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## REVISION HISTORY

<u>REVISION</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>DATE</u>
1.0	Initial Release	May 06
1.1	Added Reference	Aug 08
1.2	Removed some featured items	Feb 09

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Although every attempt has been made to accurately describe the features, installation and operation of this product in this manual, no warranty is granted nor liability assumed in relation to any errors or omissions unless specifically undertaken in the Evertz sales contract or order confirmation. Information contained in this manual is periodically updated and changes will be incorporated into subsequent editions. If you encounter an error, please notify Evertz Customer Service department. Evertz reserves the right, without notice or liability, to make changes in equipment design or specifications.

### WARNING



Never look directly into an optical fiber. Non-reversible damage to the eye can occur in a matter of milliseconds.



Do not hook up the 7707CVTA series DWDM cards and any 7707CVRA series cards directly with a short fiber optic cable. The 7707CVTA series DWDM card produces +7dBm of power which will damage the receiver if connected directly.



Do not hook up the 7707CVTA series cards that output more than -7dBm of power (see 7707CVTA series specifications for output power of various laser types) and 7707CVRA series high sensitivity (-H versions) receiver cards directly with a short fiber optic cable. The 7707CVTA series cards that produce more than -7dBm of power will damage the receiver if connected directly.

## **1. OVERVIEW**

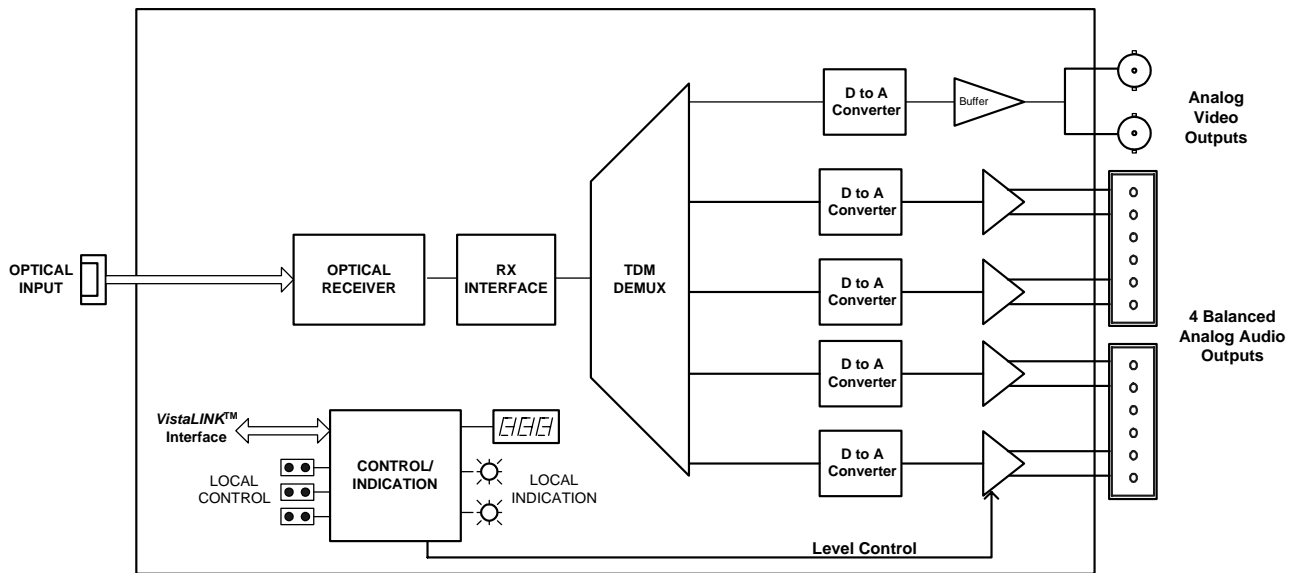
The 7707CVRA is a VistaLINK<sup>®</sup> enabled, composite analog video and analog audio fiber receiver for broadcast video quality signals. This single card module accepts a fiber optic input, demultiplexes the signals, performs D to A conversion and outputs NTSC or PAL analog video and up to four balanced analog audio signals. The companion 7707CVTA Composite Video and Analog Audio fiber transmitter digitizes and multiplexes the analog video and up to four analog audio signals and converts them to an optical signal for transmission.

The 7707CVRA-2 Dual Composite Video and Analog Audio fiber receiver is a dual channel version that accepts a fiber optic input, demultiplexes the signals, performs D to A conversion and outputs 2 NTSC or PAL analog video signals and up to four balanced analog audio signals. The companion 7707CVTA-2 Dual Composite Video and Analog Audio fiber transmitter digitizes and multiplexes 2 analog video and up to four analog audio signals and converts them to an optical signal for transmission.

