Camera Training Center Breda The Netherlands



XCU HD/4K IP Introduction



August 2016



Jan Paul Campman

Your Host for this session

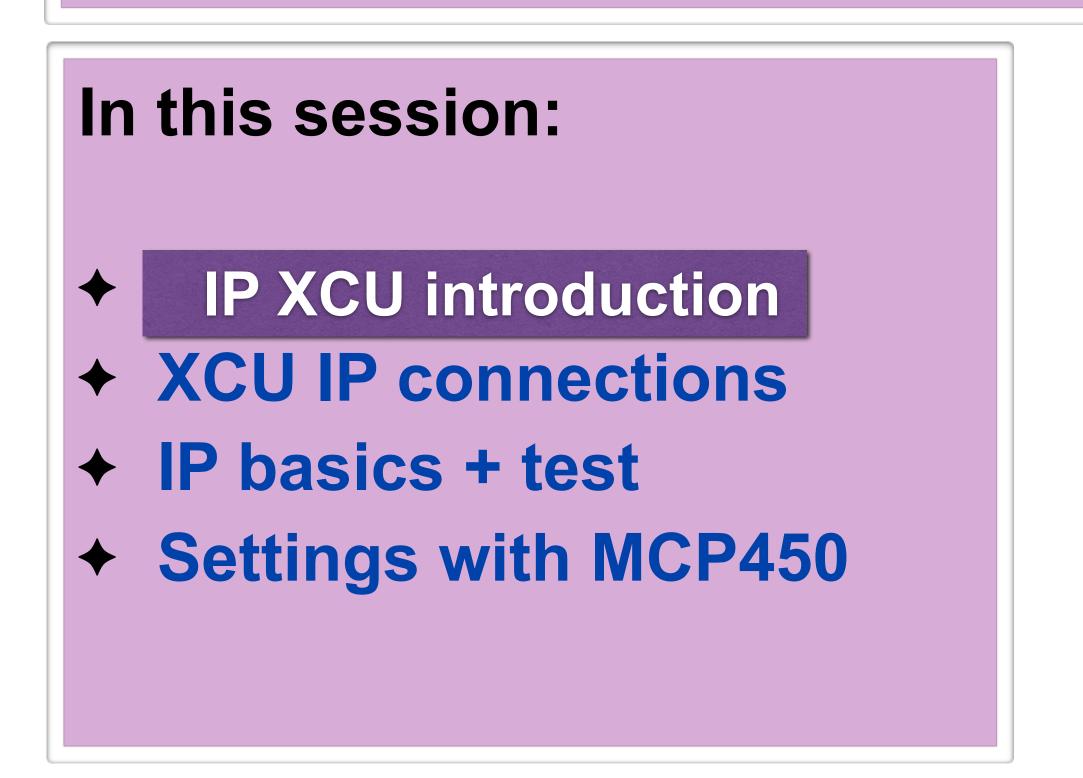
- Training Manager
- Trainer
- Acceptance Engineer
- Demo specialist
- Web master



•your guide for this INTERACTIVE session. •Welcome to the LDX Series WEB-Training

IP XCU 10G Fiber (basics)

This part gives you some more details about the IP Connection between XCU and the world

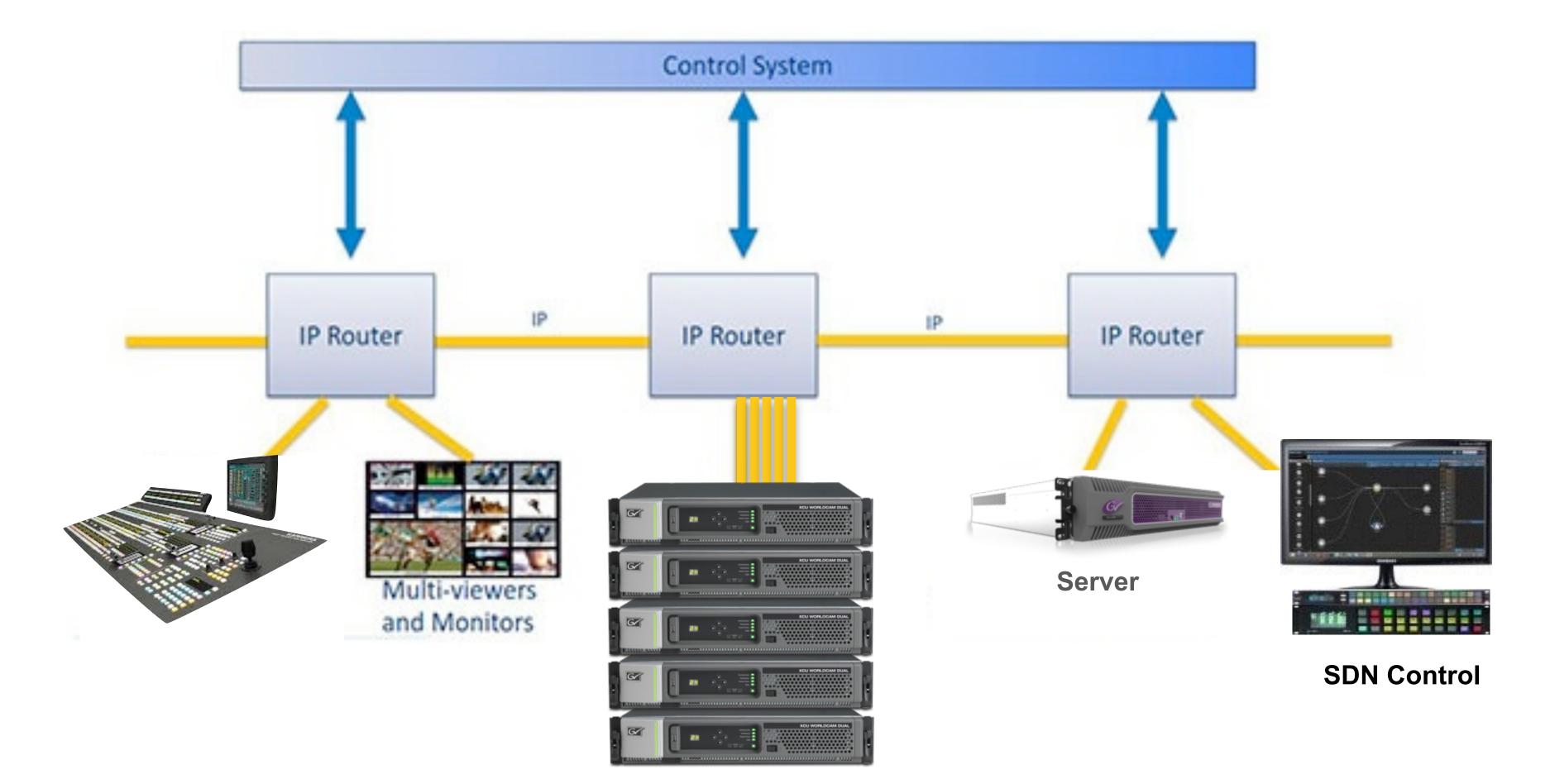








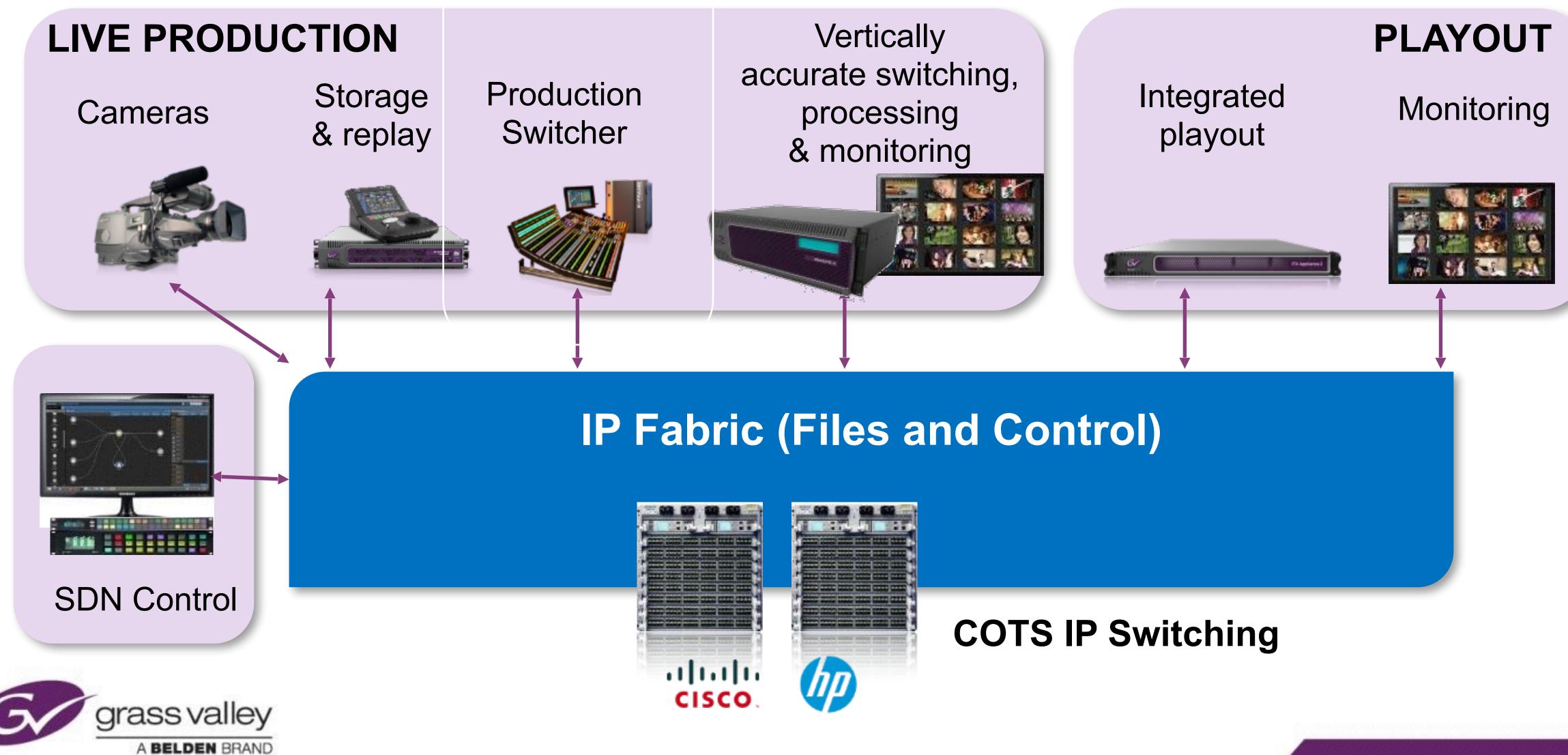
XCU HD/4K IP – Workflow overview





XCU IP

XCU HD/4K IP – Workflow overview





XCU HD/4K IP

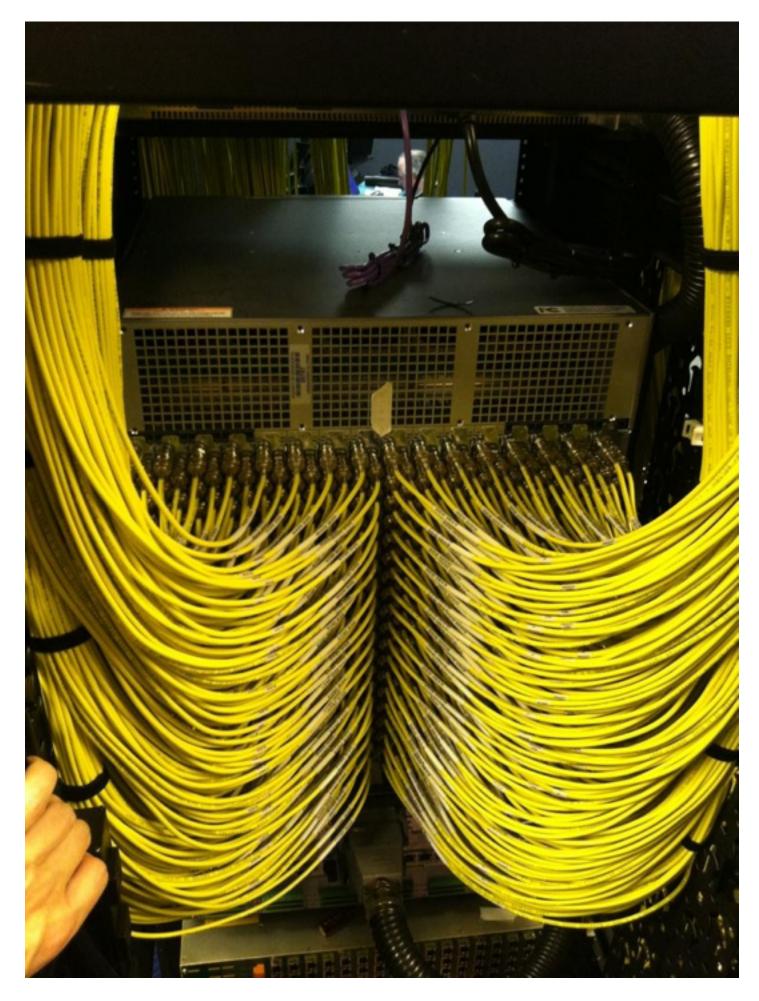
IP delivers more flexible, more streamlined & scalable live production infrastructures – ready for 4K / UHD and beyond





