

# CHEETAH 256x448 DIGITAL VIDEO MATRIX SWITCHER

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April 2003

#### **About This Manual**

This manual provides detailed instructions for the installation, operation, and maintenance of the PESA Cheetah 256x448 Digital Video Matrix Switcher.

#### Warnings, Cautions, and Notes



Warning statements identify conditions or practices that can result in personal injury or loss of life.



Caution statements identify conditions or practices that can result in damage to equipment.



Notes contain information important to the correct installation, operation, or maintenance of the equipment.

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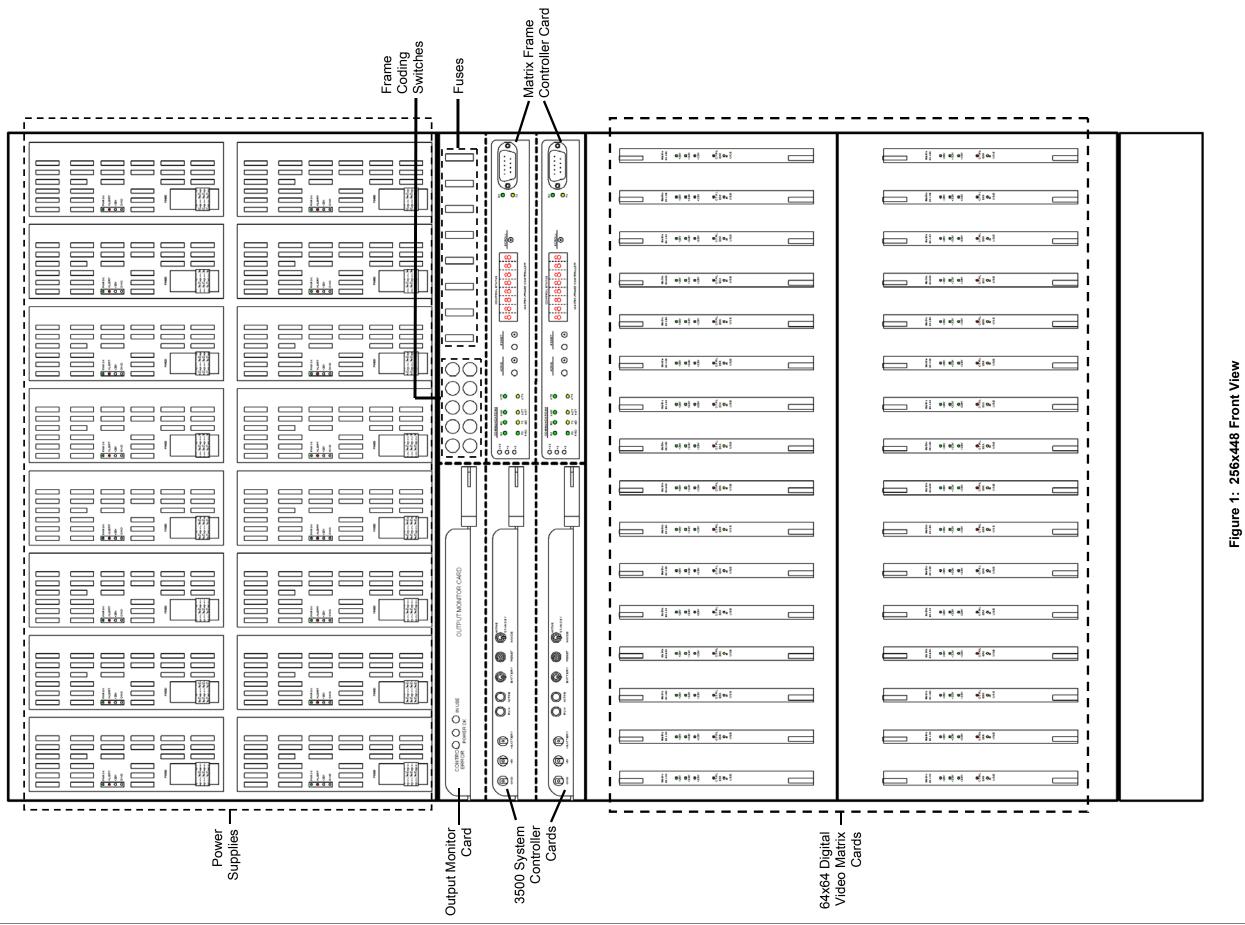
## **Chapter 1 – Introduction**

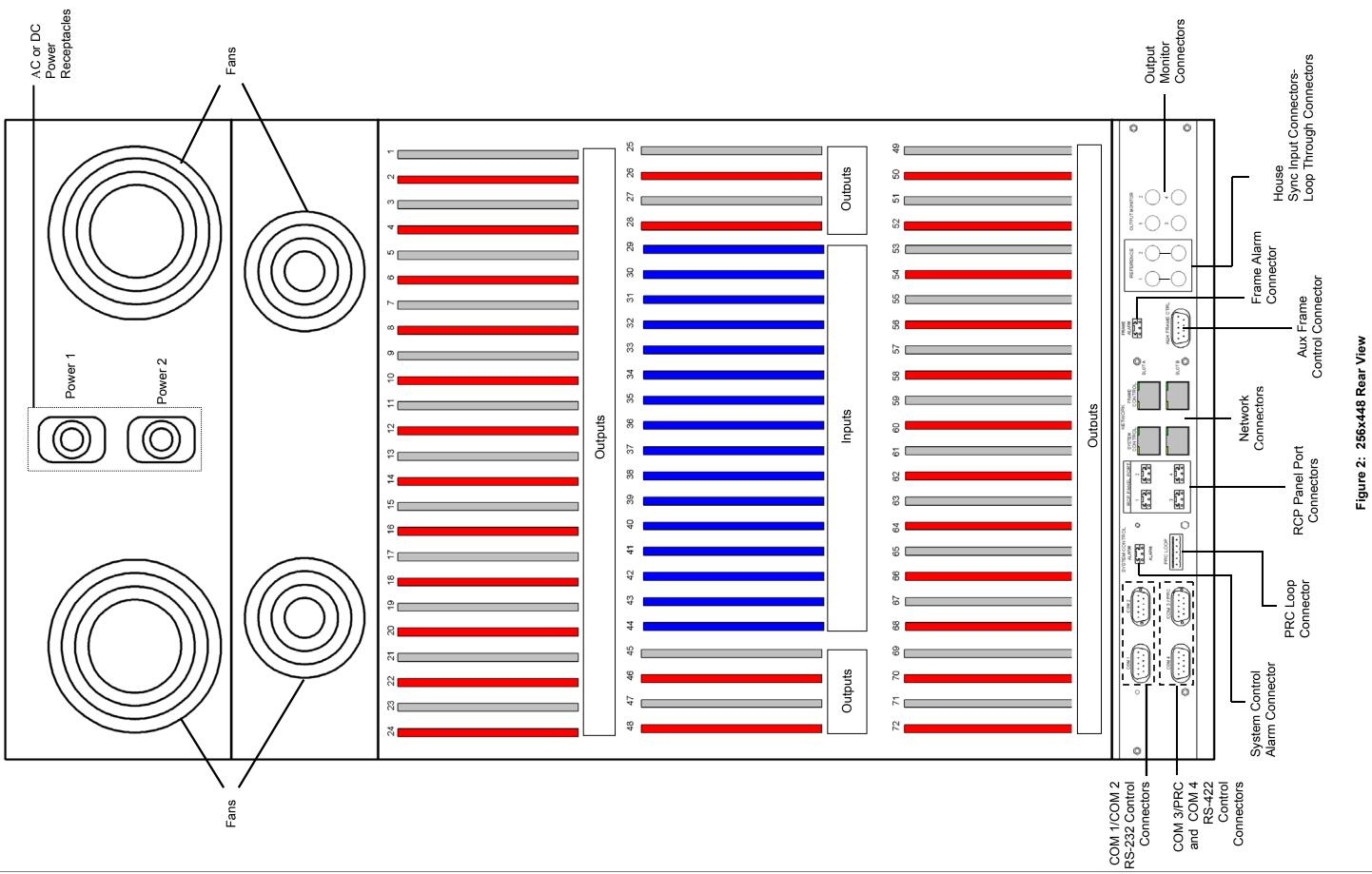
#### 1.1 Product Description

The Cheetah 256x448 is a fully-featured digital video matrix switcher capable of handling both Serial Digital Interface (SDI) and High-Definition Television (HDTV), as well as other non-standard digital signals, in the same frame. Copper and fiber input and output modules provide for maximum flexibility.

All Cheetah video matrix switchers offer alarm support, switch confirmation, block checking, and power-out-of-range indicators. Optional equipment includes:

- Full feature control system using either standard PESA PRC Control or PESA Network Control
- Video and data signal from 3Mb/s to 1.5 Gb/s
- Conforms to SMPTE 259M and 292M
- Input EQ to 300M SD, 100M HD
- Bypass mode for non-standard data signals
- Output option slots support dual output, fiber output, Digital Analog Converter (DAC)
  module for SDI conversion to National Television Standards Committee / Phase-alternating
  line (NTSC/PAL) outputs, SD Converter, and HD to SD converter
- Full redundant controllers available
- N+1 redundant internal DC power; full redundant AC power
- All modules are hot pluggable for on-air maintenance
- Dual output monitor





## 1.2 Specifications

Physical	
RUs	41
Height	
Width	
Depth	
Weight	625 lbs. (281.25 kg)
Power Requirements	
Operating voltage	100-240 VAC, 47-63 Hz
Power consumption	6000W
Operational Environment	
Temperature	0-40° C
Humidity	
Input	
Conforms to both SMPTE 259M for SDI a	
Connector type (copper)	
Return loss	>15dB minimum to 270 Mbps (SDI) >15 dB minimum to 1.5 Gbps (HD)
Automatic input cable equalization to	
	100M @ 1.5 Gbps or HD
Connector type (fiber)	
Output	
Conforms to both SMPTE 259M for SDI a	and SMPTE 292M
Connector type (copper)	
Return loss	
	>15 dB minimum to 1.5 Gbps (HD)
Connector type (fiber)	SFF modules w/LC type

## **Chapter 2 – Installation**

#### 2.1 Introduction

This section details the Cheetah 256x448 Digital Video Matrix Switcher installation procedures.

#### 2.2 General

If specified when ordered, the Cheetah Switcher will be configured for the intended system at the factory. Before attempting to install any frame, matrix card, controller card, or power supply, read this section carefully.



The Cheetah Switcher contains static sensitive devices. Care should be used when it is necessary to handle the internal circuit cards. It is recommended that a ground wrist strap and grounding mat be used before attempting any equipment installations.

#### 2.3 Unpacking and Inspecting



This equipment contains devices sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Use a grounded wrist strap and mat when handling the internal circuit cards to prevent ESD.

Immediately upon receipt, inspect all shipping containers. Carefully unpack the equipment and compare the parts received against the packing list and Table 1. If any parts appear to be missing or damaged, please contact PESA immediately.

**Maximum Part Number Description** Quantity (see note) 81-9065-2369-0 Mainframe assembly: 81-9065-2381-0 16 Power supply 81-9034-6904-0 Power supply (blank) 10 81-9065-2337-0 Matrix frame controller 2 81-9065-2321-0 Input buffer card (SDI) 16 81-9034-6907-0 Input blank 16 81-9065-2315-0 28 Output combiner (SDI) 28 81-9034-6844-0 Dual output option blank 81-9034-6906-0 Output blank 28 32 81-9065-2333-0 Matrix card 81-9065-2317-0 Dual output option BNC 28 16 81-9065-2319-0 Input buffer HDMR 81-9065-2319-0 Input buffer fiber 16 81-9065-2332-0 Output combiner HDMR 28 81-9065-2318-0 Output option DAC SD 28 81-9065-2328-0 Output option fiber 28 81-9065-2304-0 Output monitor 1

Table 1. Equipment List



These items may be ordered in varying quantities. Please consult your purchase order to verify that you have received the correct quantity.

#### 2.4 Choosing an Installation Location



For safety reasons, this equipment must be located near the socket-outlet or power strip (if plugs are used) so that the AC line cord plugs are easily accessible.

This equipment is designed for installation in a standard 19" equipment rack located in an environment conforming to the specifications in Chapter 1. Locate each unit as closely as possible to its associated equipment to minimize cable runs.

Consider the connection from this equipment to the supply circuit, and the effect that possible overloading can have on overcurrent protection circuits and supply wiring. Refer to nameplate ratings when addressing this concern.

#### 2.5 Mounting in Equipment Rack



Installation or removal of this equipment requires at least two persons in order to avoid possible personal injury or equipment damage. Install this equipment in such a manner as to avoid any tipping hazard from uneven loading of the rack.



Make sure that all power is disconnected before installing the frame into the rack.



Forced-air cooling is provided by fans inside this equipment. Do not block airflow around these fans. Replace all service panels and blank filler plates. Keep the door closed during normal operation.

This equipment is designed for installation in a standard 19" equipment rack. Provide sufficient space behind the equipment racks to allow for control, signal, and power cables. Use all chassis mounting holes, and tighten mounting hardware securely.

Install the equipment into the rack as follows:

- 1. Insert the chassis into the equipment rack and support the bottom of the chassis until all mounting hardware has been installed and properly tightened.
- 2. Install the bottom two chassis mounting screws.
- 3. Install the top two chassis mounting screws.
- 4. Install any remaining chassis mounting screws.
- 5. Tighten all of the chassis mounting screws until they are secure.

#### 2.6 Connecting Equipment Cables

Follow these guidelines when connecting equipment cables.

- 1. Install the equipment in the rack before connecting cables.
- 2. Relieve strain on all cables to prevent connector separation.
- 3. To the extent possible, separate control, signal, and power cables to minimize crosstalk and interference.
- 4. Use as many cable ties as necessary to secure cables to the rack. This will minimize the amount of force transmitted to the equipment and help route cables away from hazardous areas.
- 5. Route cables away from physical traffic areas to avoid creating a safety hazard.
- 6. Bundle together any cables connected to a single input/output card and separate them from the other bundles with enough slack to create a service loop. This will permit individual card replacement without disruption to the other input/output cards.

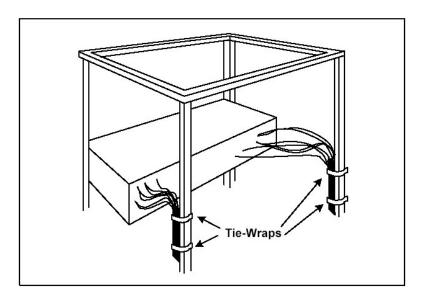


Figure 3. Cables Attached to Supports

#### 2.7 Installing the Cheetah Power Supplies

The power supplies are located on the front of the frame as shown below.

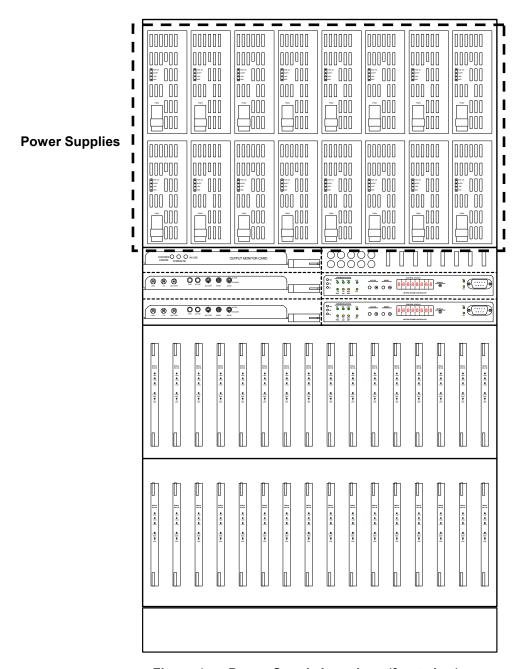


Figure 4. Power Supply Locations (front view)



You can install up to 16 power supplies. Each slot must have either a power supply or a blank installed. You can install them in any slot.

#### 2.7.1 Cheetah Power Supply Information



Cheetah Power Supplies contain electrical shock hazards and should only be serviced by qualified service personnel with experience in servicing offline switching regulators.



There are no user serviceable parts contained in the Cheetah Power Supply. All service performed on the Power Supply should be performed by the PESA Service Department.



High Leakage Current at 230 VAC. The Cheetah Power Supply leakage current exceeds 3.5mA when used at 230 VAC because of leakage through emission filter capacitors.

The Cheetah Power Supply is responsible for providing a regulated  $\pm 28 \text{VDC}$  @22A to the switching frame. The Cheetah Power Supply is designed to operate within output specifications with AC line voltage ranges from 95-250 VAC and with AC line frequencies of 50/60 Hz automatically.

In the event of a Cheetah Power Supply failure, return the malfunctioning unit to the PESA Service Department for replacement. The power supplies contain lethal voltages when operating and should only be serviced by the PESA Service Department. Please call the PESA Service Department for a RMA number before returning any units for replacement. The Service Department's phone number is listed on the front page of this manual.

#### 2.7.2 Installing the Power Supplies

Install each power supply as follows:

- 1. Align the metallic support plate of the first power supply with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Press upward on the power supply latches and carefully insert the power supply into the chassis until the connectors on the power supply make contact with the backplane connectors.
- 3. Firmly push the power supply into the chassis until the power supply latches engage the corresponding slots in the chassis.
- 4. Make sure the latch is *fully engaged* (down) to enable the power supply.



Each slot must have either a power supply or a blank installed. A minimum of 4 power supplies must be installed. If you only install 4 power supplies, you can install them in any slot.

Repeat the above steps for the remaining power supplies. Backplane dip switch settings (for information only) are detailed on page 49.

#### 2.7.3 Removing the Power Supplies

To remove a power supply, follow these steps:

- 1. You may remove power supplies while the Cheetah is operational. Make sure you will still have the minimum number of power supplies installed before removing power supplies. The minimum number depends on your configuration. If you only have the minimum number of power supplies installed and you must remove one, power down the unit first.
- 2. Remove the Cheetah front cover.
- 3. Push the latch on the front of the power supply up.
- 5. Once the latch is pushed up, carefully pull the power supply out of the equipment chassis. Repeat for each power supply you need to remove.

#### 2.8 Power Cord Connections



Make sure that all power is disconnected before installing the frame into the rack.



To prevent damage to the equipment:

- Read all instructions for proper input voltage ranges.
- Use the specified power branch circuit ampacity recommended.
- Follow static prevention precautions prior to handling equipment.

#### 2.8.1 Power Cord and Circuit Breakers

AC power cords may differ depending on your power requirements. The frame is supplied with a pigtail for either IEC-type power cords for 220-240VAC. Two main circuit breakers can be found behind the protective cover located in the front of the frame. The following table describes the power connections for pigtail power cords.

