

A BELDEN Brand



Camera-Mountable Fiber Optic Transceiver System

User Manual

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110130V5JH

PRELIMINARY

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About this User Guide

This CopperHead 3050 Fiber Optic Transceiver System can be delivered in a number of configurations depending on the Power and Battery Mount options selected. This user guide is designed to cover all of the various options and so not every page in this guide will apply to your specific system.

Throughout this guide a number of informational pointers are used to mark important or useful information.

| | Caution – the information provided is important safety information and should be understood and followed in order to operate the CopperHead 3050 Fiber Optic Transceiver System safely and properly. |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| \bigcirc | Useful information regarding the User Guide and the CopperHead 3050 Fiber Optic Transceiver System. Reading and understanding this information will make using the manual and the product easier. |

Chapter 1. Important Information

1.1. Warranty

LIMITED WARRANTY STATEMENT

Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. ("Telecast") expressly warrants to Buyer that the Products supplied shall be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 12 months following the date the Products are delivered to Buyer (the "Warranty Period"). Telecast's liability under this limited warranty shall be limited, at its option, to providing refund of purchase price for Products, or replacing or repairing Products shown to be defective either in materials or workmanship. Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for breach of warranty shall be such refund, replacement or repair.

A claim of defect in materials or workmanship in any Product shall be allowed only when it is submitted in writing to Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. within seven days after discovery of the defect, and in any event within the Warranty Period. No claim shall be allowed in respect of any Product which has been altered, neglected, damaged or stored in any manner which adversely affects it. In order to obtain service under the terms of this warranty, Distributor's customer or Distributor must notify Telecast of the defect prior to the expiration of the applicable warranty period and obtain a Return Authorization Number from Telecast. In no event may products be returned to Telecast or to Distributor for warranty service without having obtained from Telecast a Return Authorization Number.

This limited warranty applies only to new and unused Products delivered to Buyers located within the United States of America, or to international Buyers if sold through an authorized Distributor organization, and shall not extend to any equipment not manufactured by Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc., even though such equipment may be sold or operated with the Products. In addition, this limited warranty shall be void and of no further force or effect whatsoever if the Product is repaired or modified by any person other than an authorized representative of Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. without the consent of Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by improper use or inadequate maintenance and care. Nor shall this warranty apply to any damage caused in whole or in part by attempts by personnel other than Telecast's personnel, as approved in advance in accordance with the foregoing provisions, to open, install, repair, or service the Product; nor to damage resulting from improper connection with incompatible equipment; nor to damage to a unit which has been modified by personnel other than Telecast personnel.

Products returned to Telecast for warranty service shall be shipped, freight prepaid to Telecast. Telecast will return the repaired product or ship a replacement, freight prepaid, to either Distributor or Distributor's customer, as requested by Distributor's customer, at a location within the United States or, at Telecast's option, to Distributor's location in the case of international sales. This limited warranty shall also apply to Products that replace defective Products and Products that have been repaired by authorized representatives of Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc., but only for the original Warranty Period. The Warranty Period shall not be extended by reason of defect, or any period of time during which the Product is not available to Buyer because of defects or repairs, without the express written consent of Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc.

EXCEPT FOR THE EXPRESS LIMITED WARRANTY AGAINST DEFECTS IN MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP CONTAINED HEREIN, TELECAST FIBER SYSTEMS, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND OTHER WARRANTIES OF WHATEVER KIND ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED BY TELECAST FIBER SYSTEMS, INC. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SETS FORTH EXCLUSIVELY ALL OF TELECAST FIBER SYSTEMS, INC.'S LIABILITY IN CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE IN THE EVENT OF A DEFECTIVE PRODUCT. WITHOUT LIMITATION ON THE FOREGOING, TELECAST FIBER SYSTEMS, INC. EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY WHATSOEVER FOR ANY DAMAGES INCURRED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OR USE OF, OR OTHERWISE IN CONNECTION WITH, THE PRODUCT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOSS OF PROFITS AND SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, WHETHER CAUSED BY NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE, REGARDLESS WHETHER TELECAST HAS BEEN GIVEN ADVANCE NOTICE OF THE POSSIBILITY THEREOF

THIS WARRANTY IS GIVEN BY TELECAST IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED.

1.2. Safety and Fiber Optic Systems

Optical Fiber Safety



Never look directly into the end of the optic fiber while either end of the system is operating. Eye damage can result.



Always use cable connector caps when the cables are not connected. This protects the connector from damage and the unlikely event of exposure to an operating optical link. Keeping the caps in place when the connectors are not in use will prevent dirt and dust from entering the connector and degrading the performance of the optical link

Power Fuses



The CopperHead 3050 Base Stations CHG3-BS-3050-95VD-xxx-xxx are equipped with Dual Cartridge fuses located next to the AC Power receptacle at the left rear of the unit. Refer to Page 72 for specific fuse and location information.