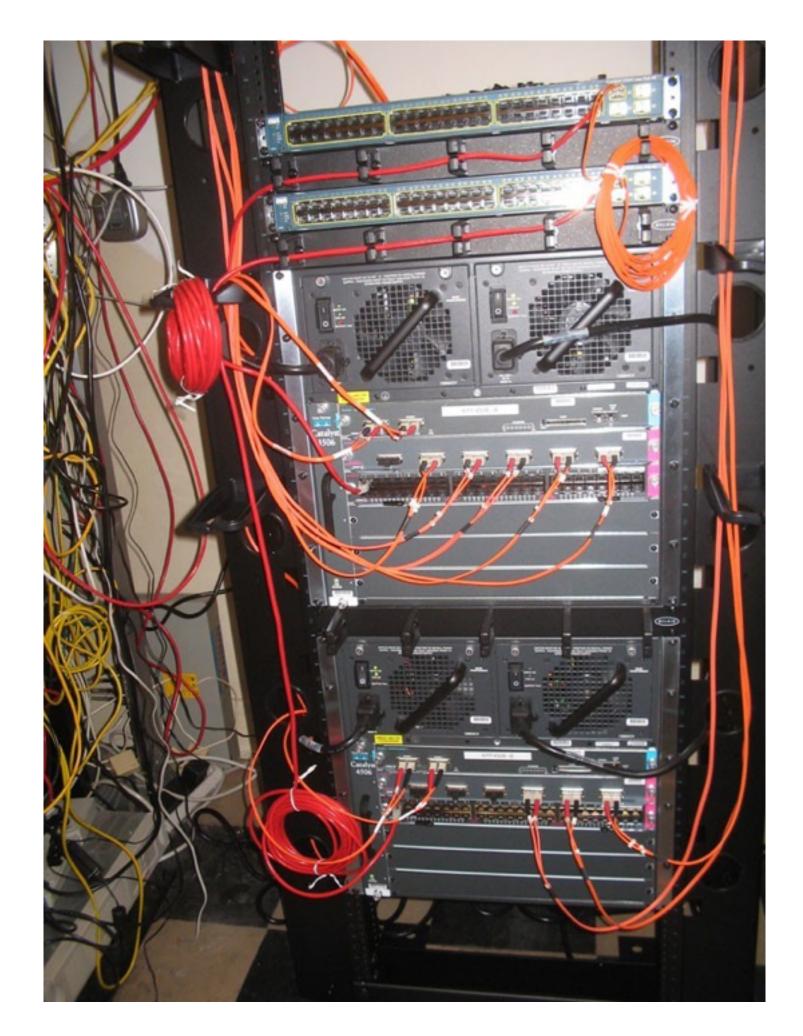


The End Result: Dramatic Reduction in Cabling



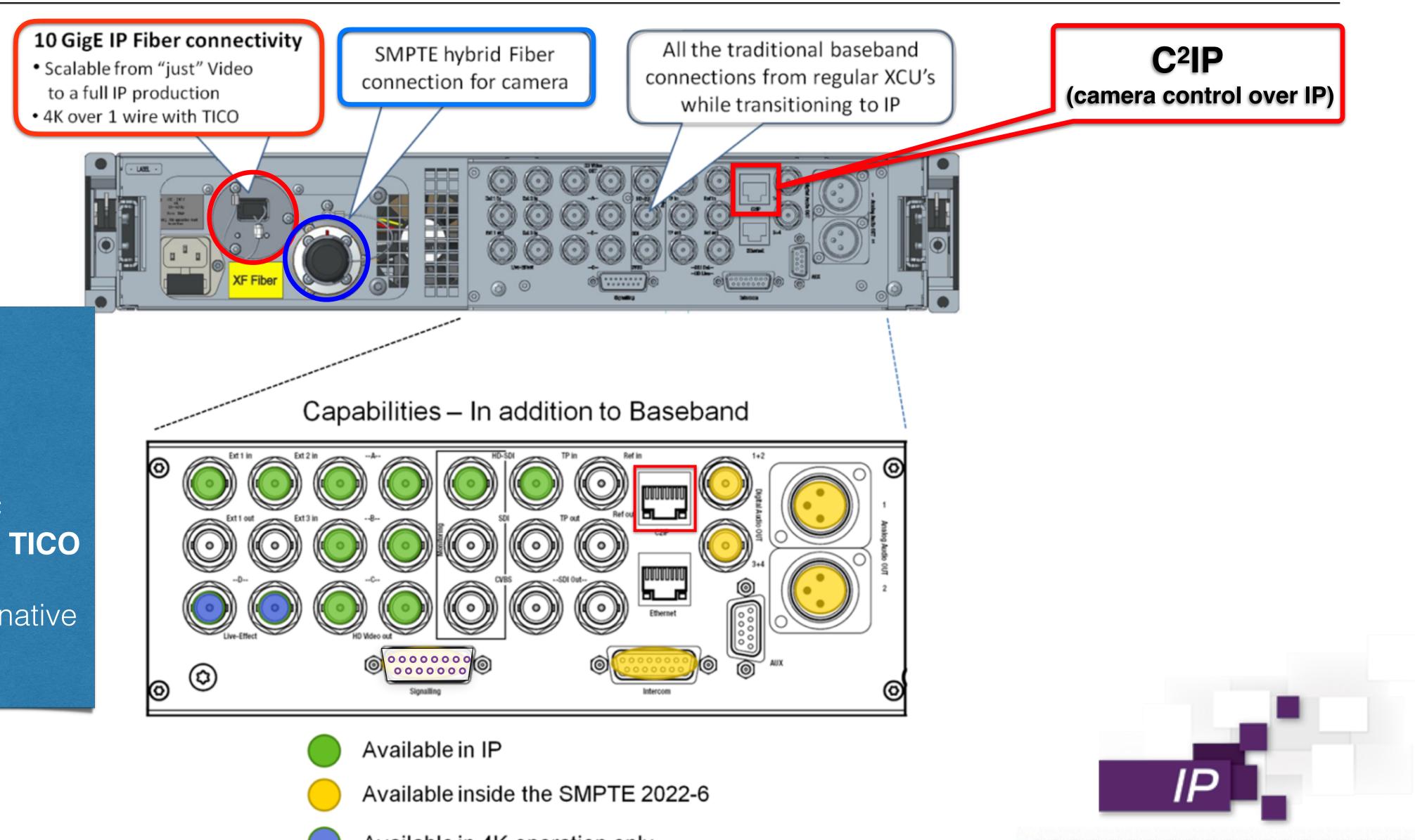
Before IP





After IP

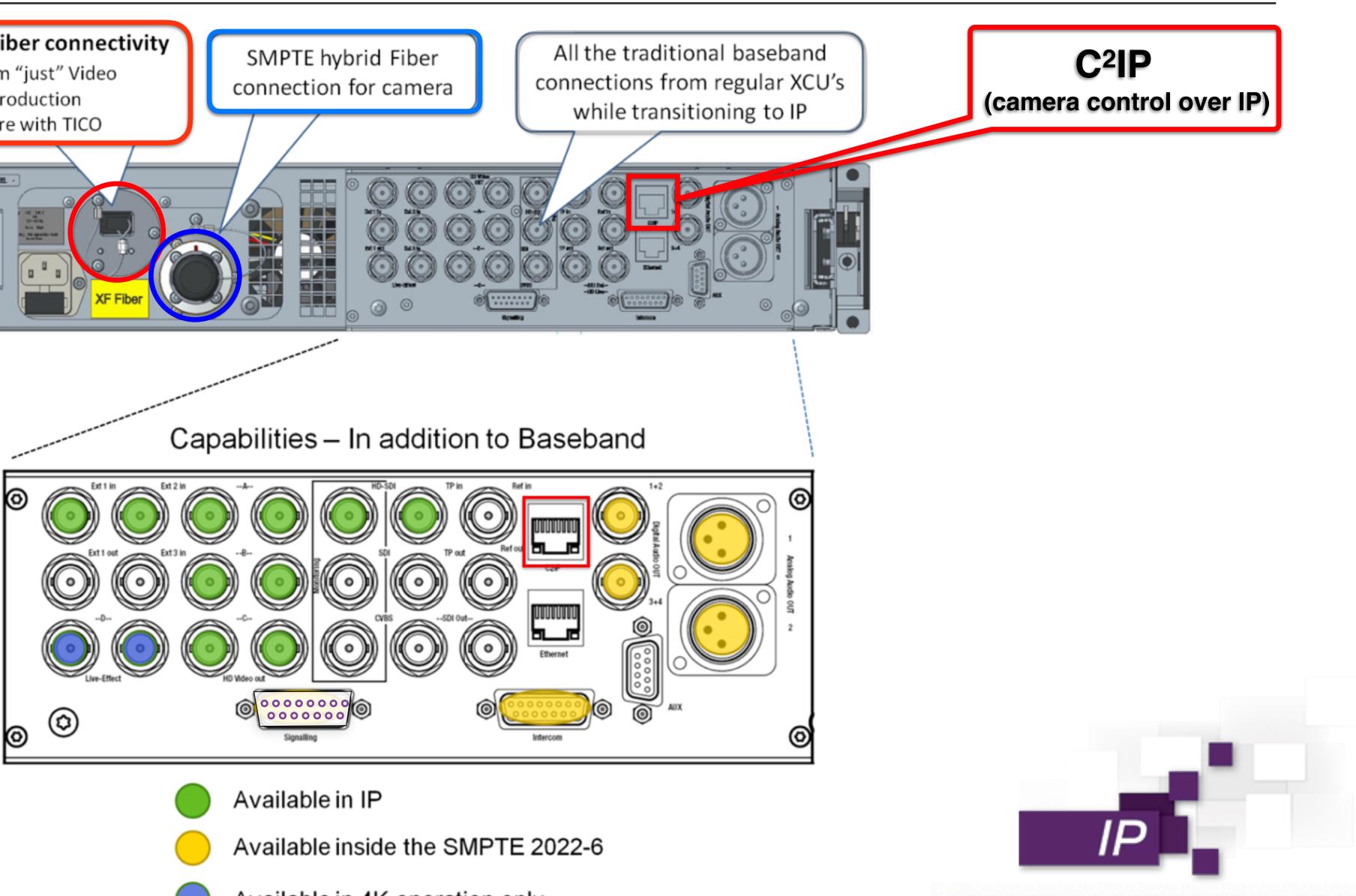
XCU HD/4K IP – Connectivity



XCU XF (10GigE) is available in 2 versions

* XCU Univers 4K BNC * XCU Univers 4K over TICO

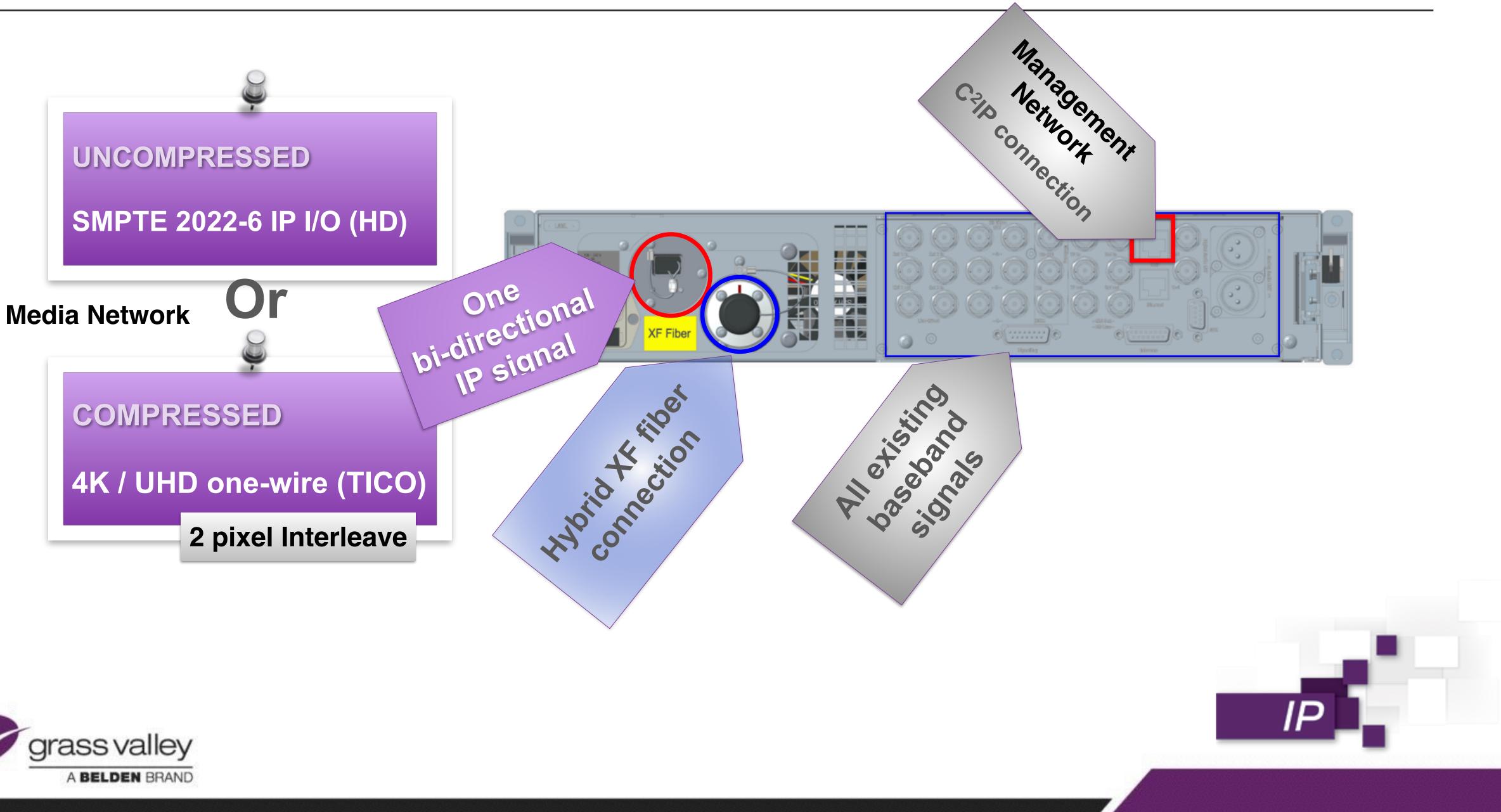
more details in LDX 86 native training session





Available in 4K operation only

XCU HD/4K IP – Connectivity

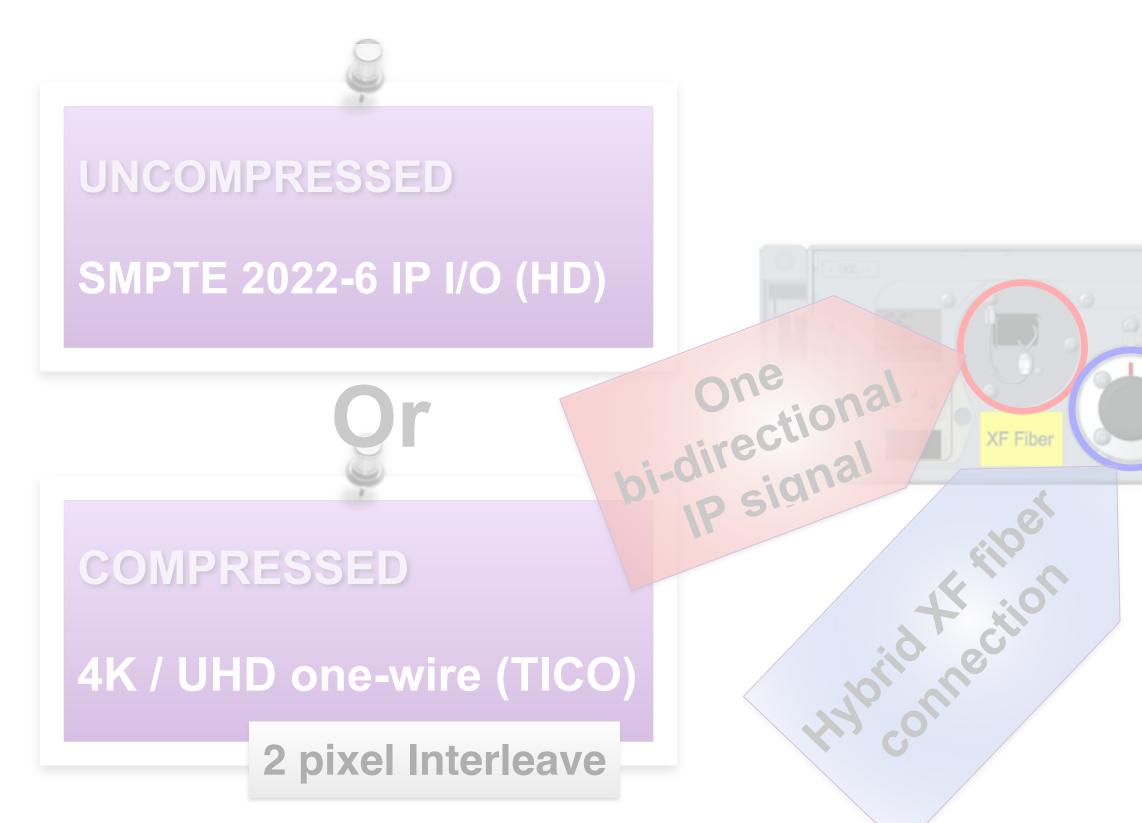




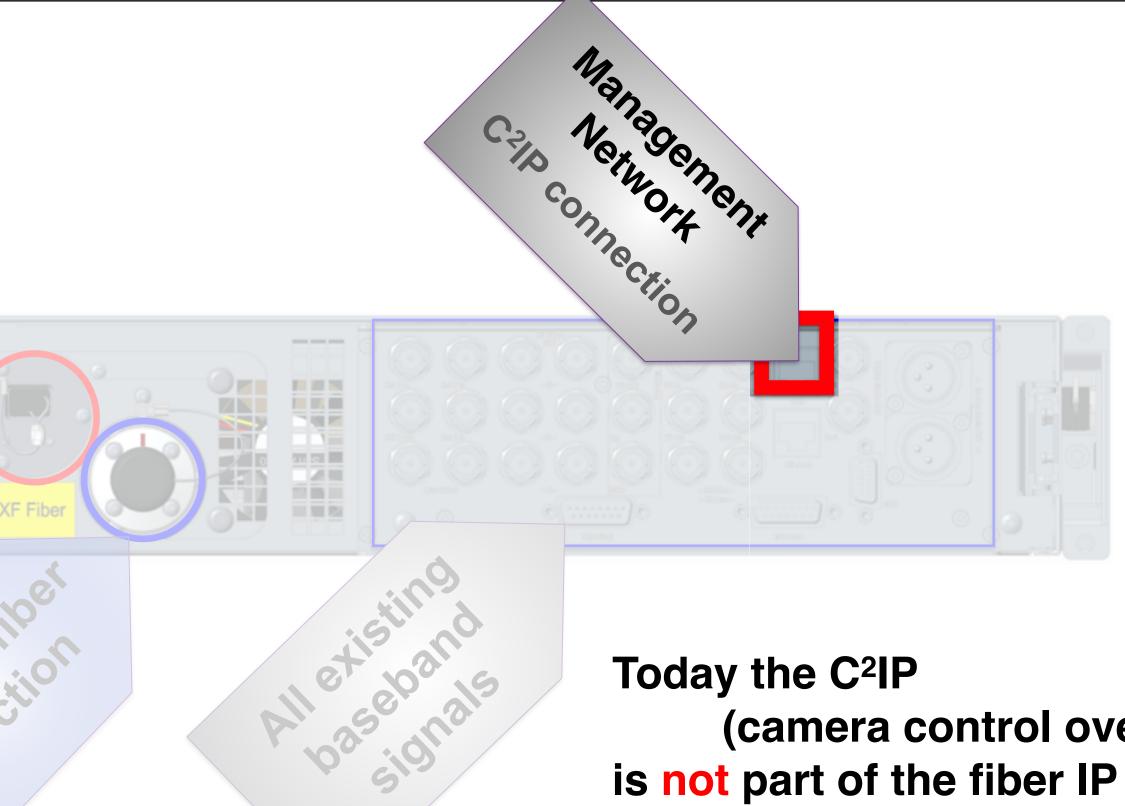
C²IP is Management network **IP is Media Network**



XCU HD/4K IP – Connectivity C²IP (to OCP/MCP)





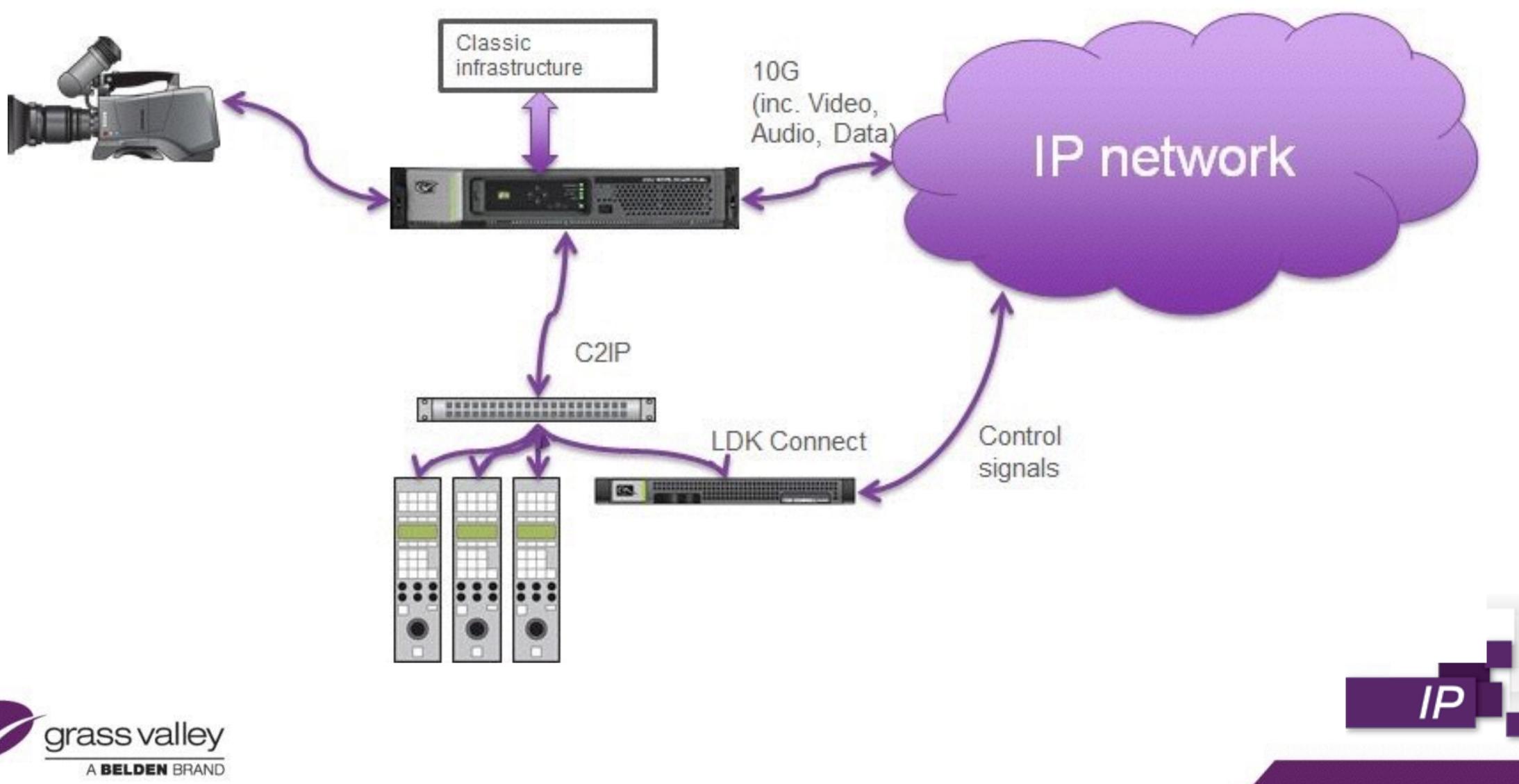


Today the C²IP (camera control over IP) is not part of the fiber IP network





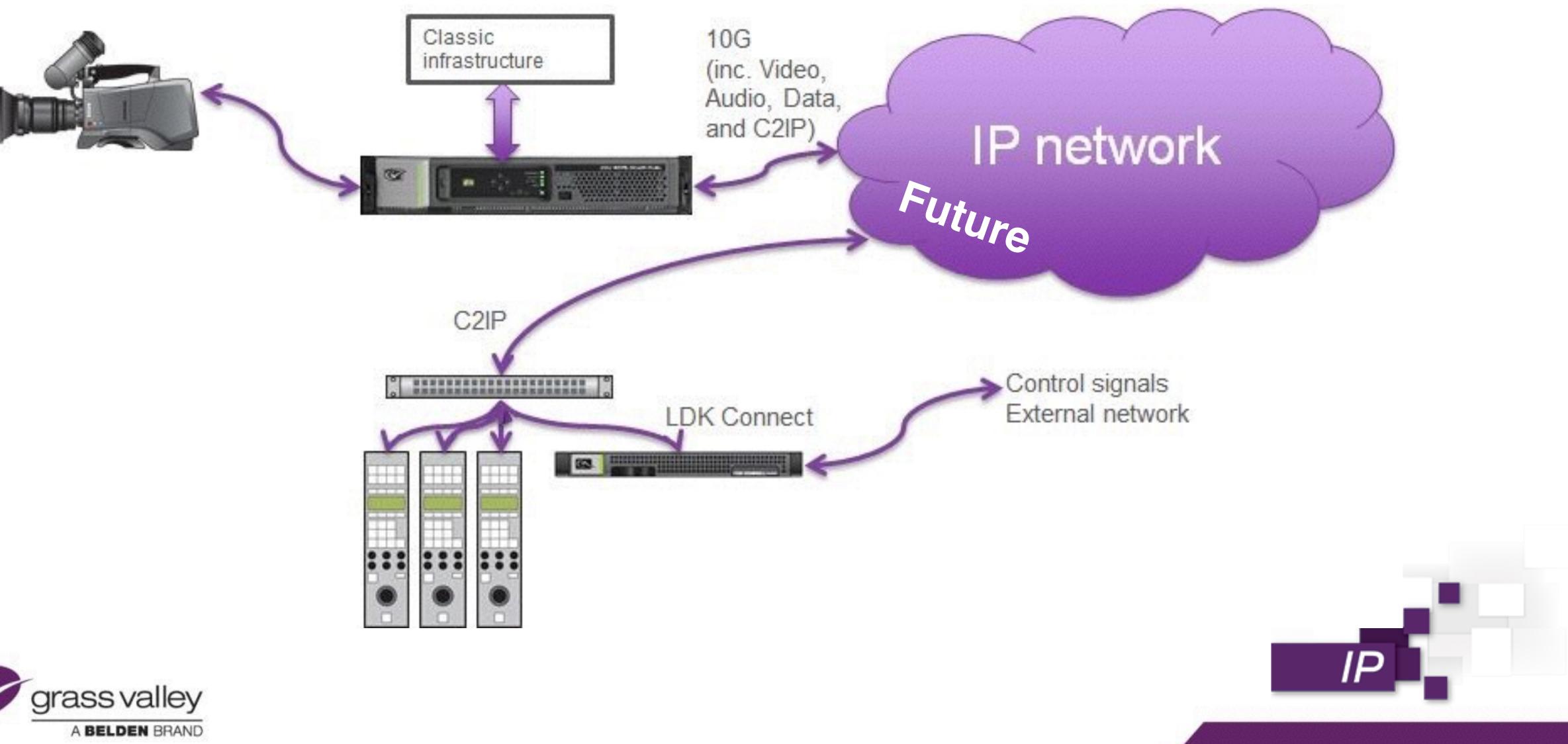
XCU IP – C²IP (Management Network) connection standard







XCU IP – C²IP connection via external IP network





XCU HD/4K IP – Connectivity (Media Network)







SMPTE 2022 standards

ST 2022-1:2007 "Forward Error Correction for Real-Time Video/Audio Transport Over IP Networks" defines row/column FEC (Forward Error Correction) for IP video streams. Along with Section 2, this standard has been widely implemented. Row/Column FEC works by grouping IP video packets into logical rows and columns, and then appending one FEC packet to each row and each column. In the event that one packet is lost from a row or a column, the data in that packet can be perfectly recreated using the contents of the FEC packet in conjunction with the other packets in the row or column. This method works quite well, and allows the packet stream to survive lengthy bursts of lost packets.

ST 2022-2:2007 "Unidirectional Transport of Constant Bit Rate MPEG-2 Transport Streams on IP Networks" specifies how constant bit rate compressed video signals that are encoded within MPEG-2 transport streams are encapsulated into IP packets. This standard covers the transport layer (RTP and UDP) as well as comments about timing and buffer sizes.

