

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

١.	OVE	:KVIEVV	1			
2.	INST	INSTALLATION				
	2.1.	AES AUDIO AND AUXILLIARY I/O	5			
		2.1.1. Connecting the AES Outputs	6			
	2.2.	INSTALLING THE BULKHEAD BREAKOUT PANEL				
		<ul> <li>2.2.1. Connecting the Breakout Panel AES Outputs</li></ul>	8			
	2.3.	CARE AND HANDLING OF OPTICAL FIBER	9			
		2.3.1. Safety	9 . 10			
3.	SPE	CIFICATIONS	. 11			
	3.1.	OPTICAL INPUT/OUTPUT	. 11			
	3.2.	SERIAL VIDEO OUTPUTS	. 11			
	3.3.	AES AUDIO OUTPUTS	. 12			
	3.4.	SERIAL DATA PORT	. 12			
	3.5.	GENERAL PURPOSE INPUTS	. 12			
	3.6.	GENERAL PURPOSE OUTPUTS	. 12			
	3.7.	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE	. 12			
	3.8.	ELECTRICAL	. 13			
	3.9.	PHYSICAL	. 13			
	3.10	. COMPLIANCE:	. 13			
4.	STA	TUS INDICATORS AND DISPLAYS	. 14			
	4.1.	STATUS INDICATOR LEDS	. 14			
	4.2.	DOT-MATRIX DISPLAY	. 14			

# 7700 MultiFrame Manual 7707MR Multi-Signal SDTV Fiber Receiver



		4.2.1. Displaying the Link Activity	
		4.2.2. Setting the Headphone Jack Channel	
		4.2.3. Displaying the Optical power	
		4.2.4. Displaying the Video Standard	
		4.2.5. Displaying the Audio Sample Rate	
		4.2.6. Displaying the Serial Data Activity	
		4.2.7. Displaying the State of the General Purpose Outputs	
		4.2.8. Displaying the State of the General Purpose Inputs	
		4.2.9. Setting the Orientation of the LED Display	
		4.2.10. Displaying the Firmware Version	17
5.	CAR	RD EDGE CONTROLS	18
	5.1.	MONITORING THE AES AUDIO	18
	5.2.	DIP SWITCHES	18
		5.2.1. Controlling the Action on Loss of Video Signal	18
		5.2.2. Setting the AES Sample Rate	
		5.2.3. Disabling the Audio SoftSwitch™ Feature	
6.	JUM	IPERS	20
	6.1.	SELECTING WHETHER LOCAL FAULTS WILL BE MONITORED	
		BY THE GLOBAL FRAME STATUS	21
	6.2.	SELECTING WHETHER MODULE WILL BE CONTROLLED FROM THE	04
		LOCAL CONTROLS OR THROUGH THE VISTALINK® INTERFACE	
	6.3.	SELECTING THE DATA COMMUNICATIONS STANDARD (RS-232 OR RS-422)	
		6.3.1. Configuring RS422 Device Communication between a Controller and Tributary	21
	6.4.	SELECTING THE DEFAULT BEHAVIOUR OF THE INPUTS WHEN THERE IS NO SIGNAL CONNECTED	22
	6.5.	SELECTING THE OUTPUT VIDEO STANDARD ON LOSS OF VIDEO SIGNAL	22
	6.6.	CONFIGURING THE MODULE FOR FIRMWARE UPGRADES	23
		SELECTING THE AES OUTPUT IMPEDANCE	
		SETTING THE AES OUTPUT LEVEL	
		SELECTING THE GPI PULLUP VOLTAGE	
		. SELECTING NORMALLY OPEN OR CLOSED GPOS	
7.		TALINK® REMOTE MONITORING/CONTROL	
		WHAT IS VISTALINK®?	
	7.2.	VISTALINK® MONITORED PARAMETERS	26



7.3. VISTALINK® CONTROLLED PARAMETERS	27
Figures	
Figure 1-1: 7707MR (-F2) Block Diagram	3
Figure 2-1: 7707MR Rear Panels	4
Figure 2-2: Breakout Panel for Wiring Connections	
Figure 2-3: Reproduction of Laser Certification and Identification Label	
Figure 6-1: Location of Jumpers – I/O Module	
Figure 6-2: Location of Jumpers – Main Module	
Figure 6-3: Receiver Input Pull-up Configuration	
Figure 6-4: GPI Input Circuitry	
Figure 6-5: Selecting Normally Open or Closed GPO Configuration	24
Figure 6-6: I/O Jumper Settings	
Tables	
Table 1-1: Typical Application Configurations	2
Table 2-1: AUDIO and AUX I/O Connector Pin Definitions	5
Table 2-2: Breakout Panel RS232/422 Connector Pin Definitions	3
Table 5-1: DIP Switch Functions	18
Table 5-2: Loss of Video Switch Settings	18
Table 5-3: AES Sample Rate Switch Settings	19
Table 5-4: SoftSwitch™ Settings	
Table 7-1: VistaLINK® Monitored Parameters	26
Table 7-2: VistaLINK® Controlled Parameters	27



### **REVISION HISTORY**

REVISION	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	DATE
1.0	Preliminary Version	Sep 01
1.1	First Release	Oct 01
1.2	Rear panel changed, Jumper numbers updated, general cleanup	Mar 02
1.3	Added sections on Breakout Panel, updated Jumper information Corrected pin designations on DB15	Apr 02
1.4	Support for separate monitoring of AES1 and AES2	Jun 02
1.4.1	Added section on configuring RS422 communications as Controller/Tributary Added 8 new CWDM wavelengths	Dec 02
1.5	Corrected Jumper designations on Figure 4	Jan 03
1.6	Added Applications Configuration Table	Aug 03
1.7	Added –W version. Fixed errors in Application Config Chart	Jun 04
1.8	Updated safety section and added assembly and labeling sections	July 05
1.9	Updated <i>Vista</i> LINK <sub>®</sub> description and fixed format	Jun 08
2.0	Updated features & specs. General format cleanup.	Nov 08

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Although every attempt has been made to accurately describe the features, installation and operation of this product in this manual, no warranty is granted nor liability assumed in relation to any errors or omissions unless specifically undertaken in the Evertz sales contract or order confirmation. Information contained in this manual is periodically updated and changes will be incorporated into subsequent editions. If you encounter an error, please notify Evertz Customer Service department. Evertz reserves the right, without notice or liability, to make changes in equipment design or specifications.