	200-240V
Green/Yellow Stripe	Safety Ground
Blue	AC Line
Brown	AC Line

Table 2. IEC-Type Plug Power Connections

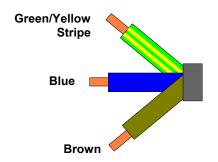


Figure 5. IEC-Type Plug Power Connections

#### 2.8.2 AC External Power Requirements

The 256x256 frame is supplied with pigtail cords for 220-240V service, or with IEC type power cables for 220-240V service.

AC Power Cable
Amps
Required

IEC Plug (220-240V only)

Attached Power Cable pigtail (220-240V)

30A Service

1- Standard
1-Redundant
1-Standard
1-Redundant

Table 3. AC Power Filter Assembly

#### 2.9 Setting Level Codes (Strobes)



Set the level codes (strobes) BEFORE installing the matrix frame controller card.

To set the level codes, use the rotary switches located as illustrated below to define a hexadecimal number. Use the settings in the LSB row (lower row) first. For example, to set the Level Strobe to 12, set the LSB Level Strobe switch to C. Switch functions are described in Table 4. You must ensure that these settings match the settings in the 3500Plus System Controller software.



If specified by the customer when ordering, these switches will be set at the factory; however, the customer can adjust them as required for system expansion.

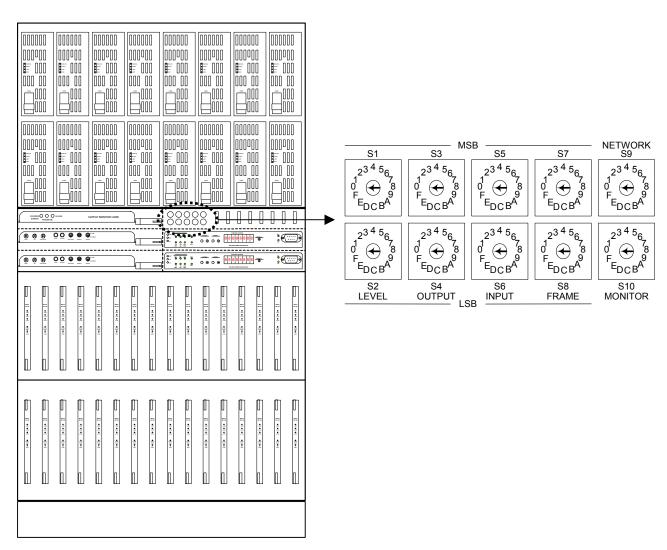


Figure 6. Level Code Switch Location (front view)

Table 4. Strobe Switch Functions

Rotary Switch	Name	Description	
S1	MSB Level Code	The level code identifies the matrix level of the router. This setting accepts 1 to 63 in binary (1 to 3F in	
S2	LSB Level Code	hexadecimal). This setting must match the Strobe setting in the 3500Plus software (select <b>Configuration</b> > <b>Component</b> . The Strobe setting is at the bottom of the window).	
S3	MSB Output Offsets	This strobe is used to offset output origin when frames are added to the system. This setting accepts 1 to 255 in binary (1 to FF in hexadecimal). Set this strobe to the	
S4	LSB Output Offsets	first offset number you want to use in this unit. This setting must match the Output Offset setting in the 3500Plus software (select <b>Configuration</b> > <b>Component</b> . The Input Offset displays in the lower section of the window).	
S5	MSB Input Offsets	This strobe is used to offset input origin when frames are added to the system. This setting accepts 1 to 255 in binary (1 to FF in hexadecimal). Set this strobe to the	
S6	LSB Input Offsets	first input number you want to use for this unit. This setting must match the Input Offset setting in the 3500Plus software (select Configuration > Component. The Input Offset displays in the lower section of the window).	
S7	MSB Frame	Specifics the type of frame the boards are plugged into.	
S8	LSB Frame	For the Cheetah 256x448 frame, set this to 4.	
S9	Network (not used)	Not used.	
S10	Monitor	Sets the starting output number. Each switch position increments the output number by 4. If you are not using this feature, leave the level code at zero. If you need to specify a monitor output, add 32 to the Level Code value. Use the resulting number for this setting.	

#### 2.10 Fuses

Eight 30-amp plug-in auto fuses, located inside the front of the frame as illustrated in the following figure, provide over-current protection for the associated 64x64 matrix cards. The fuses also provide protection for the I/O boards, in blocks of 64. See the tables starting on page 43 for I/O card fuse information.

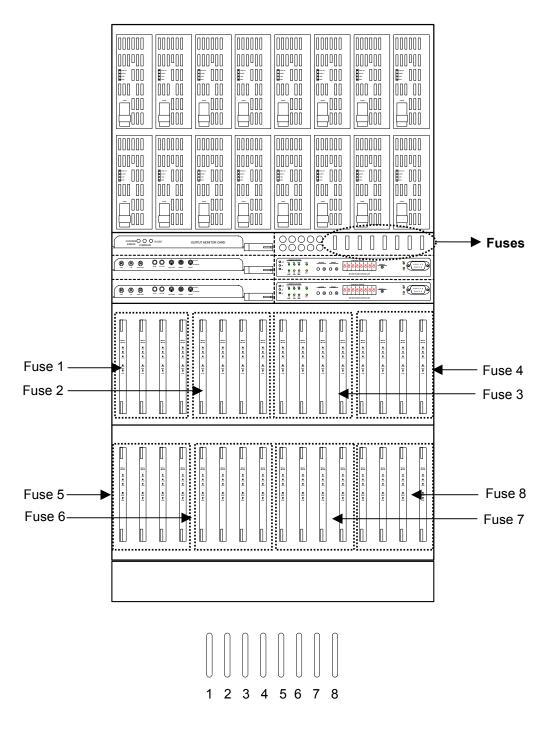


Figure 7. Fuse Location and Fuse Protection

Fuse 6

Fuse 7

Fuse 5

Cheetah - AC Filter Assembly AC Line Isolation Rectifier #1 Breaker #1 #1 Diode #1 AC Line Isolation Rectifier #2 Breaker #2 #2 Diode #2 Rectified LINE - DCV Power Power Power Power Power Power Power Supply Supply Supply Supply Supply Supply Supply Backplane Backplane Backplane Backplane Backplane Backplane Backplane #1 #2 #4 #3 #6 #7 #8

The following graphic illustrates the filter and power distribution on the Cheetah.

Figure 8. Filter and Power Distribution

Fuse 4

Fuse 1

Fuse 2

Fuse 3

+28 VDC

Fuse 8

000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 00000 1000000 1000000 1000000 000000 1000000 Promote State Stat Transac Janes | | | | | Produce Company Promoce Service Servic Promoce Common C Total Control 000 00 |000 00 1000 00  $|000\ 00$ |000 00 |000 00 000 00 |000 00 $\overline{\Box}$ 7000 <u>—</u> 7000 | <u>~~</u>000 **⇒**000 4000 **⇒**000  $\rightrightarrows 000$ ≠000 000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 |000000 000000 |00000 1000000 Total Control Promos Superior Superior Autori - Sav Sava Autros autros -tav one Promose Office O Memor - Aller - Aller - Aller - Aller - Aller 000 00 1000 00 |000 00 1000 00 1000 00 |000 00 1000 00 1000 00 7000 1000 <u>-</u> H **⇒**000 4000 **|**||||| CONTROLO O O IN USE 8 8 8 00 8 8 G <u>: (::::)</u> 0 0 0 0 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 00 8 8 6 0 0 0 0 888888 • (::::) IN 129-256 IN 1-128 OUT 1-128 OUT 1-128 CTRL C CTRL A Power Fuse 1 Power Fuse 3 IN 1-128 chi. IN 129-256 ... \* en en OUT 129-256 OUT 129-256 CTRL B CTRL D Power Fuse 2 Power Fuse 4 IN 1-128 IN 129-256 OUT 257-384 OUT 257-384 CTRL A CTRL C Power Fuse 5 \* Power Fuse 7 ent ent ... IN 1-128 IN 129-256 OUT 385-448 OUT 385-448 CTRL B CTRL D Power Fuse 6 Power Fuse 8

The following figure shows the fuses for the 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Cards.

Figure 9. Fuses for 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Cards

The following figure shows the fuses for the Input/Output boards.

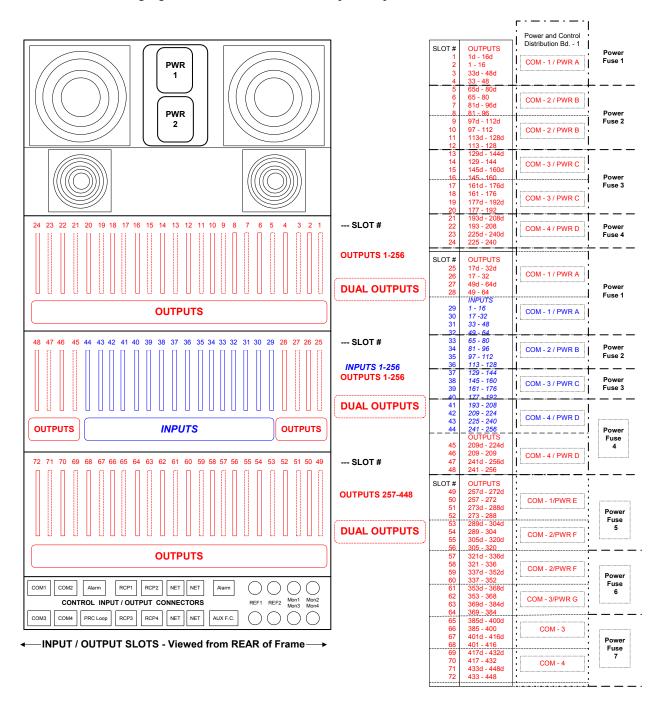


Figure 10. Fuses for Input and Output Boards

#### 2.11 Installing the Output Monitor Control Card

The Output Monitor Control Card is located as shown in the following figure. This card supplies the Output Monitor connectors 1 and 2 located on the back (lower right) of the Cheetah. You will generally use the output monitor connectors for quality assurance or to troubleshoot specific outputs. You control the outputs you can monitor with the Win3500Plus Control System software. See section 2.16.10, Output Monitor Connectors, on page 40 for a diagram and description of the connectors. See section 3.3, Output Monitor Card, on page 53 for details about the LEDs on the front of the card.

The Output Monitor Card is internally strobed to "33". This setting will automatically be offset by 32 based on the Frame strobe setting (see LSB and MSB Frame Strobe setting on page 14). For example, if the Frame strobe is set to 10, the internal Output Monitor Card strobe will be set to 42.

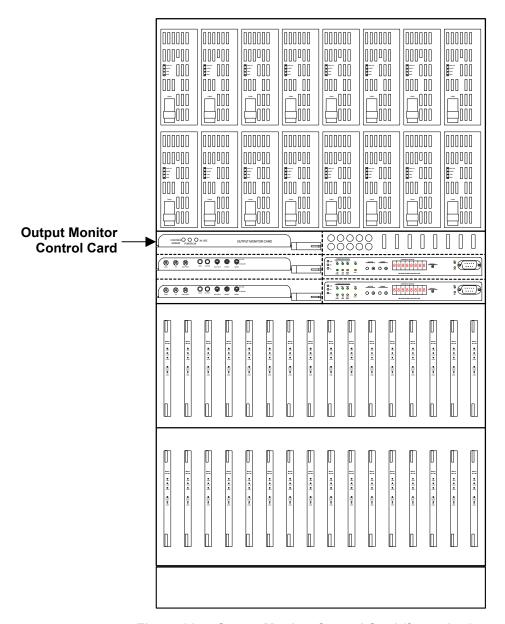


Figure 11. Output Monitor Control Card (front view)

To install the output monitor control card in the Cheetah Routing Switcher follow these steps:

- 1. Align the card with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Carefully insert the card into the chassis until the connector on the card makes contact with the backplane connector. If possible, inspect the mating connectors to ensure proper alignment.
- 3. Firmly push the card into the chassis until the connector on the card is fully mated with the backplane connector.

#### 2.12 Installing the 3500Plus System Controller Card

The Cheetah may contain up to two redundant 3500Plus System Controllers. If the primary controller fails, its functions are taken over by the secondary controller. The System Controller, working in conjunction with Win3500Plus Control System software, enables users to configure and operate a switcher system from a standard IBM compatible PC. The System Controller interfaces between the routing switcher and all user-controlled elements, including RCPs, PCs, and so on. Based upon configuration data input during setup and installation, the System Controller sends appropriate I/O control signals to the Cheetah 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Card.

For detailed information about this card, see section 3.4, 3500 System Controller Cards, on page 54.

The 3500 Plus system controller cards are located as illustrated in Figure 12 on page 22. The Cheetah is designed for the installation of up to two System Controller Cards.



If only one System Controller Card is installed in the Cheetah Switcher, install it in the upper card slot.



If you do not use the controller cards, you must connect the Cheetah to a remote system controller.

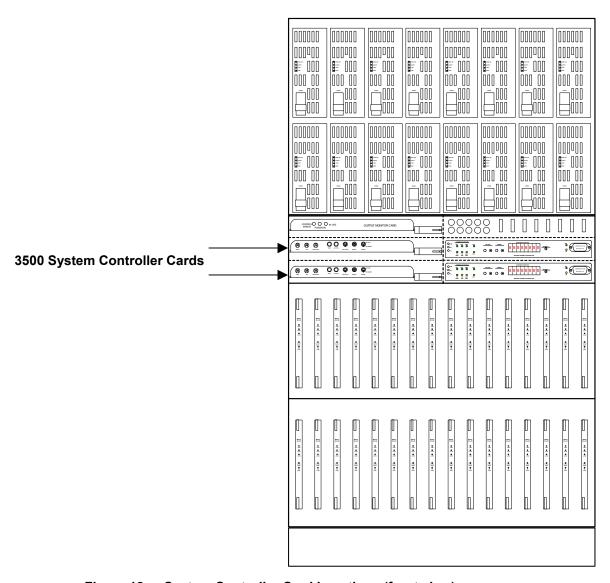


Figure 12. System Controller Card Locations (front view)

Install the system controller cards as follows:

- 1. Align the card with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Carefully insert the card into the chassis until the connector on the card makes contact with the backplane connector. If possible, inspect the mating connectors to ensure proper alignment.
- 3. Firmly push the card into the chassis until the connector on the card is fully mated with the backplane connector.
- 4. Repeat for the second system controller card.

#### 2.13 Installing the Matrix Frame Controllers

For every frame type, at least one Matrix Frame Controller (MFC) is required. The function of the frame controller is to determine frame size, level, input offsets, output offsets, plus other physical characteristics of the frame hardware. For detailed information about this card, see section 3.6,

000000 1000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 1000000 Panice DDD Promocor DDD |000000 1000000 Promise Baser Case Cose Protect Control Contro Promose Office O Protect On Callet On Calle |000 00 |00000000 00 |000 00||000 00 000 00 |000 00  $\overline{\Box}$ 7000 <del>|</del>000 **⇒**000 **⇒**000 7000 ⊅000 |000000000000 000000 000000 000000 Total Control Promos Summir Summir PARIOX AMENT ONC PARI OX AMENT O-SIV 000 00|000 00 1000 00 1000 00 |000 00 |000 00 $|000 \ 00$ |000 00 7000 1000 7000 <u>—</u>]]]] |<u>~</u>000 7000 ≠000 <del>|</del>| 7000 **⊐**000 CONTROL O O O IN US 00000 0 0 0 0 888888 6 Matrix Frame Controller 0 0 0 0 0 888888 000000 0 0 0 Cards \* 1 of of of . ella enn en citie Em 0.00 cita sun g • - - -.... \*

Matrix Frame Controller on page 58.

Figure 13. Matrix Frame Controller Cards

Install the system controller cards as follows:

- 1. Align the card with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Carefully insert the card into the chassis until the connector on the card makes contact with the backplane connector. If possible, inspect the mating connectors to ensure proper alignment.

- 3. Firmly push the card into the chassis until the connector on the card is fully mated with the backplane connector.
- 4. Repeat for the matrix frame controller card.

#### 2.14 Installing the 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Cards



Set the level codes (strobes) BEFORE installing the matrix cards. See page 9.

The thirty two 64x64 digital video matrix cards are located as shown in the following figure. For detailed information about this card, see section 3.5, 64x64 Digital Video Crosspoint Matrix Card, on page 56. The Digital Video Matrix Cards are installed in the lower portion of the Cheetah Switcher. To install the cards in the Cheetah Switcher follow these steps:

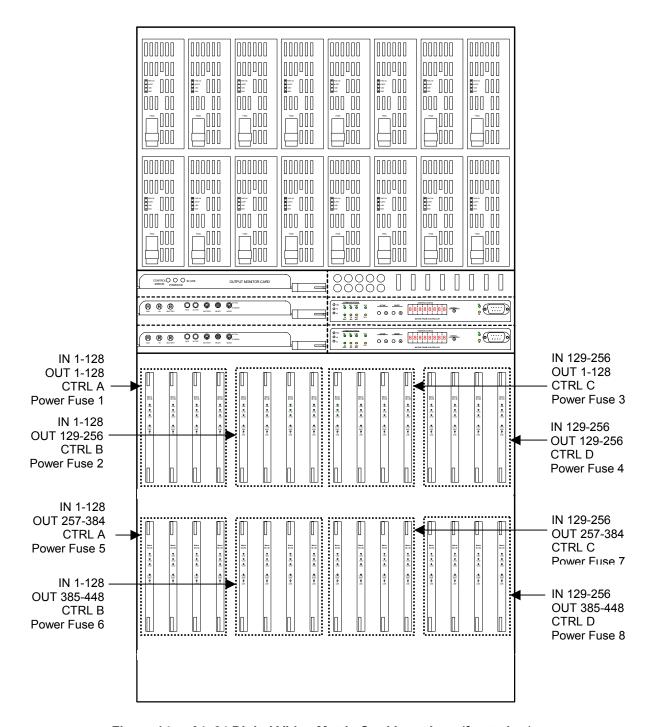


Figure 14. 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Card Locations (front view)

- 1. Align the card with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Carefully insert the card into the chassis until the latches on the top and bottom the card make contact with the frame.
- 3. Insert the latches into the frame.
- 4. Push the front of the latches in towards the frame until the card is secured.
- 5. Repeat for each additional digital video matrix card.

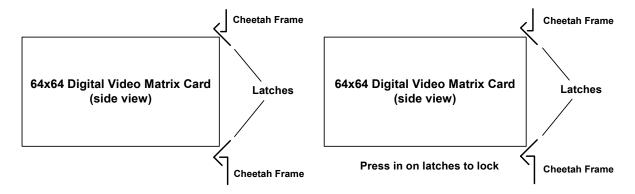


Figure 15. Installing the 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Cards

#### 2.15 Installing Input/Output Buffer Cards

The Input/Output buffer cards provide the input/output signal interface. The illustration on the next page shows which slots are for input and output, and dual output. The dual output slots are odd-numbered and shown with a dashed line in the illustration. For detailed information about these cards and the connections, see section 2.16.11, Input/Output Signal Connectors on page 41. Install the cards as follows:

- 1. Align the first input/output buffer card with the card guides in the chassis.
- 2. Carefully insert the input/output buffer card into the chassis until the screw makes contact with the backplane. This will seat the card into the backplane.
- 3. Secure the screw using a hex socket or a flathead screwdriver.
- 4. Repeat the above steps for each additional input/output buffer card.

