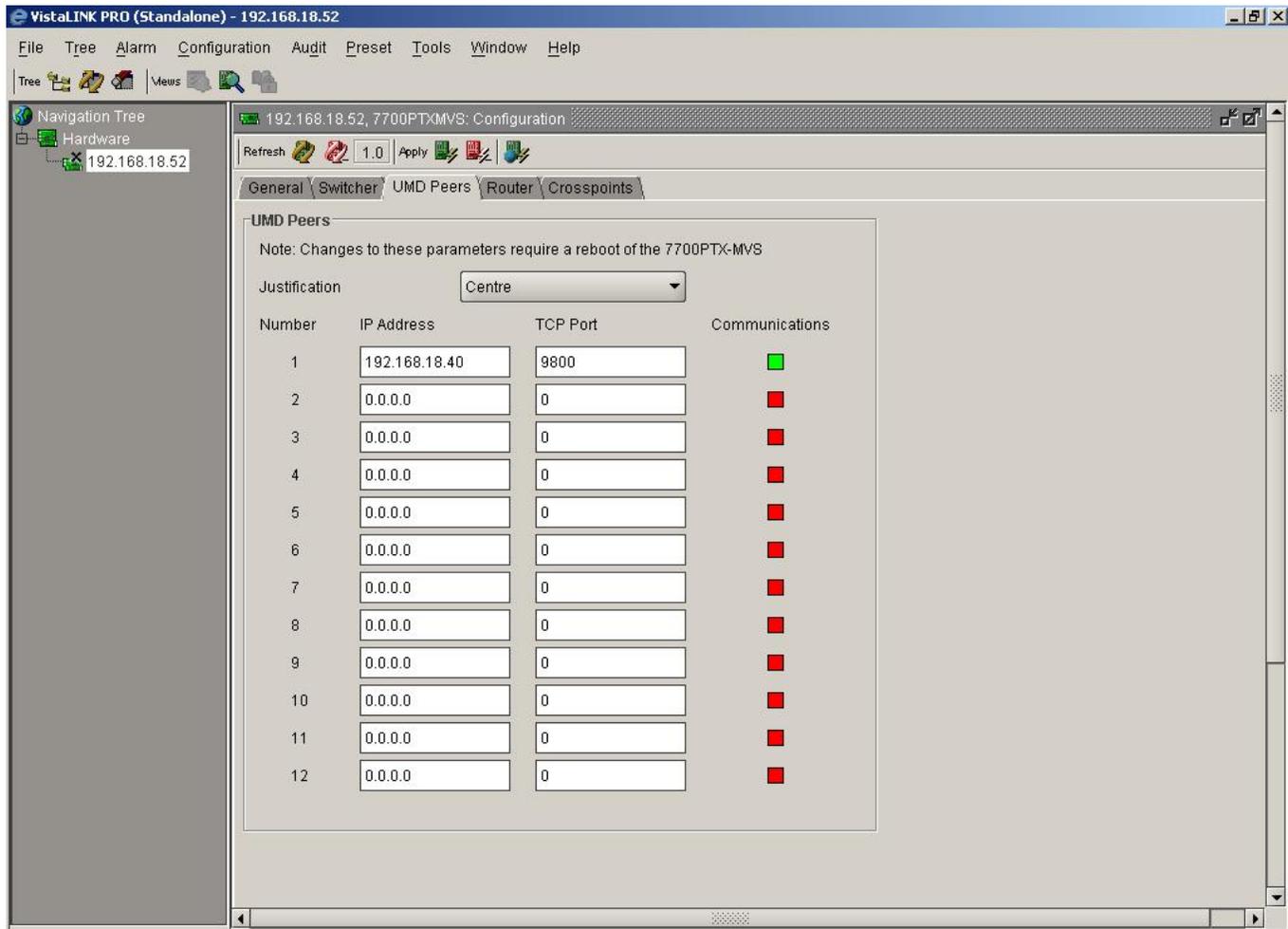


Figure 2-16: UMD Peer Communication

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *UMD Peers* tab.
2. Check the *Communications* status box. Green indicates the ability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with that UMD peer. Red indicates the inability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with that UMD peer.