## **WARNING**



Never look directly into an optical fiber. Non-reversible damage to the eye can occur in a matter of milliseconds.



Do not hook up the 7707MR DWDM cards directly with a short fiber optic cable. The 7707MR DWDM cards produce +7dBm of power which will damage the receiver if connected directly.

# **7700 MultiFrame Manual** 7707MR Multi-Signal SDTV Fiber Receiver



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#### 1. OVERVIEW

The 7707MR Multi-Signal Fiber Receiver is a *Vista*LINK<sub>®</sub> enabled fiber optic receiver for SDI Video, AES Audio, RS422 control, and GPIO. This single card module demultiplexes one uni-directional SDI Video plus two uni-directional AES Audio plus one bi-directional RS422 plus two bi-directional GPI's and GPO's that have been Time Domain Multiplexed (TDM) by the companion 7707MT Multi-Signal Fiber Transmitter module. Evertz's patent pending SoftSwitch™ technology is applied to the received signal to ensure virtually glitch free AES Audio output signals when upstream SDI or AES feeds are switched.

The 7707MR and companion 7707MT will transparently pass incoming SDI video feeds with embedded AES audio or any other data in the horizontal or vertical ancillary data space. Minimal Audio to Video latency over the transport interface is also achieved.

The 7707MR occupies one card slot and can be housed in either a 1RU frame, which will hold up to three modules, or a 3 RU frame, which will hold up to 15 modules.

#### Features:

- SDI Video, 2 AES Audio, 1 bi-directional RS-232/422 and 2 GPI/O fiber optic receiver
- Supports 525 or 625 line 4:2:2 component SDI signals
- Supports SDTi signals
- Supports 32, 44.1, 48kHz AES audio
- Dolby-E™ compatible
- Supports bi-directional RS-422 rates up to 3Mb/s
- Incorporates Evertz SoftSwitch™ (Patent Pending) technology for virtually glitch-free AES Audio outputs when upstream SDI or AES feeds are switched
- User selectable SoftSwitch™ bypass
- Minimal Audio to Video latency
- Output AES "Mute" on loss of fiber optic input signal or AES feed to upstream 7707MT multiplexer
- Output Video "Black" or "Blue" (selectable) on loss of video input signal
- Signal transport over fiber uninterrupted by loss of input SDI, AES, Serial Data or GPIO feeds
- SDI video regeneration for jitter removal
- Comprehensive signal and card status monitoring via four digit card edge display or remotely through SNMP and VistaLINK®
- *Vista*LINK<sub>®</sub> capability is available when modules are used with the 3RU 7700FR-C or 350FR portable frame and a 7700FC *Vista*LINK<sub>®</sub> Frame Controller module in slot1 of the frame
- Local display of optical signal strength, video, audio and data presence, video and AES formats, EDH errors, GPI and GPO status
- Fully hot-swappable from front of frame with no fiber disconnect/reconnect required
- Bi-directional optical input/output
- Accepts any wavelength in the 1270nm to 1610nm range
- Optical output wavelengths of 1310nm, 1550nm, and up to sixteen CWDM wavelengths (ITU-T G.694.2 compliant)
- DWDM wavelengths (ITU-T G.694.1 compliant) also available
- Supports single-mode and multi mode fiber optic cable

## 7700 MultiFrame Manual 7707MR Multi-Signal SDTV Fiber Receiver



Different versions of the 7707MR allow the user to choose the optimal function / price / performance ratio to suit a particular application. Versions with no suffix are the lowest cost, but have higher insertion losses as they receive and transmit on the same wavelength (1310nm) over a single fiber. The W versions are designed to receive (15500nm) and transmit on different wavelengths (1310nm) over a single fiber and have a lower insertion loss. The F2 versions have the lowest insertion loss and are designed to receive and transmit over separate fibers.

The following chart shows some typical applications and power budget calculations for the 7707MR:

			Transmit Side		Receive Side		
Fiber Type	Fibers	Optical/Link Budget	Ordering Product Info	TX Power	Ordering Product Info	RX Sensitivity	Description
Multi-Mode	2	< 3km	7707MR13-F2	-7dBm	7707MT13-F2	-28dBm	1310nm on Tx & Rx fibers
Single- Mode	2	21dB/60km	7707MR13-F2	-7dBm	7707MT13-F2	-28dBm	1310nm on Tx & Rx fibers
Single- Mode	1	14dB/40km*	7707MR13	-10dBm	7707MT13	-24dBm	1310nm, bi-directional, one fiber
Single- Mode	1(WDM)	25dB/71km	7707MR13M-W	-1dBm	7707MT15-W	-26dBm	1310nm/1550nm, WDM, bi-directional on one fiber
Single- Mode	1(CWDM)	24dB/96km**	7707MRyy-F2	0dBm	7707MTxx-F2	-28dBm	Different CWDM wavlenghts on Tx & Rx, with 8 channel CWDM Mux/Demux**
Single- Mode	1(DWDM)	30dB/105km**	7707MRDyyy-F2	+7dBm	7707MTDxxx-F2	-28dBm	Different DWDM wavlenghts on Tx & Rx, with 8 channel DWDM Mux/Demux**

<sup>\*</sup>With >20dB return loss on fiber Interface

Tx Power/Rx Sensitivity are nominal values ± 1dBm Fiber Loss = 0.35/0.25dB per km @1310nm/1550nm

**Table 1-1: Typical Application Configurations** 

7707MR-2 Revision 2.0

<sup>\*\*</sup>Assume 8 Ch CWDM Mux/Demux loss of 3.5dB

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Assume 8 Ch DWDM Mux/Demux loss of 5dB



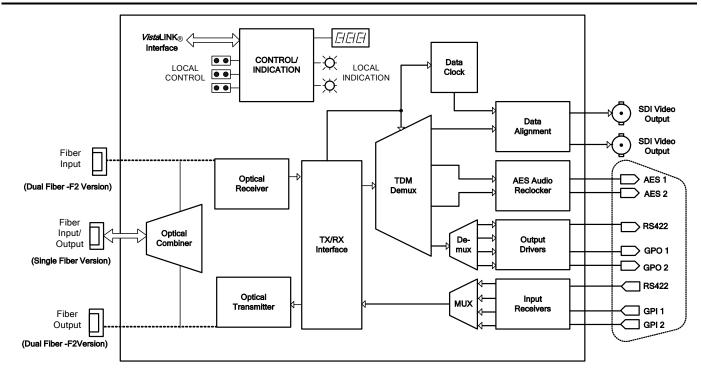


Figure 1-1: 7707MR (-F2) Block Diagram



## 2. INSTALLATION

The 7707MR comes with a companion rear plate that has two BNC connectors, one high-density female DB15 connector and one SC/PC, SC/PC with cover (shown), ST/PC or FC/PC optical connector. For information on mounting the rear plate and inserting the module into the frame see the 7700FR chapter section 3.