ST 2022-3:2010 "Unidirectional Transport of Variable Bit Rate MPEG-2 Transport Streams on IP Networks" defines IP packets for variable bit-rate MPEG-2 TS streams that are constrained to have a constant bit rate between PCR messages (called piecewise-constant).

is similar to Section 3, except that it removes the constraint on bit rates.

ST 2022-5:2012 "Forward Error Correction for High Bit Rate Media Transport Over IP Networks" expands on Section 1 to allow larger row/column FEC combinations to support signals with bit rates up to 3 Gbps and beyond. A minor revision to this standard is scheduled to be published in 2013 by SMPTE.

Current

ST 2022-6:2012 "Transport of High Bit Rate Media Signals over IP Networks (HBRMT)" specifies a way to transport high bit-rate signals (including uncompressed 3 Gbps 1080p video) that are NOT encapsulated in MPEG-2 transport streams.

2022-7 (approval pending) "Seamless Protection Switching of SMPTE ST 2022 IP Datagrams" describes a way to send two matching streams of packets from a source to a destination over different paths, and have the receiver switch automatically between them. This allows a perfect video signal to be reconstructed at the receiver as long as both paths do not fail simultaneously.



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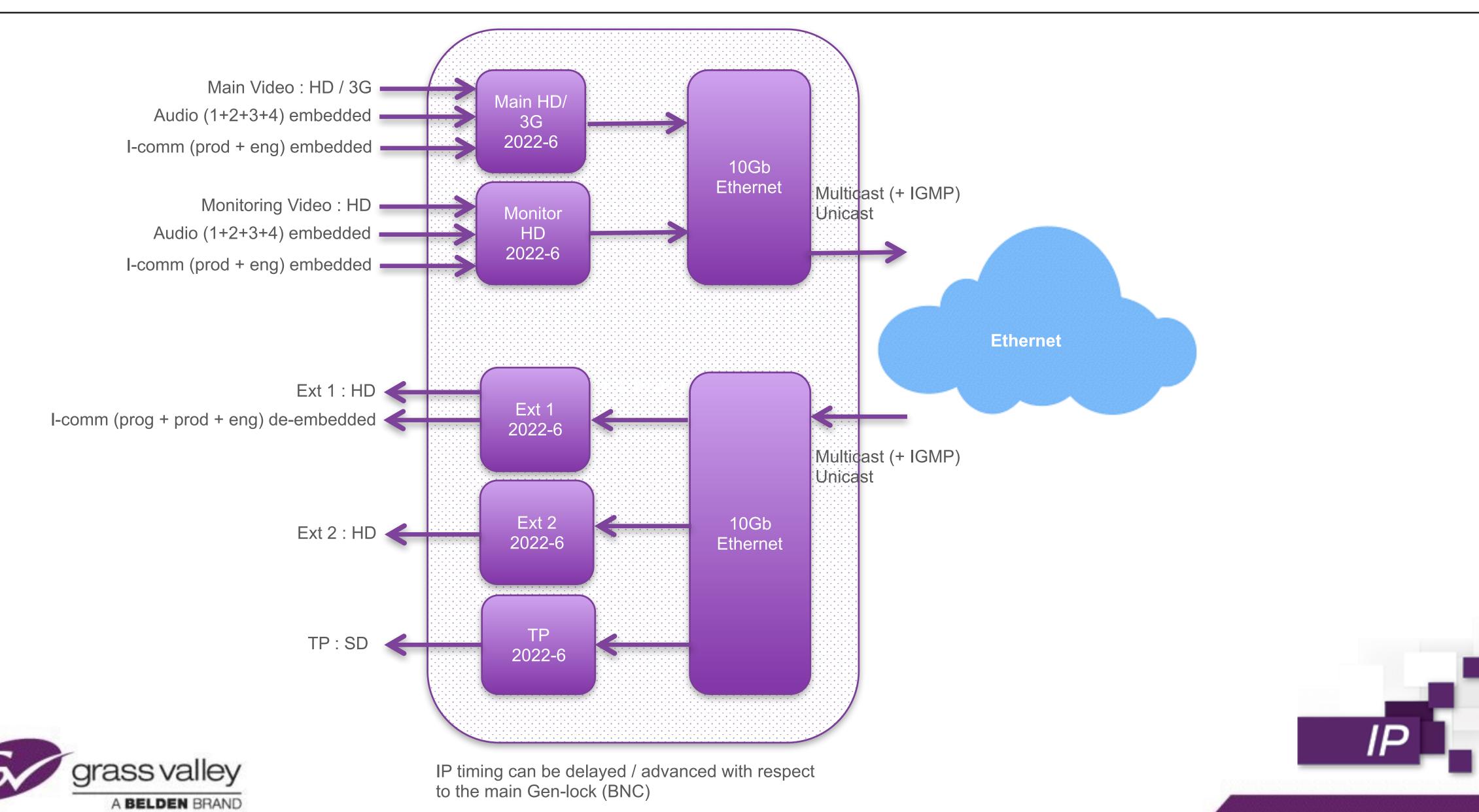
?

ST 2022-4:2011 "Unidirectional Transport of Non-Piecewise Constant Variable Bit Rate MPEG-2 Streams on IP Networks"