The following graphic shows an overview of the location of all of the input and output buffer cards. The following pages show close-up views of the cards.

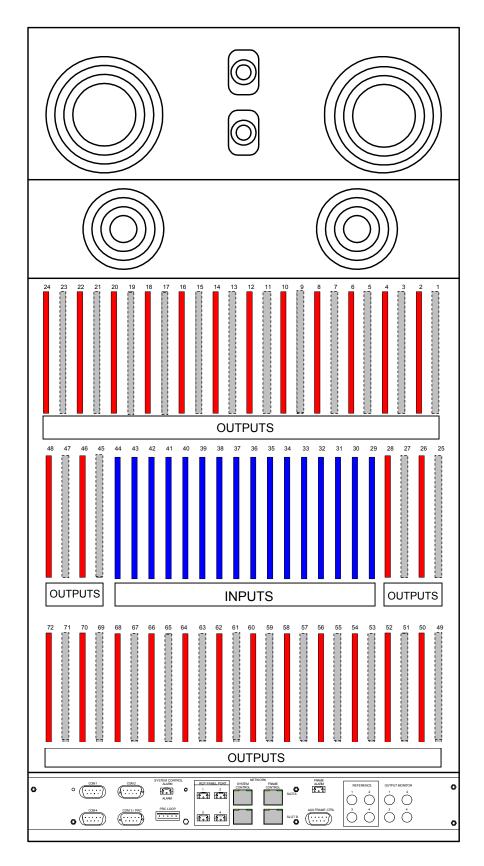


Figure 16. Input/Output Signal Connectors (rear view)

# 2.16 Rear Panel Connectors

All system interface connectors are located on the rear of this equipment as shown in the following figures.

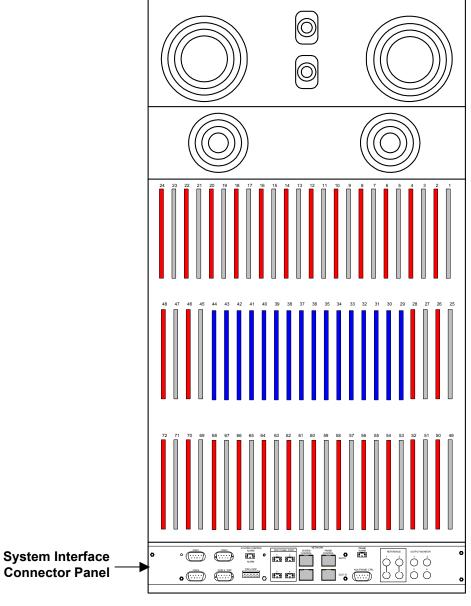


Figure 17. System Interface Connector Panel Location (rear view)

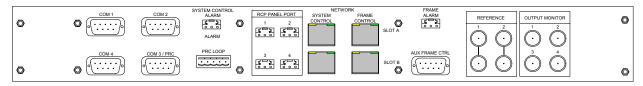


Figure 18. System Interface Connector Panel Close-up

#### 2.16.1 RS-232 Control Connectors COM 1 and COM 2

COM 1 and COM 2 are DB9-Male connectors that provide RS-232 serial communication interfaces. Pinouts are shown in Table 6.

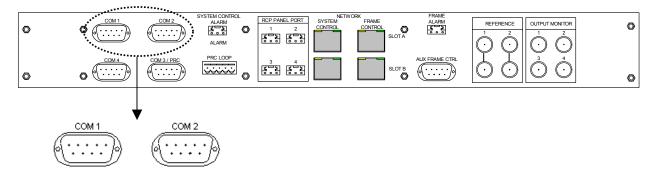


Figure 19. RS-232 Control Connectors

- COM 1 is the primary RS-232 CPU Link and may be connected to a PC running the 3500Plus Control System software with a null modem cable (Part No. 81-9028-0393-0). Or, COM 1 may be connected to an external control device.
  - COM 1 may only be used with the P1E protocol at either 9600 or 38400 baud. Set the baud rate with a switch on the controller board. Make sure the communication rate for COM 1 in the 3500Plus software matches the baud rate you are using (in the software, select **System > Communications**).
- COM 2 is a secondary RS-232 CPU Link which may also be connected to a PC or an external control device. COM 2 may be used with either of the protocols shown in Table 5 and may operate at either 9600 or 38400 baud. Set the baud rate with a switch on the controller board. Make sure the communication rate for COM 2 in the 3500Plus software matches the baud rate you are using (in the software, select **System > Communications**).

Protocol Document Number

CPU Link Protocol No. 1 Extensions (P1E) 81-9062-0408-0

Unsolicited Status Protocol (USP) 81-9062-0409-0

Table 5. PESA CPU Link Protocols

Signal In/Out CD Input 2 RXInput 3 TXOutput 4 DTR Output 5 Ground ---6 DSR Input 7 **RTS** Output 8 CTS Input 9 No Connect RI

Table 6. COM1 and COM 2 Pin Assignments

#### 2.16.2 RS-232 Control Connectors COM3/PRC and COM4

These DB9-Male connectors provide RS-422 serial communication interfaces.

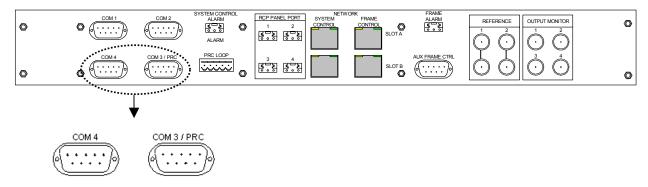


Figure 20. RS-232 COM 3/PRC and COM 4 Control Connectors

COM 3/PRC is the communications interface to a PRC type routing switcher system and is connected to a routing switcher with a serial control cable.

Table 7. COM 3/PRC Pin Assignments

Pin	Signal	In/Out
1	CTS+	Input (not used)
2	MATRIX+	Bi-directional
3	CTLR-	Output
4	RTS-	Output (not used)
5	Ground	
6	CTS-	Input (not used)
7	MATRIX-	Bi-directional
8	CTLR+	Output
9	RTS+	Output (not used)

COM 4 is an RS-422 CPU Link similar to the RS-232 CPU Link, except the cable may be up to 4000 feet in length and an RS-422 interface card must be installed in the PC. COM 4 may be used with either of the protocols listed in Table 5 on page 31.

<b>.</b>		Assignment
Pin	Signal	In/Out
1	CTS+	Input
2	RX+	Input
3	TX-	Output
4	RTS-	Output
5	Ground	
6	CTS-	Input
7	RX-	Input
8	TX+	Output
9	RTS+	Output

Table 8. COM4 Pin Assignments

#### 2.16.3 System Control Alarm Connector

This three-pin connector, illustrated in the following figure, provides an interface for an external, customer-supplied system control alarm. Alarm contact locations are also shown. A System Alarm originates with the 3500Plus controller. An alarm condition is declared when the controller is in reset and when the standby controller is gathering configuration information from the primary controller. During an alarm condition, an optically isolated, closed circuit exists between contacts 3 and 1 for Controller A (top) and contacts 2 and 1 for Controller B (bottom). This circuit acts as a switch to trigger an optional external alarm in the event of a controller fault or failure. The controller alarm circuit supplies a contact closure but does not provide a voltage to the external alarm. The customer supplied external alarm circuit is connected with a cable constructed as shown in Figure 22. The alarm is activated if the 3500Plus software:

- encounters an interrupt that it does not expect or handle
- is unable to synchronize with the other 3500Plus controller (dual controllers)
- does not get the configuration from the other 3500Plus controller (dual controllers).

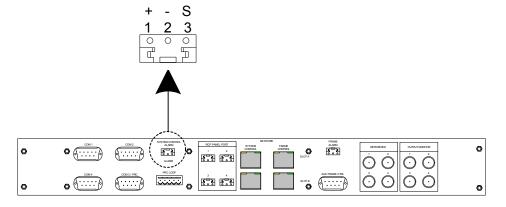


Figure 21. System Control Alarm Connector

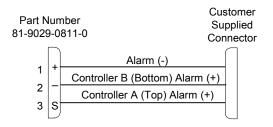


Figure 22. Alarm cableSetting the COM Port Baud Rate

#### 2.16.4 PRC Loop Connector

This five-contact connector, located on the rear of the unit, is a loop-through connector used to provide an RS-422 serial communication interface using the PESA PRC Protocol (Document No. 81-9062-0316-0). It is wired in parallel with the DB-9-Male PRC Loop connector. Contact locations are illustrated in the following figure.

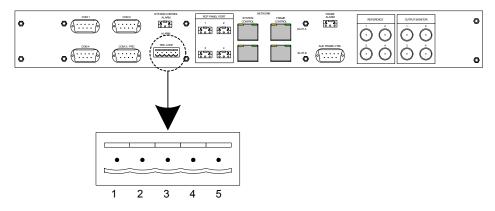


Figure 23. PRC Loop Connector

PRC Loop may be connected to PESA PRC-type equipment with a cable assembly (Part No. 81-9028-0395-0) constructed as shown in the following figure.

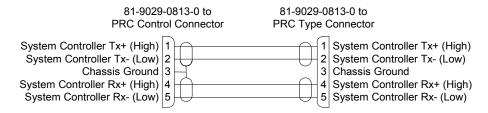


Figure 24. RS-422 System Expansion Cable

#### 2.16.5 RCP Panel Port Connectors

Four RCP connectors, located on the rear of the unit and illustrated in the following figure, provide RS-485 serial communication interfaces using the PESA RCP Protocol (Document No. 81-9062-0300-0).

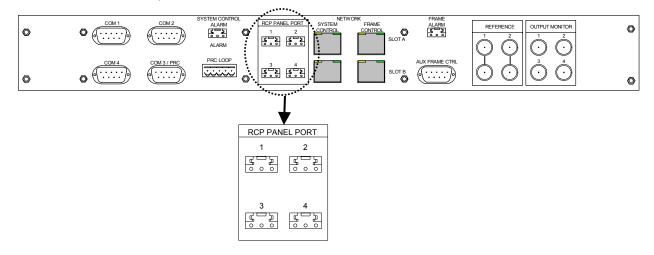


Figure 25. RCP Panel Port Connectors

These RCPs are connected to PESA Remote Control Panels with daisy-chained cables constructed with RCP connectors (Part No. 81-9029-0780-0) and shielded, twisted-pair cable (Part No. 81-9028-0043-2, Belden 8451, or equivalent) as illustrated in the following figure. The connector body has an integral strain relief which requires the use of a nylon cable tie which is included with the connector. If this cable tie is not available, use PESA Part No. 81-9021-0028-8.

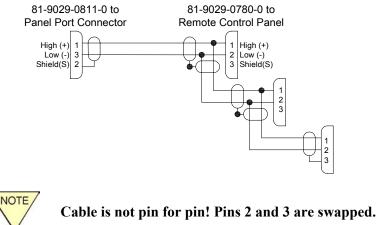


Figure 26. RS-485 Cable Construction

# 2.16.6 Network Connectors

The RJ-45 Ethernet connectors, illustrated in the following figure, connect the Matrix Frame Controllers to a 10 or 100Mb/s TCP/IP network. The System Control connectors are not used. Ethernet configuration options are detailed in Appendix A on page 70.

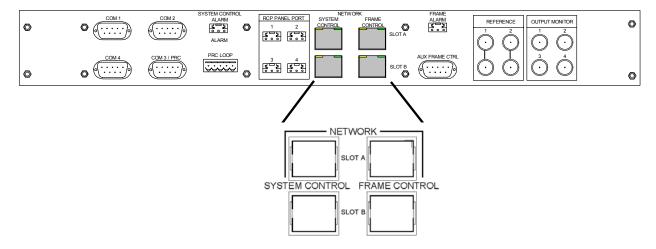


Figure 27. Network Connectors

LED indicators are provided as follows:



Table 9. Ethernet LED Indicators

LNK	ON = Ethernet LINK established
100M	ON = The Ethernet connection speed is 100Mb/s
	OFF = The Ethernet connection speed is 10Mb/s

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Market

O-day

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O -CRY
O CRYO MARK OK MARKET O - 280' O (200) PRINCICK

ALERT

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ONO 6 PARICK • ALERT • -287 • GRD PANE OK ALERT O -ON ORD 000 00 |000 00 000 00  $|000\ 00$  $|000 \ 00$ ~]]]] 1000 1000 <del>|</del>| <del>|</del> **⊅**000 <u>|</u> **⊅**000 **井**000 **⊅**000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 000000 000000 1000000 1000000 1000000 Protox • Asirt • -Sir • Ono Print OK

SALENT

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C SIGS PRINT CK
ALERT
O -ON
ONO MARCK
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O -SN
O SED Print CX

O AURT

O -SW

O CHO PRINT OK ALERT O -OM O DOO O -ON/ O ONO 000 00 000 00 |000 00 |000 00 1000 7000 1000 7000 ٥٥٥٦ <del>|</del> <del>|</del>| 7000 **⊅**000 <del>|</del>| <del>|</del>| 7000 00000 CONTROLO O O IN USE **Matrix Frame** 00000 0 0 0 · (::::) **Controller Cards** 0000 O O O O - Slot A (a) (b) (c) 00000 Slot B - 20/ - 23/ - 23/ - 23/ - 23/ - 23/ 00 to -257 -257 -257 • • • CTAL SERVICE CHA. 2 CPAL EPAR 2 USE CINE OR USE ene ene • ### 100 mm 100 m CIPAL SPAR SE USER CIFE. CTAL OIL •(E oc) OF LEE CTAL ERR OIL USE en en • - Carlo en en cina ina g CPAL ENVA PL

Slots A and B are shown in the following figure.

Figure 28. Matrix Frame Controller Cards, Slot A and Slot B

#### 2.16.7 Frame Alarm Connector

This three-pin connector, illustrated in the following figure, provides an interface for an external, customer-supplied frame control alarm. The Matrix Frame Controller determines when a frame alarm condition is declared. Alarm contact locations are illustrated in the following figure. This circuit acts as a switch to trigger an optional external alarm in the event of a controller fault or failure. The controller alarm circuit supplies a contact closure but does not provide a voltage to the external alarm. The customer supplied external alarm circuit is connected with a cable constructed as shown in Figure 30. The alarm is activated if the matrix frame controller:

- finds a card (input, output, matrix, output monitor, power supply, or matrix frame controller) with a temperature out of range (above 0x46 degrees)
- finds a fan's voltage out of range
- finds a power supply's voltage or current out of range

The voltage or current must be out of range for three consecutive times before the Matrix Frame Controller will indicate an alarm.

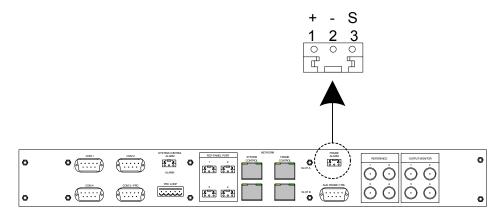


Figure 29. Frame Alarm Connector

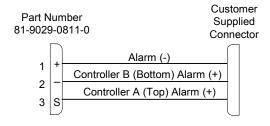


Figure 30. Alarm cable

#### 2.16.8 Aux Frame Control Connector

Table 10.

This connector is used for SNMP management of additional Cheetah switchers. Configuration and operation of the embedded SNMP agent is detailed in Appendix B on page 73.

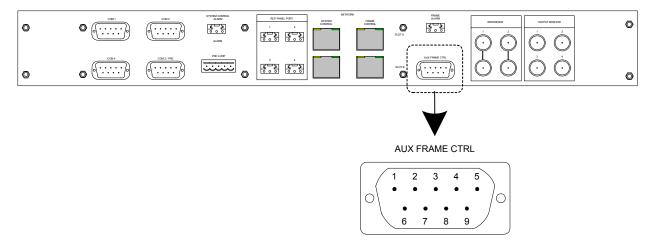


Figure 31. Aux Frame Control Connector

10.	Α	Aux Frame Ctrl RS-422 Pin Assignments				
		Pin	Signal	In/Out		
		1	CTS+	Input		

Signal	In/Out
CTS+	Input
RX+	Input
TX-	Output
RTS-	Output
Ground	
CTS-	Input
RX-	Input
TX+	Output
RTS+	Output
	CTS+ RX+ TX- RTS- Ground CTS- RX- TX+

#### 2.16.9 House Sync Input Connectors

These BNC coaxial connectors, illustrated in the following figure, provide the interface for two house sync (analog only) signals (NTSC, PAL, 1080i, 1080P, and 720P only). Each house sync input is a pair of BNC connectors wired in parallel (1 and 3 are a pair; 2 and 4 are a pair). This allows the signal to be daisy-chained from one routing switcher to another.

References 1 and 2 should be connected to the house sync source with coaxial cable and standard BNC connectors. Install  $75\Omega$  terminators on all unused connectors. Do not allow these connectors to float unterminated.

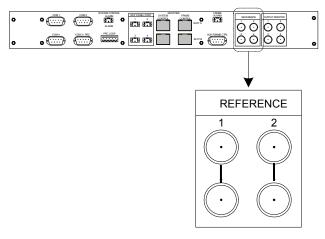


Figure 32. House Sync Input Connectors

# 2.16.10 Output Monitor Connectors

These BNC coaxial connectors, illustrated in the following figure, provide the interface for evaluating the output signals. Currently, connectors 1 and 2 are available. Connectors 3 and 4 are reserved for future use. You will generally use these for quality assurance or troubleshooting. For example, you would use these to monitor the quality of a specific output signal. You control the outputs you can monitor with the Win3500Plus Control System software. Make sure the Output strobe is set correctly before using this option (see page 14 for details). Install 75 ohm terminators on all unused connectors. Do not allow these connectors to float unterminated.

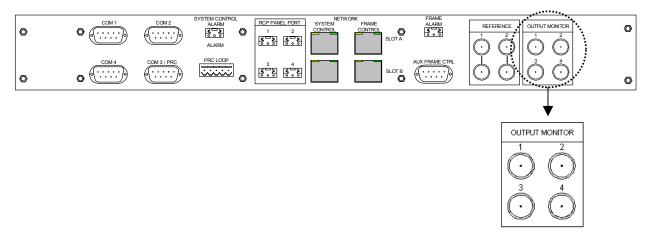


Figure 33. Output Monitor Connectors

# 2.16.11 Input/Output Signal Connectors

These BNC coaxial connectors, located on the rear of the unit as illustrated in the following figure, provide the input/output signal interface. The digital video input connectors are internally terminated into 75 ohms. Use coaxial cable and a standard BNC connector to connect each source. Input and output modules can be populated in increments of 16. Input modules provide up to 100m of equalization for HD and up to 300M for SDI. Both HD/multi-rate and SDI output modules include a single copper connection. However, daughter boards can be installed to provide a second output per bus. The second output can be either copper or fiber (single mode or multi-mode). For SDI applications, a DAC monitor grade, 10-bit output board can be installed as an option. For HD applications, a HD to SD conversion card can be installed as an option. The Output Slots labeled with a "d" in the following diagram represent dual output slots.