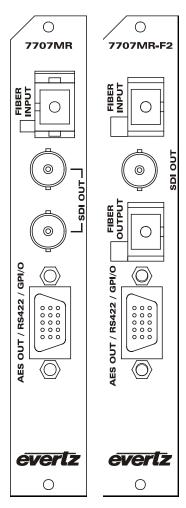


Figure 2-1: 7707MR Rear Panels

**SDI OUTPUT:** Two BNC outputs for reclocked serial digital component video signals, compatible

with the SMPTE 259M standard.

## **Single Fiber Version**

**OPTICAL I/O:** There is one SC/PC, SC/PC with cover (shown), ST/PC or FC/PC female connector.

This wide range I/O accepts optical wavelengths of 1270nm to 1610nm, accommodating standard or CWDM transmission schemes. This connector also serves as the optical output for the bi-directional Serial Data and GPI/O signals.

**7707MR-4** Revision 2.0



## **Dual Fiber (-F2) Version**

FIBER IN: There is one SC/PC (shown), ST/PC or FC/PC female connector with the optical input

to the module. This connector should be connected to the FIBER OUT connector of a dual fiber 7707MT module at the destination end with a suitable fiber optic cable. The

dual fiber 7707MR versions receive on wavelengths in the 1270 to 1610nm range.

FIBER OUT: There is one SC/PC (shown), ST/PC or FC/PC female connector with the optical output

from the module. This connector should be connected to the FIBER IN connector of a dual fiber 7707MT module at the destination end with a suitable fiber optic cable. The dual fiber 7707MR versions transmit on the wavelength marked on the rear panel and

are designed to work with either single-mode or multi-mode fiber optic cable.

#### 2.1. AES AUDIO AND AUXILLIARY I/O

A 15 pin High Density D connector labeled **AES OUT/RS422/GPIO** contains 2 AES Audio outputs, a bidirectional Serial Data port, 2 GPI inputs and 2 GPO relay contact outputs.

Pin #	Name	Description	
1	GPO2A	General Purpose Output 2 Contact	
2	GPI2	General Purpose Input 2	
3	GPO1A	General Purpose Output 1 Contact	
4	AES1-	Balanced AES1 - Output	
5	AES1+	Balanced AES1 + Output	
6	GPI1	General Purpose Input 1	
7	GPO2C	General Purpose Output 2 Common	
8	GPO1C	General Purpose Output 1 Common	
9	SOUT1(-)	RS232 Port 1 Transmit out or RS422 Transmit - out	
10	SOUT2(+)	RS232 Port 2 Transmit out or RS422 Transmit + out	
11	GND	Signal Ground	
12	SIN1(-)	RS232 Port 1 Receive In or RS422 Receive – in	
13	SIN2(+)	RS232 Port 2 Receive In or RS422 Receive + in	
14	AES2-	Balanced AES2 - Output	
15	AES2+	Balanced AES2 + Output	

Table 2-1: AUDIO and AUX I/O Connector Pin Definitions



#### 2.1.1. Connecting the AES Outputs

### **AES OUTPUT:**

4 Pins on DB15 connector are used to carry balanced AES audio outputs for channels 1&2 (AES 1) and 3&4 (AES 2) of an audio group. Each output occupies two pins (+, -) on the DB15 with a shared GND pin. AES outputs are available with SoftSwitch™ technology to provide virtually glitch-free audio outputs when upstream AES audio sources are switched.

For Balanced AES signals connect to the respective + and – pins and the shared GND pin. The AES Term Jumpers J30 and J31 must be set to the 110 position for proper source impedance of the balanced AES outputs. The AES LEVEL jumpers J28 and J29 must also be set to the HI position for balanced AES signal levels of 5 volts.

For Unbalanced AES signals connect to the AES+ output pin with the ground connected to the AES- output pin. The AES Term Jumpers J30 and J31 must be set to the 75 position for proper source impedance of the unbalanced AES outputs. The AES LEVEL jumpers J28 and J29 must also be set to the LO position for unbalanced AES signal levels of 1 volt.

#### 2.1.2. Connecting the RS232/422 Serial Data Port

#### RS232/422:

4 Pins on DB15 connector are used for a bi-directional serial data port conforming to RS422 signal levels when the SERIAL jumper is set to the RS422 position. When the SERIAL Jumper is set to the RS232 position these pins are configured as two RS-232 bi-directional serial data ports. See section 6.3 and 6.3.1 for information on configuring the serial data port.

#### 2.1.3. Connecting the GPI Inputs and GPO Outputs

GPI's:

2 pins on the DB 15 connector are used for two General Purpose inputs (GPI). The GPIs are active low with an internal pull-up resistor to +5V or +12V. The user can activate GPIs simply by connecting the GPI input pins to Ground. This can be done with a button, switch, relay or an open collector transistor. See section 6.9 for information on selecting the pull-up voltage.

GPO's:

4 pins on the DB15 connector are used for two General Purpose Outputs (GPO). Each GPO output can be configured as a normally open or normally closed relay contact pair. They can be used to pass simple contact closure information along with the video signal. See section 6.10 for information on setting the jumpers for normally open or closed contacts.

**7707MR-6** Revision 2.0



#### 2.2. INSTALLING THE BULKHEAD BREAKOUT PANEL

The 7707MX-BHP Bulkhead breakout panel is an accessory that provides the user with a convenient way of connecting the audio, RS232/422 and GPIO signals into the HD DB-15 connectors on the rear of the modules. This panel occupies 2 rack units of rack space and is designed for mounting at the rear of the user's rack panel. The breakout panel can be used to connect any combination of up to fifteen 7707MT or 7707MR modules. Each of the fifteen sets of connectors on the breakout panel is fitted with two BNCs for unbalanced AES audio in or out (not on –B version of breakout panel), one six position terminal strip for balanced AES audio in or out, one eight position terminal strip for the GPIO signals and one 9 pin female D connector for the RS-232/422 signals. Figure 2-2 shows one section of the breakout panel. On the rear of the breakout panels are fifteen male HD DB-15 connectors.