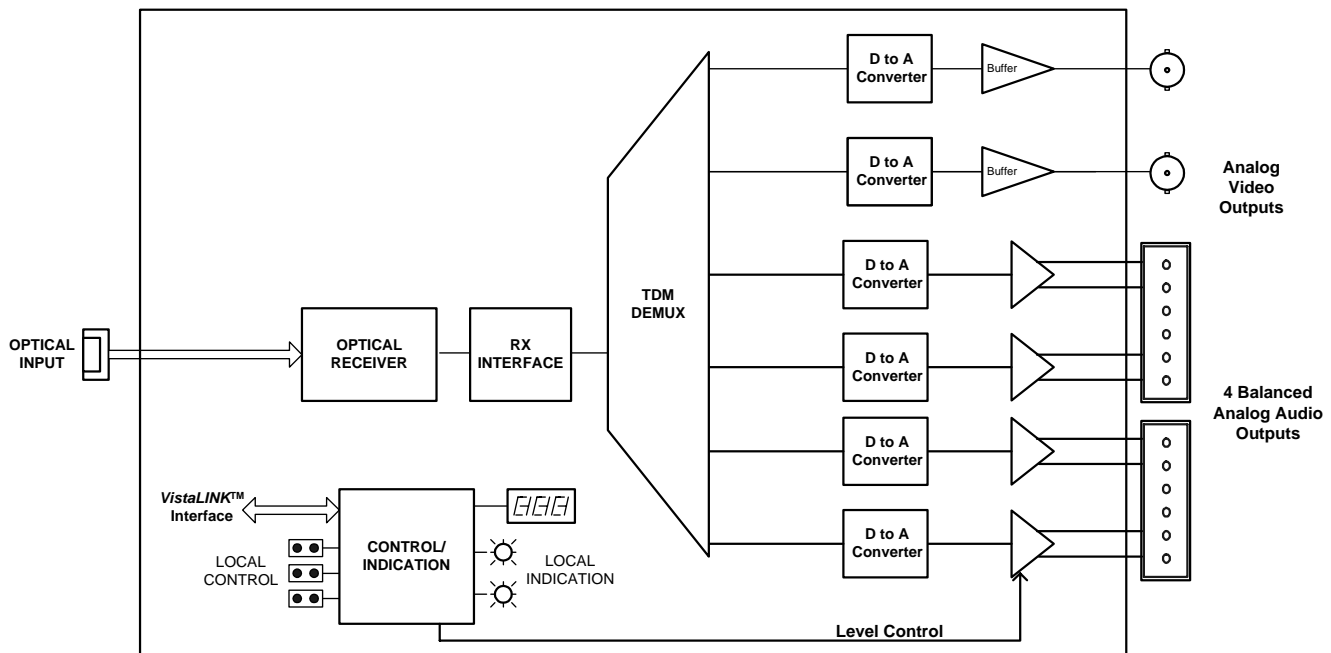
The 7707CVRA and 7707CVRA-2 occupy one card slot and can be housed in either a 1RU frame which will hold up to three modules, or a 3 RU frame which will hold up to 15 modules.

### **Features:**

- Single card fiber demultiplexer for analog video and audio signals
- Supports both NTSC and PAL video signals
- High video signal to noise ratio
- Broadcast quality analog video and audio performance
- Adjustable DC offset and pre-emphasis for up to 250m of Belden 1694 coaxial cable
- Minimal Audio to Video latency
- Comprehensive signal and status monitoring via four-digit card-edge display, or through SNMP and VistaLINK<sup>®</sup> enabled capability
- Fully Hot-swappable from front of frame with no fiber disconnect/reconnect required
- Supports Single mode (8-10  $\mu\text{m}$ ) and Multi-mode (50/62.5  $\mu\text{m}$ ) fiber optic cable
- Accepts any wavelength in the 1270nm to 1610nm range



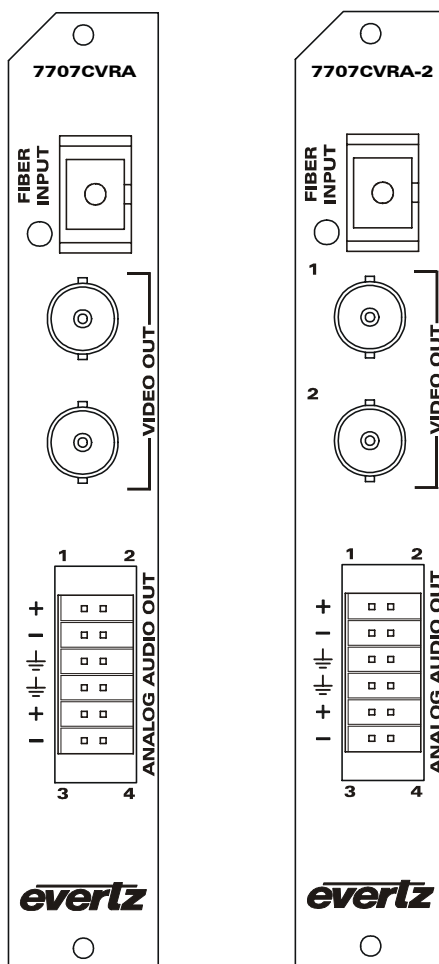
**Figure 1-1: 7707CVRA Block Diagram**



**Figure 1-2: 7707CVRA-2 Block Diagram**

## 2. INSTALLATION

The 7707CVRA comes with a companion rear plate that has two BNC connectors, one twelve pin terminal header with removable terminal block and one SC/PC, ST/PC or FC/PC optical connector. For information on mounting the rear plate and inserting the module into the frame see section 3 of the 7700FR chapter.