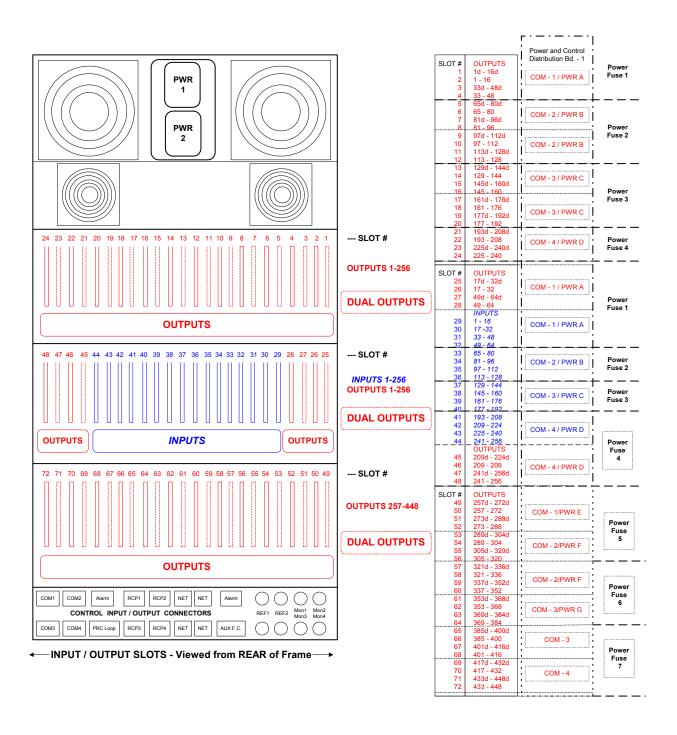


Figure 34. Input/Output Signal Connectors (rear view)

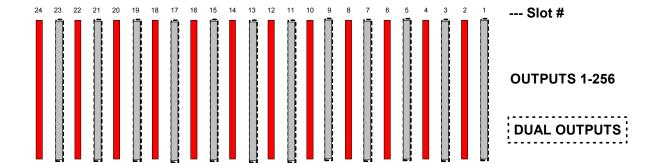


Figure 35. Outputs and Dual Outputs 1-256

Table 11. Outputs and Dual Outputs 1-256

Slot#	Outputs	Power and Control Distribution	Fuse
1	1d-16d		
2	1-16	COM-1/PWR A	Power
3	33d-48d		Fuse 1
4	33-48		
5	65d-80d		
6	65-80	COM-2/PWR B	Power
7	81d-96d		Fuse 2
8	81-96		
9	97d-112d		
10	97-112	COM-2/PWR B	Power
11	113d-128d		Fuse 2
12	113-128		
13	129d-144d		
14	129-144	COM-3/PWR C	Power
15	145d-160d		Fuse 3
16	145-160		
17	161d-176d		
18	161-176	COM-3/PWR C	Power
19	177d-192d		Fuse 3
20	177-192		
21	193d-208d		
22	193-208	COM-4/PWR D	Power
23	225d-240d	Fuse	
24	225-240		

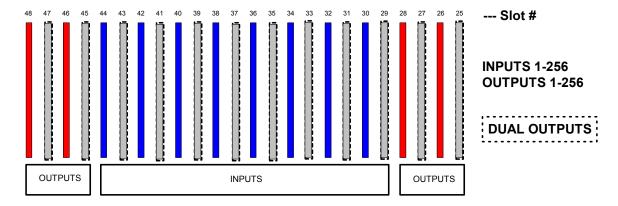


Figure 36. Inputs 1-256, Outputs and Dual Outputs 17-64 and 209-256

Table 12. Inputs 1-256, Outputs and Dual Outputs 17-64 and 209-256

Slot#	Outputs	Power and Control Distribution	Fuse
25 26	17d-32d 17-32	COM-1/PWR A	Power
27 28	49d-64d 49-64		Fuse 1
20	Inputs		
29 30	1-16 17-32	COM-1/PWR A	Power Fuse 1
31 32	33-48 49-64		
33 34 35 36	65-80 81-96 97-112 113-128	COM-2/PWR B	Power Fuse 2
37 38 39 40	129-144 145-160 161-176 177-192	COM-3/PWR C	Power Fuse 3
41 42 43 44	193-208 209-224 225-240 241-256	COM-4/PWR D	Power Fuse 4
45 46 47 48	Outputs 209d-224d 209-224 241d-256d 241-256	COM-4/PWR D	Power Fuse 4

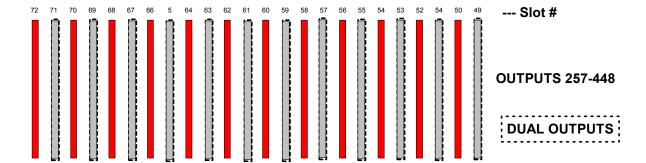


Figure 37. Outputs and Dual Outputs 257-448

Table 13. Outputs and Dual Outputs 257-448

Slot#	Outputs	Power and Control Distribution	Fuse
49	257d-272d		
50	257-272	COM-1/PWR E	Power Fuse 5
51	273d-288d		
52	273-288		
53	289d-304d		
54	289-304	COM-2/PWR E	Power Fuse 5
55	305d-320d		
56	305-320		
57	321d-336d		
58	321-336	COM-2/PWR F	Power Fuse 6
59	337d-352d		
60	337-352		
61	353d-368d		
62	353-368	COM-3/PWR F	Power Fuse 6
63	369d-384d		
64	369-384		
65	385d-400d		
66	385-400	COM-3/PWR G	Power Fuse 7
67	401d-416d		
68	401-416		
69	417d-432d		
70	417-432	COM-4/PWR G	Power Fuse 7
71	433d-448d		
72	433-448		

# 2.17 Switch Locations and Settings

#### 2.17.1 Matrix Backplane Dip Switches

Each matrix backplane has one eight-position, slide-style switch consisting of eight single-pole single-throw (SPST) switches numbered 1 through 8. Each backplane supports 4 cards. The following figure depicts the location of this switch with the matrix cards removed, and the dip switch settings.



These dip switches are set at the factory. Do NOT change the settings!

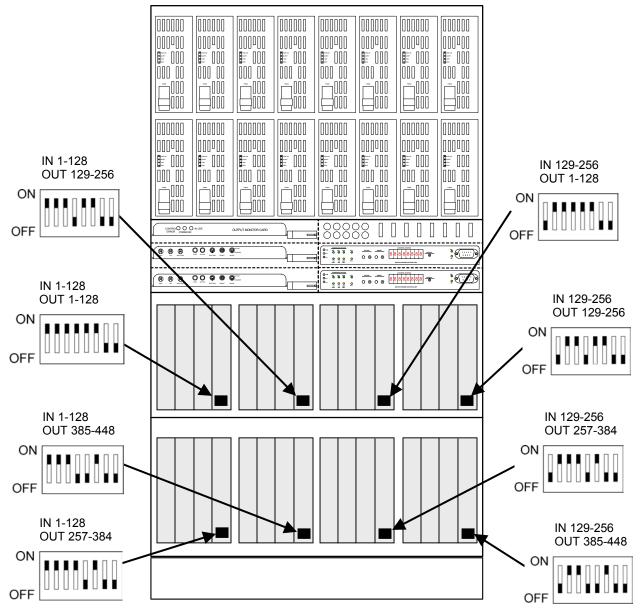


Figure 38. Matrix Backplane Dip Switch Location and Settings

PESA SWITCHING SYSTEMS

# 2.17.2 Power Supply Backplane Dip Switches

Each power supply backplane has one eight-position, slide-style switch consisting of eight single-pole single-throw (SPST) switches numbered 1 through 8. Each power supply backplane supports two power supplies. The following figure depicts the location of these switches and the dip switch settings.



These dip switches are set at the factory. Do NOT change the settings!

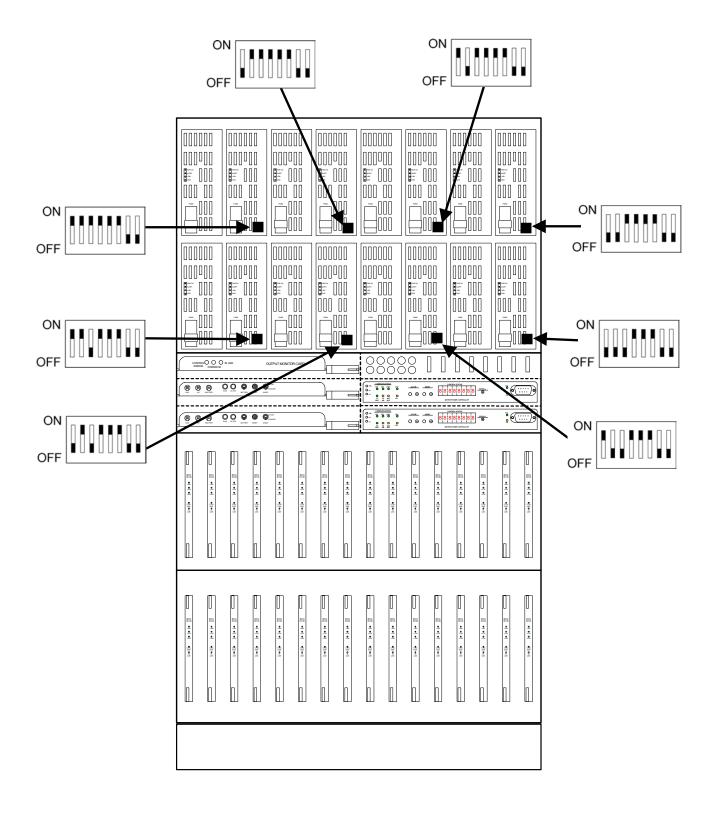


Figure 39. Power Supply Backplane Dip Switch Locations and Settings (viewed from the front of the frame)

# 2.17.3 Input/Output Backplane Dip Switches

Each input/output backplane has one eight-position, slide-style switch consisting of eight single-pole single-throw (SPST) switches numbered 1 through 8. Each input/output backplane supports 4 cards. The following figure depicts the location of these switches with the cards removed, and the dip switch settings.



These dip switches are set at the factory. Do NOT change the settings!

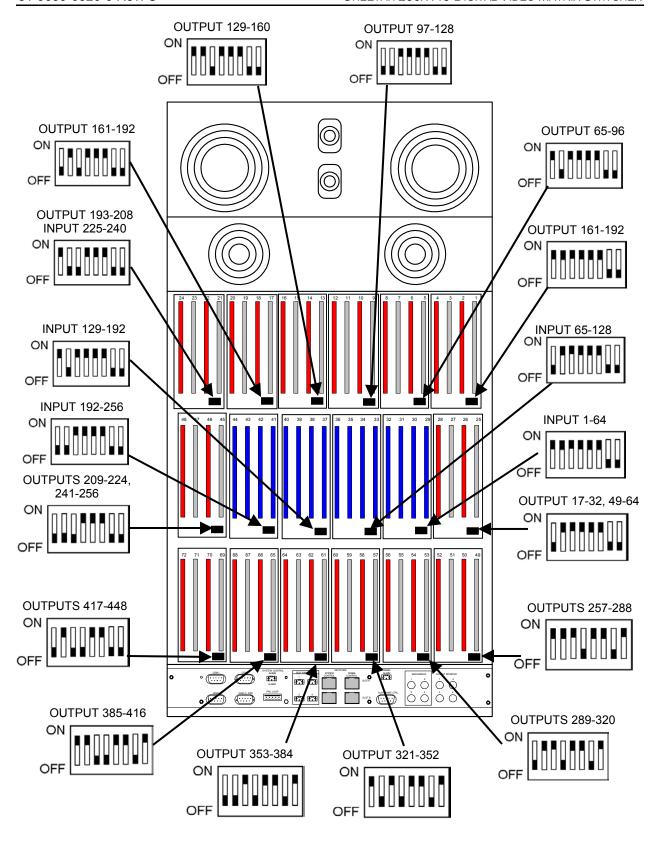


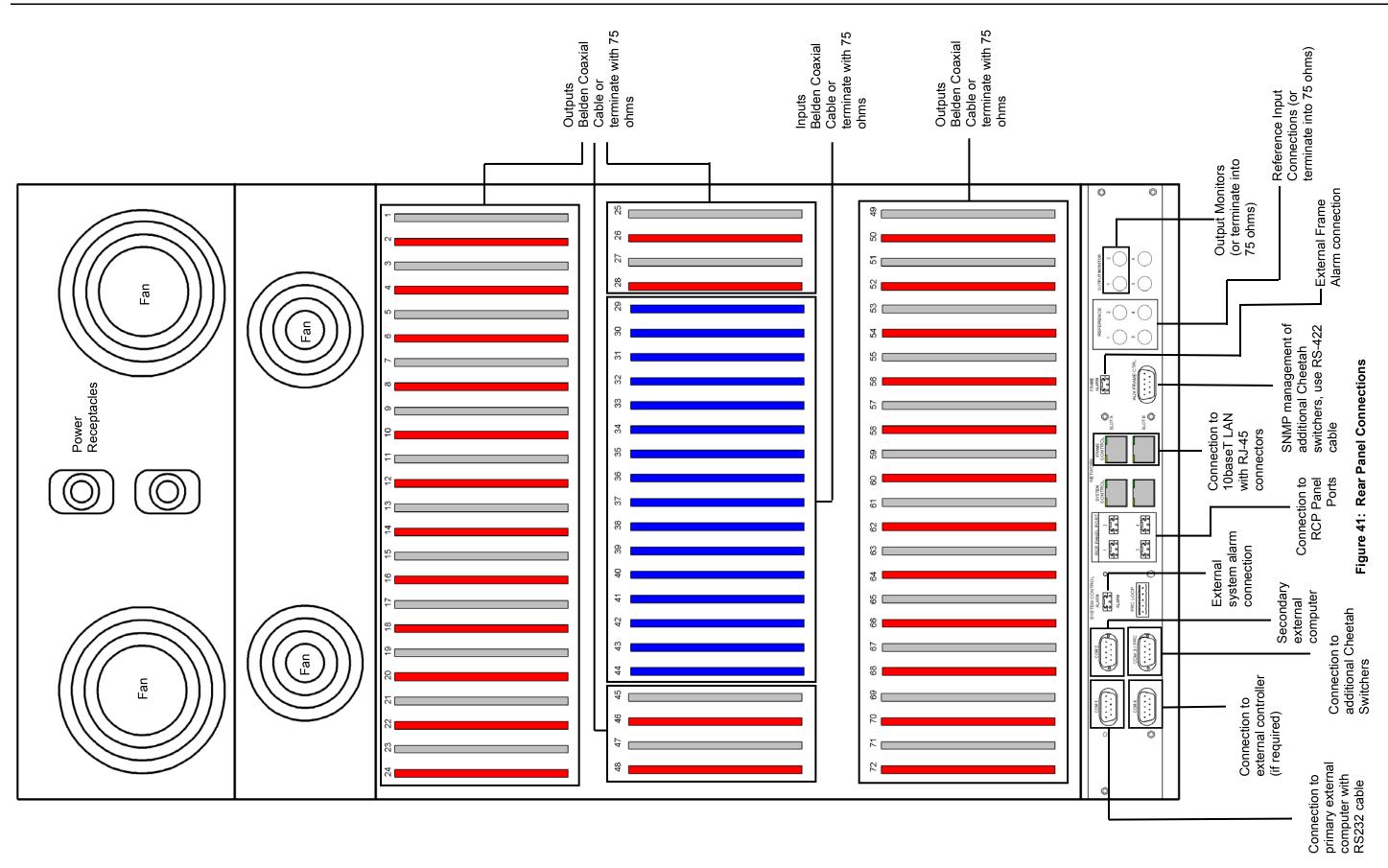
Figure 40. Input/Output Backplane Dip Switch Locations and Settings (viewed from the rear of the frame)

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#### 2.18 Connection Guide

Once the Cheetah Digital Video Matrix Switcher is installed in the equipment rack, system connections can be made. Use the following guide to insure that Cheetah Switcher system interconnections are properly connected and that the control, power, sync, and digital video cables are correctly installed.

- 1. Connect the external sync sources to the reference inputs using Belden 8281 coaxial cable or equivalent. Be sure to properly terminate the external sync sources into 75 ohms.
- 2. Connect the Output Monitor outputs using Belden 8281 coaxial cable or equivalent. Be sure to properly terminate all outputs with 75 ohms.
- 3. Connect the primary external computer to the COM 1 Connector using a 9-pin RS232 cable. Please note that this connection **must** be made to configure the internal System Controller using the 3500Plus Control System software package. If a secondary external computer is to be used, connect it to the COM 2 Connector.
- 4. If additional Cheetah Switchers are to be utilized as part of the switching matrix, connect COM 3/PRC on the primary Cheetah Switcher to COM 3/PRC on the other Cheetah Switcher using 5-pin ribbon cables.
- 5. If an external controller (such as the 3500Plus System Controller) is used to control the Cheetah Switcher, connect the external controller to COM 4 using 9-pin RS-422 cable.
- 6. Connect the RCP control panels to the RCP Panel Ports using twisted pair cables. The connections to the control panel may be daisy-chained.
- 7. If Ethernet connectivity is desired, connect a 10baseT RJ-45 LAN connector to the Slot A and Slot B Network jacks.
- 8. Configure the Ethernet settings as described in Appendix A.
- 9. If SNMP management of additional Cheetah Switchers are to be utilized, connect the switchers using 9-pin RS-422 cables to the Aux Frame Ctrl connector as shown in Figure 29 on page 38.
- 10. Configure the Ethernet and SNMP settings as described in Appendices A and B.
- 11. If desired, connect an external alarm to the System Control Alarm.
- 12. If desired, connect an external alarm to the Frame Control Alarm.
- 13. Connect the digital video sources to the video inputs using Belden 8281 coaxial cable or equivalent 75 ohm coaxial cable.
- 14. Connect the video outputs to the digital video destinations using Belden 8281 coaxial cable or equivalent.



# Chapter 3 – Operation and Functional Description

#### 3.1 Input Buffer Card

The input buffer card provides 16 digital input video channels. Each input channel provides an equalizer to compensate for cable loss, and drivers for internal signal distribution. The input buffer card is available in three versions: SDI, HD-multirate, and fiber optic.

### 3.1.1 Input Buffer Card LED Indicators

Two LED indicators are located on the edge of the Input Buffer card. These LEDs are described in the following table.