To connect the module to the breakout panel, connect the 15 pin extender cables supplied with the breakout panel between the 15 pin female D connector on the rear of the module and the appropriate D connector on the breakout panel. Make sure to secure the connectors with the screws supplied. The balanced AES audio and GPIO cables can be secured into the removable portion of the terminal strips using a small screwdriver. The removable part of the terminal strip is then inserted into the breakout panel and secured using the two hold-down screws.

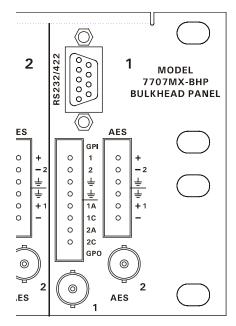


Figure 2-2: Breakout Panel for Wiring Connections



#### 2.2.1. Connecting the Breakout Panel AES Outputs

BALANCED AES OUTPUTS: For Balanced AES signals connect the + and - signals to the

respective output pins on the AES terminal strip. The AES Term Jumpers J30 and J31 must be set to the 110 position for proper source impedance of the balanced AES outputs. The AES LEVEL jumpers J28 and J29 must also be set to the HI position for balanced

AES signal levels of 5 volts.

UNBALANCED AES OUTPUTS: The AES1 and AES 2 BNCs provide unbalanced AES outputs from

the 7707MR. The AES Term Jumpers J30 and J31 must be set to the 75 position for proper source impedance of the unbalanced AES outputs. The AES LEVEL jumpers J28 and J29 must also be set to

the LO position for unbalanced AES signal levels of 1 volt.

#### 2.2.2. Connecting the Breakout Panel RS232/422 Serial Data Port

RS232/422:

A 9 pin female D connector is used for a bi-directional serial data port conforming to RS422 signal levels when the SERIAL jumper is set to the RS422 position. When the SERIAL Jumper is set to the RS232 position this connector is configured as two RS-232 bi-directional serial data ports. The pin descriptions of the RS232/422 connector are shown for both RS-232 and RS-422 jumper settings. Please refer to section 6.3 and 6.3.1 for information on configuring the serial data port.

**RS232 Pin Function RS422 Pin Function** Pin# 1 Ground Ground RS-232 Port 1 Tx Output 2 RS-422 Tx-(a) Output RS-232 Port 2 Rx Input 3 RS-422 Rx+(b) Input 4 Ground Ground 5 n/c n/c 6 Ground Ground 7 RS-232 Port 2 Tx Output RS-422 Tx+(b) Output RS-232 Port 1 Rx Input RS-422 Rx-(a) Input 8 Ground Ground

Table 2-2: Breakout Panel RS232/422 Connector Pin Definitions

**7707MR-8** Revision 2.0



## 2.2.3. Connecting the Breakout Panel GPI Inputs and GPO Outputs

GPI's:

The four top pins on the 8 pin terminal strip are used for two General Purpose inputs (GPI). The GPIs are active low with an internal pull-up resistor to +5V or +12V. The user can activate GPIs simply by connecting the GPI input pins to one of the ground pins provided. This can be done with a button, switch, relay or an open collector transistor. Please refer to section 6.9 for information on selecting the pull-up voltage.

GPO's:

The four bottom pins on the 8 pin terminal strip are used for two General Purpose Outputs (GPO). Each GPO output can be configured as a normally open or normally closed relay contact pair. They can be used to pass simple contact closure information along with the video signal. Please refer to section 6.10 for information on setting the jumpers for normally open or closed contacts.

## 2.3. CARE AND HANDLING OF OPTICAL FIBER

## 2.3.1. Safety



#### **CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT**

Background colour: yellow Triangular band: black Symbol: black

#### 2.3.2. Assembly

Assembly or repair of the laser sub-module is done only at Evertz facility and performed only by qualified Evertz technical personnel.



#### 2.3.3. Labeling

Certification and Identification labels are combined into one label. As there is inadequate space on the product to place the label, it is reproduced here in the manuals.

- There is no date of manufacture on this label as it can be traced by the bar code label placed on the printed circuit board of each Evertz plug-in module
- The Model number is one of: 7707MR13, 7707MR13M-W, 7707MR13-F2
  7707MRxx, (xx = 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61)
  7707MRDyyy (Dyyy represents ITU Grid Channel: D200, D210, D220, D230, D240, D250, D260, D270, D280, D290, D300, D310, D320, D330, D340, D350, D360, D370, D380, D390, D400, D410, D420, D430, D440, D450, D460, D470, D480, D490, D500, D510, D520, D530, D540, D550, D570, D580, D590, D600)



Figure 2-3: Reproduction of Laser Certification and Identification Label

#### 2.3.4. Handling and Connecting Fibers



Never touch the end face of an optical fiber. Always keep dust caps on optical fiber connectors when not connected and always remember to properly clean the optical end face of a connector before making a connection.

The transmission characteristics of the fiber are dependent on the shape of the optical core and therefore care must be taken to prevent fiber damage due to heavy objects or abrupt fiber bending. Evertz recommends that the user maintains a minimum bending radius of 5 cm to avoid fiber-bending loss that will decrease the maximum attainable distance of the fiber cable. The Evertz fiber optic modules come with cable lockout devices, to prevent the user from damaging the fiber by installing a module into a slot in the frame that does not have a suitable I/O module. For further information about care and handling of fiber optic cable see section 3 of the Fiber Optics System Design section of this manual binder.