2.13. STEP 12: CHECK ROUTER COMMUNICATION

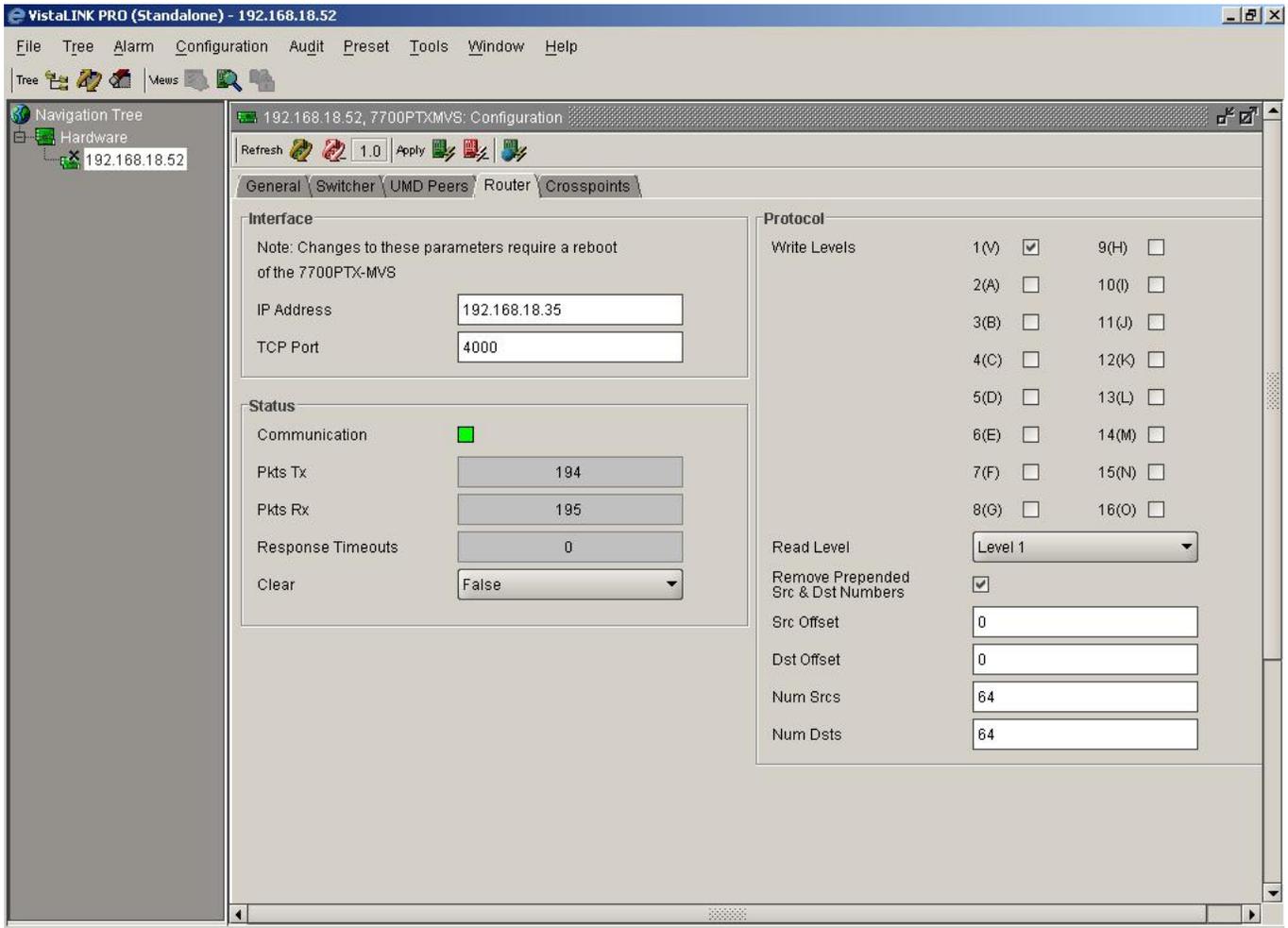


Figure 2-17: Router Communication

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *Router* tab.
2. Check the *Communication* status box. Green indicates the ability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the router. Red indicates the inability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the router. Refer to Table 2-3 for descriptions of the router status parameters.