XCU IP – Streams (HD) Uncompressed

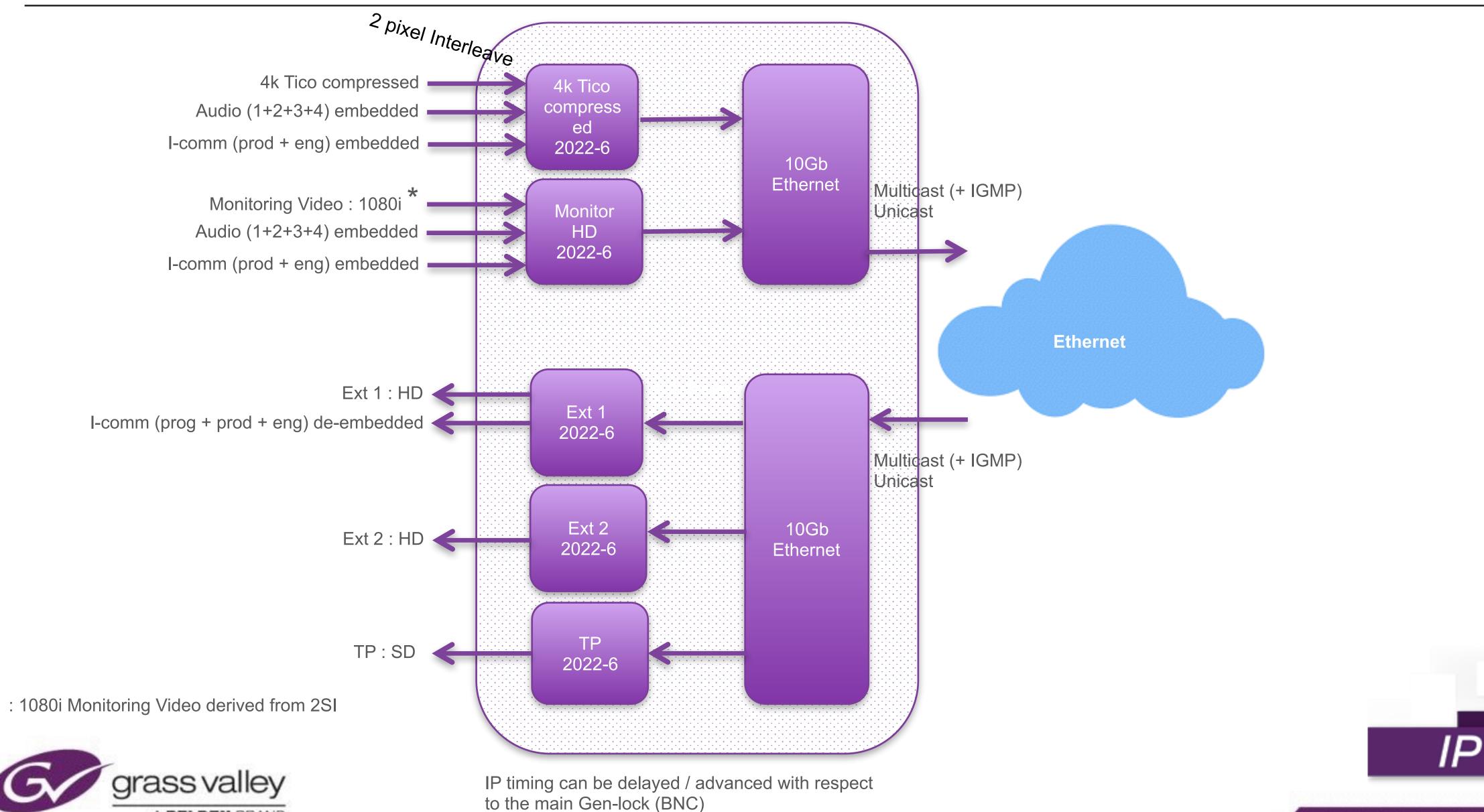




XCU IP – Streams (4K) TICO

*

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Compressed



XCU IP – Streams (4K) TICO



4K⁵⁰₅₉ p over a single 3G-SDI



2 sample interleave



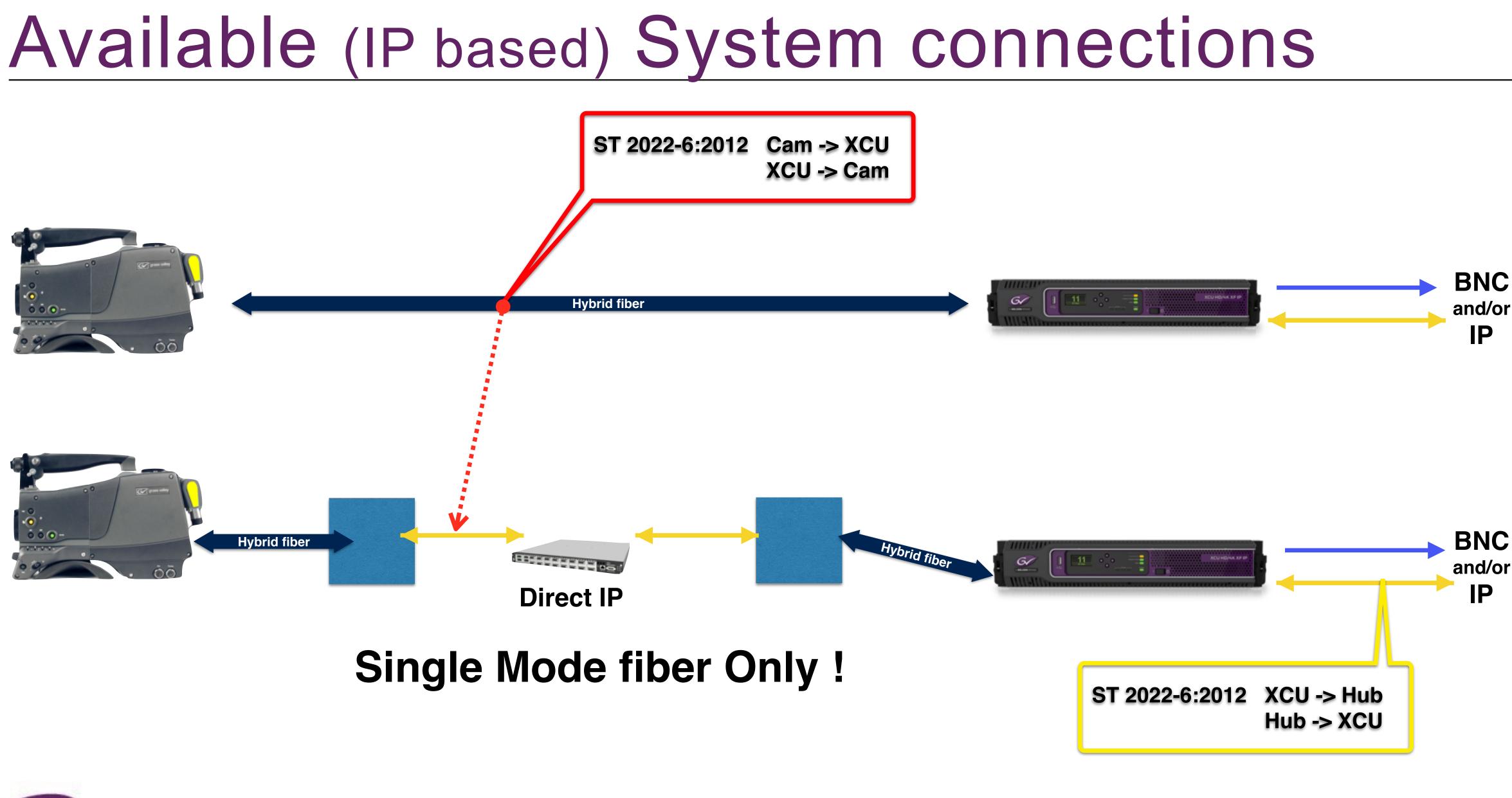
Compressed

TICO Alliance Members – IBC 2015



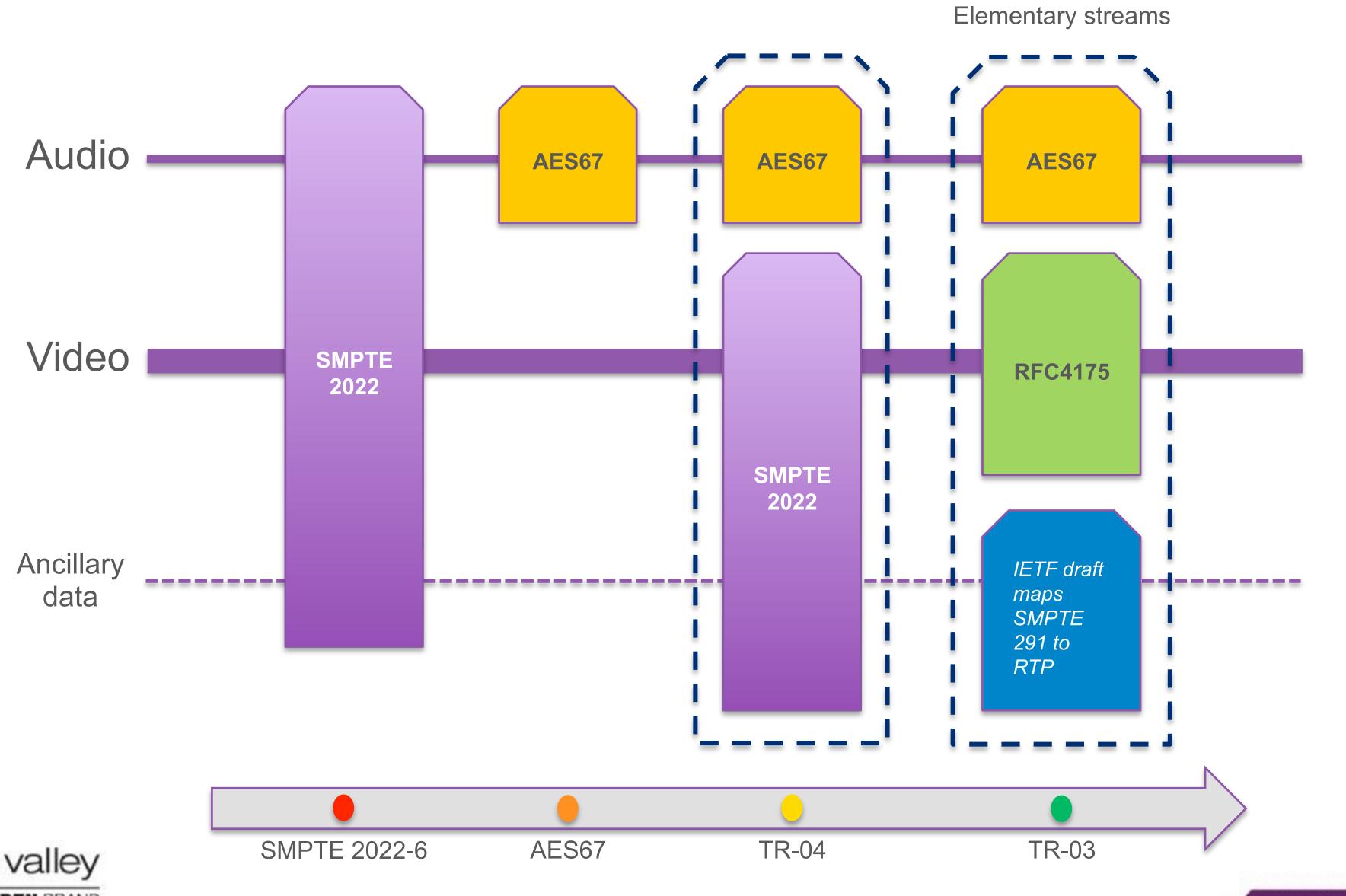




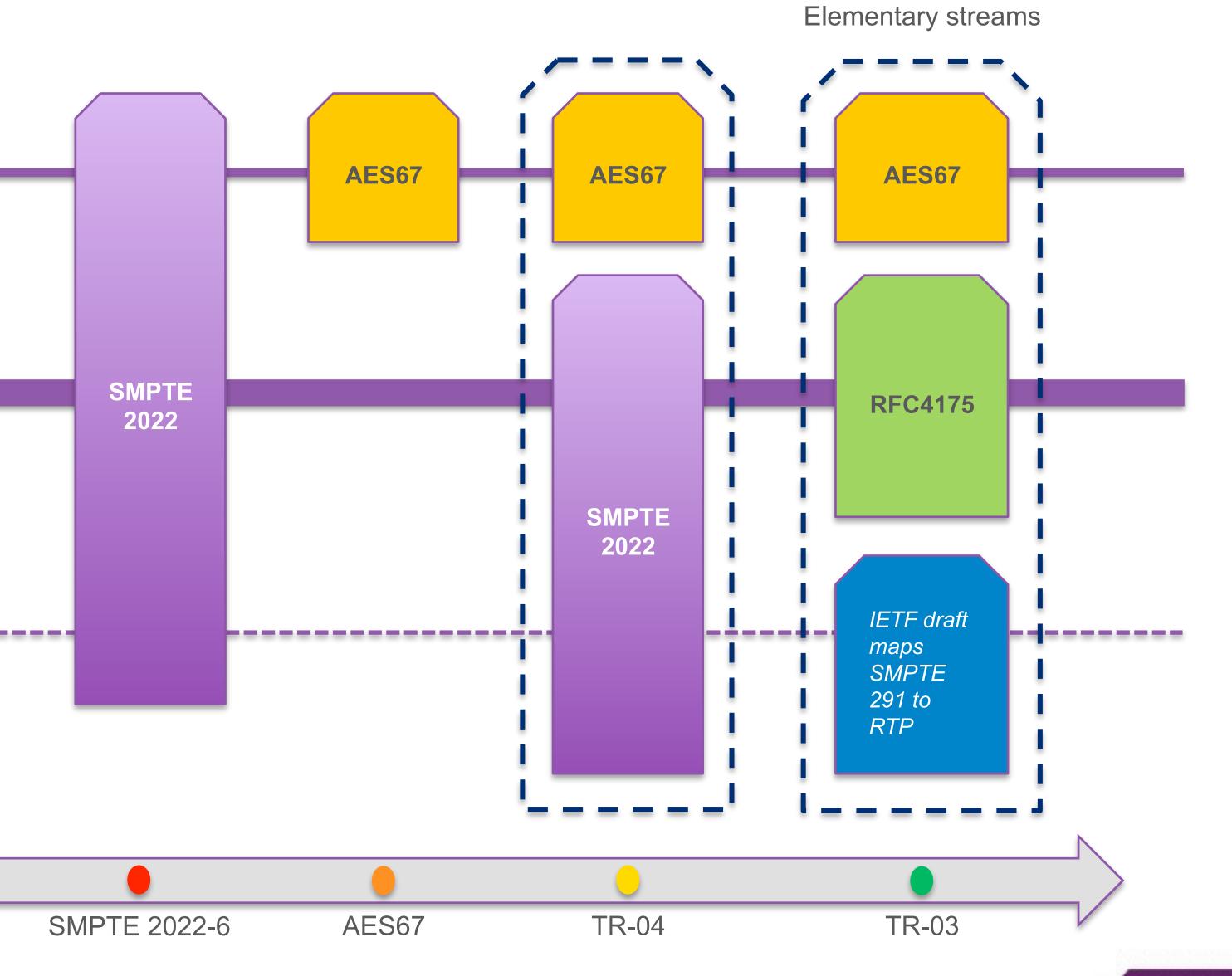


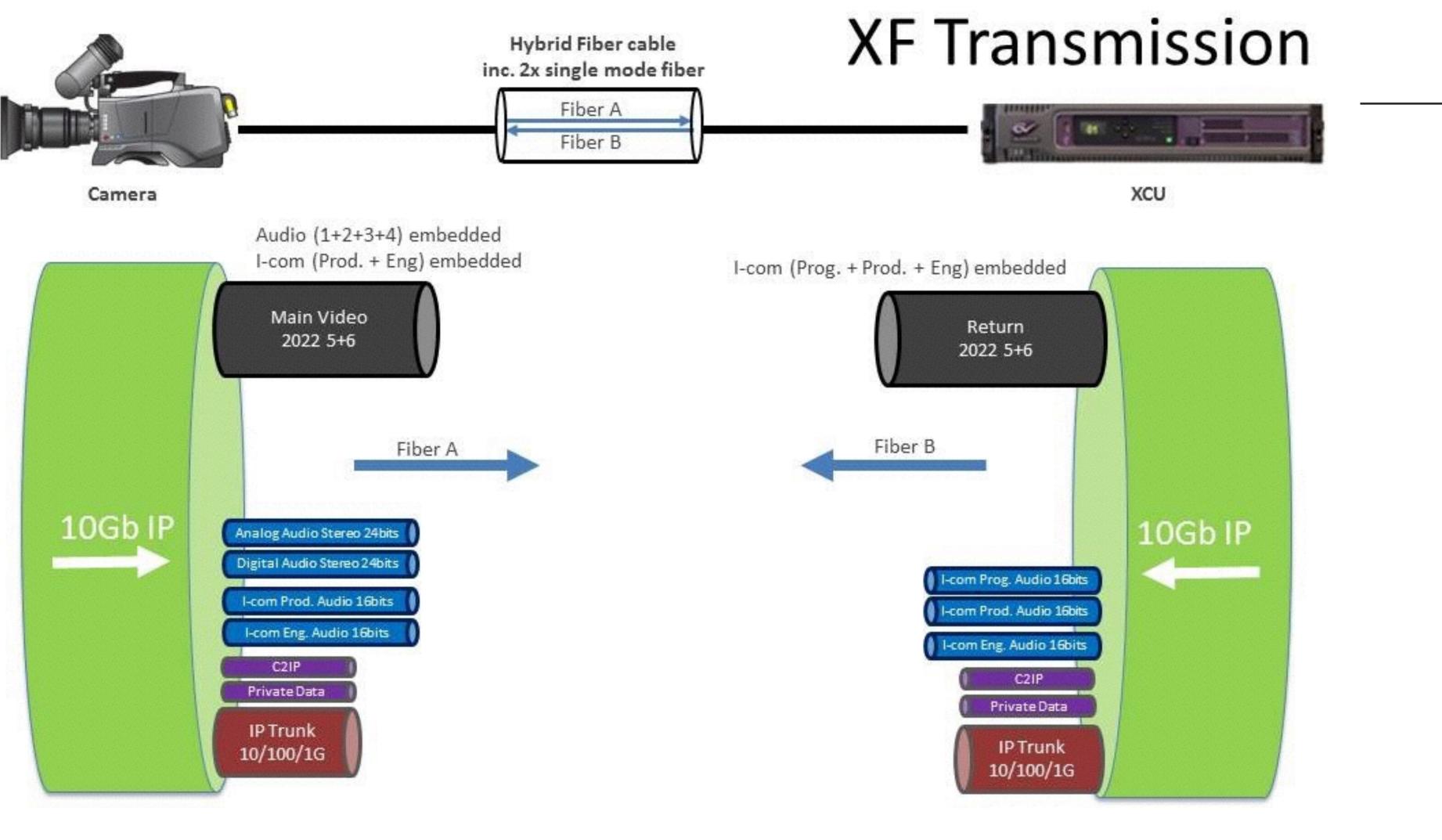


AIMS roadmap (Breaking it down)







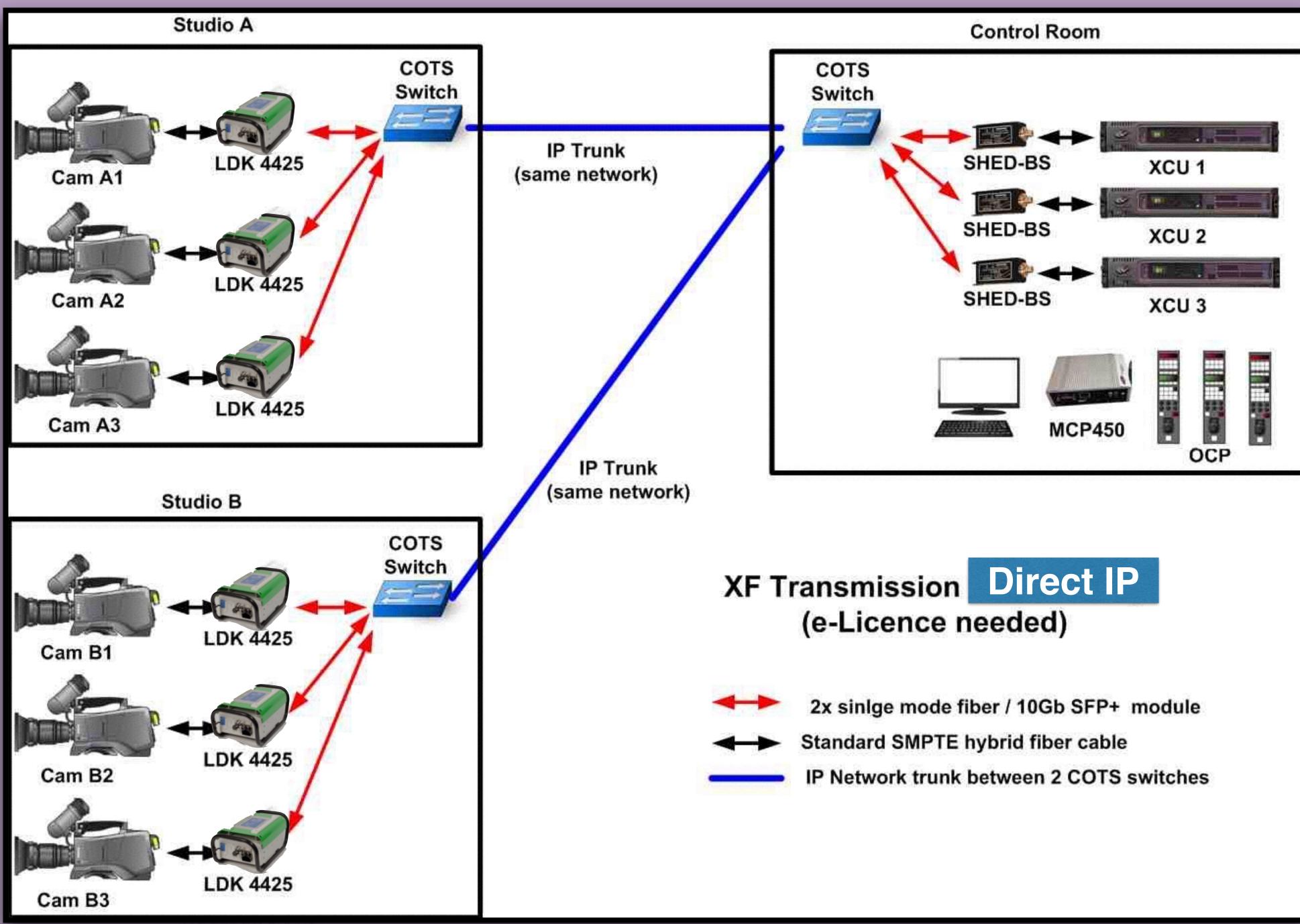


Main ; 1 Channel SMPTE 2022-5+6 Return ; 1 Channel SMPTE 2022-5+6 1080i50/59 = 1,8Gb 1080i50/59 = 1,8Gb

C2IP + Private Data + I-com + Analog Audio + Digital Audio = ~ 8Mb IP Trunk = 0Mb (when not connected)



1080p50/59 = 3,4Gb 1080i50/59 = 1,8Gb



DIRECT IP

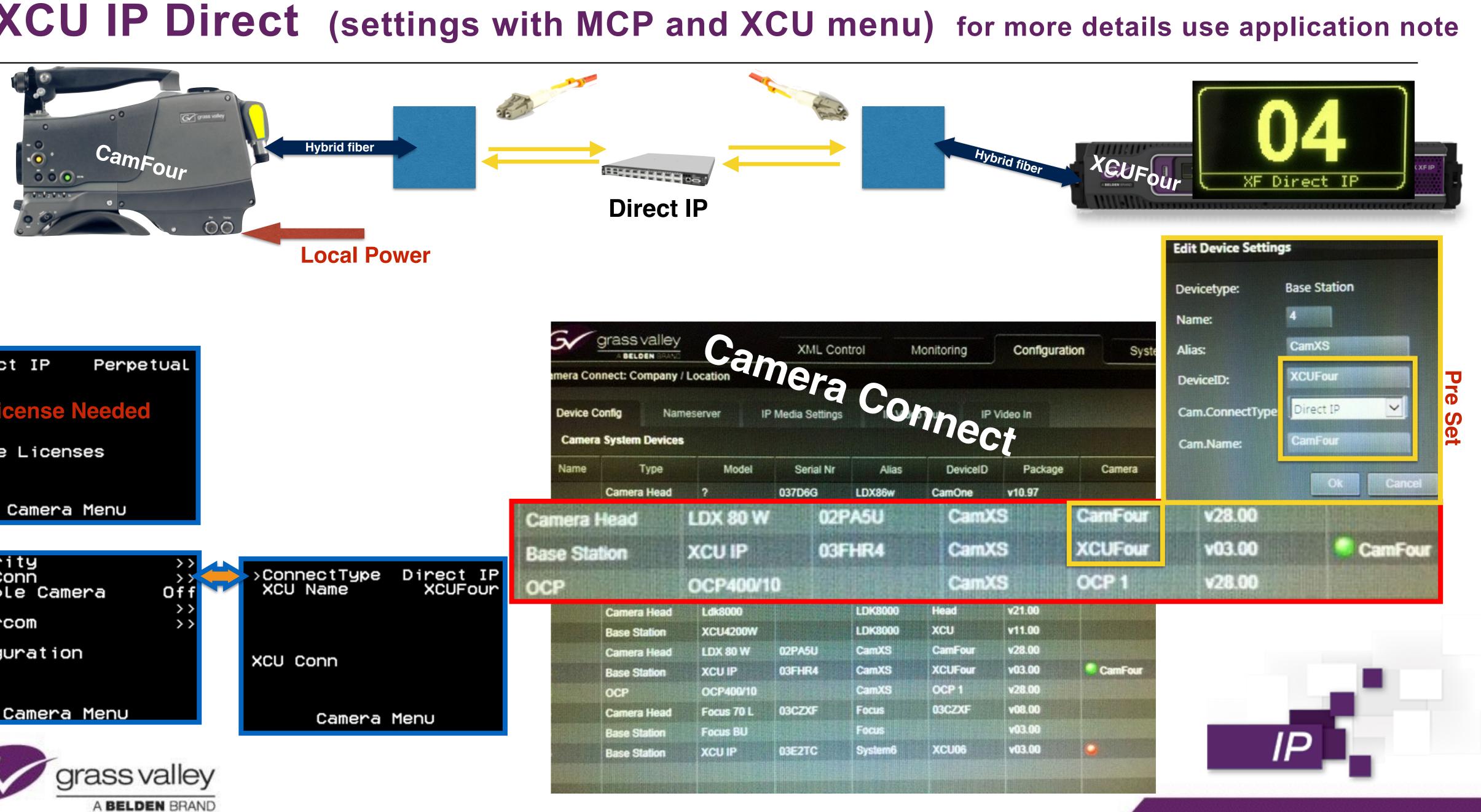
(licence needed)

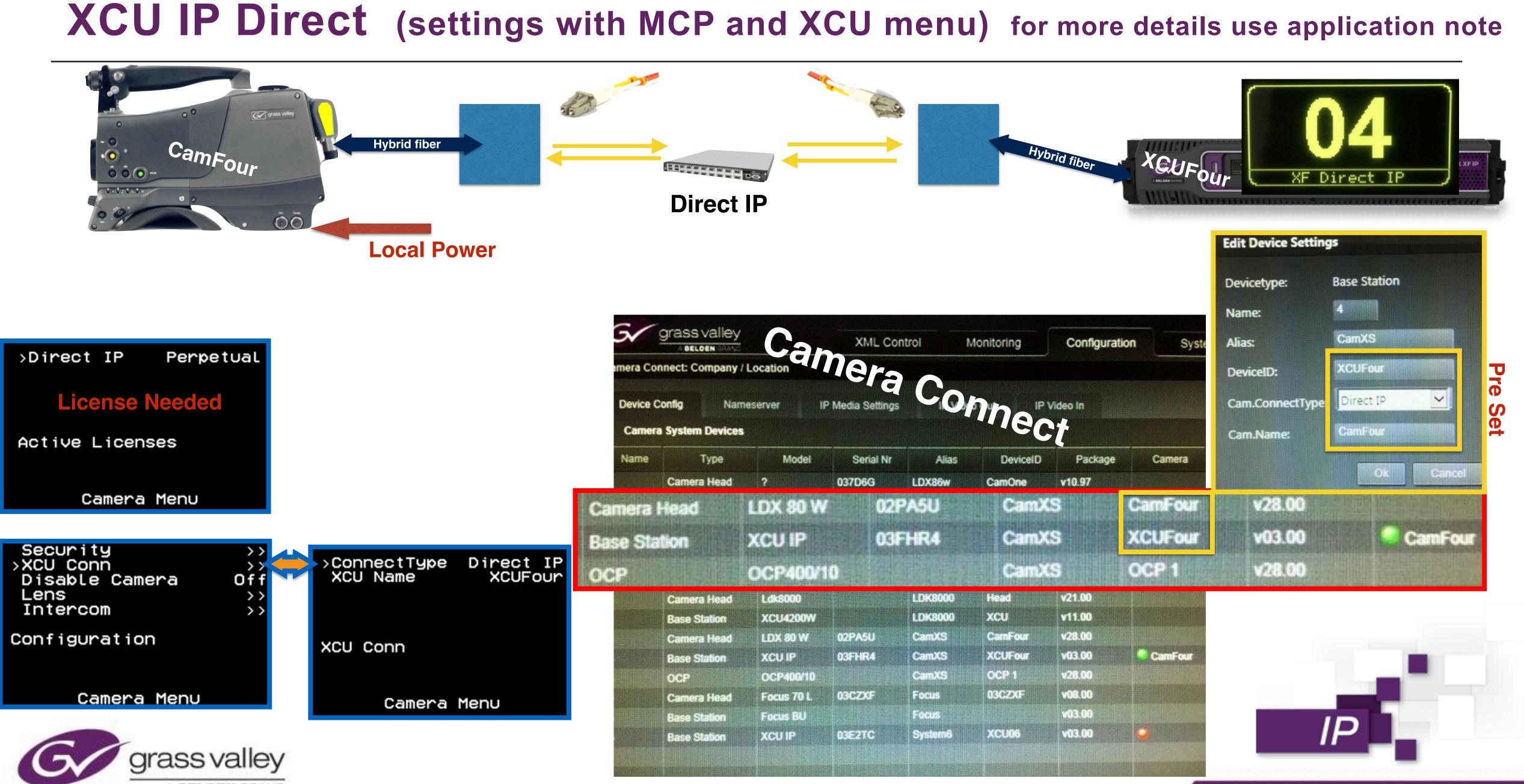
Example NEP Netherlands



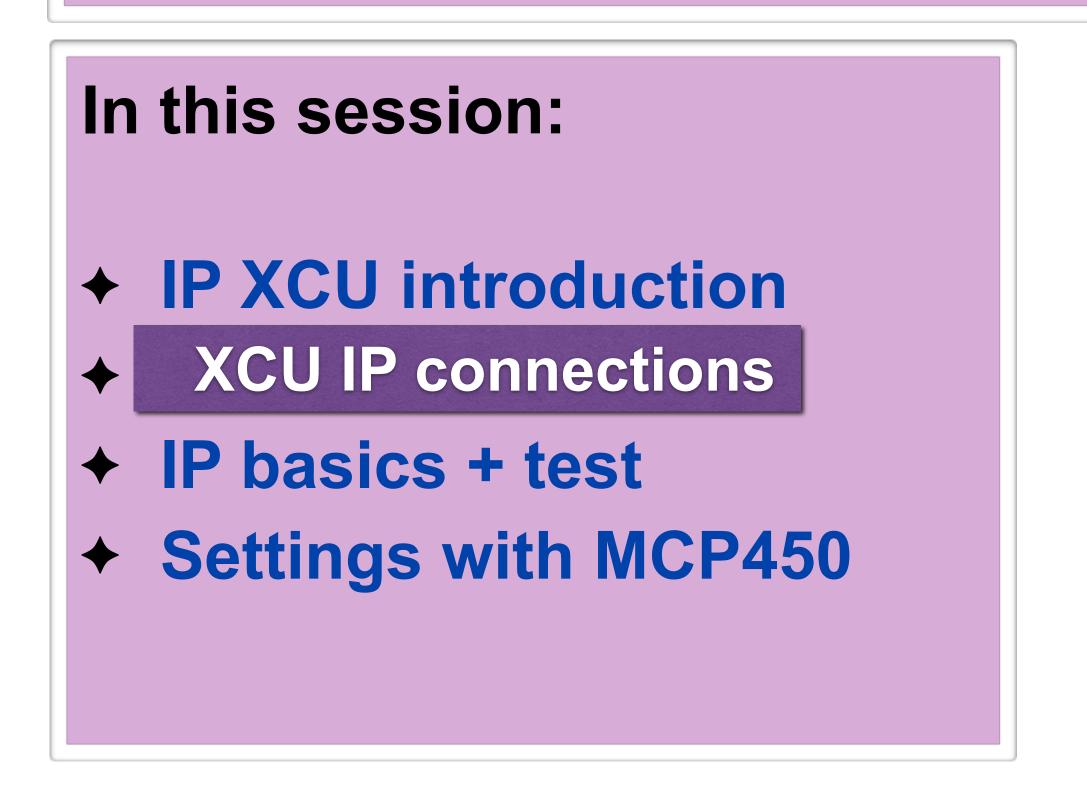








IP XCU 10G Fiber (basics)



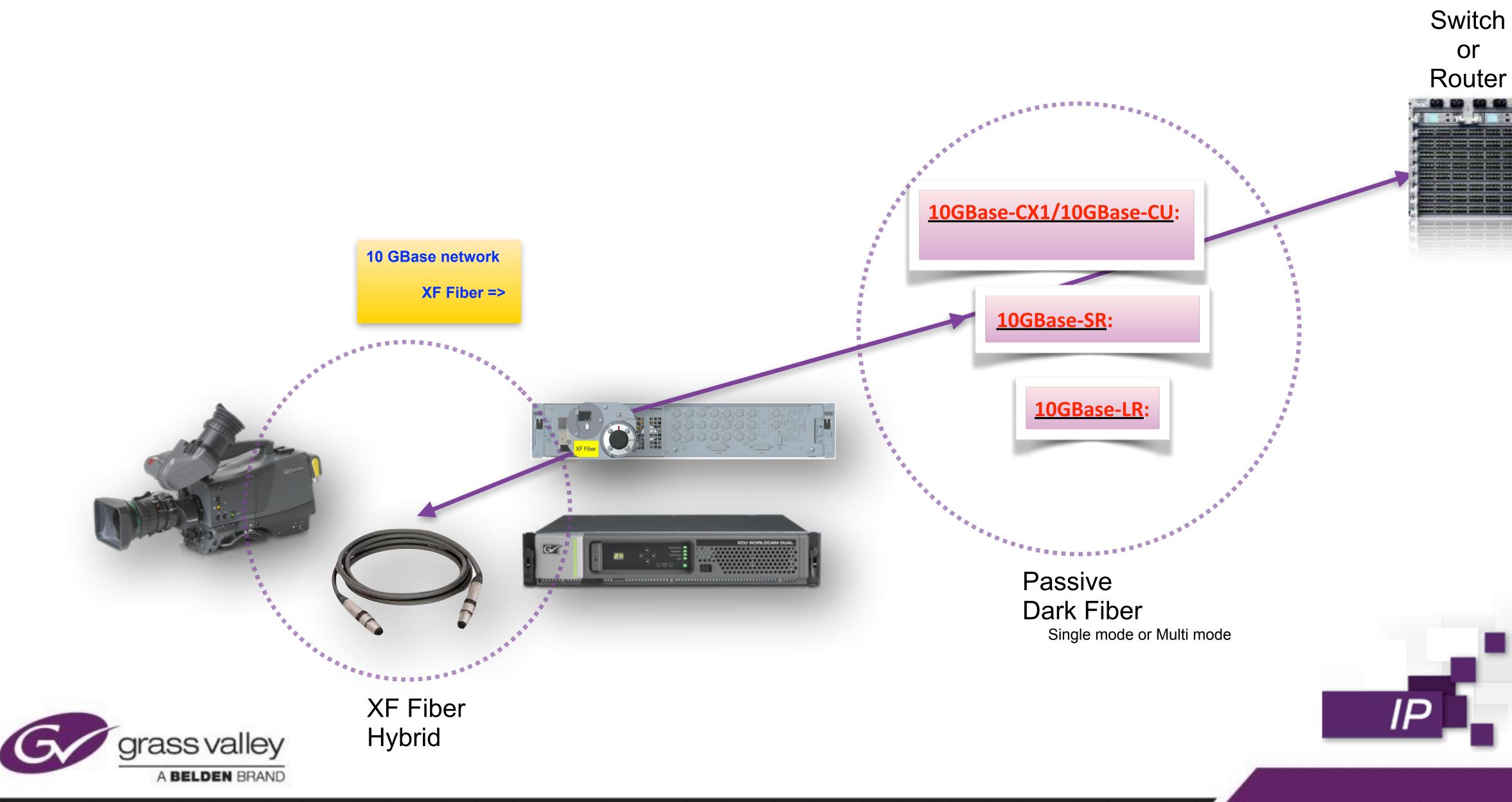


This part gives you some more details about the **IP Connection between XCU and the world**