**Figure 2-1: 7707CVRA Rear Panels**

**OPTICAL INPUT:** SC/PC, ST/PC or FC/PC female connector. This wide range input accepts optical wavelengths of 1270nm to 1610nm for standard, CWDM or DWDM transmission schemes.



**Do not hook up the 7707CVTA series DWDM cards and any 7707CVRA series cards directly with a short fiber optic cable. The 7707CVTA series DWDM card produces +7dBm of power which will damage the receiver if connected directly.**



Do not hook up the 7707CVTA series cards that output more than -7dBm of power (see 7707CVTA series specifications for output power of various laser types) and 7707CVRA series high sensitivity (-H versions) receiver cards directly with a short fiber optic cable. The 7707CVTA series cards that produce more than -7dBm of power will damage the receiver if connected directly.

**ANALOG VIDEO OUTPUTS:** On the 7707CVRA there are two composite analog video outputs. On the 7707CVRA-2 there is one output for each video channel. Each output can have cable pre-emphasis applied independently. (See section 5.3.3 for information on setting the desired pre-emphasis)

**ANALOG AUDIO OUT:** Balanced analog audio outputs for 4 channels. Each output (+, -, GND) is on three of twelve pins on the twelve pin terminal header.

### 2.1. CARE AND HANDLING OF OPTICAL FIBER



Never touch the end face of an optical fiber. Always keep dust caps on optical fiber connectors when not connected and always remember to properly clean the optical end face of a connector before making a connection.

The transmission characteristics of the fiber are dependent on the shape of the optical core and therefore care must be taken to prevent fiber damage due to heavy objects or abrupt fiber bending. Evertz recommends that you maintain a minimum bending radius of 5 cm to avoid fiber-bending loss that will decrease the maximum attainable distance of the fiber cable. The Evertz fiber optic modules come with cable lockout devices, to prevent the user from damaging the fiber by installing a module into a slot in the frame that does not have a suitable I/O module. For further information about care and handling of the fiber optic cable see section 3 of the Fiber Optics System Design chapter in the front of the binder.



### 3. SPECIFICATIONS

#### 3.1. OPTICAL INPUT

Number of Inputs:	1
Connector:	Female SC/PC, SC/PC with cover flap, ST/PC or FC/PC
Operating Wavelength:	1270nm to 1610nm
Max. Input Power:	
Standard:	0dBm
High Sensitivity (-H):	-7dBm
Optical Sensitivity	
Standard:	-27dBm
High Sensitivity (-H):	-32dBm

#### 3.2. ANALOG VIDEO OUTPUTS

Standard:	NTSC, SMPTE 170M or PAL, ITU-R624-4
Number of Outputs:	2 on 7707CVRA 2 (1 per video channel) on 7707CVRA-2
Connector:	BNC per IEC 61169-8 Annex A
System bandwidth:	5.5 MHz
Output Level:	1 Vp-p nominal, 2 Vp-p maximum
Gain:	Unity Gain nominal, adjustable 50% to 150%
Output Impedance:	75 Ohms
Return Loss:	> 20 dB
SNR:	> 72dB
Differential Gain:	< 1.0%
Differential Phase:	< 0.7Degrees
Pre-Emphasis:	cable loss compensation for up to 250m of Belden 1694 (each output adjustable separately)
Passband Ripple:	
NTSC:	< +/- 0.1dB to 4.1 MHz < +/- 0.2dB to 5.5 MHz
PAL:	< +/- 0.1dB to 4.8 MHz < +/- 0.2dB to 5.8 MHz
Chroma/Luma Gain:	98% to 103%
Chroma/Luma Delay:	
NTSC:	< 5 ns
PAL:	< 12 ns
Line Time Distortion:	1.2%

---

### **3.3. ANALOG AUDIO OUTPUTS**

<b>Number of Outputs:</b>	4
<b>Type:</b>	Balanced analog audio
<b>Connector:</b>	12 pin removal terminal block
<b>Output impedance:</b>	66 $\Omega$
<b>Freq. Response:</b>	+/-0.1 dB, 20Hz to 20 kHz
<b>THD 20Hz–20Khz:</b>	< 0.005%
<b>Channel Phase Diff.</b>	+/-1 degree
<b>SNR (weighted):</b>	> 85 dB
<b>Output Level Adj:</b>	-20 dB to +3 dB
<b>Max Output Level:</b>	+24 dBu into 10 k $\Omega$ loads

### **3.4. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE**

<b>Video Input to Video Output Delay:</b>	< 10 $\mu$ s
<b>Audio Input to Audio Output Delay:</b>	< 1.9ms

### **3.5. ELECTRICAL**

<b>Voltage:</b>	+12VDC
<b>Power:</b>	12 Watts.
<b>EMI/RFI:</b>	Complies with FCC regulations for class A devices. Complies with EU EMC directive.