LED Color Status **Description** Indicates that an invalid CRC has been detected. On **COM** Green Indicate a loss of communication from the frame controller. Error Blinking This LED can only be reset when a valid CRC is received. Indicates that the +28V, +4.8V, +4.3V, and +3.5V power is On stable and within normal operating parameters. **PWR** Green Good Indicates that 28V is not stable or the 4.8V, 4.3V, or 3.5V power Blinking supplies are not working.

Table 14. Input Buffer Card LED Indicators

#### 3.2 Output Combiner Card

Each output combiner card provides 16 output connections from the system. Each output channel can combine up to eight signals from individual matrix cards. After the signals are combined, the data rate selection switch selects between video re-timers or bypass mode for non-standard data rates. The output combiner is available in either SDI or HD multi-rate versions, each of which can support option cards for dual output BNC or fiber option output. The SD can also support a 10-bit digital analog (DAC) card. The HD-MR card support HD to SD conversion as an option card.

# 3.2.1 Output Combiner Card LED Indicators

Two LED indicators are located on the Output Combiner card. These LEDs are described in the following table.

LED	Color	Status	Description
COM Error	Red		Indicates that a control error has occurred or a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. If a control error occurs, the LED will remain on until a message with a good CRC has been received
		Blinking	Indicates a missing receive clock error.
PWR Good	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V, +5.0V, +3.7V, and +4.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.
	Green	Blinking	Indicates that 28V is not stable or the 5.0V, 3.7V, or 4.5V power supplies are not working.

Table 15. Output Combiner Card LED Indicators

#### 3.3 Output Monitor Card

The Output Monitor Card controls Output Monitor Sync Connectors 1 and 2 located on the back (lower right) of the Cheetah. See Output Monitor Connectors on page 40 for details. You will generally use the sync connectors for quality assurance or to troubleshoot specific outputs. Using the 3500 Control software, you can select specific outputs to monitor. The following LEDs are located on the card and are described in Table 16.

The Output Monitor Card is internally strobed to "33". This setting will automatically be offset by 32 based on the Frame strobe setting (see LSB and MSB Frame Strobe setting on page 14). For example, if the Frame strobe is set to 10, the internal Output Monitor Card strobe will be automatically set to 42.



Figure 42. Output Monitor Card

#### 3.3.1 Output Monitor Card LED Indicators

Three LED indicators are located on the front of the Output Monitor card. These LEDs are described in Table 16.

LED	Color	Status	Description
Control Error	Red		Indicates that a control error has occurred or a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. If a control error occurs, the LED will remain on until a message with a good CRC has been received
			Indicates a missing receive clock error.
Power	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V, +4.8V, +4.3V, and +3.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.
OK Green		Blinking	Indicates that 28V is not stable or the 4.8V, 4.3V, or 3.5V power supplies are not working.
In Use	Yellow	On Indicates that a crosspoint on the matrix card is activated.	

Table 16. Output Monitor Card LED Indicators

#### 3.4 3500 System Controller Cards

The Cheetah may contain up to two redundant 3500Plus System Controllers. If the primary controller fails, its functions are taken over by the secondary controller. The System Controller, working in conjunction with Win3500Plus Control System software, enables users to configure and operate a switcher system from a standard IBM compatible PC. The System Controller interfaces between the routing switcher and all user-controlled elements, including RCPs, PCs, and so on. Based upon configuration data input during setup and installation, the System Controller sends appropriate I/O control signals to the Cheetah 64x64 Digital Video Matrix Card.



Figure 43. 3500Plus System Controller Board Assembly Front View

#### 3.4.1 GND

This test point provides a convenient ground when measuring voltages at the other test points.

#### 3.4.2 +5V

The voltage measured between this test point and GND is the output of the voltage regulation circuit and should be  $5 \pm 0.1$  VDC.

#### **3.4.3 +BATTERY**

The voltage measured between this test point and GND is the output voltage of the backup memory power source and should be >2VDC when power has been removed from the board.

#### 3.4.4 LEDs

The 3500Plus System Controller board has three LEDs:

Table 17. 3500Plus System Controller LEDs

LED	Color	Panel Legend	Normal State	Troubleshooting Info
LED1	RED	N/A	OFF	Controller board is in reset state or is in program download mode.
LED2	GRN	RUN	ON Indicates that input voltage to this board is within design parameters.  If LED is OFF:  1. Remove and reinstall board to verify backplane connector is properly seated.  2. Check power supplies for proper operation.  3. Contact PESA Customer Service.	
LED3	YEL	ACTIVE	3. Contact PESA Customer Service.  ON Indicates that the board is currently in active control of a routing switcher system.  In a dual controller system, the primary controller ACTIVE LED will be ON ar the backup controller ACTIVE LED will be OFF.  If the LED is OFF:  1. Remove and reinstall board to verify backplar connector is properly seated. 2. Ensure the board has been configured to be active.	

#### 3.4.5 Battery

This SPDT toggle switch is used to enable and disable the backup memory power source. Early designs of PESA system controllers used a battery for backup power. This switch was used to prevent the battery from discharging during prolonged storage.

The 3500Plus System Controller uses a capacitor as a backup power source which does not need to be isolated during storage. This switch should be in the ON position at all times.

#### 3.4.6 Reset

This SPDT momentary pushbutton switch is used to manually reset the 3500Plus System Controller in the event of system failure or lockup (similar to a warm boot on a PC). To reset the controller, press and hold this switch for about three seconds.

#### 3.4.7 Mode

This SPDT toggle switch is used in a dual controller system to designate which controller is the primary controller, and which is the backup controller. Set the Mode switch to ACTIVE on the primary controller, and to STANDBY on the backup controller.

In a single controller system, this switch has no effect.

#### 3.5 64x64 Digital Video Crosspoint Matrix Card

The 64x64 Digital Video Crosspoint Matrix Card selects one of 64 inputs to each of 64 outputs. Input signals from the input buffer card are buffered to the input of a high-speed matrix. The output of the matrix is again buffered and sent to the output combiner cards. Each matrix card contains input buffer chips (octal bus transceivers) that drive into a single 64x64 crosspoint.

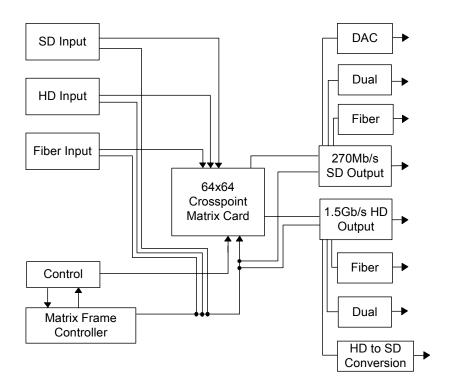


Figure 44. 64x64 Crosspoint Matrix Card Diagram

#### 3.5.1 LED Indicators

Five LED indicators are located on the 64x64 matrix card faceplate, as illustrated in the following figure, and described in Table 18.



Figure 45. 64x64 Matrix Card LEDs

Table 18. Matrix Card LED Descriptions

LED	Color	Status	Description	
+28V	+28V Green	On	Indicates that the +28V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	
		Blinking	Indicates that +28V is not stable power supplies are not working.	
+3.3V	Green	On	Indicates that the +3.3V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	
		Off	Indicates that +3.3V is not stable power supplies are not working.	
+2.5V	Green	On	Indicates that the +2.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	
		Off	Indicates that +2.5V is not stable power supplies are not working.	
Ctrl Err	trl Err Red		Indicates that a control error has occurred, or that a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. The LED will remain on until a message with a good CRC has been received.	
		Blinking	Indicates a missing receive clock error.	
		Off	No alert conditions are present.	
In Use	Yellow	On	Indicates that a crosspoint on the matrix card is activated.	
Port A/B	Yellow	On	These surface-mount LEDs indicate whether the card is communicating with the frame controller via communications port A or B. They are no user-accessible.	

#### 3.6 Matrix Frame Controller

The matrix frame controller, located on the right front of the unit, is illustrated below. For every frame type, at least one Matrix Frame Controller (MFC) is required. The function of the frame controller is to determine frame size, level, input offsets, output offsets, plus other physical characteristics of the frame hardware. Both PESA's PRC protocol and NET PRC protocol are available to the MFC. With the NET-PRC protocol, the MFC has the ability to communicate to a system controller via Ethernet connection. More features include SNMP support and redundant MFC cards with auto changeover. On the frame of each matrix frame controller is a diagnostic port (on the far right) used for troubleshooting. For detailed information about how to use this port, see Appendix E on page 109.

The MFC has the ability to provide dual operations. By setting each MFC with its own Ethernet address, updates and active switching can be done in parallel, allowing for immediate crossover during a card failure or network interruption. See Appendix A on page 70 for details on Ethernet configuration options.

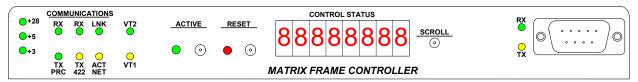


Figure 46. Matrix Frame Controller

#### 3.6.1 Matrix Frame Controller LED Indicators

The matrix frame controller LED indicators are described in Table 19. See Table 23 on page 65 for troubleshooting information.

LED	Color	Status	Description	
+28V	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V power is stable and within normal operating parameters	
	Red	On	Indicates that +28V power is not stable.	
+5V	Green	On	This LED, when on (green), indicates that the +5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters	
	Red	On	Indicates that +5V power is not stable.	
+3V	Green	On	Indicates that the +3V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	
	Red	On	Indicates that +3V power is not stable.	
PRC Tx/Rx	Green	On	Indicate that PRC traffic is being transmitted or received.	
422 Tx/Rx	Green	On	Indicate that RS-422 traffic is being transmitted or received.	
ACT NET	Green	On	Indicates that network activity is present.	
LNK	Green	On	Indicates that a network connection exists.	
VT1/VT2	Green	On	Indicates that a sync signal is present.	
Active	Green	On	Indicates the active controller (when dual controllers are in use).	
Reset	Red	On	Indicates that the controller is in Reset mode.	
Rx	Green	On	Indicates that Receive data is being transmitted.	
Tx	Yellow	On	Indicates that Transmit data is being transmitted.	

Table 19. Matrix Frame Controller LED Indicators

# 3.6.2 8-Character Display

An eight-character display, illustrated below, is located on the front of the matrix frame controller.

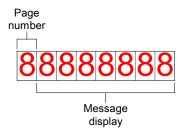


Figure 47. 8-Character Display

The display is divided into two fields. The first character on the far left is a field indicating the page number of the information being displayed. The next seven characters indicate the actual message. Press the "Scroll" button to view successive pages. Each page will appear for 30 seconds, then reset to page 0.

Descriptions of the displayed messages are detailed in Table 20.

Table 20. 8-Character Display Messages

Page	Message	Description				
	ACTV OK					
0	STDB **	Describes which frame controller is active, standby, or single operation. It also indicates whether there is an alarm condition present on the controller.				
	SNGL OK					
	SNGL **					
1	IN XXXX	Shows the number of inputs being controlled by the frame controller.				
2	OUTXXXX	Shows the number of outputs being controlled by the frame controller.				
3	IOFXXXX	Shows the input offset of the matrix.				
4	OOFXXXX	Shows the output offset of the matrix.				
5	STRB XX	Shows the PRC strobe of the matrix.				
6	TEMP OK TEMPBAD	Shows the alarm status of the over temp indicator.				
7	PWR OK PWR BAD	Shows the alarm status of the power supply.				
8	FAN OK FAN BAD	Shows the alarm status of the fan circuit.				
0	PRC NO	Describes whether the system is communicating via the PRC bus. If so it				
9	PRC OK PRC BAD	indicates whether it has detected any errors on the PRC communication bus.				
A	NET NO NET OK	Describes whether the system is communicating via the Network Communication.				
A	NET BAD	If so, it indicates whether there have been any errors detected.				
В	SYN1 NO SYN1 XX	This indicates whether a valid SYNC 1 is present. The type of sync is encoded in the XX.				
С	SYN2 NO SYN2 XX	This indicates whether a valid SYNC 2 is present. The type of sync is encoded in				
D	XXX.XXX	the XX.  This is the first half of the IP address of the frame controller's network node.				
E	XXX.XXX	This is the second half of the IP address of the frame controller's network node.				
	INE OK					
F	INE BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any input cards.				
G	OTE OK OTE BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any output cards.				
Н	MTX OK MTX BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any matrix cards.				
J	PSB OK PSB BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any power supply cards.				
K	INE OK INE BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any input cards.				
L	OTE OK OTE BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any output cards.				
М	MTX OK MTX BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any matrix cards.				
N	PSB OK PSB BAD	Indicates whether there are any errors detected on any power supply cards.				

#### 3.6.3 Matrix Frame Controller Switch Locations and Settings (S1 and S2)

S1 and S2 are eight-position, slide-style dip switches consisting of eight single-pole single-throw (SPST) switches numbered 1 through 8, located on the face of the matrix frame controller card, as illustrated below.



These dip switches are set at the factory. Do not change the settings!

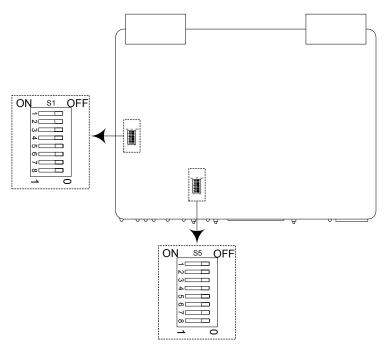


Figure 48. Matrix Frame Controller Dip Switch Locations

#### 3.7 Power Supply

The Cheetah video power supply will provide 28 volts at up to 22 amps. The 28 volt DC output is diode-isolated to allow for redundant configuration.

Frame fan speed control circuitry senses the ambient temperature in the power supply and increases fan speed with increasing temperature. Each fan circuit has a diode output so that with redundant power supply, either circuit will drive the fans. The highest temperature supply normally controls the fan.



Figure 49. Power Supply LED Indicators and Test Points

#### 3.7.1 LED Indicators and Test Points

Three LED indicators and two test points are located on the front of the power supply, as illustrated in the following figure. The LED indicators are described in Table 21. See Table 22 on page 64 for troubleshooting information.

Table 21. Power Supply LED Indicators

LED	Color	Status	Description	
PWR OK	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	
Temp	Red	On	Indicates there is an over-temperature condition in the power supply. This <b>must</b> be fixed immediately!	
Current	Red	Blinking	Indicates there is an over-current condition in the power supply. This <b>must</b> be fixed immediately!	

#### 3.7.2 +28V and GND Test Points

The test points labeled +28V and GND are used to determine whether +28V power is present.

# **Chapter 4 – Maintenance and Repair**

#### 4.1 Maintenance

This equipment has been designed to give long, trouble-free service with very little maintenance. Under normal service conditions, the only routine maintenance required is to monitor the air filter for cleanliness.



This equipment contains static sensitive devices. A grounded wrist strap and mat should be used when handling the internal circuit cards.



This equipment has been designed so maintenance operations can be performed while the equipment is operational (has power applied). Only the power supply assemblies and the AC line circuits contain potentially lethal shock hazards.

#### 4.1.1 Air Filter

The air filter should be checked monthly to ensure that an adequate supply of clean air is available to cool this equipment. If the air filter is dirty, either clean it with low-pressure air, vacuuming, or a mild soap-and-water solution; or replace it with a new air filter (PESA Part No. 81-9065-2360-0).

#### 4.2 Troubleshooting

#### 4.2.1 Subassembly LEDs

If this equipment fails to operate correctly, check the appropriate LEDs listed below for information concerning operational status.

Table 22. Power Supply LEDs

LED	Color	STATUS	DESCRIPTION	ACTION REQUIRED
PWR OK	Green	On	+28V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None.
		Off	Power is not present.	Replace the power supply.
Temp	Red	On	+28V power is not within normal operating parameters.	If this alert appears on multiple power supplies, ensure that all of the power supplies are properly installed. If only one power supply appears with this alert, replace it.
			There is an over-temp condition in the power supply. This can occur either because a power supply has been removed, resulting in lower total power; or because an individual power supply is faulty.	Check the fans and make sure all the access panels are in place. If the fans are working, the panels are in place, and the Temp LED is still on, then replace the power supply.
		Off	No alert conditions are present.	None
Current	Red	Blinking	There is an overcurrent condition in the power supply.	Check to make sure all of the other power supplies are functional (the PWR OK LED is on). If the other power supplies are functional and the Current LED is still blinking, then replace the power supply.
		Off	No alert conditions are present.	None

Table 23. Matrix Board LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description	Action Required
Control Error	Red	On	Indicates that a control error has occurred or a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. In the case of a control error, the LED will remain illuminated until a message with a good CRC has been received.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
		Blinking	Indicates a missing receive clock error.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
In Use	Yellow	On	Indicates that a crosspoint on the matrix card is activated.	None
+28V	Green	On	Indicates that the +28Vpower is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None
		Blinking	Indicates that 28V is not stable or the 3.3V or 2.5V power supplies are not working.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
+3.3V	Green	On	Indicates that the +3.3V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None
+2.5V	Green	On	Indicates that the +2.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None
Port A, Port B (Surface- mounted on the PCB)	Yellow	On	Indicate whether the board is communicating with the frame controller via communications port A or B.	None

Table 24. Output Board LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description	Action Required
Control Error	Green	On	Indicates that a control error has occurred or a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. In the case of a control error, the LED will remain illuminated until a message with a good CRC has been received.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
		Blinking	Indicates a missing receive clock error.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
Power Good	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V, +5.0V, +3.7V, and +4.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None
		Blinking	Indicates that 28V is not stable or the 5.0V, 3.7V, or 4.5V power supplies are not working.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
Port A, Port B (Surface- mounted on the PCB)	Yellow	On	Indicate whether the board is communicating with the frame controller via communications port A or B.	None.

Table 25. Input Board LEDs

LED	Color	Status	Description	Action Required
Control Error	Green	On	Indicates that a control error has occurred or a loss of receive clock from frame controller has been detected. A control error includes a bad CRC of the received data, incorrect number of words in the message being received, or corrupted data in the message being received. In the case of a control error, the LED will remain illuminated until a message with a good CRC has been received.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
		Blinking	Indicates a missing receive clock error.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
Power Good	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V, +4.8V, +4.3V, and +3.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters.	None.
		Blinking	Indicates that 28V is not stable or that the 4.8V, 4.3V, or 3.5V power supplies are not working.	Remove and re-insert the board. If the condition continues, replace the board.
+28V	Green	On	Indicates that the +28V power is stable and within normal operating parameters. This is a surface mount LED located on the PCB.	None
+4.8V	Green	On	Indicates that the +3.3V power is stable and within normal operating parameters. This is a surface mount LED located on the PCB.	None

+4.3V	Green	On	Indicates that the +3.3V power is stable and within normal operating parameters. This is a surface mount LED located on the PCB.	None
+3.5V	Green	On	Indicates that the +2.5V power is stable and within normal operating parameters. This is a surface mount LED located on the PCB.	None
Port A, Port B (surface- mounted on the PCB)	Yellow	On	Indicate whether the board is communicating with the frame controller via communications port A or B.	None

#### 4.2.2 PESA Customer Service

If the troubleshooting information above does not resolve your problem, contact PESA's Customer Service Department. Contact information for the Customer Service Department appears on the front cover of this document.