XCU HD/4K IP – Connections (Fiber or Coax)





XCU HD/4K IP – Connections

10GBase-CX1/10GBase-CU:

Passive Copper cable with on both sides SFP+interface Length max 7 meters (specified < 5m) Details visible in I²C (type,lenght)

Used for short connections Used inside XCU (from Muxboard to Output)



10GBase-SR:

Multi-mode, 850 nm optische transceivers. Two versions:

Multimode transceiver in a switch Take Care! It important to use matching optical wavelengths OM3 recommend

AOC: Active optical cable. 2

10GBase-LR:



1 **SFP+ module**, placed in a SFP+ cage (in XCU) and then connect with LC fiber cables to

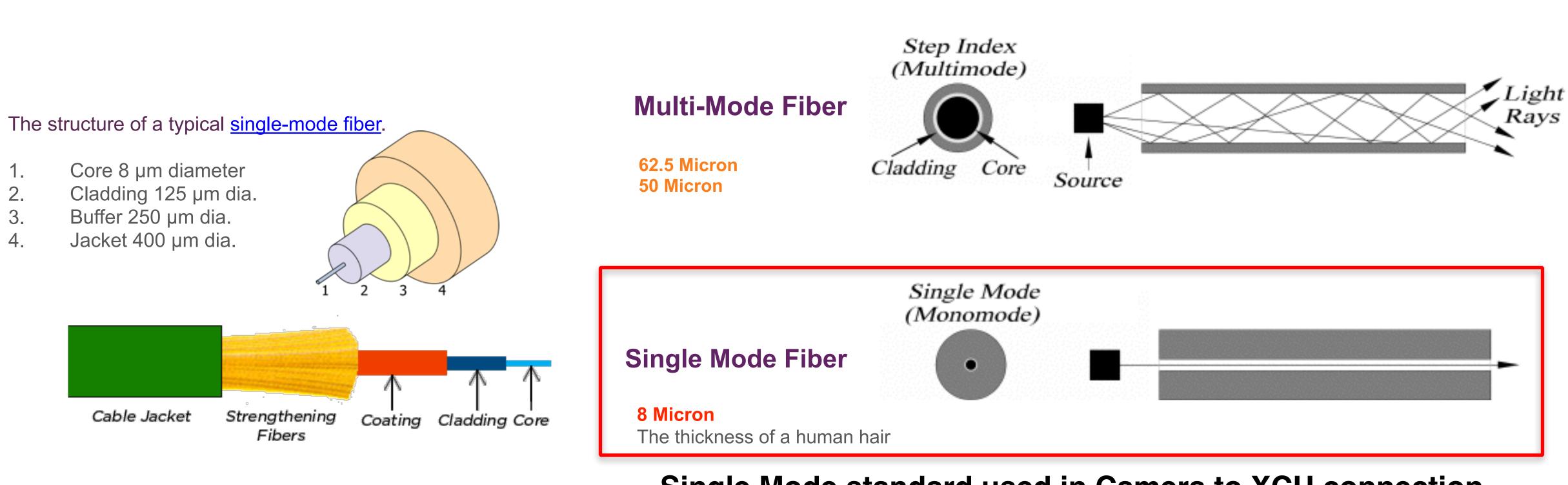
Here both Optical Receivers and Transceivers are integrated in a case assembly.

Single-mode 1310nm optical transceivers also used in our LDX fiber transmission



IP

XCU HD/4K IP Multi-Mode Vs. Single Mode Fiber



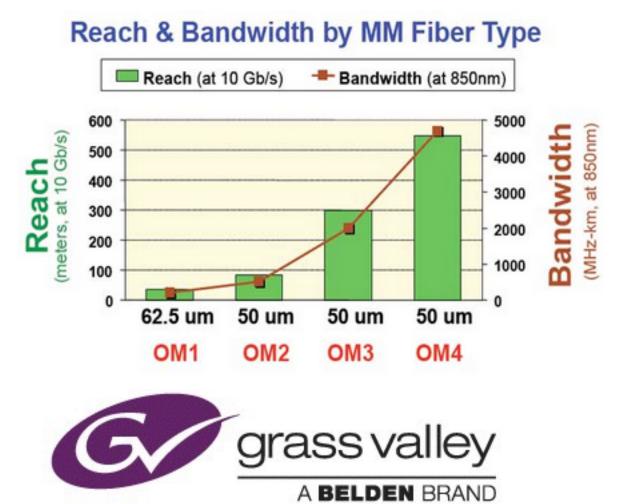


Single Mode standard used in Camera to XCU connection

XCU HD/4K IP Cable Colors

Color	Туре	Ap
Aqua	OM3 fiber	LAN/SA
Yellow	Single Mode Fiber	LANYSA
Orange	OM1 or OM2 fiber	LAN/ SA
Blue	Copper	LANdev
Green	Copper	KVM ho KVM sv
Yellow	Copper	Serialh
White	Copper	Powers

Reach and modal bandwidth



pplication (connections may by through patch panels)

AN device to device

MultiMode 850nm

AN device to device over long distance

SingleMode 1310nm

AN device to device

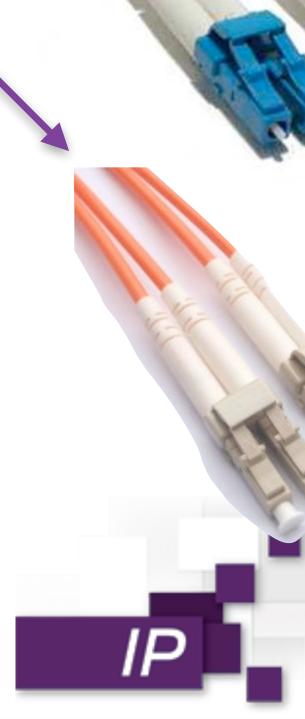
MultiMode 850nm

evice to device

ost to KVM switch, KVM switch to LAN switch, witch to KVM switch

host to Terminal Server, Terminal Server to LAN switch

strip to LAN switch





XCU HD/4K IP – Connections

SFP+ modules Small Form Factor

Integrated I²C functionality with following details:

- **Type number**

- Temperature

SFP+ module maximum power consumption shall meet one of the following power classes: Power Level I modules - Up to 1.0 W Power Level II modules - Up to 1.5 W Power Level III modules - Up to 2.0 W



Light indication (yes/no) Send and Receive power level

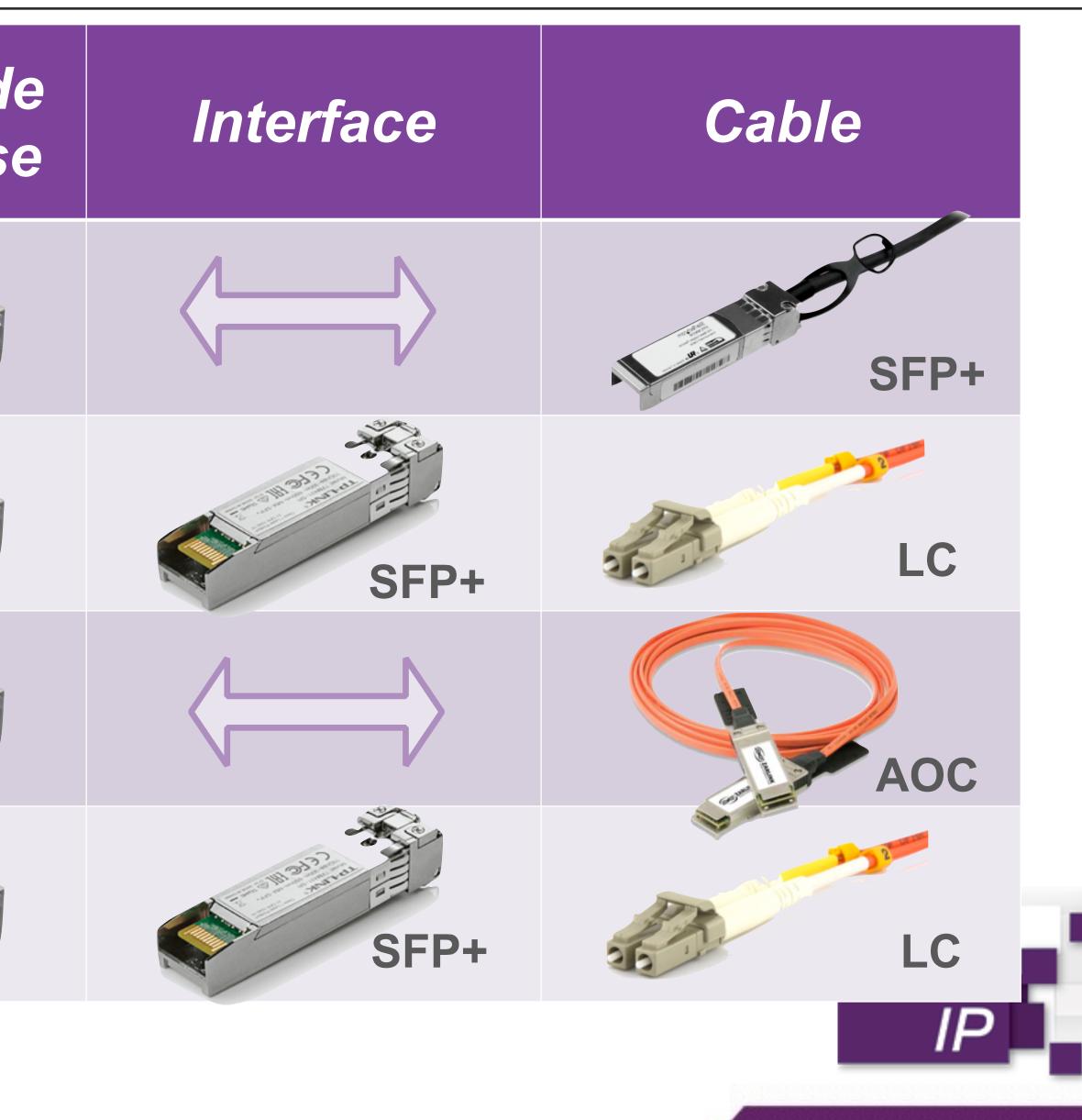
Most SFP+ modules use transceivers with less then 1 Watt (Power level II)



XCU HD/4K IP – Connections

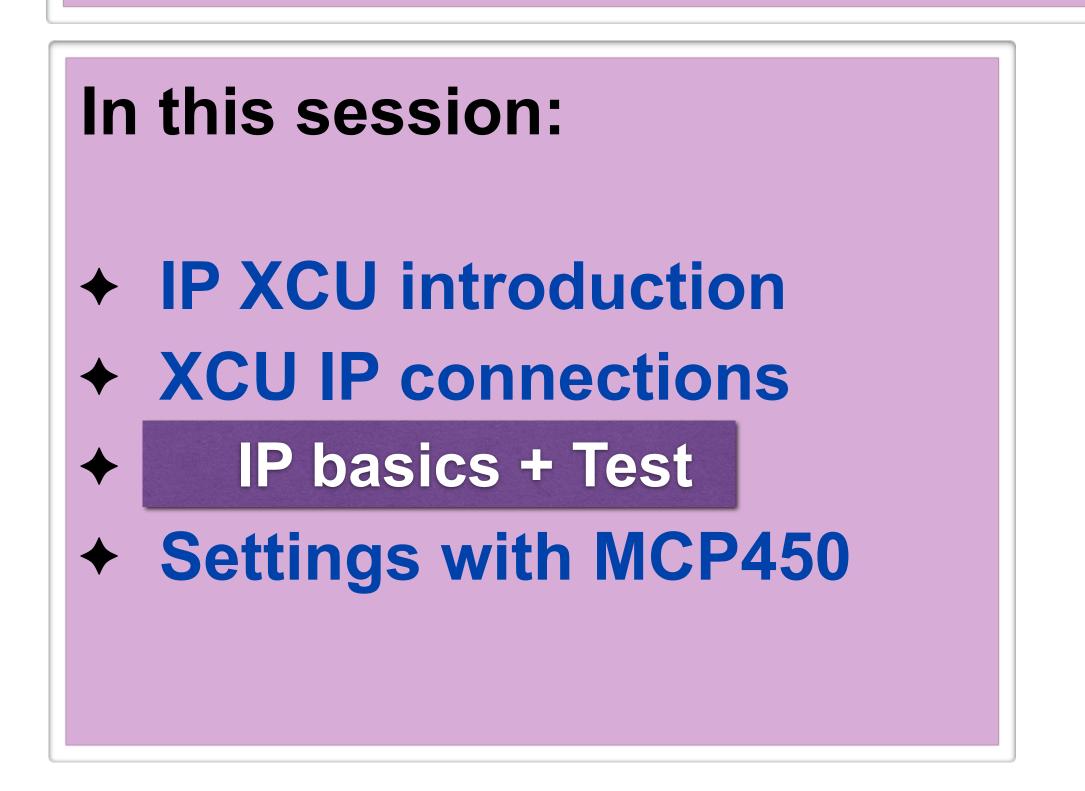
	optical freq.	XCU insid SFP+ Cas
Passive Copper	low power	
Fiber MultiMode SFP+ module	850nm	
Fiber MultiMode Active Optical Case	850nm	
Fiber SingleMode also in LDX fiber	1310nm (10km)	







IP XCU 10G Fiber (basics)



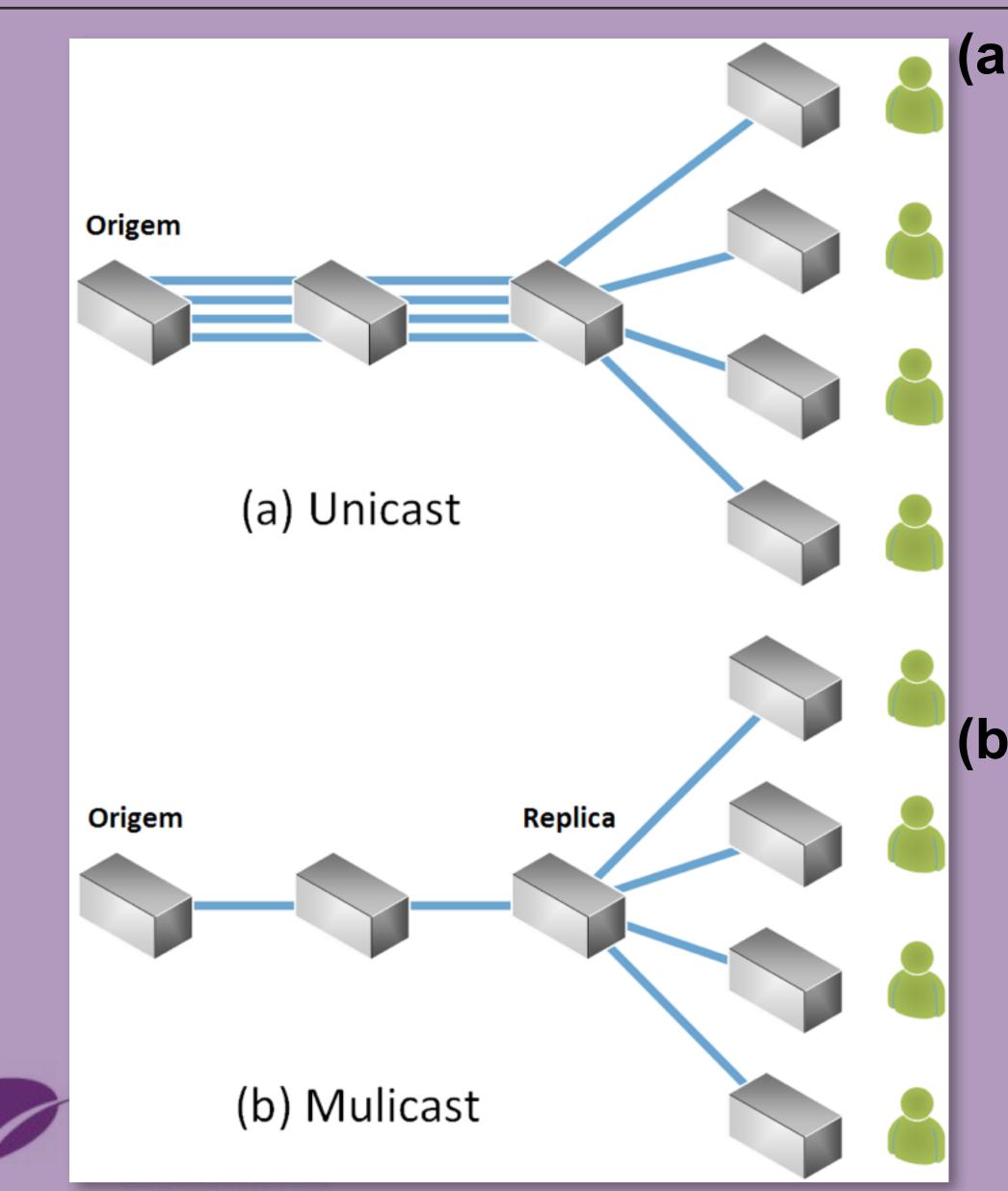


This part gives you some more details about the **IP Connection between XCU and the world**





XCU HD/4K IP – Settings Explained



(a) Unicast is the term used to describe communication where a piece of information is sent from one point to another point. In this case there is just one sender, and one receiver.

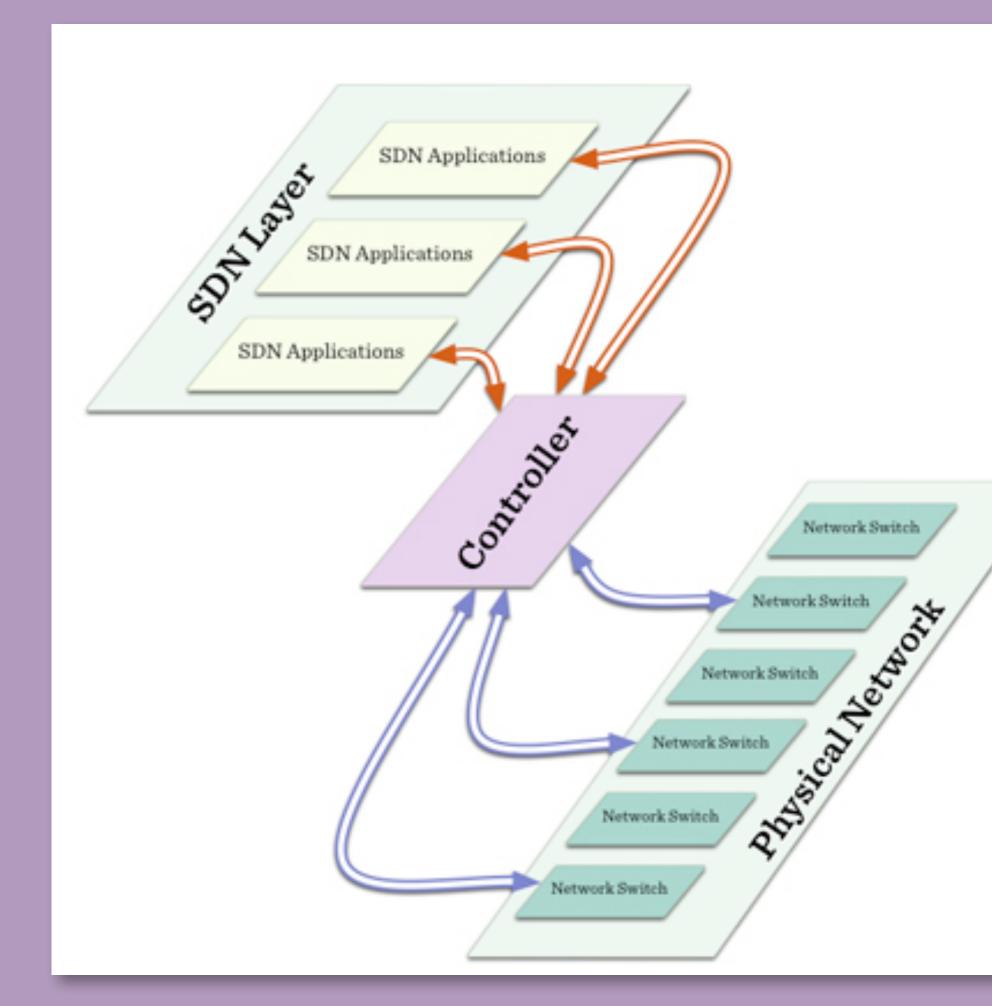
Broadcast is the term used to describe communication where a piece of information is sent from one point to all other points. In this case there is just one sender, but the information is sent to all connected receivers.