### **3.6. PHYSICAL**

<b>7700 or 7701 frame mounting:</b>	
<b>Number of slots:</b>	1

## **4. STATUS INDICATORS AND DISPLAYS**

The 7707CVRA has 6 LED Status indicators and a 4 digit alphanumeric display on the front card edge to show operational status of the card at a glance. The card edge pushbutton and toggle switch are used to select various displays on the alphanumeric display. Figure 7-1 shows the location of the LEDs and card edge controls.

### **4.1. STATUS INDICATOR LEDs**

Two large LEDs on the front of the board indicate the general health of the module.

**LOCAL FAULT:** This Red LED indicates poor module health and will be On during the absence of a valid optical link to a 7707CVTA module, or if a local input power fault exists (i.e.: a blown fuse). The LOCAL FAULT indication can also be reported to the frame through the FRAME STATUS jumper.

**MODULE OK:** This Green LED indicates good module health. It will be On when a valid optical link to a 7707CVTA module is present, and board power is good.

There are four small LEDs on the back side of the board that indicate the presence of audio signals above the detection level (See section 5.4.3 for information about configuring the audio detection).

**AUDIO 1 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid signal on the Audio 1 input.

**AUDIO 2 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid signal on the Audio 2 input.

**AUDIO 3 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid signal on the Audio 3 input.

**AUDIO 4 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid signal on the Audio 4 input.

### **4.2. DOT-MATRIX DISPLAY**

Additional signal and status monitoring and control over the card's parameters is provided via the 4-digit alphanumeric display located on the card edge. The card edge toggle switch is used to select whether you are displaying status from the card (monitoring mode) or setting control parameters for the card (control mode). To select one of the display modes, press the pushbutton one or more times to exit the current display mode and return to the mode select display (The display will show **MON** or **SET**). Press the toggle switch to select monitor mode (**MON**) or control mode (**SET**). Once you have selected the desired mode press the pushbutton to enter that mode. For information about setting up the module in control mode see section 5.

When you are in monitor mode, the toggle switch determines what data is being displayed on the alphanumeric display. Each time the toggle switch is pressed up/down, the display advances to the next/previous display. A message indicating what display mode is active is shown for one second. After one second without the toggle switch being pressed, the selected display data is shown. The card edge pushbutton is used to return to the mode select menu item. The following display messages indicate what is being displayed. The details of the each of the displays are described in the sections 4.2.1 to 4.2.3.

---

<b>PWR</b>	Input Optical Power
<b>S/W</b>	Software Version
<b>AJCK</b>	Set Headphone Jack Audio Channel
<b>STD1</b>	Video Standard in Use
<b>STD2</b>	Video Standard in Use (for CVRA-2 only)

#### **4.2.1. Setting the Headphone Jack Channel**

The **AJCK** display allows you to set whether audio channels 1/2 or 3/4 will be monitored on the card edge headphone jack. After one second the display will show a message indicating the current audio channel being monitored at the headphone jack. When this message is displayed, press the pushbutton to change the audio channel being monitored.

<b>A1/2</b>	Audio channels 1 and 2 will be monitored at the headphone jack.
<b>A3/4</b>	Audio channels 3 and 4 will be monitored at the headphone jack.

#### **4.2.2. Displaying the Video Standard**

The 7707CVRA detects the Video Standard of the input signal and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning.

<b>NTSC</b>	SMPTE 170M
<b>PAL</b>	ITU-R624-4
<b>LSV</b>	Indicates that no valid video signal is present on the input. This message overrides the normal video standard message.

#### **4.2.3. Displaying the Optical Power**

The 7707CVRA detects the input optical power and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning.

##### **Standard Version:**

<b>OK</b>	Indicates optical input power is within acceptable range ( $> -12$ dB)
<b>-13 to -28</b>	Numerical value of optical input power
<b>&lt;-28</b>	For optical input power $< -28$ dBm (VistaLINK® will display "LOW" at these values of input power)

##### **"-H" Version:**

<b>-7 to -40</b>	Numerical value of optical input power for "-H" version
<b>OV</b>	For optical input power $> -7$ dBm for "-H" version
<b>LOW</b>	For optical input power $< -40$ dBm (Link Error may display at slightly higher values than $-40$ dBm, but VistaLINK® will still display "LOW")

## **5. CARD EDGE MENU SYSTEM**

### **5.1. NAVIGATING THE MENU SYSTEM**

When you are in control mode, the toggle switch and pushbutton are used to navigate through a menu system to set various parameters for the module. To enter the menu system, press the pushbutton one or more times to exit the current display mode and return to the mode select menu item. The display will show `MON` or `SET`. Press the toggle switch to select control mode (`SET`) and then press the pushbutton to enter that control mode main setup menu. You can use the toggle switch to move up and down the list of available submenus. Once the desired submenu name is displayed, press the pushbutton to select the next menu level.