#### 4.3 Repair

Before attempting to repair this equipment, consult your warranty documents and/or PESA's Customer Service Department. Unauthorized field repairs may void your warranty.



The power supply assemblies in this equipment should only be serviced by qualified service personnel using appropriate equipment.



Consult PESA Customer Service before attempting to repair any of the PC cards in this equipment

#### 4.3.1 Replacement Parts

Only parts of the highest quality have been used in the design and manufacture of this equipment. If the inherent stability and reliability are to be maintained, replacement parts must be of the same high quality. Contact PESA's Customer Service Department before installing any parts not purchased from PESA.

### 4.3.2 Return Material Authorization (RMA)

Before returning any equipment for service or replacement, contact PESA's Customer Service Department for an RMA number. Contact information for the Customer Service Department appears on the front cover of this document.

#### 4.4 PESA Documentation

81-9062-0316-0	PESA Router Control (PRC) Protocol
81-9059-0402-0	3500Plus System Controller Manual
81-9059-426-0	3500Plus Control Software Manual
81-9059-426-0	

# **Appendix A. – Ethernet Configuration**

The Matrix Frame Controller supports a variety of interfaces via the Ethernet interface. These include NET PRC, HTTP (web browser), SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol), and Telnet. To configure this access, the following items will need to be configured:

Table 26. Ethernet Configuration

Name	Usage	Default
DHCP On/Off	Automatically obtain an IP address from a DHCP server on the network.	On
IP Address	When DHCP is disabled, allows a fixed IP address to be assigned to the Matrix Frame Controller.	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	When DHCP is disabled, allows the specification of the subnet mask for the IP address.	0.0.0.0
Gateway	When DHCP is disabled, allows the specification on the default gateway.	0.0.0.0
Telnet On/Off	Enables or disables the Telnet server.	On
Telnet Port	Allows the specification of the TCP port to be used by the Telnet server.	23
Telnet Password	Specifies the password for telnet access.	  dlank>
NETPRC Master/Slave	Enables or disables the NETPRC server. Note that the SNMP agent is disabled in Slave mode.	Slave
NETPRC Port	Allows the specification of the TCP port to be used by the NETPRC server.	1000
Read Community	Specifies the read community string for the SNMP agent.	public
Write Community	Specifies the write community string for the SNMP agent.	private
Trap Community	Specifies the trap community string for the SNMP agent.	public
Traps On/Off	Enables or disables SNMP trap generation.	Off
Authentication Traps On/Off	Enables or disables SNMP Authentication failure trap generation.	Off
Trap Target IP	Specifies the IP address to receive SNMP traps.	0.0.0.0

These fields are accessed via the DB-9 RS-232 connector on the Matrix Frame Controller. Communication parameters for this serial interface default to 38400 baud, no parity, 8 data bits, and 1 stop bit.

Upon connection to the serial interface (via a communications program such as Hyperterminal), enter the command 'ET' (for Ethernet) at the '>' prompt. The current Ethernet settings will be displayed (note that these settings are unavailable via the Telnet interface). For example,

>et

MAC address : 02:02:02:02:02:02 SERIAL # : AAAAAA000000001

DHCP : ON

IP address: 192.168.000.104 Subnet mask : 255.255.255.000 Def Gateway : 192.168.000.002

NETPRC: MASTER
NETPRC port: 1000
TELNET: ON
TELNET port: 23
TELNET pass:
RCOMM: public
WCOMM: private
TCOMM: public

TRAP : OFF AUTH : OFF

TARGET : 000.000.000.000

>

Help on how to change one of these settings can be obtained by entering the command 'HE ET' (for Help Ethernet) at the '>' prompt. For example,

>he et

```
Syntax: ET < DHCP [ON|OFF] | IP [addr] | GW [addr] |
                    | DP [port] | TN [ON|OFF] |
       SN [addr]
       TP [tport] | TL [pass] | RCOMM [str] |
       WCOMM [str] | TCOMM [str] | TRAP [ON|OFF] |
       AUTH [ON|OFF] | TARGET [addr] | NP [MASTER|SLAVE] >
Where: DHCP ON enables client automatic IP address negotiation.
   : IP [addr] allows you to set the IP address of the PMFC.
   : GW [addr] allows you to set the gateway address.
     SN [addr] allows you to set the subnet mask.
   : DP [port] allows you to set the NETPRC IP port.
    : TN ON enables the on-board telnet server.
   : TP [port] allows you to set the telnet port.
   : TL [pass] allows you to set the telnet login password.
       where addr is in dotted notation (ex. 192.168.1.1).
       where port is in the range [1000...65535].
       where tport is in the range [23,1000...65535].
   : RCOMM [str] allows you to set the SNMP read community string.
   : WCOMM [str] allows you to set the SNMP write community string.
   : TCOMM [str] allows you to set the SNMP trap community string.
   : TRAP ON enables SNMP traps.
   : AUTH ON enables authentication traps.
   : TARGET [addr] allows you to set the trap target IP address.
   : NP [MASTER|SLAVE] sets the NETPRC type of the PMFC.
```

>et

SERIAL # : EEEEEE000000001 DHCP : ON IP address: 192.168.000.114 Subnet mask: 255.255.255.000 Def Gateway: 192.168.000.002 **NETPRC** : SLAVE NETPRC port: 1000 TELNET : ON TELNET port: 23 TELNET pass: RCOMM : public WCOMM : private TCOMM : public TRAP : OFF : OFF AUTH : 000.000.000.000 TARGET

MAC address: 02:02:02:02:02:0a

>

For example, to set the read community string to 'pesa', enter >ET RCOMM pesa

and press return. To view your changes, wait for the '>' prompt and enter 'ET'.

### Appendix B. - SNMP

The Cheetah Matrix Frame Controller contains an SNMP v2c agent which is also compatible with SNMP v1 management stations. The agent supports the following standards:

RFC 1903 – SNMPv2 Textual Conventions

RFC 1904 – SNMPv2 Conformance Statements

RFC 1905 – SNMPv2 Protocol Operations

RFC 1906 – SNMPv2 Transport Mappings

RFC 1907 – SNMPv2 SNMP MIB Objects

RFC 1908 – SNMPv1 Coexistence

RFC 2011 – SNMPv2 IP MIB Objects

RFC 2012 – SNMPv2 TCP MIB Objects

RFC 2013 - SNMPv2 UDP MIB Objects

Two enterprise MIBs are used to provide full control of Cheetah Switchers. The first, PESA-TC.MIB, is a MIB which defines some textual conventions. The second, PESA-MATRIX.MIB, contains objects which allow SNMP-based control and monitoring of one or more Cheetah Switchers.

Both of these MIBs are available at the PESA website, <u>www.pesa.com</u>, for electronic download. The full text of these MIBs appears in Appendices C and D.

Note that the agent within the Matrix Frame Controller implements a subset of the PESA-MATRIX MIB. The optional Group tables are reserved for implementation within the System Controller.

The agent is capable of managing multiple Cheetah Switchers. This is accomplished in two steps:

- a) connecting the Cheetah Switchers via the RS-422 Aux Frame Port described in section Error! Reference source not found., Error! Reference source not found. on page Error! Bookmark not defined. and illustrated in Error! Reference source not found. on page Error! Bookmark not defined.
- b) set the Matrix Frame Controller which is to communicate with your SNMP management application to NETPRC Master. Note that if you have redundant Matrix Frame Controllers in the Switcher, BOTH must be configured as NETPRC Master. Refer to Appendix A to accomplish this.
- c) set all other Matrix Frame Controllers which you have connected to the NETPRC Master controller to NETPRC Slave.

The agent will then be able to configure and control all of the Cheetah Switchers in the connected collection.

Once you have configured the Matrix Frame Controller's SNMP agent (as described in Appendix A), you may issue SNMP commands. The following commands were issued on a PC running Linux against a pair of small Cheetah Switchers.

The first of these simply obtains the inventory for the two frames.

```
$ snmpwalk 192.168.0.106 pesaFrameInvDeviceType
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.1 = INTEGER: frameController(6)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.2 = INTEGER: frameController(6)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.3 = INTEGER: inputBoard(1)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.4 = INTEGER: inputBoard(1)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.5 = INTEGER: outputBoard(2)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.6 = INTEGER: powerSupply(3)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.7 = INTEGER: matrixCard(5)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.1.8 = INTEGER: outputMonitorCard(4)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.2.1 = INTEGER: inputBoard(1)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.2.2 = INTEGER: outputBoard(2)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.2.3 = INTEGER: outputBoard(2)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.2.4 = INTEGER: powerSupply(3)
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaFrameInvDeviceType.2.5 = INTEGER: matrixCard(5)
```

The next set of commands creates a preset (a collection of switches that are to be taken as a group). In this case, the preset contains two switch definitions (preset members). The first connects source 1 to destination 1 on level 2. The second connects source 2 to destination 2, again on level 2. Both are set to utilize the synchronization signal A (REF 1 on the Cheetah back panel).

```
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetStatus.1 i 2
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetStatus.1 = INTEGER: active(2)
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberRowStatus.1.2.1 i 1
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberRowStatus.1.2.1 = INTEGER: active(1)
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberSyncSource.1.2.1 b syncA
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberSyncSource.1.2.1 = BITS: 80 syncA(0)
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberSourceNum.1.2.1 u 1
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberSourceNum.1.2.1 = Gauge32: 1
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberRowStatus.1.2.2 i 1
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberRowStatus.2.2.1 = INTEGER: active(1)
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberSyncSource.1.2.2 b syncA
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberSyncSource.2.2.1 = BITS: 80 syncA(0)
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaPresetMemberSourceNum.1.2.2 u 2
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaPresetMemberSourceNum.2.2.1 = Gauge32: 2
$ snmpset 192.168.0.106 -c private pesaTakePreset.0 u 1
PESA-MATRIX-MIB::pesaTakePreset.0 = Gauge32: 1
```

Note that if you specify sources, destinations, or synchronization sources which are unknown to the agent, the operations will fail.

## **Appendix C. – PESA TC MIB Definitions**

```
PESA-TC-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY,
    Integer32,
                                   FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    enterprises
    TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
                                   FROM SNMPv2-TC;
pesa MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200207170000Z" -- July 17, 2002
    ORGANIZATION "PESA Switching Systems, Inc."
    CONTACT-INFO
               'www:
                           http://www.pesa.com
               Postal:
                           330-A Wynn Drive
                           Huntsville, Alabama 35805
                           U.S.A.
               Email:
                           mib-info@pesa.com
               Phone:
                           +1 256 726 9200
              "Fax:
                           +1 256 726 9271
    DESCRIPTION
         'This MIB module defines a collection of textual conventions
    used in PESA MIBs."
REVISION "200207170000Z" -- July 17, 2002
    DESCRIPTION "Initial version."
    REVISION "200301240000Z" -- January 24, 2003
    DESCRIPTION "Changed PesaSyncSource bit definitions."
    ::= { enterprises 13674 }
PesaSyncSource ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Describes or selects synchronization source(s)."
    SYNTAX BITS
        syncA(0),
        syncB(1),
        syncc(2),
        syncD(3),
        synce(4),
        syncF(5)
PesaMatrixStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "Specifies the status of a matrix."
    SYNTAX BITS
        {
        unavailable(0),
        up(1),
        invalidConfiguration(2)
PesaFrameStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Specifies the status of a frame."
    SYNTAX BITS
```

```
unavailable(0),
        up(1),
        invalidConfiguration(2),
        flashMemoryError(3),
        primaryControllerError(4),
        overTemperatureError(5)
PesaBoardStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Specifies the status of a frame inventory element (a board)."
    SYNTAX BITS
        {
        unavailable(0),
        up(1),
invalidConfiguration(2),
        flashMemoryError(3),
        primaryControllerError(4),
        overTemperatureError(5)
PesaSourceStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Specifies the status of a source."
    SYNTAX BITS
        unavailable(0),
        up(1),
        invalidConfiguration(2)
PesaDestinationStatus ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
    STATUS
                 current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Specifies the status of a destination."
    SYNTAX BITS
        unavailable(0),
        up(1),
        invalidConfiguration(2)
PesaDevices ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
        "Pesa device type enumeration."
    SYNTAX INTEGER
        inputBoard(1),
        outputBoard(2),
        powerSupply(3),
        outputMonitorCard(4),
        matrixCard(5),
        frameController(6)
END
```