**7707MR-10** Revision 2.0



## 3. SPECIFICATIONS

### 3.1. OPTICAL INPUT/OUTPUT

**Number:** 1 (Single fiber version)

2 (Dual fiber - F2 version)

**Connector:** Female SC/PC, ST/PC or FC/PC

Return Loss: > 20dB

Rise and Fall Time: 200ps nominal

Max. Input Power: 0 dBm

Input Wavelengths: 1270nm-1610nm

Input Optical Sensitivity:

WDM (-w version): -26dBm Standard: -28dBm Output Jitter: < 0.2 UI

Wavelengths:

**Standard:** 1310nm, 1550nm **CWDM:** 1270nm - 1610nm

**DWDM:** C-Band (ITU-T G.694.1 compliant)

**Output Power:** 

1310nm FP: -7dBm ±1dBm 1310nm (-W): -1dBm ±1dBm 1550nm, CDWM (DFB): 0dBm ± 1dBm DWDM (DFB): +7dBm ± 1dBm

### 3.2. SERIAL VIDEO OUTPUTS

**Number of Outputs:** 2 regenerated (1 output on –F2 versions)

Standard: SMPTE 259M-C

Connector: 1 BNC per IEC 61169-8 Annex A

Signal Level: 800mV nominal

DC Offset:0V ±0.5VRise and Fall Time:900ps nominalOvershoot:< 10% of amplitude</th>Return Loss:> 15 dB at 270 Mb/s

**High Freq. Jitter:** < 0.15UI



#### 3.3. AES AUDIO OUTPUTS

**Standard** 

Unbalanced AES: SMPTE 276M Balanced: AES3-1992

Other: Dolby-E™ compatible

Number of Outputs: 2 regenerated (Jumper selectable for balanced or unbalanced)

**Connector:** 4 pins on female high density DB-15 **Signal Level:** Unbalanced - 1V p-p, Balanced - 5V p-p

**Resolution:** Up to 24 bits **Sampling Rate:** 32, 44.1, 48kHz

Intrinsic Jitter: < 20ns

**Impedance:** Unbalanced -  $75\Omega$ 

Balanced -  $110\Omega$ 

#### 3.4. SERIAL DATA PORT

Number of Ports: 1 RS-422 or 2 RS-232 – Jumper Selectable

**Connector:** 4 pins (plus ground) on female high density DB-15 **Baud Rate:** Up to 3 Mb/s RS-422 (Determined by incoming data)

#### 3.5. GENERAL PURPOSE INPUTS

Number of Inputs: 2

**Type:** Opto-isolated, active low with internal pull-ups to +5 or +12V (jumper selectable)

**Connector:** 2 pins (plus ground) on female high density DB-15

Signal Level:

**+5V Pullup:** Low: -5 to +2.5 VDC, High: 3.5 to 10 VDC **+12V Pullup:** Low: -5 to +9.5 VDC, High: 10.5 to 15 VDC

Max Sink Current: (input shorted to ground) 15 mA
Max Leakage Curent for Input High: 200 μA

#### 3.6. GENERAL PURPOSE OUTPUTS

Number of Outputs: 2

**Type:** "Dry Contact" relay closure

**Connector:** 2 pins per output on female high density DB-15 **Signal Level:** Normally closed or normally open (jumper settable)

### 3.7. SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

Video Input to Output Delay:  $< 1.5 \mu s$ 

Audio to Video delay: < 1µs with SoftSwitch™ disabled

< 2ms with SoftSwitch™ enabled

**7707MR-12** Revision 2.0



### 3.8. ELECTRICAL

Voltage: +12V DC

Power: 12 Watts (Non DWDM)

14 Watts (DWDM)

## 3.9. PHYSICAL

7700 or 7701 frame mounting:

Number of slots: 1

### 3.10. COMPLIANCE:

**Electrical Safety:** CSA Listed to UL 60065-03, IEC 60065

Complies with CE Low voltage Directive

Laser Safety: Class 1 laser product

Complies with 24 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

IEC 60825-1

**EMI/RFI:** Complies with FCC Part 15, Class A

**EU EMC directive** 



### 4. STATUS INDICATORS AND DISPLAYS

The 7707MR has 6 LED Status indicators and a 4 digit alphanumeric display on the front card edge to show operational status of the card at a glance. The card edge pushbutton is used to select various displays on the alphanumeric display. Figure 6-2 shows the location of the LEDs and card edge controls.

#### 4.1. STATUS INDICATOR LEDS

Two large LEDs on the front of the board indicate the general health of the module.

LOCAL FAULT: This Red LED indicates poor module health and will be On during the absence of a

valid optical input signal, if a laser fault exists, or if a local input power fault exists (i.e. a blown fuse). The LOCAL FAULT indication can also be reported to the frame

through the FRAME STATUS jumper.

MODULE OK: This Green LED indicates good module health. It will be On when a valid optical

input signal is present, and the laser and board power are good.

There are four small LEDs on the back of the board that indicate the presence of video, audio and data in the input signal.

VIDEO PRESENT: This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid input video signal on the optical

input.

**AES1 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid AES1 signal on the optical input.

**AES2 PRESENT:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a valid AES2 signal on the optical input.

**DATA ACTIVITY:** This Green LED indicates the presence of a Serial Data activity on the optical input.

### 4.2. DOT-MATRIX DISPLAY

Additional signal and status monitoring is provided via the 4-digit dot-matrix display located on the card edge. The card edge toggle switch is used to select which data is being displayed in the alphanumeric display. Each time the toggle switch is pressed up/down, the display advances to the next/previous display. A message indicating what display mode is active is shown for one second. After one second without the toggle switch being pressed, the selected display data is shown. The card edge pushbutton is used to select sub-items where applicable.

**7707MR-14** Revision 2.0



The following display messages indicate what is being displayed:

LINK ERR Loss of optical link

AJCK Set headphone jack audio channel

PWR Input optical power
VSTD Video standard in use
A1S Clock rate in use on AES1
A2S Clock rate in use on AES2
DATA Activity on RS232/422

GPO1 GPO1 state
GPO2 GPO2 state
GPI1 GPI1 state
GPI2 GPI2 state

DISP Set orientation of text in the card edge display

s/w Display firmware version

The details of each of the displays are described in the sections 4.2.1 to 4.2.10.

## 4.2.1. Displaying the Link Activity

When there is no valid optical link between the 7707MR and its companion 7707MT the display will alternately show LINK and ERR. This message will override any of the other display messages.

#### 4.2.2. Setting the Headphone Jack Channel

The AJCK display allows the user to set a whether AES1 or AES 2 audio will be monitored on the card edge headphone jack. After one second the display will show a message indicating the current audio channel being monitored at the headphone jack. When this message is showing, press the pushbutton to change the audio channel being monitored.

AES1 AES1 audio is being monitored at the headphone jack.
AES2 audio is being monitored at the headphone jack.

### 4.2.3. Displaying the Optical power

The 7707MR detects the input optical power and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning:

ox Indicates optical input power is within acceptable range (> -10 dB).

-10 to -25 Numerical value of optical input power.



#### 4.2.4. Displaying the Video Standard

The 7707MR detects the video standard of the input signal and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning:

N270 SMPTE 259M-C, 270 Mb/s 4:2:2 Component 525 line. P270 SMPTE 259M-C, 270 Mb/s 4:2:2 Component 625 line.