Once you are in the submenu, there will be a list of parameters to adjust. To adjust any parameter, use the toggle switch to move up or down to the desired parameter and press the pushbutton. Using the toggle switch, adjust the parameter to its desired value. If the parameter is a numerical value, the number will increase if you lift the toggle switch and decrease if you push down on the toggle switch. If the parameter contains a list of choices, you can cycle through the list by pressing the toggle switch in either direction.

When you have stopped at the desired value, depress the pushbutton. This will update the parameter to the selected value and return to the mode select menu item (the display shows `SET`). To change another parameter, press the pushbutton to enter the main menu system again and continue selecting and adjusting other parameters.

Throughout the descriptions of the Menu items, default values are shown in underlined text.

Each time the toggle switch is pressed up/down, the display advances to the next/previous display. A message indicating what display mode is active is shown for one second. After one second without the toggle switch being pressed, the selected display data is shown. The card edge pushbutton is used to select sub-items where applicable.

## 5.2. TOP LEVEL MENU STRUCTURE

The following is a brief description of the top level of the menu tree that appears when you enter the On screen menu. Selecting one of these items will take you down into the next menu level. The details of the each of the displays are described in the sections 5.3 to 5.5.

<i>G1</i>	Configures the overall video gain (7707CVRA) or the gain of video channel 1 (7707CVRA-2).
<i>G2</i>	Configures the overall video gain of video channel 2 (7707CVRA-2 only).
<i>OFF1</i>	Configures the DC offset level (7707CVRA) or the DC Offset level of video channel 1 (7707CVRA-2).
<i>OFF2</i>	Configures the DC Offset level of video channel 2 (7707CVR-2 only)
<i>EQ1</i>	Configures the Pre-emphasis on Video output 1.
<i>EQ2</i>	Configures the Pre-emphasis on Video output 2.
<i>VOL1</i>	Configures the Volume of Audio channel 1.
<i>VOL2</i>	Configures the Volume of Audio channel 2.
<i>VOL3</i>	Configures the Volume of Audio channel 3.
<i>VOL4</i>	Configures the Volume of Audio channel 4.
<i>MUT1</i>	Mutes Audio channel 1.
<i>MUT2</i>	Mutes Audio channel 2.
<i>MUT3</i>	Mutes Audio channel 3.
<i>MUT4</i>	Mutes Audio channel 4.
<i>ADET</i>	Sub menu allows you to set parameters relating to the Audio detection.
<i>DISP</i>	Allows you to set the orientation of the front panel display.
<i>FRST</i>	Resets the module to its factory reset values.

### 5.3. SETTING THE VIDEO CONTROLS

The first group of menu items are used to configure the control items relating to the Video. The 7707CVRA has only 1 video channel while the 7707CVRA-2 has 2 video channels, therefore some of the menu items related to video channel 2 will not be described in the following sections. For the sake of simplicity, only the menu items for video channel 1 are shown.

#### 5.3.1. Setting the Video Gain

<i>G1</i>
<u>100</u> 50 to 150

The *G1* control is used to set the gain of the video output on the 7707CVRA and video output 1 on the 7707CVRA-2. The display shows a range of gain values expressed as a percentage.

CVRA-2 version has additional *G2* control with the same functionality for video output 2.



**Note: Values other than 100 are approximate only.**

#### 5.3.2. Setting the Video DC Offset

<i>OFF1</i>
<u>0</u> -100 to 100

The *OFF1* control is used to set the DC offset level of the video output on the 7707CVRA and the video output 1 on the 7707CVRA-2. The display shows a range of offset values from 0 Volts, expressed in millivolts.

CVRA-2 version has additional *OFF2* control with same the functionality for video output 2.

#### 5.3.3. Setting the Video Output Pre-Emphasis

<i>EQ1</i>
<u>0</u> 0 to 300

The *EQ1* control is used to set the Pre-emphasis of video output 1. When it is set to 0 the output frequency pre-emphasis will be flat. It can be adjusted to compensate for various output cable lengths to achieve a flat frequency curve at the end of the cable. The display shows a range of approximate cable length values expressed in meters for Belden 1694 cable or equivalent.

CVR-2 version has additional *EQ2* control with the same functionality for video output 2.

## 5.4. SETTING THE AUDIO CONTROLS

The first group of menu items are used to configure the control items relating to the Audio. The menu items for each channel are identical, therefore for the sake of simplicity, only the menu items for A1 channel are shown.