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### **Appendix D. – PESA Matrix MIB Definitions**

```
PESA-MATRIX-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
   MODULE-IDENTITY,
   OBJECT-TYPE,
   Counter32,
   Unsigned32,
   NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
   TimeTicks
                                  FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    PesaSyncSource,
    PesaMatrixStatus,
    PesaFrameStatus,
    PesaBoardStatus,
    PesaSourceStatus,
    PesaDevices,
    PesaDestinationStatus,
   pesa
                                  FROM PESA-TC-MIB
   TruthValue,
   RowStatus
                                  FROM SNMPv2-TC
    SnmpAdminString
                                  FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
   MODULE-COMPLIANCE,
    OBJECT-GROUP,
   NOTIFICATION-GROUP
                                  FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
pesaMatrix MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200303240000Z" -- March 24, 2003
    ORGANIZATION "PESA Switching Systems, Inc."
    CONTACT-INFO
              "WWW:
                          http://www.pesa.com
               Postal:
                          330-A Wynn Drive
                          Huntsville, Alabama 35805
                          U.S.A.
               Email: mib-info@pesa.com
                        +1 256 726 9200
               Phone:
                          +1 256 726 9271
               Fax:
    DESCRIPTION
        "This MIB module defines a collection of objects for managing
        matrix space"
    REVISION "200207160000Z" -- July 16, 2002
    DESCRIPTION "Initial version."
    REVISION "200208020000Z" -- August 2, 2002
    DESCRIPTION "Added support for multiple matrices."
    REVISION "200301240000Z" -- January 24, 2003
    DESCRIPTION "Removed restriction against dribble mode for
                 read-create objects (i.e. better implementation)."
    REVISION "200303240000Z" -- March 24, 2003
    DESCRIPTION "Added pesaSourceSignalPresence,
                 pesaDestDetectedFormat, and pesaDestReclock."
    ::= { pesa 1 }
pesaMatrixMibObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pesaMatrix 1 }
```

```
-- Matrix table
pesaMatrixTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaMatrixEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table describes the overall configuration of the matrix
    space represented within this MIB. Matrix space consists of
    one or more matrices. Each row in this table describes a
    matrix.
    Absractly, a matrix may be considered a rectangle which resides
    on a plane, specified by pesaMatrixLevel, in 3-d matrix space.
    This matrix represents a collection of
             contiguous sources
             contiguous destinations
    where each destination may be mapped (or switched) to no more
    than one source. These sources and destinations are described
    in their respective tables.
    Each source and each destination is associated with a physical entity,
    which is itself located with a frame (chassis). These physical
    entities are listed within the Frame and Frame Inventory tables."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 1 }
pesaMatrixEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaMatrixEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          current
  STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry exists for each matrix in matrix space."
   INDEX { pesaMatrixIndex }
  ::= { pesaMatrixTable 1 }
PesaMatrixEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixIndex
   pesaMatrixName
                                           SnmpAdminString,
   pesaMatrixLevel
                                           Unsigned32,
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixNumSources
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixSourcesLowerBound
                                          Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixSourcesUpperBound
   pesaMatrixNumDests
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixDestsLowerBound
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixDestsUpperBound
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaMatrixSwitchCount
                                           Counter32,
   pesaMatrixFailedSwitchCount
                                          Counter32,
                                      Counter32,
   pesaMatrixBlockedSwitchCount
   pesaMatrixStatus
                                          PesaMatrixStatus,
                                          TruthValue,
   pesaMatrixStatusNotify
   pesaMatrixSwitchNotify
                                          TruthValue,
```

```
TimeTicks
   pesaMatrixLastChanged
    }
pesaMatrixIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The index into the matrix table."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 1 }
pesaMatrixName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The name for this matrix."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 2 }
pesaMatrixLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The level for this matrix (or 'z' in 3-d space)."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 3 }
pesaMatrixNumSources OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
              read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of sources in the matrix. For a fully populated
        matrix, this is equivalent to pesaMatrixSourcesUpperBound -
        pesaMatrixSourcesLowerBound + 1."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 4 }
pesaMatrixSourcesLowerBound OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The lowest source number in the matrix. Normally, this is fixed
        at 1. Matrices that do not support dynamic range assignment
        will treat this as read-only."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 5 }
pesaMatrixSourcesUpperBound OBJECT-TYPE
          Unsigned32
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The highest source number in the matrix. Normally, this is
        equivalent to pesaMatrixNumSources. Matrices that do not support
        dynamic range assignment will treat this as read-only."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 6 }
```

```
pesaMatrixNumDests OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32 MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of destinations in the matrix. For a fully
        populated matrix, this is equivalent to pesaMatrixDestsUpperBound -
        pesaMatrixDestsLowerBound + 1. Matrices that do not support
        dynamic range assignment will treat this as read-only."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 7 }
pesaMatrixDestsLowerBound OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The lowest destination number in the matrix. Normally, this is
         fixed at 1. Matrices that do not support dynamic range assignment
        will treat this as read-only."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 8 }
pesaMatrixDestsUpperBound OBJECT-TYPE
           Unsigned32
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The highest destination number in the matrix. Normally, this is
        equivalent to pesaMatrixNumDests. Matrices that do not support
        dynamic range assignment will treat this as read-only."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 9 }
pesaMatrixSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of successful switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 10 }
pesaMatrixFailedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
               read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of failed switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset. A failed switch is defined as
        any switch the matrix was commanded to take but that was
        unsuccessful for any reason."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 11 }
pesaMatrixBlockedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
            Counter32
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of blocked switches that have occurred in the
```

```
matrix since the last reset. A blocked switch is a switch that
        has failed because of administrative policies."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 12 }
pesaMatrixStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX PesaMatrixStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The overall status of the matrix."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 13 }
pesaMatrixStatusNotify OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if a pesaMatrixNotifyStatusChange notification
        should be generated when pesaMatrixStatus changes."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 14 }
pesaMatrixSwitchNotify OBJECT-TYPE
            TruthValue
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if a pesaMatrixSwitchNotification notification
        should be generated when a switch is taken in the matrix."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 15 }
pesaMatrixLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
           TimeTicks
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The value of sysUpTime when pesaMatrixStatus last changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixEntry 16 }
-- Frame table
pesaFrameTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaFrameEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table describes the chassis which house the physical elements
    of matrix space. A matrix may reside on one or more frames. A
    frame may contain one or more matrices."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 2 }
pesaFrameEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
              PesaFrameEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
              current
  DESCRIPTION
       "An entry exists for each frame in the matrix."
```

```
{ pesaFrameIndex }
   ::= { pesaFrameTable 1 }
PesaFrameEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaFrameIndex
                                          Unsigned32,
   pesaFrameName
                                           SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameProductId
                                           SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameSerialNumber
                                          SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameHardwareRev
                                          SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameSoftwareRev
                                          SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameAvailableSyncSources
                                          PesaSyncSource,
   pesaFrameSwitchCount
                                          Counter32,
   pesaFrameFailedSwitchCount
                                          Counter32,
   pesaFrameBlockedSwitchCount
                                          Counter32,
   pesaFrameStatus
                                          PesaFrameStatus,
   pesaFrameStatusNotify
                                          TruthValue,
                                          TimeTicks
   pesaFrameLastChanged
pesaFrameIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "The index for this entry."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 1 }
pesaFrameName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The user specified name for this frame."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 2 }
pesaFrameProductId OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The product id for this frame, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 3 }
pesaFrameSerialNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The serial number for this frame, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 4 }
pesaFrameHardwareRev OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
```

```
DESCRIPTION
        "The hardware revision for this frame, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 5 }
pesaFrameSoftwareRev OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
             SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The software revision for this frame, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 6 }
pesaFrameAvailableSyncSources OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                PesaSyncSource
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The sychronization sources available to this frame."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 7 }
pesaFrameSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
              Counter32
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of successful switches that have occurred in the
        frame since the last reset."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 8 }
pesaFrameFailedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of failed switches that have occurred in the
        frame since the last reset. A failed switch is defined as
         any switch the frame was commanded to take but that was
        unsuccessful for any reason."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 9 }
pesaFrameBlockedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Counter32
               read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of blocked switches that have occurred in the
         frame since the last reset. A blocked switch is a switch that
        has failed because of administrative policies."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 10 }
pesaFrameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                PesaFrameStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The overall status of the frame."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 11 }
```

```
pesaFrameStatusNotify OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if a pesaFrameNotifyStatusChange notification
        should be generated when pesaFrameStatus changes."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 12 }
pesaFrameLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The value of sysUpTime when pesaFrameStatus last changed."
    ::= { pesaFrameEntry 13 }
-- Frame inventory table
pesaFrameInvTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaFrameInvEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table describes the devices that comprise a frame."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 3 }
pesaFrameInvEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaFrameInvEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaFrameInvTable."
   TNDEX
      pesaFrameIndex,
      pesaFrameInvIndex
   ::= { pesaFrameInvTable 1 }
PesaFrameInvEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
   {
   pesaFrameInvIndex
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaFrameInvDeviceType
                                           PesaDevices,
   pesaFrameInvProductId
                                           SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameInvSerialNumber
                                           SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameInvHardwareRev
                                          SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameInvSoftwareRev
                                          SnmpAdminString,
   pesaFrameInvStatus
                                          PesaBoardStatus,
   pesaFrameInvStatusNotify
                                          TruthValue,
   pesaFrameInvLastChanged
                                          TimeTicks
pesaFrameInvIndex OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
              Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The index of the pesaFrameInvEntry element (i.e. a card
        or smart power supply in the frame)."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 1 }
pesaFrameInvDeviceType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               PesaDevices
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The device type of this element."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 2 }
pesaFrameInvProductId OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The product id of this element, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 3 }
pesaFrameInvSerialNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The serial number of this element, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 4 }
pesaFrameInvHardwareRev OBJECT-TYPE
            SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The hardware revision of this element, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 5 }
pesaFrameInvSoftwareRev OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
              read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The software revision of this element, if available."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 6 }
pesaFrameInvStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX PesaBoardStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "The overall status of the frame element."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 7 }
pesaFrameInvStatusNotify OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates if a pesaFrameInvNotifyStatusChange notification
        should be generated when pesaFrameInvStatus changes."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 8 }
pesaFrameInvLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The value of sysUpTime when pesaFrameInvStatus last changed."
    ::= { pesaFrameInvEntry 9 }
-- Sources
pesaSourcesTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaSourcesEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains an entry for each source in matrix space.
    Each entry represents a single column in a single plane in
    matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 4 }
pesaSourcesEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaSourcesEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaSourcesTable."
   INDEX
      pesaSourceLevel,
      pesaSourceNum
   ::= { pesaSourcesTable 1 }
PesaSourcesEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
   {
   pesaSourceLevel
                                         Unsigned32,
                                         Unsigned32,
   pesaSourceNum
                                         SnmpAdminString,
   pesaSourceName
   pesaSourceSwitchCount
                                         Counter32,
   pesaSourceFailedSwitchCount
                                         Counter32,
   pesaSourceBlockedSwitchCount
                                         Counter32,
   pesaSourceStatus
                                         PesaSourceStatus,
   pesaSourceStatusNotify
                                         TruthValue,
   pesaSourceLastChanged
                                         TimeTicks,
   pesaSourceSignalPresence
                                         TruthValue
```

```
pesaSourceLevel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
               not-accessible
   MAX-ACCESS
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The level of this source."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 1 }
pesaSourceNum OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The number of this source."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 2 }
pesaSourceName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
            SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The name of this source."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 3 }
pesaSourceSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of successful switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset that involved this source."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 4 }
pesaSourceFailedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
              Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of failed switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset that involved this source. A failed
        switch is defined as a switch the matrix was commanded to take but
        that was unsuccessful for any reason."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 5 }
pesaSourceBlockedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The total number of blocked switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset that involved this source. A blocked
        switch is a switch that has failed because of administrative
policies."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 6 }
pesaSourceStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                PesaSourceStatus
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The status of this source."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 7 }
pesaSourceStatusNotify OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates if a pesaSourceNotifyStatusChange notification
        should be generated when pesaSourceStatus changes."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 8 }
pesaSourceLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
           TimeTicks
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The value of sysUpTime when pesaSourceStatus last changed."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 9 }
pesaSourceSignalPresence OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates that the source detects an active signal. For systems
       without the capability to detect source presence, this object
       will return a default value of true."
    ::= { pesaSourcesEntry 10 }
-- Destinations
pesaDestsTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaDestsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains entries for each destination in the matrix.
     Each destination represents a row in a plane in matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 5 }
pesaDestsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaDestsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaDestsTable."
  INDEX
      pesaDestLevel,
      pesaDestNum
   ::= { pesaDestsTable 1 }
```

```
PesaDestsEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaDestLevel
                                    Unsigned32,
   pesaDestNum
                                    Unsigned32,
   pesaDestName
                                    SnmpAdminString,
   pesaDestSwitchCount
                                   Counter32,
   pesaDestFailedSwitchCount
                                   Counter32,
   pesaDestBlockedSwitchCount
                                   Counter32,
   pesaDestStatus
                                   PesaDestinationStatus,
   pesaDestStatusNotify
                                   TruthValue,
   pesaDestLastChanged
                                   TimeTicks,
   pesaDestDetectedFormat
                                   INTEGER,
   pesaDestReclock
                                   INTEGER
pesaDestLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The level of this destination."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 1 }
pesaDestNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATIIS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The number of this destination."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 2 }
pesaDestName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The name for this destination."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 3 }
pesaDestSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
              read-only
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of successful switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset that involved this destination."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 4 }
pesaDestFailedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of failed switches that have occurred in the
```

```
matrix since the last reset that involved this destination. A
failed
        switch is defined as a switch the matrix was commanded to take but
        that was unsuccessful for any reason."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 5 }
pesaDestBlockedSwitchCount OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            Counter32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of blocked switches that have occurred in the
        matrix since the last reset that involved this destination. A
        switch is a switch that has failed because of administrative
policies."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 6 }
pesaDestStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX PesaDestinationStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The status of this source."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 7 }
pesaDestStatusNotify OBJECT-TYPE
            TruthValue
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates if a pesaDestNotifyStatusChange notification
        should be generated when pesaDestStatus changes."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 8 }
pesaDestLastChanged OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX TimeTicks
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
        "The value of sysUpTime when pesaDestStatus last changed."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 9 }
pesaDestDetectedFormat OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
                INTEGER
                {
                unknown(0),
                formathD(1),
                formatSD143(2),
                formatSD177(3),
                formatSD270(4),
                formatSD360(5),
                formatSD540(6)
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-only
   STATUS
           current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Indicates the detected signal format for this destination.
       For systems without support for this object, or in those
       instances when the format cannot be detected, this object will
       return a default value of unknown(0)."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 10 }
pesaDestReclock OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
               INTEGER
                bypass(0),
                reclockHD(1),
                reclock144(2),
                reclock277(3),
                reclock360(4)
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Indicates the destination reclocker frequency. For systems
       without support for this object, this object will return a
       default value of bypass(0)."
    ::= { pesaDestsEntry 11 }
-- Source Groups
pesaSourceGroupsTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaSourceGroupsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This table defines logical grouping of sources in matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 6 }
pesaSourceGroupsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaSourceGroupsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaSourceGroupsTable."
   INDEX { pesaSourceGroupIndex }
  ::= { pesaSourceGroupsTable 1 }
PesaSourceGroupsEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
   pesaSourceGroupIndex
                             Unsigned32,
                             SnmpAdminString,
   pesaSourceGroupName
   pesaSourceGroupRowStatus RowStatus
pesaSourceGroupIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
        "The index for this group."
```

```
::= { pesaSourceGroupsEntry 1 }
pesaSourceGroupName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
          current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The name for this group."
    ::= { pesaSourceGroupsEntry 2 }
pesaSourceGroupRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
          current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus. If an active entry is
        another table, the entry MUST remain active until all references
        are removed."
    ::= { pesaSourceGroupsEntry 3 }
pesaSourceGroupMembersTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaSourceGroupMembersEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This table defines the members of a logical group of sources in
       matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 7 }
pesaSourceGroupMembersEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaSourceGroupMembersEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
           current
  STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaSourceGroupMembersTable."
   INDEX
      pesaSourceGroupIndex,
      pesaSourceGroupMemberLevel,
      pesaSourceGroupMemberNum
   ::= { pesaSourceGroupMembersTable 1 }
PesaSourceGroupMembersEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaSourceGroupMemberLevel
                                    Unsigned32,
   pesaSourceGroupMemberNum
                                     Unsigned32,
   pesaSourceGroupMemberRowStatus
                                    RowStatus
pesaSourceGroupMemberLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The level of this source. The source uniquely identified by the
        combination of pesaSourceGroupMemberLevel and
        pesaSourceGroupMemberNum MUST exist in pesaSourcesTable."
    ::= { pesaSourceGroupMembersEntry 1 }
pesaSourceGroupMemberNum OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The number of this source. The source uniquely identified by
        the combination of pesaSourceGroupMemberLevel and
        pesaSourceGroupMemberNum MUST exist in pesaSourceTable."
    ::= { pesaSourceGroupMembersEntry 2 }
pesaSourceGroupMemberRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
          RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus."
    ::= { pesaSourceGroupMembersEntry 3 }
-- Dest Groups
pesaDestGroupsTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaDestGroupsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table defines logical grouping of destinations in matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 8 }
pesaDestGroupsEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaDestGroupsEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
             current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaDestGroupsTable."
  INDEX { pesaDestGroupIndex }
  ::= { pesaDestGroupsTable 1 }
PesaDestGroupsEntry ::=
   SEOUENCE
   {
   pesaDestGroupIndex
                                  Unsigned32,
                                  SnmpAdminString,
   pesaDestGroupName
   pesaDestGroupRowStatus
                                 RowStatus
pesaDestGroupIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The index for this group."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupsEntry 1 }
pesaDestGroupName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
            current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The name for this group."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupsEntry 2 }
pesaDestGroupRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus. If an active entry is
        another table, the entry MUST remain active until all references
        are removed."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupsEntry 3 }
pesaDestGroupMembersTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaDestGroupMembersEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
          current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This table defines logical grouping of outputs in the matrix."
  ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 9 }
pesaDestGroupMembersEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaDestGroupMembersEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          current
  STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaDestGroupMembersTable."
   INDEX
      pesaDestGroupIndex,
      pesaDestGroupMemberLevel,
      pesaDestGroupMemberNum
   ::= { pesaDestGroupMembersTable 1 }
PesaDestGroupMembersEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaDestGroupMemberLevel
                                  Unsigned32,
   pesaDestGroupMemberNum
                                   Unsigned32,
   pesaDestGroupMemberRowStatus
                                  RowStatus
pesaDestGroupMemberLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
```

```
"The level of this destination. The destination uniquely identified
        by the combination of pesaDestGroupMemberLevel and
        pesaDestGroupMemberNum MUST exist in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupMembersEntry 1 }
pesaDestGroupMemberNum OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The number of this destination. The destination uniquely identified
        by the combination of pesaDestGroupMemberLevel and
        pesaDestGroupMemberNum MUST exist in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupMembersEntry 2 }
pesaDestGroupMemberRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus."
    ::= { pesaDestGroupMembersEntry 3 }
-- Source->Destination Blocking (group-level)
pesaGroupBlockingTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaGroupBlockingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
     "This table describes a collection of source-destination pairings
     where members of the given source group are administratively prohibited
     from being connected to members of the given destination group."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 10 }
pesaGroupBlockingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaGroupBlockingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaGroupBlockingTable."
   INDEX
      pesaGroupBlockingSource,
      pesaGroupBlockingDest
   ::= { pesaGroupBlockingTable 1 }
PesaGroupBlockingEntry ::=
   SEOUENCE
   pesaGroupBlockingSource
                                   Unsigned32,
   pesaGroupBlockingDest
                                    Unsigned32,
                                    RowStatus
   pesaGroupBlockingRowStatus
```

```
pesaGroupBlockingSource OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
           Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Identifies an entry in the pesaSourceGroupsTable."
    ::= { pesaGroupBlockingEntry 1 }
pesaGroupBlockingDest OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
       "Identifies an entry in the pesaDestGroupsTable."
    ::= { pesaGroupBlockingEntry 2 }
pesaGroupBlockingRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus."
    ::= { pesaGroupBlockingEntry 3 }
-- Source->Destination Blocking (pair-level)
pesaBlockingTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaBlockingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This table contains a collection of source-destination pairings
     where the given source is administratively prohibited from being
     connected to the given destination.
     Please note that some implementations MAY require the source and
     destination to be in the same matrix."
  ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 11 }
pesaBlockingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaBlockingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaBlockingTable."
   INDEX
      pesaBlockingLevel,
      pesaBlockingSourceNum,
      pesaBlockingDestNum
   ::= { pesaBlockingTable 1 }
PesaBlockingEntry ::=
```

```
SEQUENCE
   pesaBlockingLevel
                                         Unsigned32,
   pesaBlockingSourceNum
                                         Unsigned32,
   pesaBlockingDestNum
                                         Unsigned32,
   pesaBlockingRowStatus
                                         RowStatus
pesaBlockingLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaBlockingSourceNum, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable. With pesaBlockingDestNum, identifies
       an entry in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaBlockingEntry 1 }
pesaBlockingSourceNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaBlockingLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable."
    ::= { pesaBlockingEntry 2 }
pesaBlockingDestNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
              not-accessible
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS
          current
    DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaBlockingLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaBlockingEntry 3 }
pesaBlockingRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus."
    ::= { pesaBlockingEntry 4 }
-- Presets
pesaPresetTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaPresetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table describes a collection of preset switch configurations."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 12 }
pesaPresetEntry OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
SYNTAX
          PesaPresetEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaPresetTable."
      pesaPresetIndex
   ::= { pesaPresetTable 1 }
PesaPresetEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaPresetIndex
                                      Unsigned32,
                                      SnmpAdminString,
   pesaPresetName
   pesaPresetStatus
                                      INTEGER
pesaPresetIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The index of this entry."
    ::= { pesaPresetEntry 1 }
pesaPresetName OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
            current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "The name of this preset."
    ::= { pesaPresetEntry 2 }
pesaPresetStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            INTEGER
                inactive(1),
                active(2)
   MAX-ACCESS
               read-write
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls the state of the preset.
        When pesaPresetStatus is set to inactive(1), the preset will not
have
        any members (see pesaPresetMembersTable)."
    ::= { pesaPresetEntry 3 }
pesaPresetMembersTable OBJECT-TYPE
          SEQUENCE OF PesaPresetMembersEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
     "This table describes a collection of preset switch configurations.
```

```
Please note that some implementations MAY require that the source
     and destination be in the same matrix."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 13 }
pesaPresetMembersEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
           PesaPresetMembersEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaPresetMembersTable."
   INDEX
      pesaPresetIndex,
      pesaPresetMemberLevel,
      pesaPresetMemberDestNum
   ::= { pesaPresetMembersTable 1 }
PesaPresetMembersEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
                                            Unsigned32,
   pesaPresetMemberLevel
                                            Unsigned32,
   pesaPresetMemberDestNum
   pesaPresetMemberSourceNum
                                            Unsigned32,
   pesaPresetMemberSyncSource
                                            PesaSyncSource,
   pesaPresetMemberRowStatus
                                            RowStatus
    }
pesaPresetMemberLevel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaPresetMemberSourceNum, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable. With pesaPresetMemberDestNum, identifies
       an entry in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaPresetMembersEntry 1 }
pesaPresetMemberDestNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "With pesaPresetMemberLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaPresetMembersEntry 2 }
pesaPresetMemberSourceNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaPresetMemberLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable."
    ::= { pesaPresetMembersEntry 3 }
```

```
pesaPresetMemberSyncSource OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX PesaSyncSource
              read-create
   MAX-ACCESS
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Specifies the synchronization source for this preset switch."
    ::= { pesaPresetMembersEntry 4 }
pesaPresetMemberRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            RowStatus
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
              current
   STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object controls creation/deletion of the associated entry in
        this table per the semantics of RowStatus."
    ::= { pesaPresetMembersEntry 5 }
-- Current switch configuration
pesaCurrentTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PesaCurrentEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
            current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table describes the current state of matrix space."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 14 }
pesaCurrentEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX PesaCurrentEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
          current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaCurrentTable. Each entry represents
       a connected source-destination pair."
  INDEX
      pesaCurrentLevel,
      pesaCurrentDestNum
   ::= { pesaCurrentTable 1 }
PesaCurrentEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
   {
   pesaCurrentLevel
                                           Unsigned32,
                                           Unsigned32,
   pesaCurrentSourceNum
                                           Unsigned32
   pesaCurrentDestNum
pesaCurrentLevel OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaCurrentSourceNum, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable. With pesaCurrentDestNum, identifies
```

```
an entry in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaCurrentEntry 1 }
pesaCurrentSourceNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaCurrentLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable."
    ::= { pesaCurrentEntry 2 }
pesaCurrentDestNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "With pesaCurrentLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaCurrentEntry 3 }
-- take preset command
pesaTakePreset OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
                current.
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "Identifies a row in pesaPresetTable. Writing a value to this
      object will cause the identified set of preset switches to be
      taken."
    ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 15 }
-- take switch command
pesaTakeSwitchTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            SEQUENCE OF PesaTakeSwitchEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
            current
  DESCRIPTION
    "This table allows the taking of a switch."
   ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 16 }
pesaTakeSwitchEntry OBJECT-TYPE
            PesaTakeSwitchEntry
  MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
  STATUS
              current
   DESCRIPTION
      "An entry in the pesaTakeSwitchTable."
  INDEX
      pesaTakeSwitchLevel,
      pesaTakeSwitchSourceNum,
      pesaTakeSwitchDestNum
```

```
::= { pesaTakeSwitchTable 1 }
PesaTakeSwitchEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE
    {
   pesaTakeSwitchLevel
                                               Unsigned32,
   pesaTakeSwitchSourceNum
                                               Unsigned32,
   pesaTakeSwitchDestNum
                                               Unsigned32,
   pesaTakeSwitchRowStatus
                                               RowStatus
pesaTakeSwitchLevel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
            Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "With pesaTakeSwitchSourceNum, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable. With pesaTakeSwitchDestNum, identifies
       an entry in pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaTakeSwitchEntry 1 }
pesaTakeSwitchSourceNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaTakeSwitchLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaSourcesTable."
    ::= { pesaTakeSwitchEntry 2 }
pesaTakeSwitchDestNum OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
      "With pesaTakeSwitchLevel, identifies an entry in
       pesaDestsTable."
    ::= { pesaTakeSwitchEntry 3 }
pesaTakeSwitchRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
            RowStatus
   SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-create
   STATUS
                current
   DESCRIPTION
      "Setting this object to 'active' will cause a
      switch to be taken."
    ::= { pesaTakeSwitchEntry 4 }
-- notifications
pesaMatrixNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pesaMatrixMibObjects 19 }
pesaMatrixConfigurationConflict NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
```