NEVER operate the CopperHead CHG3-BS-3050-95VD-xxx-xxx Base Station without properly installed and rated fuses. Severe electrical and heat damage could result as well as personal injury or death.

1.3. Unpacking and the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System

| | | CopperHead System Type | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Item Description | Part Code | Tactical Fiber (local power at camera) | Hybrid Fiber - Standard Power (Power Wafer) | Hybrid Fiber - High Power (PowerPlus) |
| CopperHead Camera Unit | CHG3-CAM | • | • | • |
| CopperHead Base Station | CHG3-BS | • | • | • |
| AC-to-DC Power Supply | ADAP-AC | • | No | No |
| Panel-Mountable Fiber Extension | CH3BFC | 0 | 0 | No |
| Power Wafer w/jumper cable | CHG3-PW | No | • | No |
| Eternal Power Wafer Supply | CH3-MPS | No | 0 | No |
| PowerPlus | PWRPLS | No | No | • |
| HDX Power Supply | HDX | No | No | |
| Fiber jumper(s) | various | No | No | |
| Reel or coil of Tactical Fiber | CA | • | No | No |
| Reel or coil of Hybrid Fiber | CA | No | • | |
| Operations Manual | CA | ● | • | • |

The following table lists the various items shipped with a system depending on the particular configuration.

Standard Optional

Table 1 - What is shipped with a CopperHead 3050 System

Ο

Please consult your packing slip and purchase order to insure that you have received all of the expected Telecast Fiber Systems components.

Inspect all components for scratches and other mechanical damage, and inspect the electrical connectors for bent or damaged pins and latches. Report any missing or damaged components to Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. See the following section regarding product returns.



You must use your own cables to make connections for, Base Station monitor and other ancillary signals and equipment. Suggestions for these cables are discussed later in this document.

Leave the protective caps on the optical connectors whenever the fiber is disconnected.

1.4. Product Returns

In the unlikely event of damage to your CopperHead 3050 Fiber Optic Transceiver System during shipping or delivery please note the damage with the delivery or shipping service and document the packaging and product where you see damage. If any component does not work correctly out of the box please contact Telecast Fiber Systems service at (508) 754-4858.

If the problem cannot be remedied through a service telephone call an RMA (Return of Merchandise Authorization) will be issued and you will receive an RMA number. Please note this RMA number inside and outside of all shipping boxes and on all documentation provided with the items to be returned.

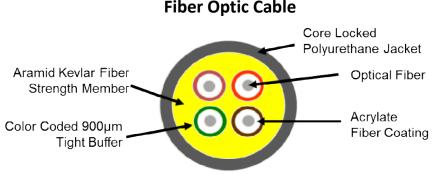
Chapter 2. – System Overview

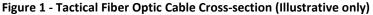
This chapter covers the following:

- 1) Fiber Optic Cable Concepts
- 2) CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System concepts
- 3) Signal paths in the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System
- 4) CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System Components

2.1. Fiber Cable Concepts

Fiber Optics and Fiber Optic Cable are the core technologies at the heart of the Telecast Fiber Systems CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System. The ability to multiplex and de-multiplex a variety of video, audio and data signals so that they can be carried over a thin strand of Fiber Optic cable for long distances enables the CopperHead System. The theory and operation of Fiber Optics is beyond the scope of this document. What is important for the end user to be aware of are the different types of Fiber Optic Cable and Fiber Optic Cable Connectors.





Tactical Fiber cable is heavy duty, Kevlar protected and capable of carrying CopperHead signals extended distances. The cable can generally withstand a variety of environmental hazards such as being crushed or run-over. Tactical Fiber can be used in the field mounted on Portable Fiber Reels in lengths up to 2000 feet.

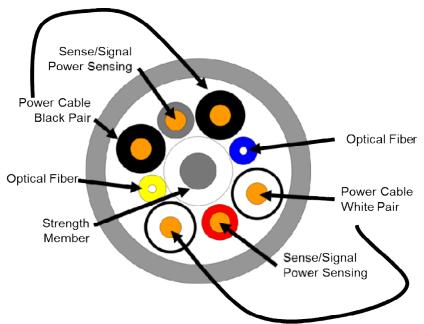


Figure 2 - Hybrid Fiber Optic Cable Cross-section (Illustrative only)

Hybrid Fiber Cable has the same Fiber Optic characteristics with the addition of copper cables. This allows the transmission of power through the cable. This increases weight and reduces operating distance. Hybrid Fiber Cable also includes a pair of Sense/Signal wires that allow systems to determine if there is an open or shorted cable. Hybrid Fiber Cable is also larger in diameter then Tactical Fiber Cable