(b) Multicast is the term used to describe communication where a piece of information is sent from one or more points to a set of other points. In this case there is may be one or more senders, and the information is distributed to a set of receivers (there may be no receivers, or any other number of receivers).



IP

XCU HD/4K IP – Settings Explained



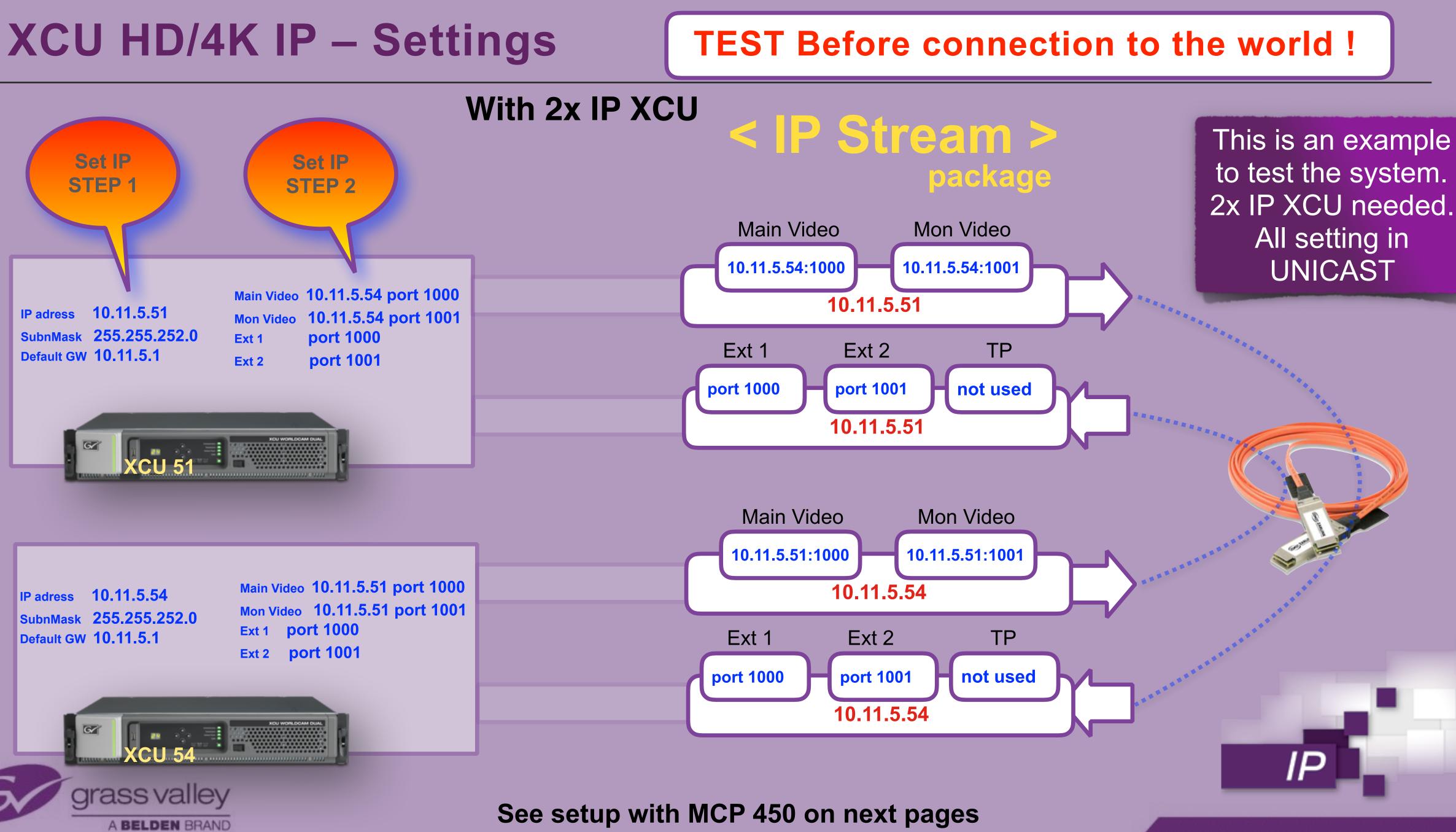


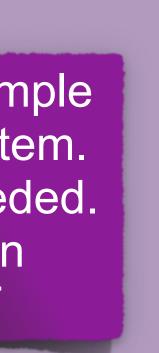
Software-defined networking (SDN) is an approach to computer networking that allows network administrators to manage network services through abstraction of higher-level functionality

not used this moment in GV products Other option under development More details later.





















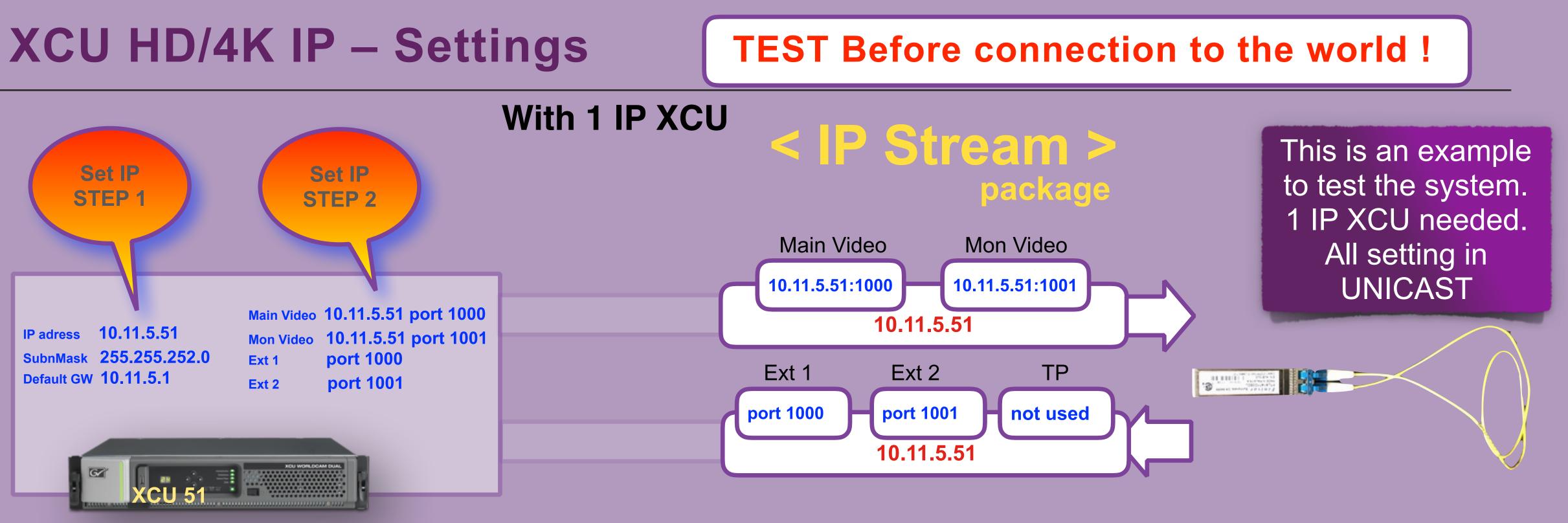










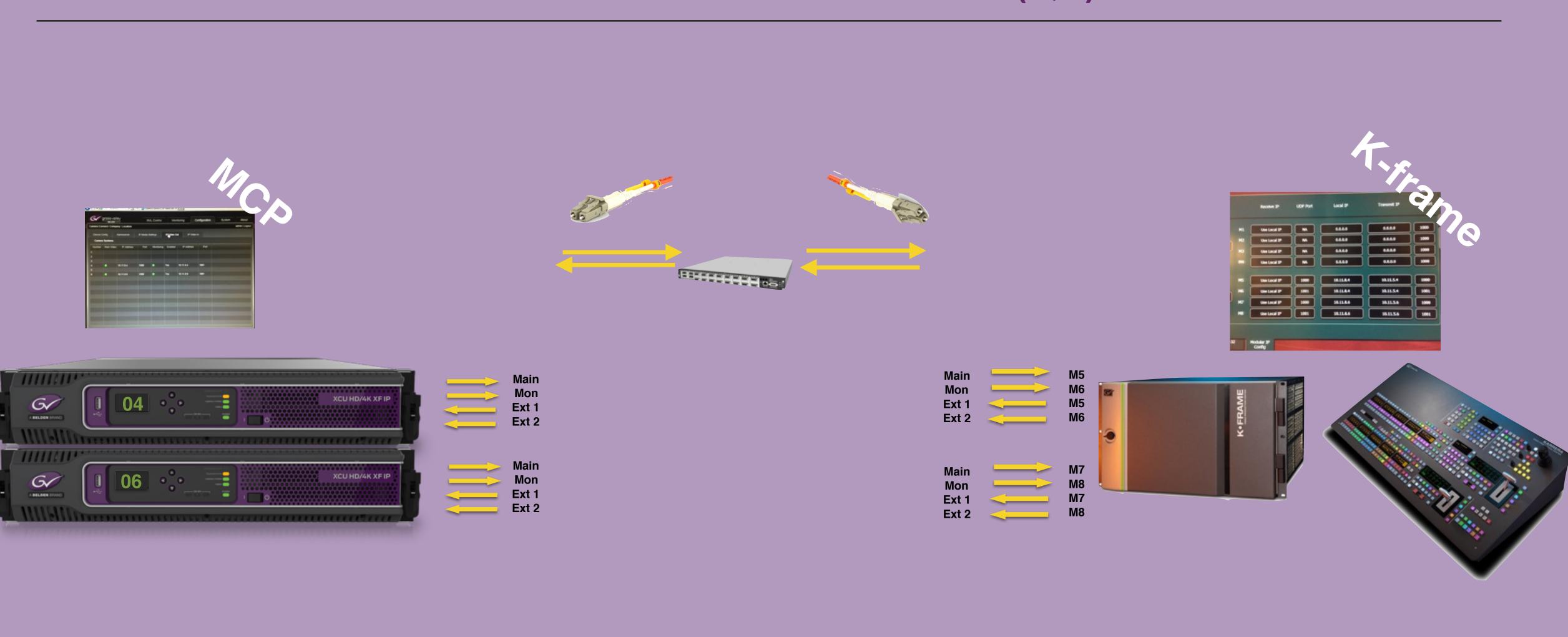




See setup with MCP 450 on next pages



XCU HD/4K IP – Quick Installation with 2 cameras (4,6) and K-frame





next page – IP settings for 2 cameras (4,6)

	Uni	Cast

10.11**.5**.1 XCU 10.11.**7**.1 Summit 10.11.**8**.1 Kframe



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				fiber link		·				
	OUTPUTS XCU IP	MCP 450 C	amera connec	ct		INPUTS KFRAME	OUTPUTS KFRAME <i>Modulair I/C</i>	0	Config I/O k	(frame	
		Default GateWay	Sent IP	port				Local IP	Recieve IP	port	
	Cam 4 Main Video	10.11.5.1	10.11.8.4	1000	→	M5 (IP)		10.11.8.1	10.11.8.4	1000	
	Cam 4 Mon Video	10.11.5.1	10.11.8.4	1001		M6 (IP)		10.11.8.1	10.11.8.4	1001	
Cam 4 Ext 1		auto	auto	1000	←		your choise	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.4	1000	
Cam 4 Ext 2		auto	auto	1001			your choise	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.4	1001	
	Cam 6 Main Video	10.11.5.1	10.11.8.6	1000	→	M7 (IP)		10.11.8.1	10.11.8.6	1000	
	Cam 6 Mon Video	10.11.5.1	10.11.8.6	1001		M8 (IP)		10.11.8.1	10.11.8.6	1001	
Cam 6 Ext 1		auto	auto	1000	÷		your choise	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.6	1000	
Cam 6 Ext 2		auto	auto	1001			your choise	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.6	1001	
£ 1000000000000000000000000000000000000				Camera Co							
	Ka Salahari Tao	Cumment Ch	annel setting	Sonr	Pect (MCP450)						
	OUTPUTS Summit	Summit Ch	anner setting	5	450)	~					
		Local IP	Vid OUT IP			- ANNA			Recieve IP	port	
	Sum Channel 3	10.11.7.1	10.11.7.9		→	M9 (IP)	State of the local division of the local div		10.11.7.9	47873	
	Sum Channel 3	10.11.7.1	10.11.7.10			M10 (IP)			10.11.7.10	47873	
	Sum Channel 4	10.11.7.1	10.11.7.11		→	M11 (IP)		and the second second	10.11.7.11	47873	
	Sum Channel 4	10.11.7.1	10.11.7.12			M12 (IP)			10.11.7.12	47873	
									and the second s		
										Camera Co	
		Summit Cha								a Co	Innect
					X C4		Export				
	System	Live network stream	ming: <u>No</u>				Import				

Live network streaming: No	
Stream bitrate: 1 Mbps	-
Recorder Setup:	
Video input format: 1080	
Compression format: MPEG	
Long GOP: No (I-frame only)	
Chroma format: 4:2:2	
Recording data rate: 25 Mb/s	
10GigE Setup:	
Local IP Address (Base): 10.11.7.1	
MAC Address: 00-80-09-02-0F-12	
udio Input Tags:	-
<add tag=""></add>	
Nata Track Input:	
Record ancillary data: Yes	
ideo Output:	
Video output format: 1080i (1920x1080)	
Aspect ratio conversion: Bar	
Still-play mode: Field (interpolated)	
Motion smoothing: Off	
Test mode (colorbars + tone): Off	II
10GigE Output 1: On	
Remote IP Address 1: 10.11.7.9	
10GigE Output 2: On	
10GigE Output 2: On Remote IP Address 2: 10.11.7.10	







Example – IP settings

Config I/O Kfr

	Receive IP	UDP Port	Local IP	Transmit IP	UDP Port
м5	10.11.8.4	1000	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.4	1000
M6	10.11.8.4	1001	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.4	1001
7 7	10.11.8.6	1000	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.6	1000
48	10.11.8.6	1001	10.11.8.1	10.11.5.6	1001
м9	10.11.7.9	47873	10.11.8.1	0,00	1000
м10	10.11.7.10	47873	10.11.8.1	0.0.0.	1000
M11	10.11.7.11	47873	10.11.8.1	0.0.0.0	
M12	10.11.7.12	47873	10.11.8.1	0.0.0.0	1000

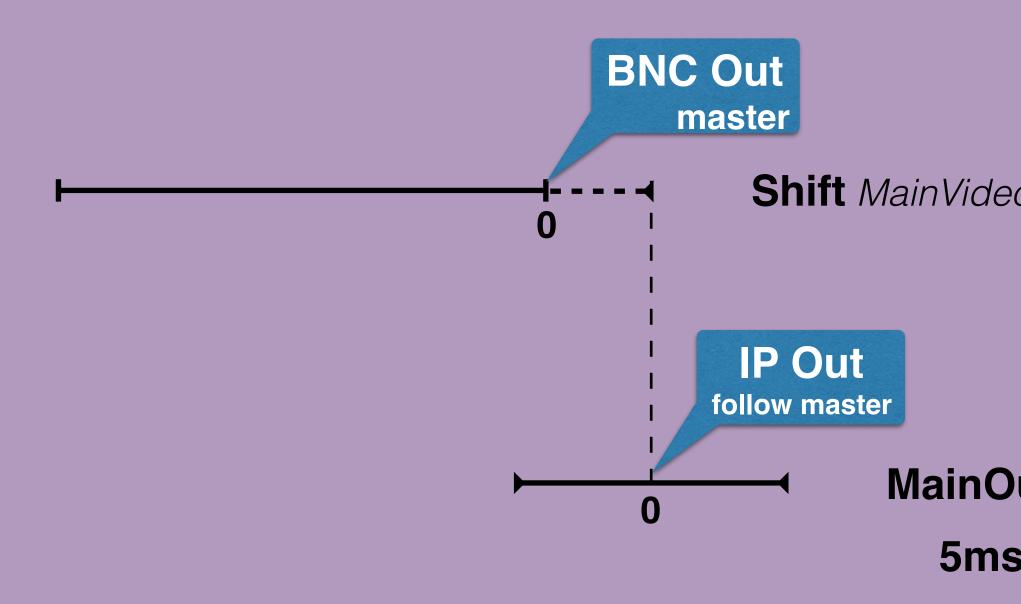
MCP 450 Camera Connect CONFIGURATION settings

other Designation of the local division of t	grass va				ML C	ontrol	Mor	nitoring	c	onfigura	ation	System
mera Cor	nect: Com	pany / Lo	cation									
Device C	onfig	Names	erver	IP M	ledja Setting		IP Video O	ut	IP Video	In		
Camera	systems				-							
Number	IP Add	tress	Subnet	Mask	Default	Gateway	Link					
	10.11.5.4		255.255.0	0	10.11.5.1		•					
								100000				
	10.11.5.6		255.255 0	.0	10.11.5.	1						
	-			-				Contraction of the local division of the loc				
De	vice Config		lameserver		IP Media S	ettings	IPIM	eo Out	IP Vie	deo In		
c	amera Syst	ems										
No	mber Mai	n Video	IP Addr	929	Port	Monitor	ing Enat	led I	P Address		Port	
1												
2												
3												
4	•		10.11.8.4		1000	•	Yes	10.11	1.8.4	10	01	
5												
6	•		10.11.8.6		1000		Yes	10.11	1.8.6	10	01	
1000					10000	1010 NOS	10030010	SELLIGIN	000000	020500		AND SOLUT
- State	Device C	onfig	Namese	rver	IP Med	ia Settings	IP	Video Out	N 1P1	Video In		
	Camera	Systems										
		Ext1	Port	1	Multicast	Ext 2	Port	Multi	icast	TP	Port	Multicast
	Number											
	Number 1											
	1 2											
	1 2 3											
	1 2		1000	No			1001	No		•	20004	No



Timing – IP settings (not for 4K)







ase 50 Out IP Ous t >>	
9	
Fiber 11dB	
LS O S O	
Fiber 11dB	
	Fiber 11dB

Timing – IP settings

IP Timing

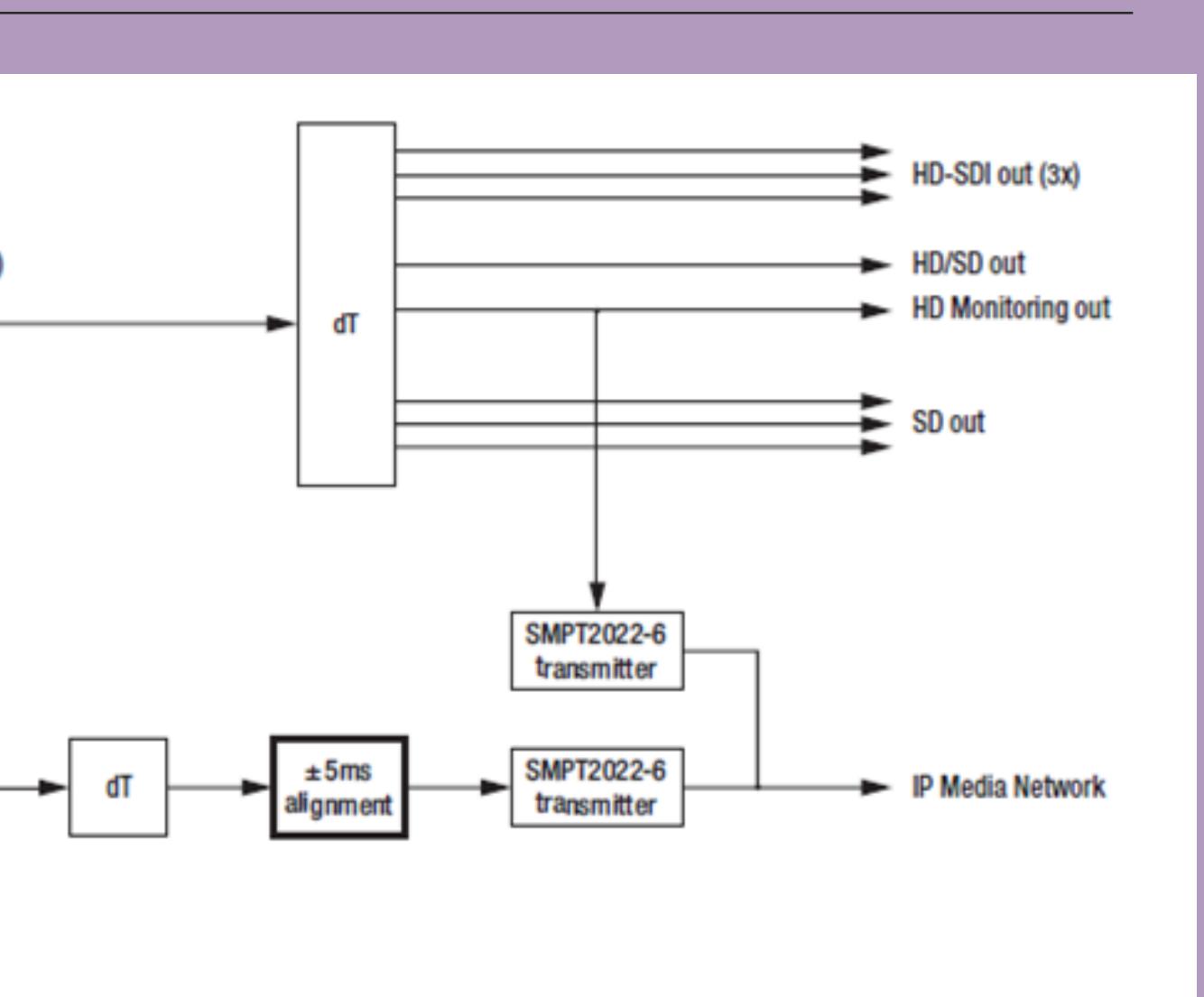
A separate delay is available for the main video signal from the camera to the IP Media Network to allow the receiver of the stream to align the incoming IP stream to the reference video.