LSV Indicates that no valid video signal is present on the input. This message overrides the

normal video standard message.

EDH Indicates that there is an EDH error. This message overrides the normal video standard

message.

When displaying one of the Video Standard messages, pressing and holding the pushbutton for 3 seconds will turn off the card edge EDH error indication. The display will show EDH momentarily to indicate that EDH local reporting has been turned off and then the normal video standard message will be displayed. This does not affect the monitoring of EDH errors and reporting through SNMP over the *Vista*LINK® interface.

Pressing and holding the pushbutton for 3 seconds will turn on the card edge EDH error indication. The display will show EDH↑ momentarily to indicate that EDH local reporting has been turned on.

#### 4.2.5. Displaying the Audio Sample Rate

The 7707MR detects the Audio sample rate of the audio on the input signal and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning:

AES Audio with 32 kHz sample rate is being received and output.

AES Audio with 44.1 kHz sample rate is being received and output.

AES Audio with 48 kHz sample rate is being received and output.

When DIP switches 2 and 3 are set to set to the *Auto* sample rate mode it indicates that no valid AES1 signal is being received. When DIP switches 2 and 3 are set to one of the supported sample rates, it indicates that there is no AES1 signal being received at the selected sample rate. This message overrides the normal audio sample rate message.

When DIP switches 2 and 3 are set to set to the *Auto* sample rate mode it indicates that no valid AFS2 signal is being received. When DIP switches 2 and 3 are set to one of the

valid AES2 signal is being received. When DIP switches 2 and 3 are set to one of the supported sample rates, it indicates that there is no AES2 signal being received at the selected sample rate. This message overrides the normal audio sample rate message.

## 4.2.6. Displaying the Serial Data Activity

The 7707MR detects activity on the RS232/422 serial data channel on the input signal and displays this on the four-digit card edge display. The following list describes possible displays and their meaning:

There is Rx or Tx activity on the serial data channel.

NACT There is no Rx or Tx activity on the serial data channel.

**7707MR-16** Revision 2.0



## 4.2.7. Displaying the State of the General Purpose Outputs

The GPO1 and GPO2 displays show the current state of the General Purpose outputs. The General Purpose outputs can be configured for normally closed or open using jumpers on the I/O assembly (please see section 6.10). The following table describes possible displays and their meaning for normally closed or open relay contacts:

		I/O Board Ju	mper Setting
Display Meaning		NC	NO
ON	ON GPO is Active		Closed
OFF GPO is Inactive		Closed	Open

#### 4.2.8. Displaying the State of the General Purpose Inputs

The **GPI1** and **GPI2** displays show the current state of the General Purpose inputs. The GPIs are active low with an internal pull-up resistor to +5V or +12V. Please refer to section 6.9 for information on selecting the pull-up voltage. The following list describes possible displays and their meanings:

**OFF** The GPI input is open or pulled up to the GPI pull-up voltage (inactive).

**ON** The GPI input is closed to ground (active).

## 4.2.9. Setting the Orientation of the LED Display

The **DISP** display allows the user to set a horizontal or vertical orientation for the card edge display messages. After one second the display will show a message indicating the current orientation of the display. When this message is showing, press the pushbutton to change the orientation of the display.

Horizontal display used when the module is housed in the 1 rack unit 7701FR frame or the

stand alone enclosure.

**VERT** Vertical display used when the module is housed in the 3 rack unit 7700FR frame.

#### 4.2.10. Displaying the Firmware Version

The s/w display shows the firmware version and build number of the 7707MR firmware. The message will scroll across the display.

For example: VER 1.0 BLD 067



## 5. CARD EDGE CONTROLS

The 7707MR is equipped with a three position, return to center toggle switch that is used to select the various card edge displays and is also used in conjunction with a momentary pushbutton to select some sub-items of the displays. Please refer to section 4.2 for information regarding the card edge displays.

#### 5.1. MONITORING THE AES AUDIO

A stereo headphone jack located at the front of the module is used to monitor the individual AES channels. The AJCK display is used to select the AES channel currently being monitored. (Please see section 4.2.2) The monitoring volume level can be adjusted but turning the level potentiometer located beside the headphone jack.

#### 5.2. DIP SWITCHES

The 7707MR is equipped with a 4 position DIP switch to allow the user to select various functions. DIP switch 1 is located at the top of the DIP switch (farthest from the card ejector). Table 5-1 gives an overview of the DIP switch functions. Sections 5.2.1 to 5.2.3 give a detailed description of each of the DIP switch functions. The DIP switches are disabled when the MASTER jumper is in the *Remote* position. The On position is down, or closest to the printed circuit board.

DIP Switch	Function	
1 Output on Signal Loss		
2	AES Sample Rate	
3	AES Sample Nate	
4	SoftSwitch™ Disable	

Table 5-1: DIP Switch Functions

#### 5.2.1. Controlling the Action on Loss of Video Signal

DIP switch 1 controls the behaviour of the Video output when there is no video present on the input signal, or there is not input optical signal. The Control 1 jumper sets the video standard of the output when there is not input video. (Please see section 6.5)

DIP 1	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
Off	Black	Output black on loss of input video.
On	Blue	Output blue on loss of input video.

**Table 5-2: Loss of Video Switch Settings** 

**7707MR-18** Revision 2.0



### 5.2.2. Setting the AES Sample Rate

DIP switches 2 and 3 are used to select the audio sample rate. The 7707MR can be set to automatically lock to the incoming audio sample rate, or the user can manually set the sample rate of the audio being transported through the system. When the 7707MR is not in the auto rate, and incoming audio does not match the selected rate, the dot matrix display will show LSA when the ASTD display is selected.

DIP 2	DIP 3	AES Sample Rate
Off	Off	48 kHz (default)
Off	On	44.1 kHz
On	Off	32 kHz
On	On	Auto

Table 5-3: AES Sample Rate Switch Settings

## 5.2.3. Disabling the Audio SoftSwitch™ Feature

The 7707MR is equipped with Evertz's patent pending SoftSwitch™ technology, which mitigates audio pops during hot-switching while maintaining consistent video and audio sequences and formats. DIP switch 4 controls whether SoftSwitch™ is enabled or not.