### 5.4.1. Setting the Audio Volume Level

<b>VOL1</b>
<u>0</u> -20 to +3

The *VOL* controls (1 to 4) set the audio volume of each channel level expressed in dB. The volume level can be adjusted in 0.5 dB increments.

### 5.4.2. Muting the Output Audio

<b>MUT1</b>
<u>OFF</u> ON

The *MUTE* controls (1 to 4) allow the user to mute each channel.

### 5.4.3. Configuring Audio Presence Detection

The ADET submenu contains 3 menu items (for each audio channel) relating to the Audio detection. The menu items for each channel are identical, therefore for the sake of simplicity, only the menu items for A1 channel are shown.

<b>DET1</b>
<u>OFF</u> <u>ON</u>

The *DET* controls (1 to 4) enable audio presence detection on each of the channels.

The *LVL* and *DUR* controls are used to detect when the audio is considered missing. The *LVL* control sets the audio level under which the audio is considered to be missing. The audio must be under the *LVL* level for the duration set by the *DUR* control before the audio is considered missing. When audio is missing, the audio must be over the *LVL* level for 1 sec. before the audio will be considered present.

<b>LVL1</b>
-67 to 0 <u>-40</u>

The *LVL* controls (1 to 4) set the audio level under which audio is considered to be missing. This value is expressed in dBu.

<b>DUR1</b>
1 to 20 <u>10</u>

The *DUR* controls (1 to 4) set the amount of time (in seconds) the audio is below the level set by the *LVL* control before the audio is considered missing.



#### 5.4.3.1. Procedure to Calibrate Audio Presence Detection

1. Supply the 7707CVTA module that is connected to the 7707CVRA module being calibrated with your facilities noisiest audio feed without any audio program material present. This will be a baseline noise level to calibrate the audio-missing detector.
2. Set the *DUR* control to 0.5 sec so that you can see the results of adjusting the *LVL* parameter without getting confused with the detection time.
3. Adjust the audio *LVL* control upward from its minimum value until the corresponding *AUDIO PRESENT* LED on the card edge goes Off. This will be the noise floor level. Raise the *LVL* a few dB to make the detector insensitive to this noise level.
4. Set the *DUR* control to a time appropriate to your application. This should be set to a value longer than your worst case acceptable quiet period.

#### 5.5. CHANGING THE ORIENTATION OF THE TEXT ON THE DISPLAY

<i>DISP</i>
<u><i>VERT</i></u> <i>HOR</i>

The *DISP* control allows the user to select a horizontal or vertical orientation for the displays to accommodate mounting the module in the 3RU or 1RU frames.

#### 5.6. RESTORING THE FACTORY SETTINGS

<i>FRST</i>
<u><i>NO</i></u> <i>YES</i>

The *FRST* control allows the user to restore the factory values (those underlined) for the module's parameters described in sections 5.3 and 5.5.

## **6. CARD EDGE CONTROLS**

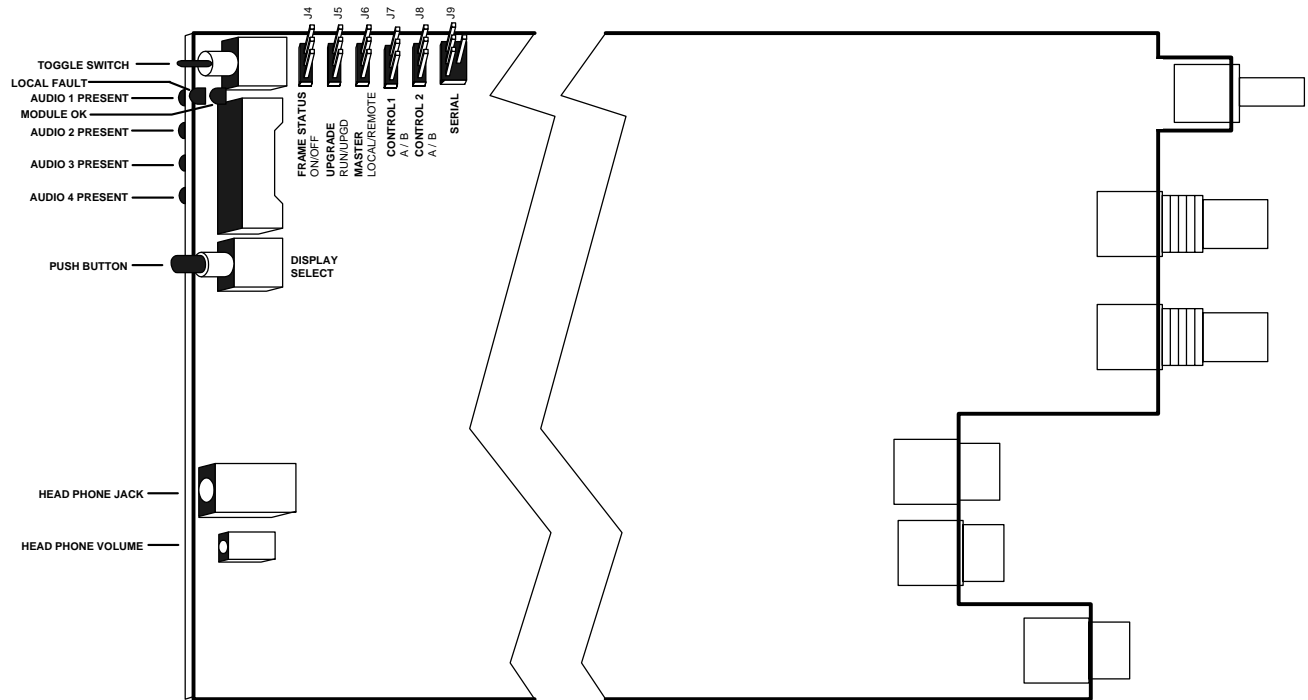
The 7707CVRA is equipped with a three position, return to center toggle switch which is used to select the various card-edge displays and menu items. It is also used in conjunction with a momentary pushbutton to select some sub-items of the menu system. See sections 4.2 and 5 for information about the card edge displays and menu system.