PESA SWITCHING SYSTEMS

```
pesaMatrixStatus,
        pesaMatrixLastChanged
        }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Critical notification that the matrix has a configuration
        conflict."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 1 }
pesaMatrixNotifyStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
        pesaMatrixStatus,
       pesaMatrixLastChanged
        }
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that the matrix status has changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 2 }
pesaMatrixSwitchNotification NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
        {
        pesaCurrentSourceNum
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that a switch has been taken."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 3 }
pesaFrameNotifyStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
        pesaFrameStatus,
        pesaFrameLastChanged
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that a frame's status has changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 4 }
pesaFrameInvNotifyStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
        {
        pesaFrameInvStatus,
        pesaFrameInvLastChanged
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that a frame element's status has changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 5 }
pesaSourcesNotifyStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
        pesaSourceStatus,
        pesaSourceLastChanged
```

PESA SWITCHING SYSTEMS

```
}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that a source's status has changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 6 }
pesaDestNotifyStatusChange NOTIFICATION-TYPE
   OBJECTS
       pesaDestStatus,
        {\tt pesaDestLastChanged}
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Notification that a destination's status has changed."
    ::= { pesaMatrixNotifications 7 }
-- conformance
pesaMatrixConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pesaMatrix 2 }
pesaMatrixGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pesaMatrixConformance 1 }
pesaMatrixCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pesaMatrixConformance 2 }
pesaMatrixCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The compliance statement for SNMP entities which
        manage PESA Matrices."
   MODULE -- this module
   MANDATORY-GROUPS
        {
        pesaMatrixGroup,
        pesaMatrixNotificationGroup
    GROUP pesaGroupingGroup
    DESCRIPTION
       "Support for this group is only required for implementations
        that support grouping of sources and destinations."
    GROUP pesaPresetGroup
    DESCRIPTION
       "Support for this group is only required for implementations
        supporting presets."
    GROUP pesaGroupBlockingGroup
    DESCRIPTION
       "Support for this group is only required for implementations
        supporting group level blocking."
    GROUP pesaBlockingGroup
    DESCRIPTION
       "Support for this group is only required for implementations
        supporting source-destination level blocking."
```

PESA SWITCHING SYSTEMS

```
pesaMatrixName
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports user-defined matrix names."
               pesaFrameName
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports user-defined frame names."
   OBJECT
              pesaSourceName
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
         supports user-defined source names."
   OBJECT pesaDestName
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports user-defined destination names."
              pesaMatrixLevel
   OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports dynamic configuration of matrix space."
              pesaMatrixSourcesLowerBound
   OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports dynamic configuration of matrix space."
   OBJECT
              pesaMatrixSourcesUpperBound
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports dynamic configuration of matrix space."
   OBJECT
               pesaMatrixDestsLowerBound
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports dynamic configuration of matrix space."
   OBJECT
               pesaMatrixDestsUpperBound
   MIN-ACCESS read-only
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read-write access is only applicable when the Matrix
        supports dynamic configuration of matrix space."
    ::= { pesaMatrixCompliances 1 }
-- units of conformance
```

```
pesaMatrixGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
    {
    pesaMatrixName,
    pesaMatrixLevel,
    pesaMatrixNumSources,
    pesaMatrixSourcesLowerBound,
    pesaMatrixSourcesUpperBound,
    pesaMatrixNumDests,
    pesaMatrixDestsLowerBound,
    pesaMatrixDestsUpperBound,
    pesaMatrixSwitchCount,
    pesaMatrixFailedSwitchCount,
    pesaMatrixBlockedSwitchCount,
    pesaMatrixStatus,
    pesaMatrixStatusNotify,
    pesaMatrixSwitchNotify,
    pesaMatrixLastChanged,
    pesaFrameProductId,
    pesaFrameName,
    pesaFrameSerialNumber,
    pesaFrameHardwareRev,
    pesaFrameSoftwareRev,
    pesaFrameAvailableSyncSources,
    pesaFrameSwitchCount,
    pesaFrameFailedSwitchCount,
    pesaFrameBlockedSwitchCount,
    pesaFrameStatus,
    pesaFrameStatusNotify,
    pesaFrameLastChanged,
    pesaFrameInvDeviceType,
    pesaFrameInvProductId,
    pesaFrameInvSerialNumber,
    pesaFrameInvHardwareRev,
    pesaFrameInvSoftwareRev,
    pesaFrameInvStatus,
    pesaFrameInvStatusNotify,
    pesaFrameInvLastChanged,
    pesaSourceName,
    pesaSourceSwitchCount,
    pesaSourceFailedSwitchCount,
    pesaSourceBlockedSwitchCount,
    pesaSourceStatus,
    pesaSourceStatusNotify,
    pesaSourceLastChanged,
    pesaSourceSignalPresence,
    pesaDestName,
    pesaDestSwitchCount,
    pesaDestFailedSwitchCount,
    pesaDestBlockedSwitchCount,
    pesaDestStatus,
    pesaDestStatusNotify,
    pesaDestLastChanged,
    pesaDestDetectedFormat,
    pesaDestReclock,
    pesaCurrentSourceNum,
```

```
pesaTakeSwitchRowStatus,
    pesaTakePreset
    STATUS
             current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This group supports notifications of significant
        conditions associated with a PESA Matrix."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 1 }
pesaGroupingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
   pesaSourceGroupName,
   pesaSourceGroupRowStatus,
   pesaSourceGroupMemberRowStatus,
   pesaDestGroupName,
   pesaDestGroupRowStatus,
   pesaDestGroupMemberRowStatus
    }
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This group supports grouping."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 2 }
pesaPresetGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
    {
   pesaPresetName,
   pesaPresetStatus,
   pesaPresetMemberSourceNum,
   pesaPresetMemberSyncSource,
    pesaPresetMemberRowStatus
            current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "This group supports presets."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 3 }
pesaGroupBlockingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
    {
   pesaGroupBlockingRowStatus
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This group supports group level blocking."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 4 }
pesaBlockingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS
   pesaBlockingRowStatus
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This group supports group level blocking."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 5 }
```

```
pesaMatrixNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS
    {
    pesaMatrixConfigurationConflict,
    pesaMatrixNotifyStatusChange,
    pesaMatrixSwitchNotification,
    pesaFrameNotifyStatusChange,
    pesaFrameInvNotifyStatusChange,
    pesaSourcesNotifyStatusChange,
    {\tt pesaDestNotifyStatusChange}
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This group supports notifications of significant
        conditions associated with a PESA Matrix."
    ::= { pesaMatrixGroups 6 }
END
```

## Appendix E. - PESA Matrix Frame Controller Debug Port Protocol

The PESA Matrix Frame Controller Debug Port protocol is an RS-232 connection that allows service personnel to directly interact with the PESA Matrix frame controller in order to determine the health of the matrix and to perform certain diagnostics.

## E.1 Port Setup

Baud Rate: 38,400

# Data Bits: 8
# Stop Bits: 1
Parity: None

Flow Control: None

## E.2 Command Syntax

Commands consist of the first two non-whitespace ASCII character sequences entered in a command line.

Each command is followed by a series of optional data parameters. Data parameters start after the first whitespace following the command sequence. Commas delimit the data parameters. All data parameters have leading and trailing whitespaces trimmed.

A command is terminated by a Carriage return. A command is not acted on until the carriage return is received.

Command sequences are case insensitive.

## E.3 Command Line Character Input

The following indicates how characters input into the debug port are handled.

## **Command Entry**

Commands are entered character by character onto the command line. All ASCII keys are concatenated onto a string. In addition, entry of the DELETE or BACKSPACE keys will cause the last character entered to be removed from the character string.

In verbose mode, all ASCII characters entered into the serial port are echoed back. The DELETE and BACKSPACE keys cause control characters to be echoed that cause the cursor to move back deleting the last character input.

In terse mode, the input characters are not echoed back.

After a command has been executed, the debug port will output the appropriate response (if any) followed by a Carriage Return/Linefeed and the '>' character. The receipt of the '>' character indicates that the next command is ready to be entered.

### **Control Character Sequences**

The following control characters will be immediately acted on upon receipt by the debug port.

- Ctl-C Aborts the current command and starts new command line with a new prompt.
- Ctl-V Verbose Response Mode (default) Causes responses to be returned in a
- Ctl-T Terse Response Mode Causes commands to be responded to in a terse mode fit for machine consumption.

## E.4 Response Modes

There are two separate response modes for each command.

#### Verbose Mode

The verbose mode responses include text information and formatting that describe the command response in terms that can be read from a user using a terminal interface to the debug port.

#### Terse mode

This mode outputs minimal information that fully describes the necessary response data. Its intent is to be read from an automated device such as a PC.

#### E.5 Command Enumeration

(Command Characters in **BOLD** are those characters that are required for the command. The other characters may be entered to help describe the command to a user interface.

#### HE - Help Menu

#### Syntax:

**HE**LP [<cmd>] Where:

cmd is optional in order to receive more help on specific commands.

#### Response:

**HE**LP provides a list of the available commands

#### Comment:

Displays a summary of the commands available with a brief description of what they do. Also displays a summary of the control key codes. The response for this is the same for both verbose and terse modes.

## **BC – Board Configuration**

# Syntax: BC [<FAIL>] Where: FAIL reports only those boards that are currently reporting failures. Response: Comment: Providing a list of the boards configured within the frame. Along with each board is an indication as to whether the board is reporting status or not. AL - Alarm Syntax: ALWhere: Response: Comment: Responds back with an enumeration of alarms that are currently active in the frame controller. **ME – Memory Statistics** Syntax: ME Where: Response: Comment:

Responds with data about those memory parameters that can indicate whether the system is experiencing a memory leak or something similar. (They get what we can give them.)

#### RE - Reset Board

Syntax:

RE

Where:

Response:

#### Comment:

The Reset Board command (**RE**) must be entered twice in a row before the frame controller will be reset.

## **SW – Switch Crosspoint**

## Syntax:

```
SW <Output>, <Input>[,M][,<sync>
```

Where:

Output is the output to be switched Input is the input to be switched

M indicates to switch the monitor matrix (Default is the primary matrix.)

Sync is the sync number (0 or 1) to switch to.

#### Response:

Comment:

#### AC - Active Status

Syntax:

 $\mathbf{AC}$ 

Where:

## Response:

SINGLE – single frame controller in system.

ACTIVE – active frame controller in dual system.

STANDBY – inactive frame controller in dual system.

#### Comment:

Indicates whether the board is active or standby.

## **CO - Communications Status**

## Syntax:

CO

Where:

## Response:

PRC: <status> NET PRC: <status> NET PRC Connections: <num>

Where:

Status is IDLE, ERROR, or OK

Num is the number of Ethernet PRC connections.

#### Comment:

Indicates whether we are receiving commands from the PRC port or the NETPRC port. NETPRC indicates the number of connections currently active.

## FL - FLASH Reprogramming mode

## Syntax:

FL

Where:

### Response:

#### Comment:

Causes the operational program to abort and for the system to come back up in the FLASH program installer.

Immediately after the response to this command is sent, the debug port enters into the reFLASHING mode. The board will require a reset to return to where it can receive the standard debug port commands enumerated here.

#### SS - Switch Status

## Syntax:

#### SS <Output>[,M]

Where:

Output is the output to be switched

M indicates to switch the monitor matrix (Default is the primary matrix.)

#### Response:

Output: <out> Input: <in> Level: <lev>

Where:

Out is the output number.

In is the input number currently switched to the output.

Lev is the level (MAIN or MONITOR) for the switch status.

#### Comment:

#### RC - Roll Call

## Syntax:

```
RC <I | O | M | S>,<A | B>
```

Where:

I is for INPUT
O is for OUTPUT
M is for MATRIX
S is for SYSTEM BO

S is for SYSTEM BOARD

A is for Port A B is for Port B

## Response:

Roll Call Port: <port> Type: <type>

<data> Where:

Port is A or B.

Type is INPUT, OUTPUT, MATRIX, or SYSTEM.

Data is the mutiple 8 bit data bytes used to indicate a boards exists in the frame.

#### Comment:

Roll Call is used to determine if a board exists in the system, which port the board is used to communication on, which slot the board is in relative to the board type, and the boards general condition (Error and / or Over Temperature).

## **IB – Input Board Status**

## Syntax:

#### IB <Slot>

Where:

Slot is the input board slot.

## Response:

```
WC = xxxx OD1 = xxxx OD2 = xxxx OD3 = xxxx CRC = xxxx Total Errors = xxxx
```

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the response.

#### **MB - Matrix Board Status**

## Syntax:

#### MB <Slot>

Where:

Slot is the matrix board slot.

## Response:

```
WC = xxxx OD1 = xxxx OD2 = xxxx CRC = xxxx Total Errors = xxxx
```

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the response.

## **OB – Output Board Status**

## Syntax:

#### OB <Slot>

Where:

Slot is the output board slot.

#### Response:

```
WC = xxxx OD1 = xxxx OD2 = xxxx OD3 = xxxx OD4 = xxxx OD5 = xxxx OD6 = xxxx OD7 = xxxx OD8 = xxxx OD9 = xxxx OD10 = xxxx CRC = xxxx Total Errors = xxxx
```

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the response.

## **SB – System Board Status**

## Syntax:

#### SB <Addr>

Where:

Addr is the system board address.

#### Response:

Power Supplies (Address = 1 to 16):

```
WC = xxxx OD1 = xxxx OD2 = xxxx OD3 = xxxx OD4 = xxxx OD5 = xxxx OD6 = xxxx OD7 = xxxx OD8 = xxxx CRC = xxxx Total Errors = xxxx
```

Output Monitor (Address = 17):

```
WC = xxxx OD1 = xxxx OD2 = xxxx OD3 = xxxx CRC = xxxx Total Errors = xxxx
```

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the response.

## CL - Clear Error

## Syntax:

```
CL <I | O | M | S>,<addr>
Where:

I = INPUT
O = OUTPUT
M = MATRIX
S = SYSTEM
Addr = slot or board address
```

#### Response:

#### Comment:

Clears the total number of errors for the specified board.

## ST - System Temperature

## Syntax:

```
ST [<I | O | M | P>
Where:

I = INPUT.
O = OUTPUT.
M = MATRIX.
P = POWER SUPPLY
```

#### Response:

## Temperature:

Frame Controller: <hex> (<dec>)

```
<type>:
<hex> (dec)<hex> (dec) ...
Where:
```

Hex is the hex number for the temperature. Dec is the decimal number for the temperature Type is the board type (INPUT, OUTPUT, etc).

The data following the type is the hex (dec) temperature number For each board of the specified type in the system.

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the temperature.

#### VE - Version of software

## Syntax:

VE

Where:

## Response:

LOADER: <ver> <date>
INSTALLER: <ver> <date>
PMFC: <ver> <date>

FPGA: <ver>

Matrix Cards:

<ver> <ver> ... <ver>

Input Cards:

<ver> <ver> ... <ver>

Output Cards:

<ver> <ver> ... <ver>

Power Supply Cards:

<ver> <ver> ... <ver>

Output Monitor Card: <ver>

#### Comment:

The version command provides the version number and date for each software modual in the system. If a software module does not exist, then "Invalid" is displayed.

## VT - Vertical Trigger

## Syntax:

 $VT ~[<\!\!A \mid B\!\!>]$ 

Where:

VT – no port change. VT A – change to Port A. VT B – change to Port B

## Response:

#### Comment:

See "Matrix Frame Controller Hardware Interface Protocol MFCHIP" to get specific information on the vertical trigger command. The vertical trigger command causes the boards to change over to Port A or Port B communications port.

## DT - Dual Takeover

## Syntax:

DT

Where:

### Response:

#### Comment:

Allows the Standby Frame Controller to take over control of the frame.

#### **EC – Error Count**

## Syntax:

```
EC <I | O | M | P>
Where:

I = Input

O = Output

M = Matrix

P = Power Supply
```

## Response:

```
<Board Type>:
<error count> <error count> ...
```

#### Comment:

Response gives the number of error counts for all of the boards in the frame for the board type that was specified.

## MD - MFCHIP Debug

## Syntax:

MD [[+ | -] [IR | OR | MR | SR | IS | OS | MS | SS | RA | TA | SC] | RD | CR | CD | CA | CF | SF] Where:

MD – displays the current flag settings.

"+" - enables the specific flag

"-" - disables the specific flag

IR – Input Roll Call

OR – Output Roll Call

MR - Matrix Roll Call

SR – System Roll Call

IS – Input Board Status

OS – Output Board Status

MS – Matrix Board Status

SS – System Board Status

RA – All MFCHIP Receives

TA – All MFCHIP Transmits

SC – Any Slot Change (Roll Call Slots or Lengths)

Cmds:

RD – Read Data

CR - Clear Read

CD – Clear Data

CA – Clear All Data and Flags

CF – Clear All Flags

SF - Set All Flags

#### Response:

#### Comment:

The MFCHIP Debug command is used to store information about MFCHIP Buffer Descriptors and MFCHIP communication problems in a block of RAM. This information can be used to determine what type of errors are occurring with MFCHIP communications.