A built-in, fixed delay aligns the IP streams roughly to reference input for each frame rate but a custom delay allows to align the received IP stream at the destination node. Go the INSTALL > TIMING menu and use the MAINOUT IP function to set the delay between -5000 µs and +5000 µs. Below is a schematic diagram of the timing and delay chains in the XCU:

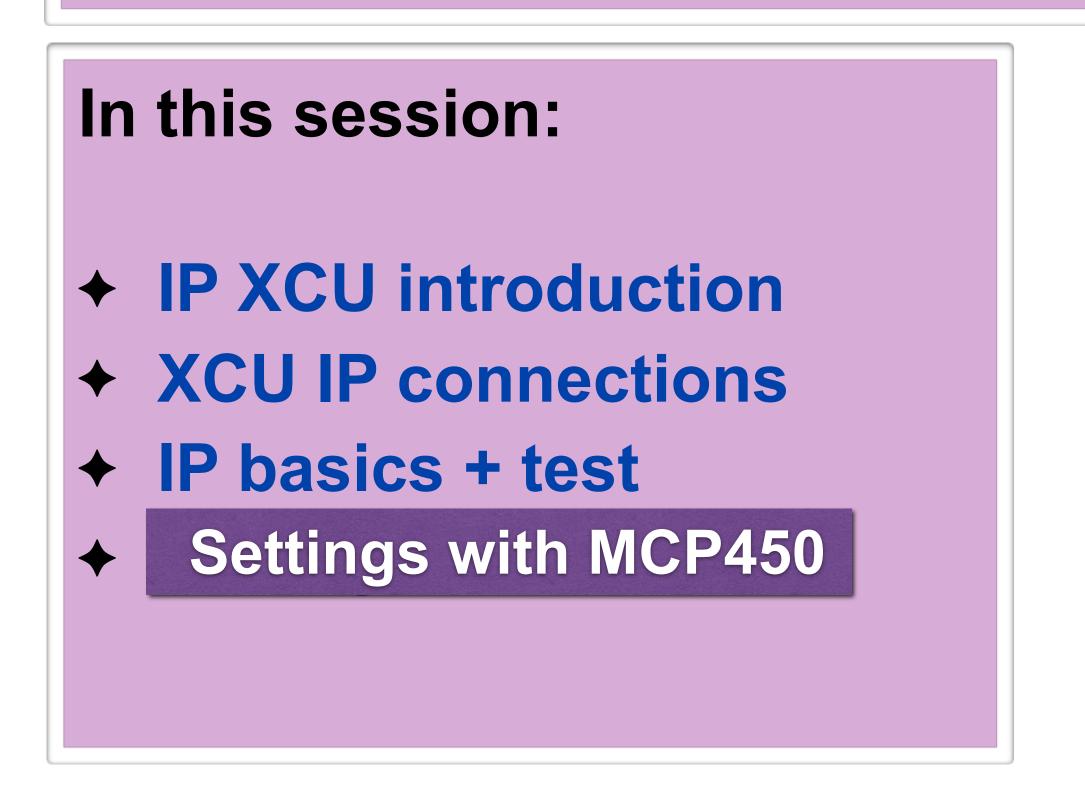
HD in (from transmission)







IP XCU 10G Fiber (basics)

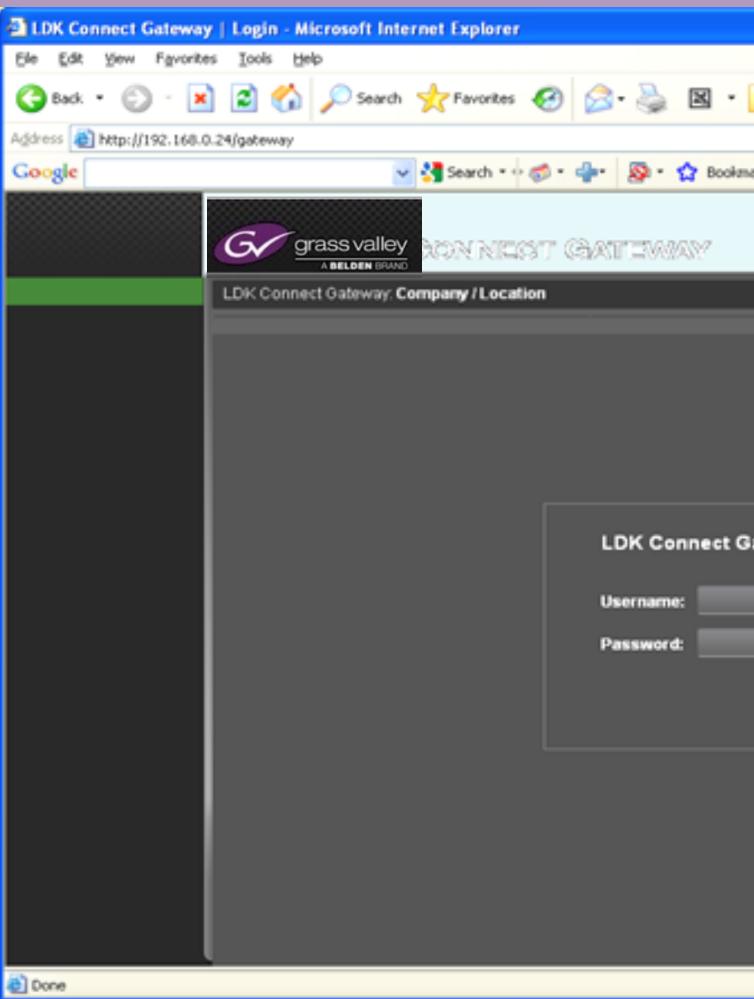




This part gives you some more details about the **IP Connection between XCU and the world**





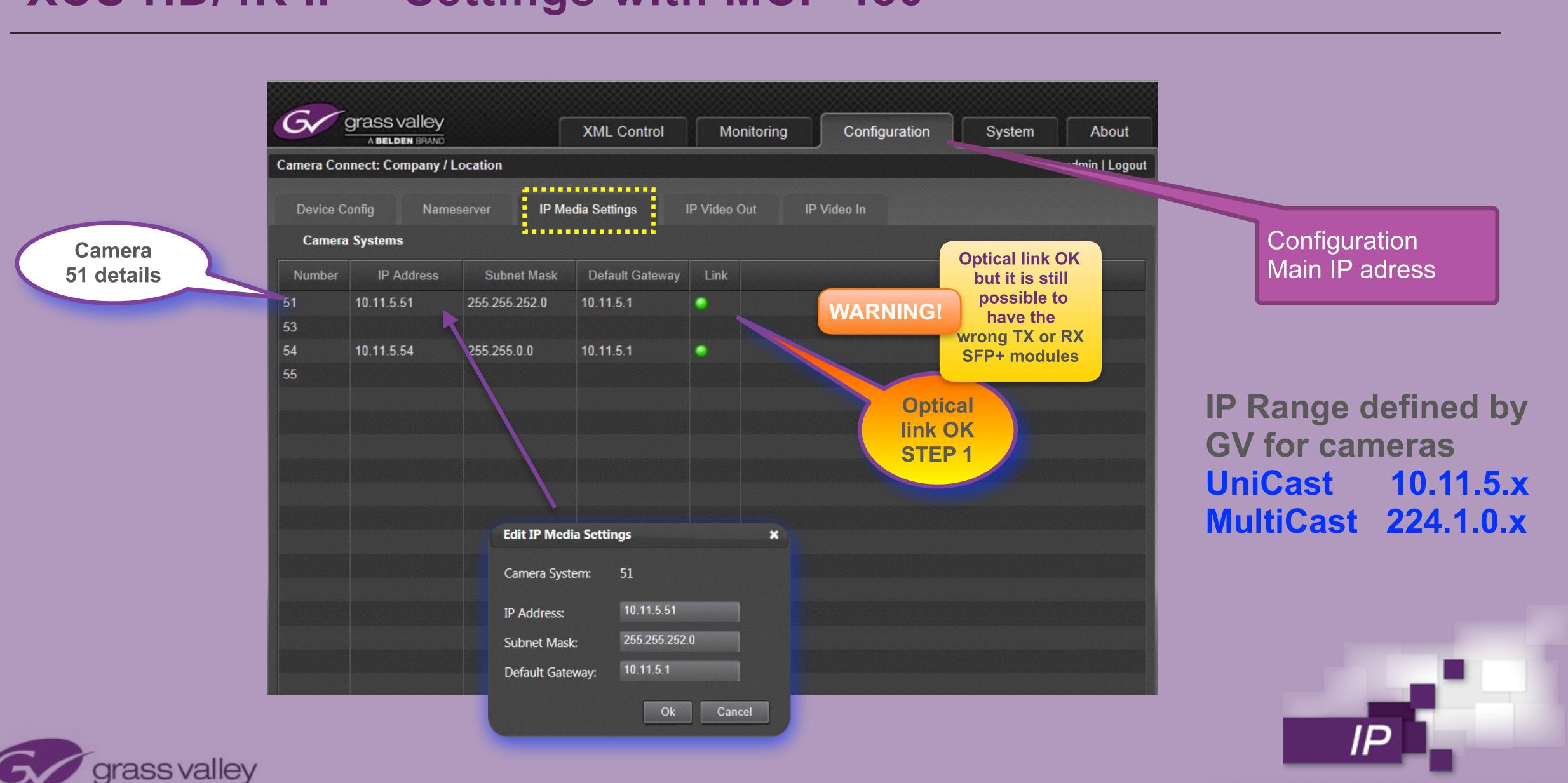




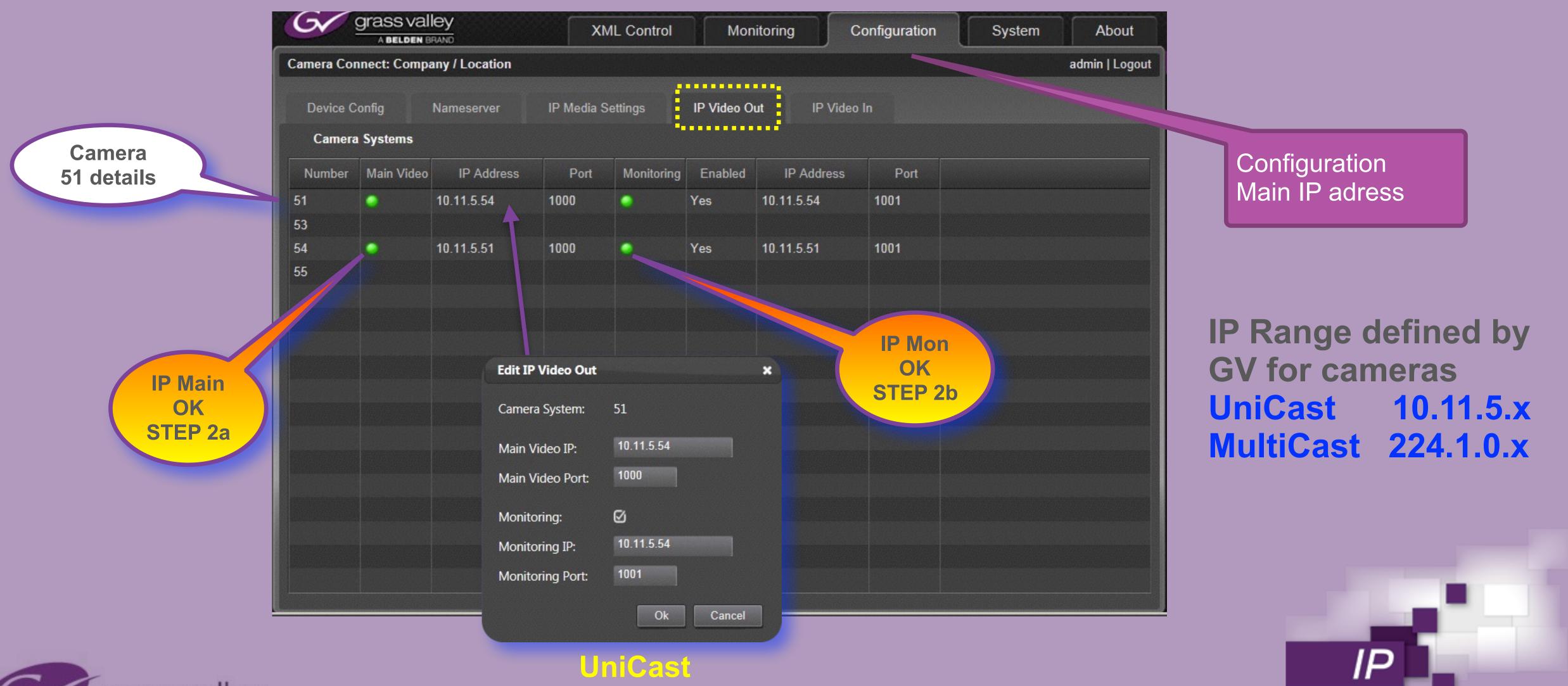
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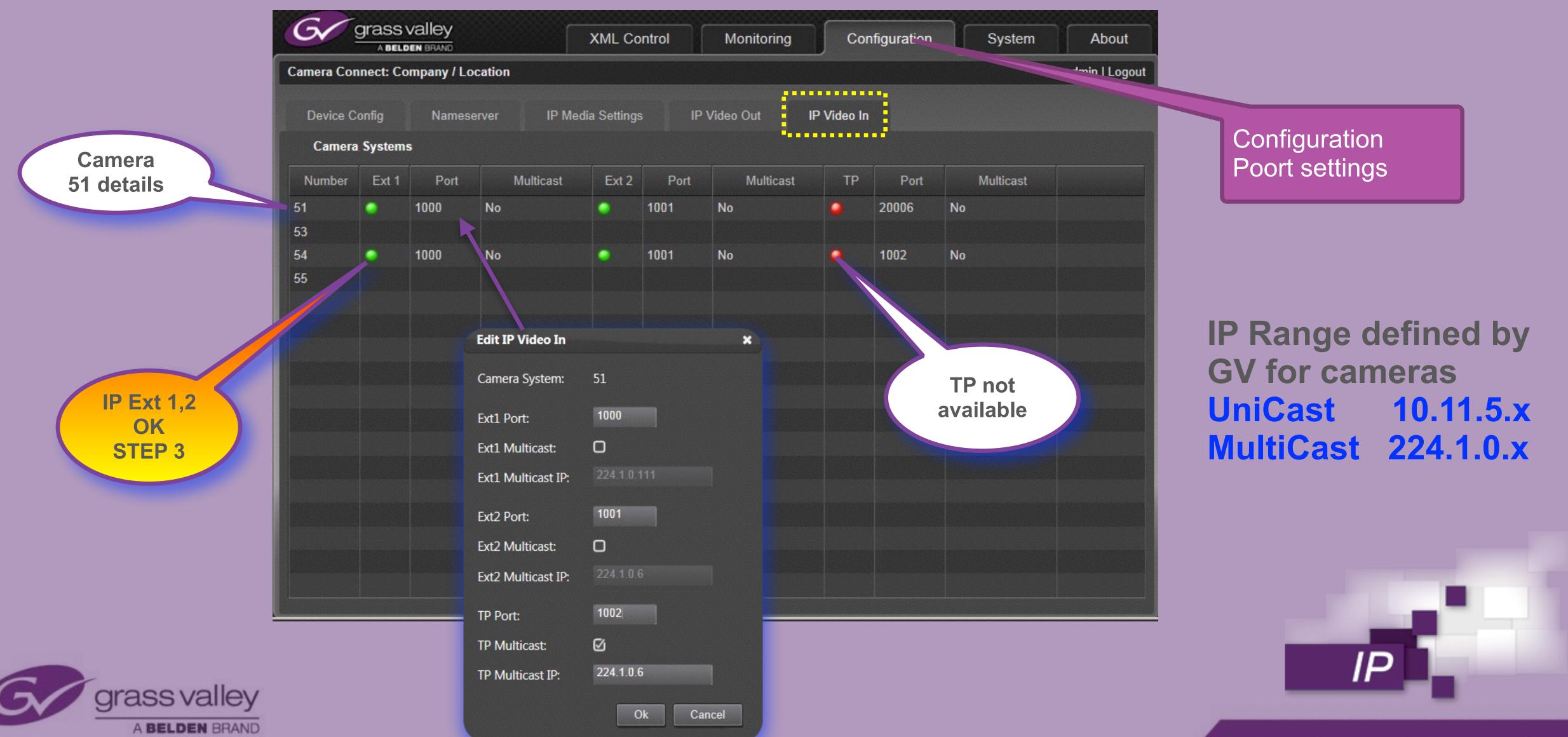






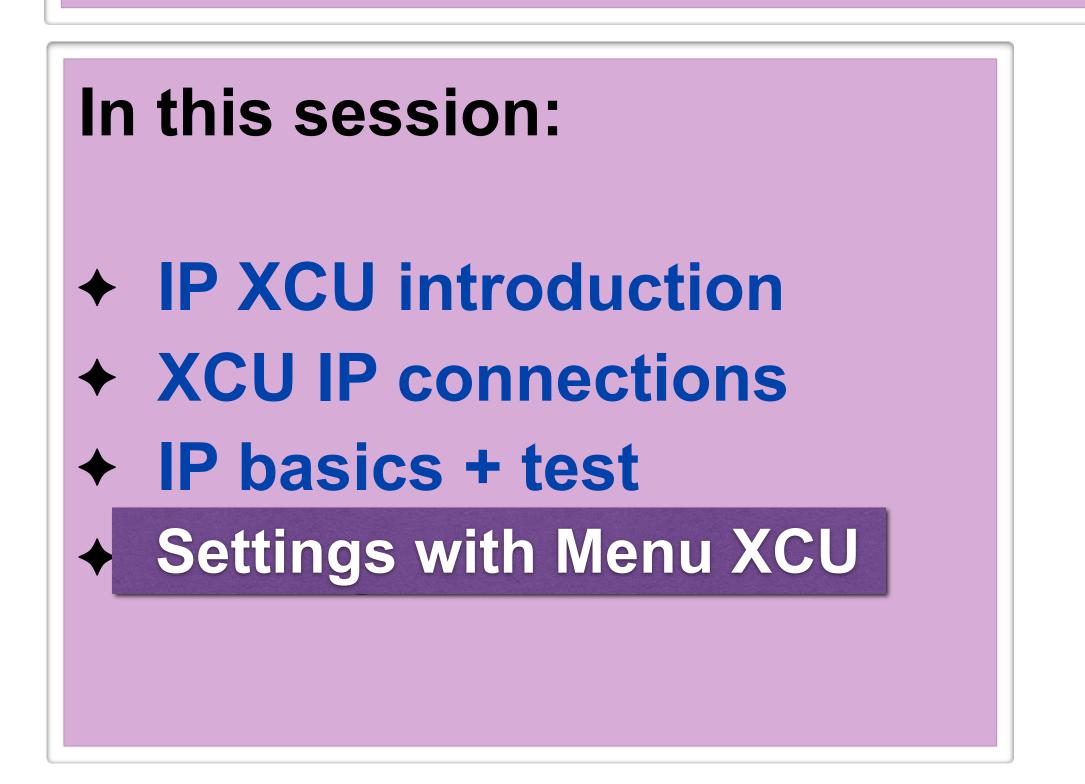








IP XCU 10G Fiber (basics)