### **6.1. MONITORING THE AUDIO**

A stereo headphone jack located at the front of the module is used to monitor the individual audio channel pairs. The *AJCK* menu item is used to select the audio channels currently being monitored. (See section 4.2.1) The monitoring volume level can be adjusted by turning the level potentiometer located beside the headphone jack.

## 7. JUMPERS

Several jumpers, located at the front of the module are used to preset various operating modes. Figure 7-1 shows the location of the card edge controls, status indicators and jumpers.



**Figure 7-1: Location of Jumpers and Card Edge Controls**

### 7.1. SELECTING WHETHER LOCAL FAULTS WILL BE MONITORED BY THE GLOBAL FRAME STATUS

The FRAME STATUS jumper J4 determines whether local faults (as shown by the Local Fault indicator) will be connected to the 7700FR frame's global status bus.

**FRAME STATUS:** To monitor faults on this module with the frame status indicators (on the Power Supply FRAME STATUS LED's and on the Frame's Fault Tally output) install this jumper in the On position. (Default)

When this jumper is installed in the Off position, local faults on this module will not be monitored.

## **7.2. SELECTING WHETHER MODULE WILL BE CONTROLLED FROM THE LOCAL CONTROLS OR THROUGH THE VISTALINK® INTERFACE**

The MASTER jumper J6 selects whether the module will be controlled from the local user controls or through the *VistaLINK®* interface.

**MASTER:** When this jumper is installed in the LOCAL position, the card functions are controlled through the local jumpers.

When this jumper is installed in the REMOTE position, the card functions are controlled through the *VistaLINK®* interface.

## **7.3. CONFIGURING THE MODULE FOR FIRMWARE UPGRADES**

**UPGRADE:** The UPGRADE jumper J5 is used when firmware upgrades are being done to the module. For normal operation it should be installed in the *RUN* position. See the *Upgrading Firmware* chapter of this manual for more information.

To upgrade the firmware in the module unit pull it out of the frame. Move the UPGRADE jumper into the *UPGD* position. Install the Upgrade cable provided (located in the vinyl pouch in the front of this manual) onto the SERIAL header at the card edge. Re-install the module into the frame. Run the upgrade as described in the *Upgrading Firmware* section of this manual. Once the upgrade is complete, remove the module from the frame, move the UPGRADE jumper into the *RUN* position, remove the upgrade cable and re-install the module. The module is now ready for normal operation.

## **8. VISTALINK® REMOTE MONITORING/CONTROL**

### **8.1. WHAT IS VISTALINK®?**

*VistaLINK®* is Evertz' remote monitoring and configuration platform which operates over an Ethernet network using Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). SNMP is a standard computer network protocol that enables different devices sharing the same network to communicate with each other. *VistaLINK®* provides centralized alarm management, which monitors, reports, and logs all incoming alarm events and dispatches alerts to all the VLPro Clients connected to the server. Card configuration through *VistaLINK®* PRO can be performed on an individual or multi-card basis using simple copy and paste routines, which reduces the time to configure each module separately. Finally, *VistaLINK®* enables the user to configure devices in the network from a central station and receive feedback that the configuration has been carried out.

There are 3 components of SNMP:

1. An SNMP manager, also known as a Network Management System (NMS), is a computer running special software that communicates with the devices in the network. Evertz *VistaLINK®* Pro Manager graphical user interface (GUI), third party or custom manager software may be used to monitor and control Evertz *VistaLINK®* enabled fiber optic products.
2. Managed devices (such as 7707CVTA and 7707CVRA cards), each with a unique address (OID), communicate with the NMS through an SNMP Agent. Evertz *VistaLINK®* enabled 7700 series modules reside in the 3RU 7700FR-C MultiFrame and communicate with the manager via the 7700FC *VistaLINK®* frame controller module, which serves as the Agent.
3. A virtual database, known as the Management Information Base (MIB), lists all the variables being monitored, which both the Manager and Agent understand. Please contact Evertz for further information about obtaining a copy of the MIB for interfacing to a third party Manager/NMS.