| Status Parameter | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| Communication | Green indicates the ability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the router. Red indicates the inability of the 7700PTX-MVS to communicate with the router. |
| Pkts Tx | This reports the number of packets sent by the 7700PTX-MVS to the router. |
| Pkts Rx | This reports the number of packets sent by the router to the 7700PTX-MVS. |
| Response Timeouts | This reports the number of times the 7700PTX-MVS timed out waiting for a response packet from the router. |
| Clear | The combo box can be used to reset the router statistics. To do so, set the box to <i>True</i> and click the <i>Apply</i> button. Then click the refresh button. |

Table 2-3: Router Status Parameters

2.14. STEP 13: ASSOCIATE UMD PROTOCOL IDS WITH ROUTER DESTINATIONS

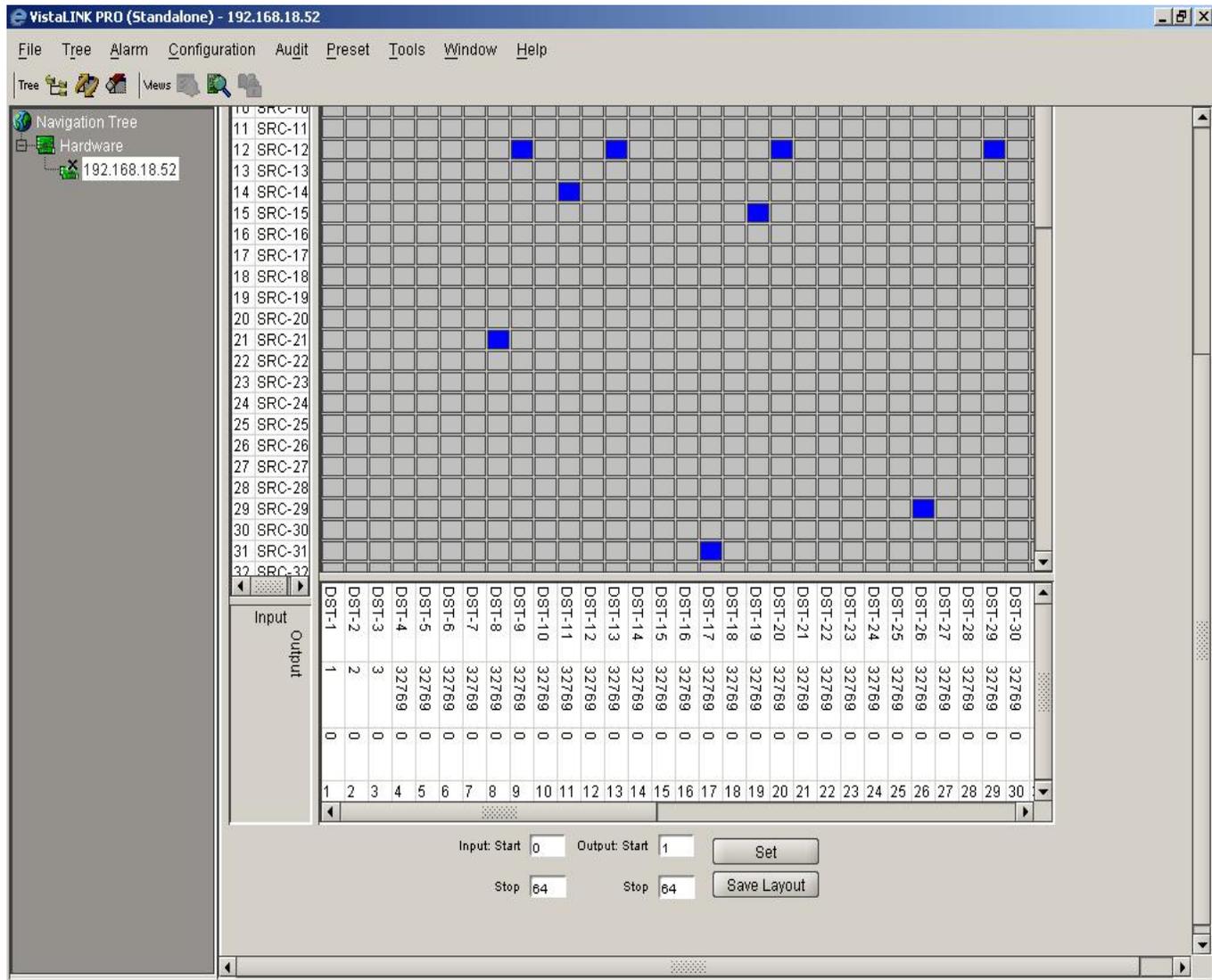


Figure 2-18: Configuring UMD Protocol IDs (PIDs)

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the *Crosspoints* tab.
2. Locate the name associated with destination 1. The destinations are located along the bottom of the crosspoint grid.
3. Locate the box under the destination name. This box corresponds to the UMD protocol ID associated with this router destination. Double click the box, delete the existing text, and enter 1. UMD PID 1 is now associated with router destination 1.
4. Repeat step 3 for destinations 2 and 3. Enter PIDs 2 and 3 respectively.
5. A UMD PID of 32769 means no UMD is associated with this destination.
6. Click the *Apply* button.
7. You should see the name of the sources associated with destinations 1, 2 and 3 on the UMDs having PIDs 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