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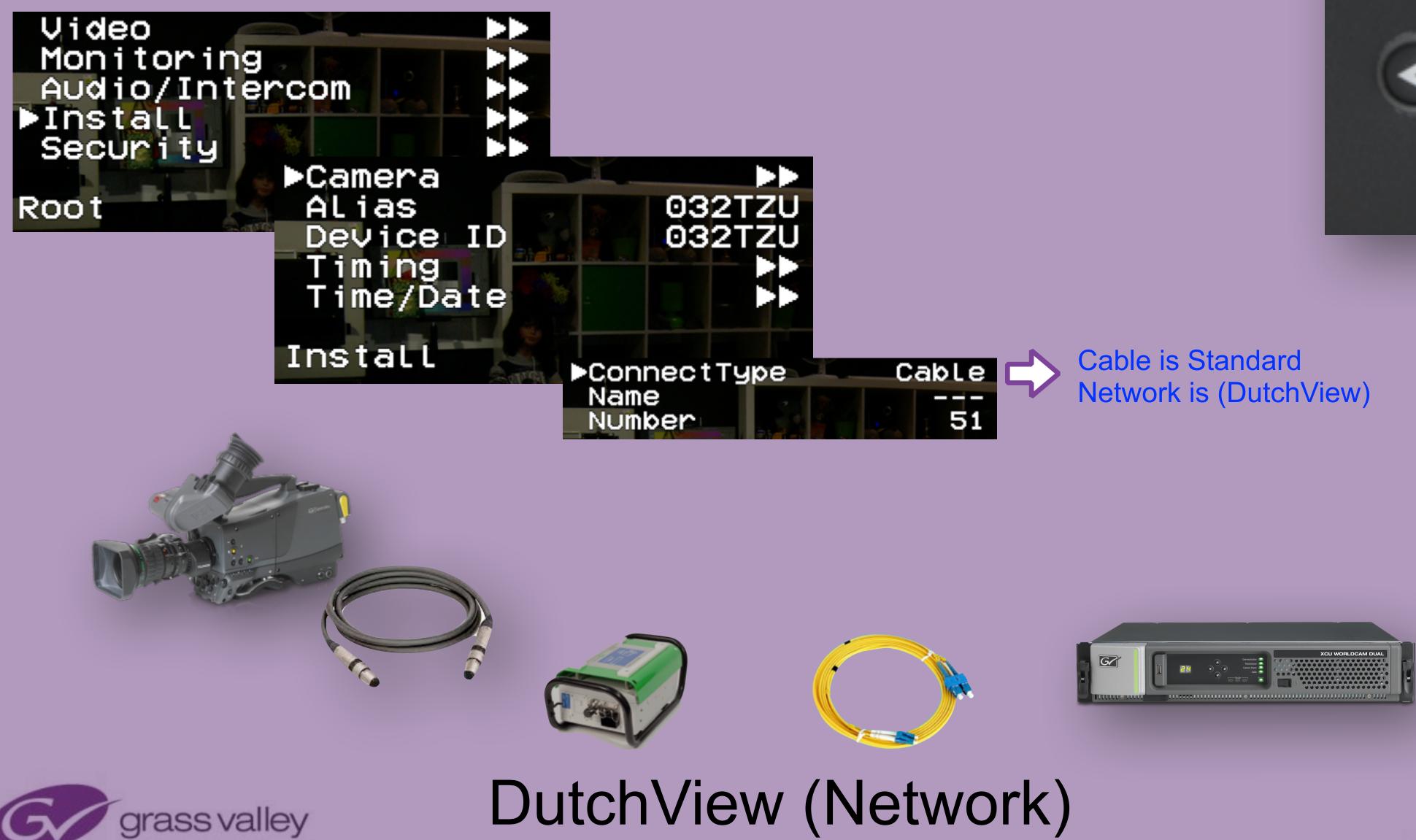










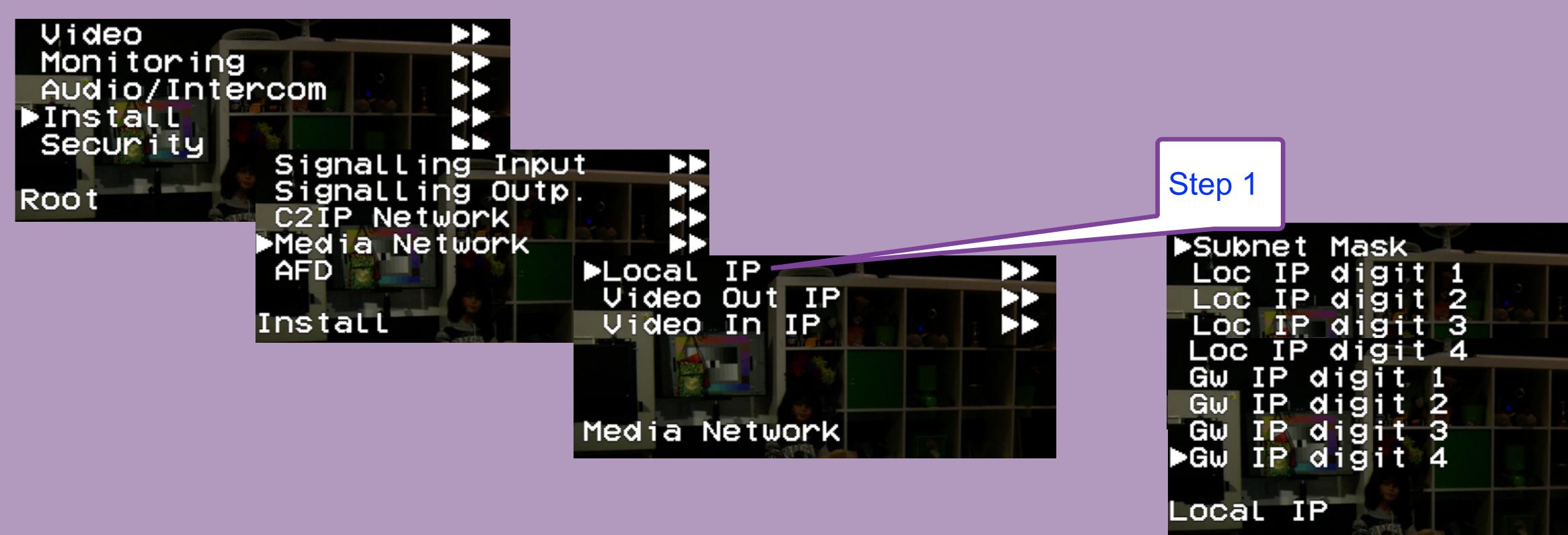


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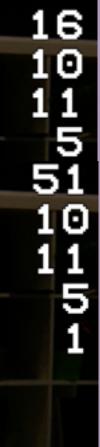


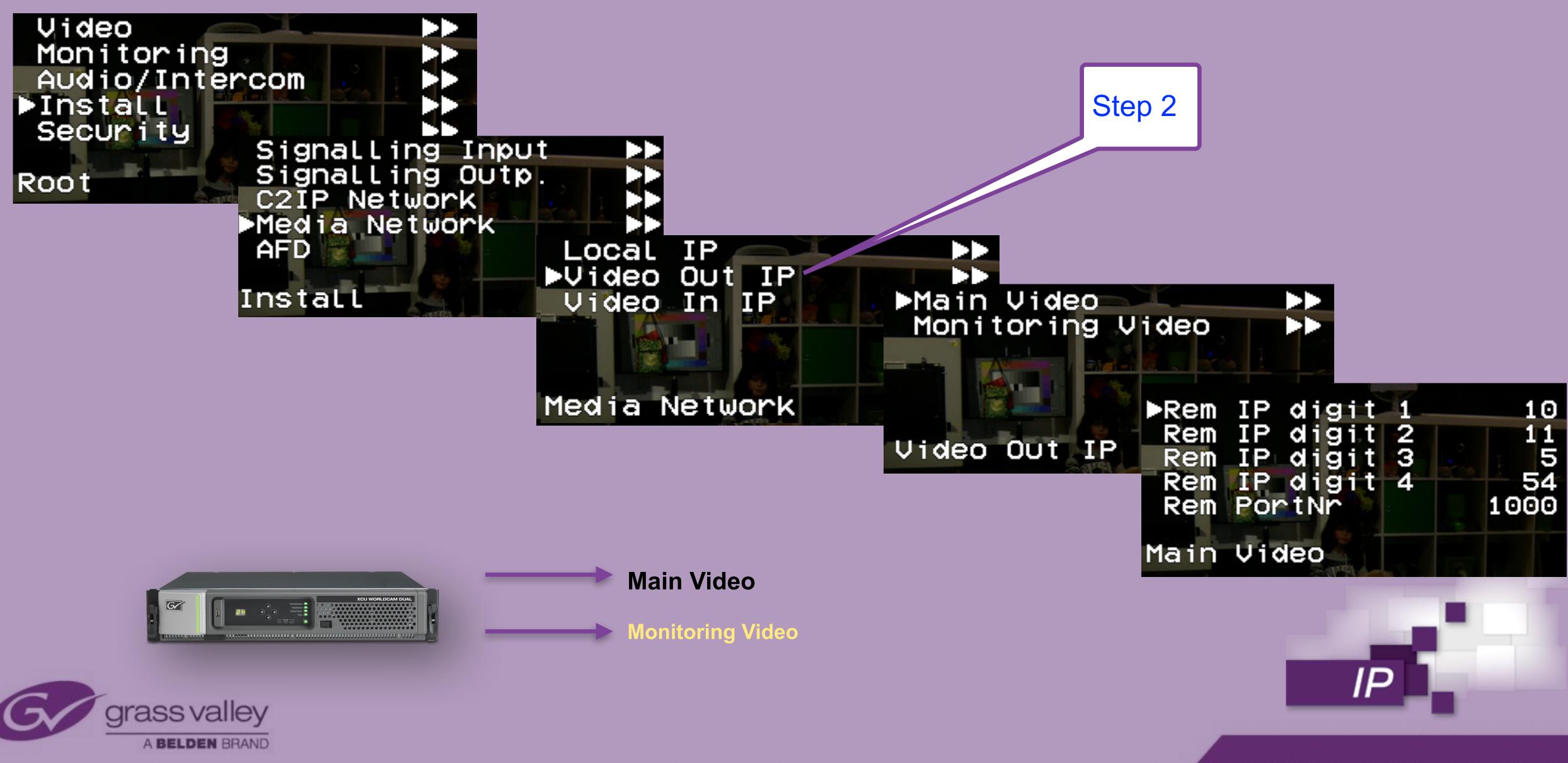




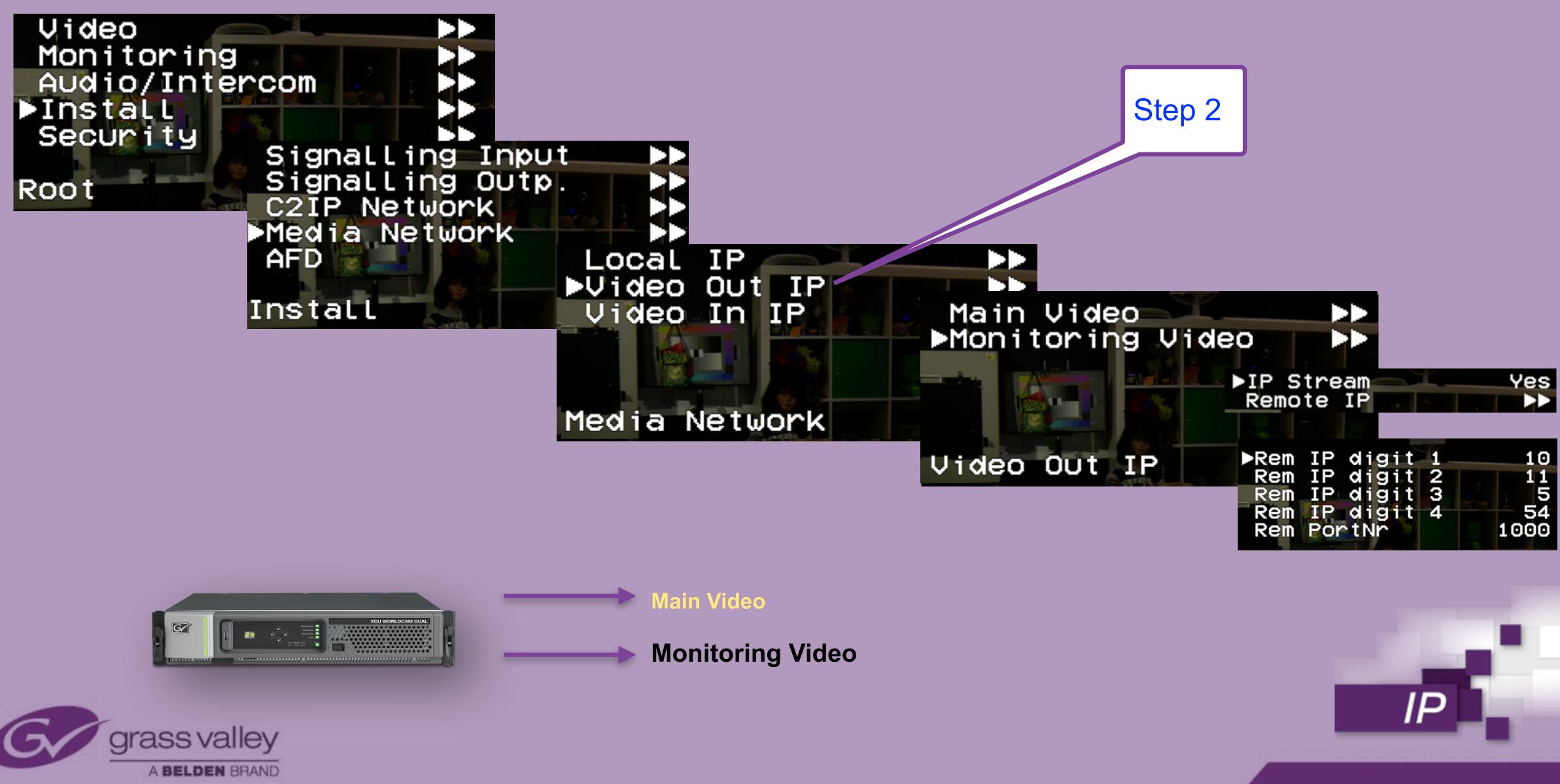






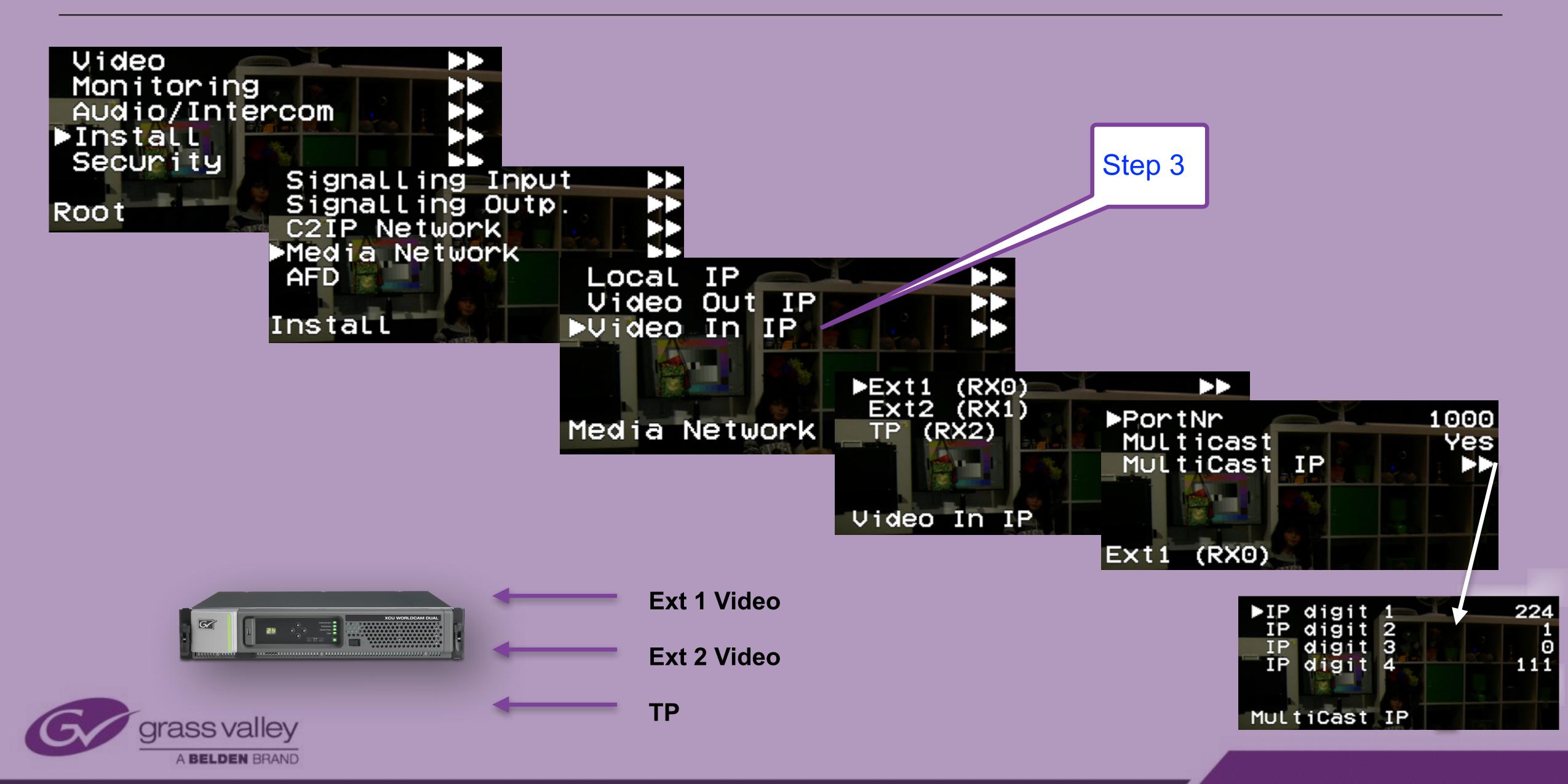


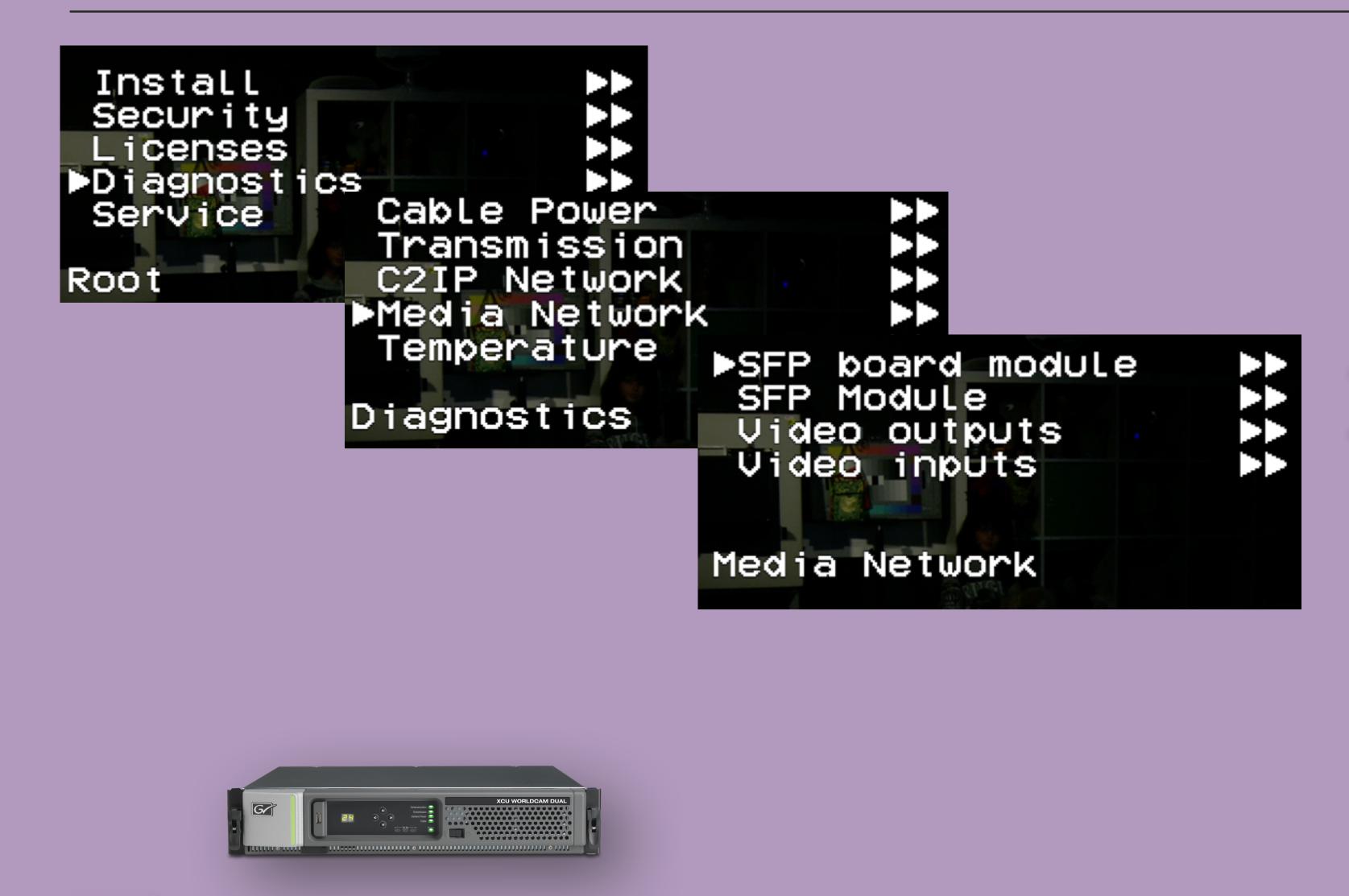














Details FSP modules Details Video In/Out





Video over IP Seamless 2K or 4K (TICO) over IP

Mixed operation

Use every technology to its full potential

Matching

Creating the best possible story without distractions







LDX session Breda (October 4,5,6,7) LDX series (80/86/86n) Operational and Service LDX session Breda (November 8,9,10,11) LDX series (80/86/86n) Operational and Service