For more information on connecting and configuring the *VistaLINK®* network, see the 7700FC Frame Controller chapter.

## **8.2. VISTALINK® MONITORED PARAMETERS**

The following parameters can be remotely monitored through the VistaLINK® interface.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Video A Standard	A range of values describing the detected video signal
Video B Standard	A range of values describing the detected video signal (7707CVRA-2 only)
Video A Signal Valid	Indicates valid video signal
Video B Signal Valid	Indicates valid video signal (7707CVR-2 only)
Master Jumper	Indicates if the card is in Local or Remote mode (position of Master Jumper)
Optical Power	A range of values describing optical power at the fiber input
Module OK	Indicates presence of a valid optical link with a 7707VAT module
Card Type	Indicates either 7707CVRA, 7707CVRA-2 or 7707CVRA-2-H card type.
Audio Signal 1	Indicates the presence of the audio signal
Audio Signal 2	Indicates the presence of the audio signal
Audio Signal 3	Indicates the presence of the audio signal
Audio Signal 4	Indicates the presence of the audio signal
Carrier Weak	Indicates a weak signal carrier (2dBm before the state of Carrier Fault LED)

**Table 8–1: VistaLINK® Monitored Parameters**

## **8.3. VISTALINK® TRAPS**

The following traps can be remotely monitored through the VistaLINK® interface.

<b>Trap</b>	<b>Description</b>
Audio 1 Silence	Indicates the silence of an Audio 1 input signal
Audio 2 Silence	Indicates the silence of an Audio 2 input signal
Audio 3 Silence	Indicates the silence of an Audio 3 input signal
Audio 4 Silence	Indicates the silence of an Audio 4 input signal
Carrier Weak	Indicates a weak signal carrier (2dBm before the state of Carrier Fault LED)
Module Not OK	Indicates that module does not operate properly (status of Local Fault LED)
Signal A Invalid	Indicates valid video signal on Channel A
Signal B Invalid	Indicates valid video signal on Channel B

**Table 8–2: VistaLINK® Traps**

## 8.4. VISTALINK® CONTROLLED PARAMETERS

When the MASTER jumper is set to the REMOTE position, the following parameters can be remotely controlled through the *VistaLINK®* interface. When the MASTER jumper is set to the LOCAL position the local jumper settings will override the settings configured through the *VistaLINK®* interface.

Parameter	Description
Video A Offset	A range of values describing DC Offset at the Video 1 output.
Video B Offset (CVRA-2 only)	A range of values describing DC Offset at the Video 2 output.
Video A Gain	A range of values describing the Gain of Video 1 output as a percentage (100 % = unity gain).
Video B Gain (CVRA-2 only)	A range of values describing Gain of Video 2 output as a percentage (100 % = unity gain).
Video A Pre-EQ	A range of values describing pre-emphasis being applied to the Video 1 output
Video B Pre-EQ (CVRA-2 only)	A range of values describing pre-emphasis being applied to the Video 2 output
Audio 1 Output Volume	Sets the Audio 1 Volume Level
Audio 2 Output Volume	Sets the Audio 2 Volume Level
Audio 3 Output Volume	Sets the Audio 3 Volume Level
Audio 4 Output Volume	Sets the Audio 4 Volume Level
Audio 1 Silence Level	Sets the Audio 1 Silence Detect Level
Audio 2 Silence Level	Sets the Audio 2 Silence Detect Level
Audio 3 Silence Level	Sets the Audio 3 Silence Detect Level
Audio 4 Silence Level	Sets the Audio 4 Silence Detect Level
Audio 1 Silence Duration	Sets the Audio 1 Silence Detect Duration
Audio 2 Silence Duration	Sets the Audio 2 Silence Detect Duration
Audio 3 Silence Duration	Sets the Audio 3 Silence Detect Duration
Audio 4 Silence Duration	Sets the Audio 4 Silence Detect Duration
Audio 1 Output Mute Enable	Sets the Audio 1 Mute Mode
Audio 2 Output Mute Enable	Sets the Audio 2 Mute Mode
Audio 3 Output Mute Enable	Sets the Audio 3 Mute Mode
Audio 4 Output Mute Enable	Sets the Audio 4 Mute Mode
Audio 1 Silence Detect Enable	Sets the Audio 1 Silence Detect Mode
Audio 2 Silence Detect Enable	Sets the Audio 2 Silence Detect Mode
Audio 3 Silence Detect Enable	Sets the Audio 3 Silence Detect Mode
Audio 4 Silence Detect Enable	Sets the Audio 4 Silence Detect Mode

**Table 8–3: VistaLINK® Controlled Parameters**

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