2.15. STEP 14: ASSOCIATE ROUTER DESTINATIONS WITH SWITCHER SOURCES

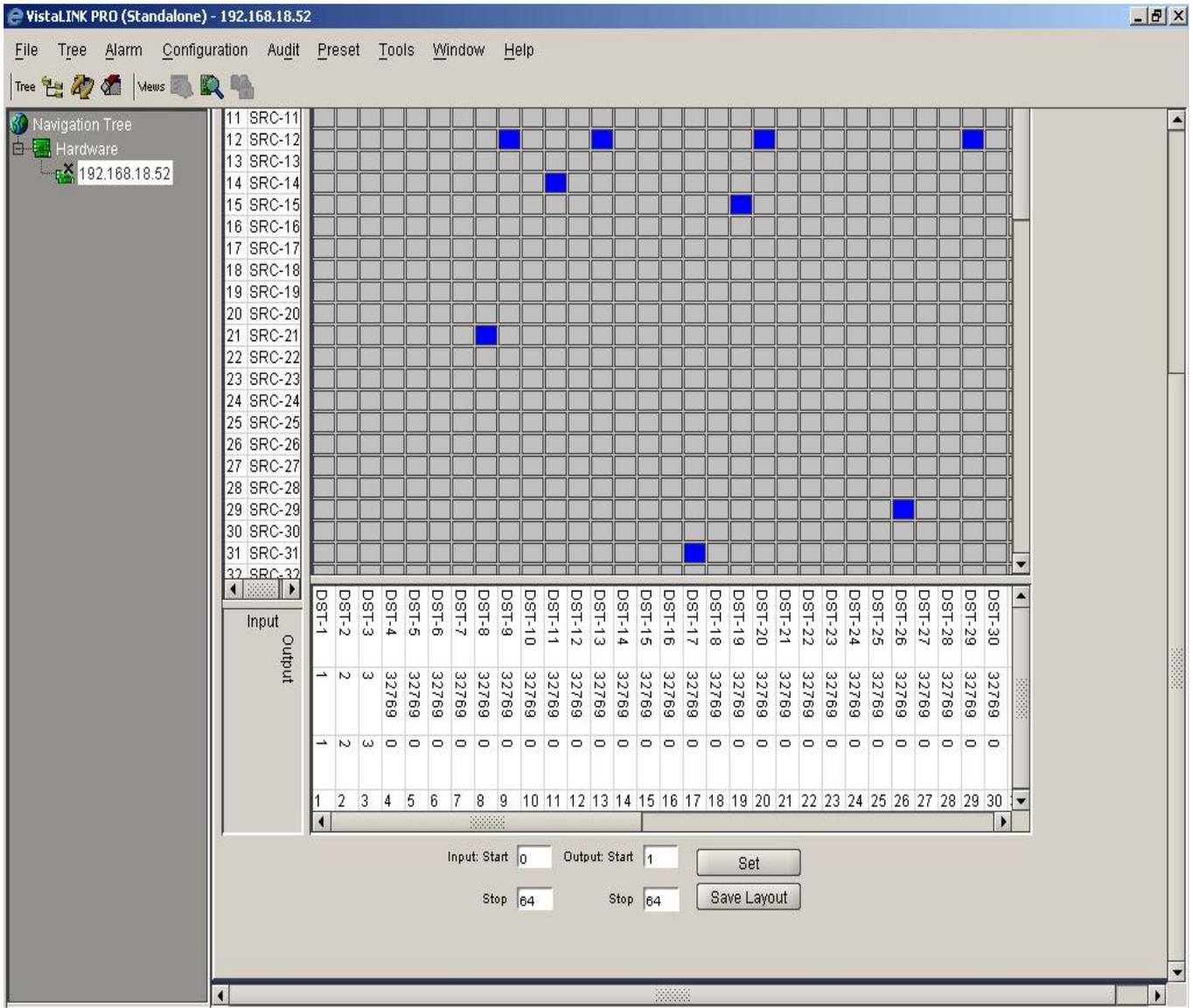


Figure 2-19: Associating Switcher Sources With Router Destinations

1. From the VLPro configuration view, click the Crosspoints tab.
2. Locate the name associated with destination 1. The destinations are located along the bottom of the crosspoint grid.
3. Locate the box under the UMD protocol ID box. This box corresponds to the switcher source associated with this router destination. Double click the box, delete the existing text, and enter 1. Switcher source 1 is now associated with router destination 1.
4. Repeat step 3 for destinations 2 and 3. Enter switcher sources 2 and 3 respectively.
5. A switcher source of 1 means this destination is not connected to the switcher.
6. Click the *Apply* button.
7. The names of the sources associated with destinations 1, 2 and 3 should be applied to switcher sources 1, 2, and 3 respectively.

3. ROUTER CONTROL

3.1. CROSSPOINT CONTROL

VLPro can be used to change router crosspoints. As an example, suppose source 2 is to be routed to destination 1:

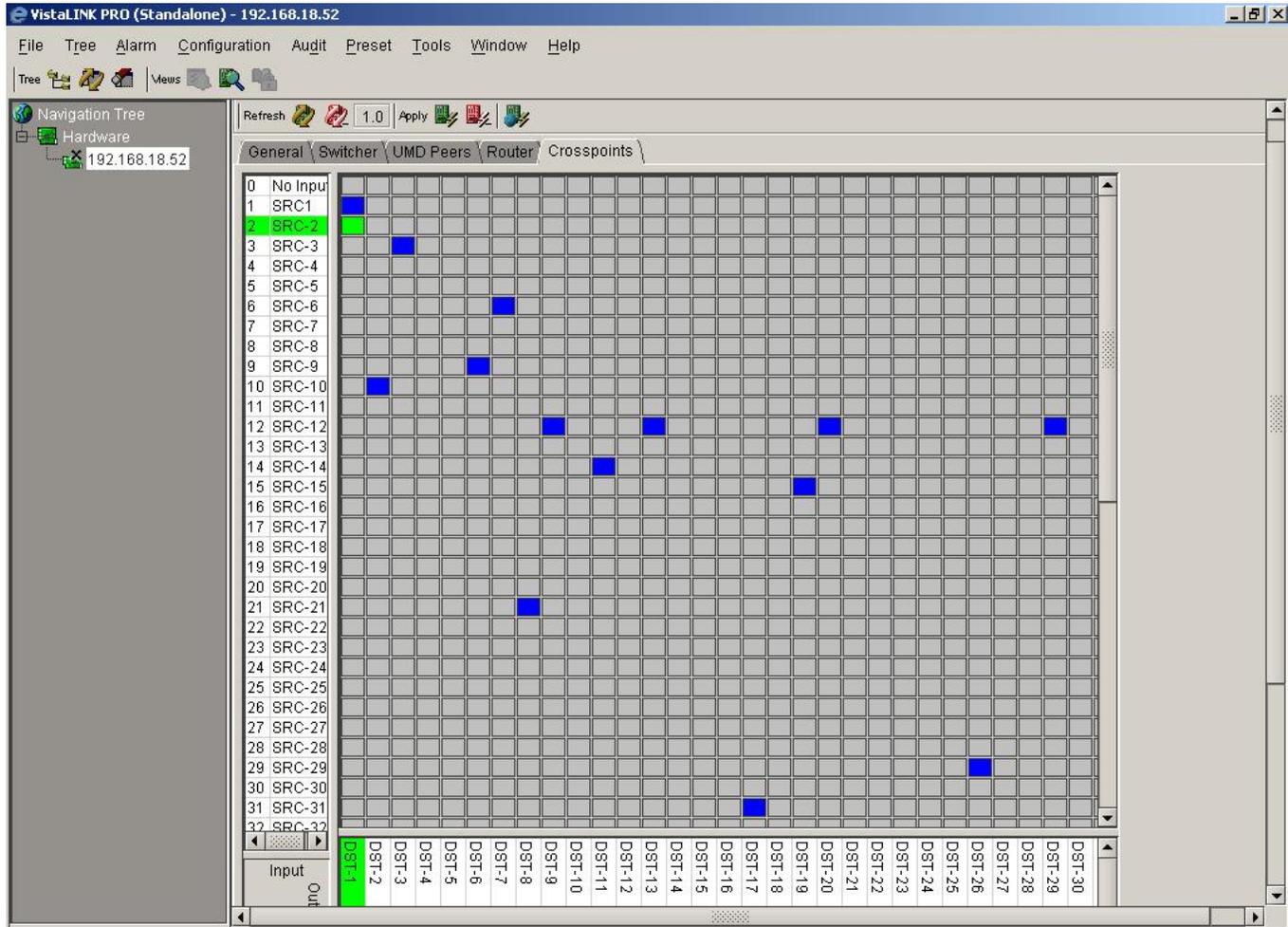


Figure 3-1: Changing Router Crosspoints

1. Locate the column associated with destination 1.
2. Click on the box that intersects that column with the row associated with source 2. The box will turn green.
3. Click the *Apply* button.

4. FIRMWARE UPGRADE

There are two ways to upgrade PTX firmware:

1. Using FTP to perform the upgrade via TCP/IP. (*recommended procedure*)
2. Using a terminal application such as *HyperTerminal* to perform the upgrade via a serial connection.

4.1. FTP

1. Open a command prompt window (in Windows: *Start/Programs/Accessories/Command Prompt*)
2. Enter the location of the firmware file. For example, type *cd c:\temp*.
3. Enter the command *ftp* followed by the PTX IP address.
For example, type *ftp -A 192.168.18.22*.
4. Enter the FTP command *put* followed by the firmware file name. For example, *put ptx.bin*.
5. When the transfer is complete enter the FTP command: *bye*.
6. Step 5 begins the process of saving the firmware to the non-volatile flash of the PTX. The save process is displayed as a percentage on the PTX LCD. Once the process is complete, the PTX LCD again displays the product name and firmware version.
7. Power off the PTX.
8. Power on the PTX.

4.2. SERIAL

1. Power off the PTX.
2. Connect an adapter cable to a PC running a console or terminal application, such as Windows *HyperTerminal*, to the PTX debug/monitor port.
3. Configure the port settings of the terminal program as follows:

| | |
|--------------|---------------|
| Baud | 115200 |
| Parity | no |
| Data bits | 8 |
| Stop bits | 2 |
| Flow Control | None |

4. Set the PTX run/upgrade jumper to the upgrade position.
5. Power on the PTX.
6. After a few moments, the prompt *PPCBOOT>* will appear. Enter the command *upload*.
7. Start the firmware upload on the terminal application (for instance, in *HyperTerminal* select *Transfer/Send File...*), use Xmodem as the transfer protocol, and select the firmware file. For example, *ptx.bin*.
8. Once the upload is complete the message upload okay is displayed.
9. Power off the PTX.
10. Set the PTX run/upgrade jumper to the run position.
11. Remove the serial adapter cable.
12. Power on the PTX.

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