DIP 4	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
Off	Enable (default)	SoftSwitch™ is enabled
On	Disable	SoftSwitch™ is disabled

Table 5-4: SoftSwitch™ Settings



# 6. JUMPERS

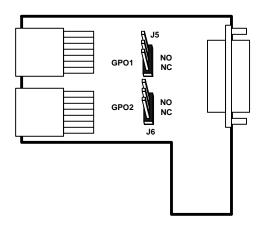


Figure 6-1: Location of Jumpers – I/O Module

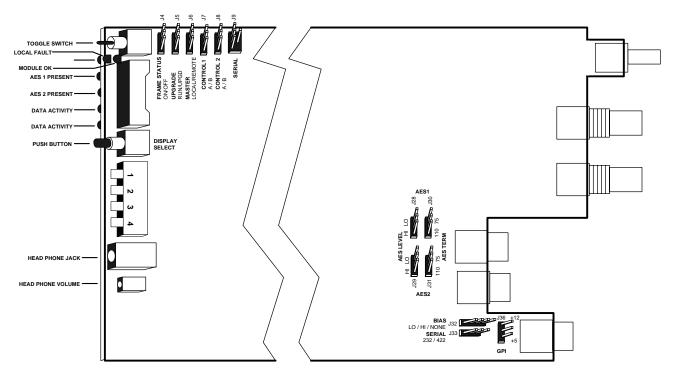


Figure 6-2: Location of Jumpers - Main Module

**7707MR-20** Revision 2.0



# 6.1. SELECTING WHETHER LOCAL FAULTS WILL BE MONITORED BY THE GLOBAL FRAME STATUS

The FRAME STATUS jumper J4 determines whether local faults (as shown by the Local Fault indicator) will be connected to the 7700FR frame's global status bus.

FRAME STATUS:

To monitor faults on this module with the frame status indicators (on the Power Supply FRAME STATUS LED's and on the Frame's Fault Tally output) install this jumper in the On position. (Default)

When this jumper is installed in the Off position local faults on this module will not be monitored.

# 6.2. SELECTING WHETHER MODULE WILL BE CONTROLLED FROM THE LOCAL CONTROLS OR THROUGH THE VISTALINK® INTERFACE

The MASTER jumper J6 selects whether the module will be controlled from the local user controls or through the *Vista*LINK® interface.

MASTER:

When this jumper is installed in the LOCAL position, the card functions are controlled through the local controls.

When this jumper is installed in the REMOTE position, the card functions are controlled through the *Vista*LINK® interface.

## 6.3. SELECTING THE DATA COMMUNICATIONS STANDARD (RS-232 OR RS-422)

The SERIAL jumper J33 located at the rear of the module is used to configure whether the serial data channel will operate in the RS-232 or RS-422 standard. The 15 pin D connector has a pair of inputs, a pair of outputs and a ground connection for the Serial Data Channel.

SERIAL:

To set the serial data inputs and outputs to operate in the RS-232 standard install the jumper in the RS-232 position. In this mode the input and output pins will be configured as two RS-232 Rx/Tx ports (Port 1 and Port 2).

To set the serial data inputs and outputs to operate in the RS-422 standard install the jumper in the RS-422 position. In this mode the input and output pins will be configured as one RS-422 Rx/Tx port.

## 6.3.1. Configuring RS422 Device Communication between a Controller and Tributary

SMPTE Standard 207M defines the electrical and mechanical characteristics of the device interface used in transferring data and control signals between production and post-production equipment. Each interface system consists of a single bus-controller and one or more tributaries. The bus-controller controls the communication flow to all tributaries connected to it, while a tributary transmits data to an operational device.



A 7707MT/7707MR pair can be configured to interface between a bus-controller and a tributary if configured as follows:

Controller DB9 PIN #	Transmitting 7707MT DB15 PIN #
2	9
3	13
7	10
8	12

Receiving 7707MR DB15 PIN #	Tributary DB9 PIN #
12	2
10	3
13	7
9	8

# 6.4. SELECTING THE DEFAULT BEHAVIOUR OF THE INPUTS WHEN THERE IS NO SIGNAL CONNECTED

The BIAS jumper J32 located at the rear of the board controls the behaviour of the RS-422 inputs when there is no signal connected. This is not critical for most applications, and the setting will not typically affect performance. Figure 6-3 shows a simple schematic of the receiver input. The RS-422 receiver device has a pull-down to ground on the Rx+ input and a pull-up to +5v on the Rx- input.

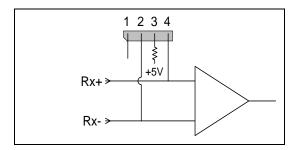


Figure 6-3: Receiver Input Pull-up Configuration

If the user wants to override the default pull-ups set the appropriate jumper as shown in the chart below:

Label	Jumper on Pins	Function
None	1 & 2	Default pull-ups (Rx+ low, Rx- high)
н	2 & 3	Rx- pulled up to +5 volts, Rx+ default (low)
LOW	3 & 4	Rx+ pulled up to + 5 volts, Rx- default (high)

## 6.5. SELECTING THE OUTPUT VIDEO STANDARD ON LOSS OF VIDEO SIGNAL

The CONTROL 1 jumper J7 located at the top of the module is used to configure the video standard of the output video when there is no video present on the input signal.

**CONTROL 1:** To set the output video format to PAL set the jumper to the *A* position.

To set the output video format to NTSC set the jumper to the *B* position.

**7707MR-22** Revision 2.0



#### 6.6. CONFIGURING THE MODULE FOR FIRMWARE UPGRADES

UPGRADE:

The UPGRADE jumper J5 is used when firmware upgrades are being done to the module. For normal operation it should be installed in the *RUN* position. See the *Upgrading Firmware* section in the front of this manual binder for more information.

To upgrade the firmware in the module unit pull it out of the frame. Move the UPGRADE jumper into the *UPGD* position. Install the Upgrade cable provided (located in the vinyl pouch in the front of this manual) onto the SERIAL header at the card edge. Re-install the module into the frame. Run the upgrade as described in the *Upgrading Firmware* section in the front of this manual binder. Once the upgrade is completed, remove the module from the frame, move the UPGRADE jumper into the *RUN* position, remove the upgrade cable and re-install the module. The module is now ready for normal operation.

#### 6.7. SELECTING THE AES OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The AES TERM jumpers J30 and J31 located near the rear of the module are used to configure whether source impedance of the AES outputs are compatible with balanced (110 ohm) or unbalanced (75 ohm) AES signals.

**AES TERM:** To configure the source impedance of the AES outputs for use with balanced AES signals that conform to AES3-1992 set the jumpers to the 110 position.

To configure the source impedance of the AES outputs for use with unbalanced AES signals conforming to SMPTE 276M set the jumpers to the 75 position.

#### 6.8. SETTING THE AES OUTPUT LEVEL

The AES LEVEL jumpers J28 and J29 control the peak to peak voltage level of the outputs.

**AES LEVEL:** When the AES TERM jumpers are set to the 110 position the AES LEVEL jumpers must be set to the HI position to give a 5 volt balanced signal level.

When the AES TERM jumpers are set to the 75 position the AES LEVEL jumpers must be set to the LO position to give a 1 volt unbalanced signal level.

### 6.9. SELECTING THE GPI PULLUP VOLTAGE

The GPI jumper J36, located at the rear of the module, selects whether the general purpose inputs will be pulled up to +5 volts or +12 Volts. Figure 6-4 shows the jumper configuration and the GPI input schematic.

**GPI:** To set the pull-up voltage to +5 volts set the jumper to the +5 position,

To set the pull-up voltage to +12 volts set the jumper to the +12 position.



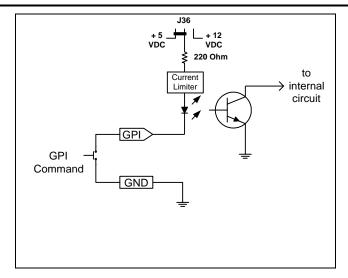


Figure 6-4: GPI Input Circuitry

#### 6.10. SELECTING NORMALLY OPEN OR CLOSED GPOS

The GPO1 and GPO2 jumpers J13 and J14, located on the I/O assembly select whether the general purpose output relay contacts will be open or closed when they are active. The GPO1 and GPO2 displays indicate the state of the GPOs. The following table describes possible displays and their meaning for Normally Closed or open relay contacts:

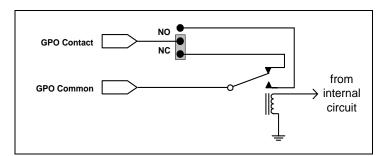


Figure 6-5: Selecting Normally Open or Closed GPO Configuration

		I/O Board Ju	mper Setting
Display	Meaning	NC	NO
HIGH	GPO is Active	Open	Closed
LOW	GPO is Inactive	Closed	Open

Figure 6-6: I/O Jumper Settings

**7707MR-24** Revision 2.0



# 7. VISTALINK® REMOTE MONITORING/CONTROL

## 7.1. WHAT IS VistaLINK®?

 $VistaLINK_{\odot}$  is Evertz's remote monitoring and configuration platform which operates over an Ethernet network using Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). SNMP is a standard computer network protocol that enables different devices sharing the same network to communicate with each other.  $VistaLINK_{\odot}$  provides centralized alarm management, which monitors, reports, and logs all incoming alarm events and dispatches alerts to all the VLPro Clients connected to the server. Card configuration through  $VistaLINK_{\odot}$  PRO can be performed on an individual or multi-card basis using simple copy and paste routines, which reduces the time to configure each module separately. Finally,  $VistaLINK_{\odot}$  enables the user to configure devices in the network from a central station and receive feedback that the configuration has been carried out.

There are 3 components of SNMP:

- 1. An SNMP manager, also known as a Network Management System (NMS), is a computer running special software that communicates with the devices in the network. Evertz VL-Fiber demo Manager graphical user interface (GUI), third party or custom manager software may be used to monitor and control Evertz *Vista*LINK® enabled fiber optic products.
- 2. Managed devices, (such as 7707EO and 7707OE cards), each with a unique address (OID), communicate with the NMS through an SNMP Agent. Evertz *Vista*LINK® enabled 7700 series modules reside in the 3RU 7700FR-C MultiFrame and communicate with the manager via the 7700FC *Vista*LINK® frame controller module, which serves as the Agent.
- 3. A virtual database, known as the Management information Base (MIB), lists all the variables being monitored which both the Manager and Agent understand. Please contact Evertz for further information about obtaining a copy of the MIB for interfacing to a third party Manager/NMS.

For more information on connecting and configuring the *Vista*LINK<sub>®</sub> network, see the 7700FC Frame Controller chapter.



# 7.2. VistaLINK® MONITORED PARAMETERS

The following parameters can be remotely monitored through the  $\textit{Vista} LINK_{\texttt{®}}$  interface.

Parameter	Description
Link OK	Indicates presence of a valid optical link with a 7707MT module.
Optical Power	A range of values describing received optical power at the fiber input.
Video Standard	A range of values describing the detected video standard.
Video Present	Indicates the presence of a valid video input signal (the state of the VIDEO PRESENT LED)
AES1 Audio Present	Indicates the presence of an AES1 input signal (the state of the AES1 PRESENT LED)
AES 2 Audio Present	Indicates the presence of an AES2 input signal (the state of the AES2 PRESENT LED).
AES1 Rate Detect	Indicates the AES1 Sample Rate.
AES2 Rate Detect	Indicates the AES2 Sample Rate.
RS232/422 Data Activity	Indicates the presence of data activity on the Serial data channel (the state of the DATA ACTIVITY LED).
EDH Error	The status of Full Field EDH errors present in the input signal.
Laser Fault	Indicates deficient operation of the optical output laser.
GPI1 State	Indicates the state of the GPI1 input.
GPI2 State	Indicates the state of the GPI2 input.
GPO1 State	Indicates the state of the GPO1 output.
GPO2 State	Indicates the state of the GPO2 output.
Output video Black or Blue	Indicates the Blue/Black on loss of video setting (the setting of DIP switch 1).
SoftSwitch™ Disable	Indicates the SoftSwitch™ Disable setting (the setting of DIP switch 4).

Table 7-1: VistaLINK<sub>®</sub> Monitored Parameters

**7707MR-26** Revision 2.0



# 7.3. VistaLINK® CONTROLLED PARAMETERS

The following parameters can be remotely controlled through the *Vista*LINK® interface:

Parameter	Description
Output video Black or Blue	Enables video output to be black or blue on loss of input fiber link
AES Sample Rate	Sets the AES Sample Rate
SoftSwitch™ Disable	Enables or Disables SoftSwitch™ functionality.

Table 7-2: VistaLINK® Controlled Parameters

# 7700 MultiFrame Manual 7707MR Multi-Signal SDTV Fiber Receiver



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**7707MR-28** Revision 2.0