Fiber Optic Connector Types

Depending on the type of Fiber Optic Cable used, different Connector types can be configured. The following table summarizes the various types of connectors typically used in a CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System configuration and the allowed Fiber Optic Cable usage. Each connector type is illustrated below.

| Connector Type | Tactical Fiber Use | Hybrid Fiber Use | Camera Unit Use | Base Station Use | Notes |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ST Fiber Connectors | Yes | Not Typically | No | Yes | Less Expensive – not as durable as OpticalCON, SMPTE 304M or MX |
| ST Fiber Connectors with Molex Power Plug | No | Not Typically | No | Yes | Used with separate Fiber and Power cables |
| LC Connectors | No | No | No | No | Infrastructure and Internal Equipment Use |
| SMPTE 304M | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | |
| OpticalCON Cable Connector (Neutrik) | Yes | Yes (up to 95V) | Yes | Yes | |
| OpticalCON Panel Connector (Neutrik) | Yes | Yes | No | No | Infrastructure Use Only |
| MX Expanded Beam Connector | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | |

Table 2 - Fiber Optic Connector Types & Usage

| | © © © 0 0 | © © © © o TIII o | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| ST Cable Connectors | ST Panel Connectors | ST Panel w/ Molex | OpticalCON Cable | OpticalCON Panel |
| | Contraction of the second seco | | The same | |
| LC Connectors | SMPTE 304M Cable | SMPTE 304M Panel | MX Expanded Beam Cable | MX Expanded Beam Panel |

Figure 3 - Fiber Optic Connectors

2.2. CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System concepts

The Telecast CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System is a camera video, audio and intercom multiplexing system that installs between a portable video camera and its power source and connects via a single fiber optic cable to a Base Station in a truck, studio or other video production setup. All video, audio and communications usually carried on multiple coax and audio cables are sent, bi-directionally, over a single lightweight fiber over distances as long as 5 km or more.

The Camera Unit fits between the battery or optional power supply and the camera. The CopperHead Camera Unit is configured at time of purchase with special interface plates to accommodate the appropriate camera battery type.

The camera battery or optional power source attaches to the Camera Unit, which in turn, attaches to the video camera. Batteries accommodated are Sony V, PAG, and Anton-Bauer.

The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System consists of two main components:

- 1. The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit this unit has two options: a) the battery physical interface system and b) the fiber connector.
- 2. The CopperHead 3050 Base Station this unit has three options: a) the power configuration, b) the fiber connector and c) the intercom module.

Typically options are determined at the time of product order and the units are delivered preconfigured. Options can be field changed by qualified personnel. This manual describes each of the possible options.

2.3. Signal paths in the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System

The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System utilizes an optical fiber link between the Base Station and the Camera Unit to carry all of the required signals necessary for operation of the camera and associated production equipment. The Camera Unit multiplexes electrical signals from the camera and other remote sources and converts them to an optical signal for transmission over the fiber. Simultaneously, an optical return signal is received at the Camera Unit from the Base Station; this signal is then converted to electrical analog information for use by the camera, camera operator, and auxiliary equipment at the camera location.

When the hybrid fiber cable option is used, the link also provides power to the Camera Unit and the camera itself. Only the single fiber link or hybrid fiber link is required between the Base Station and the Camera Unit.

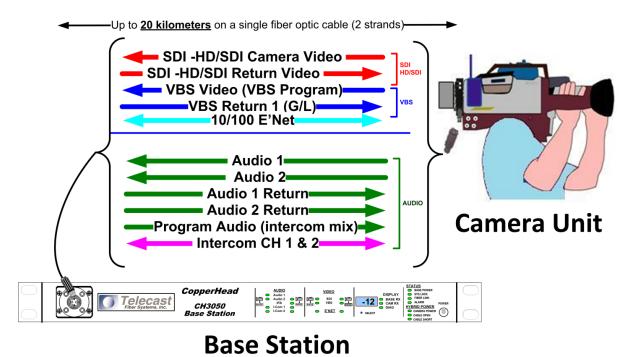
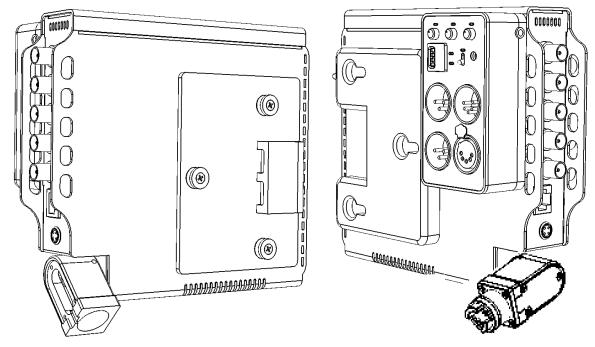


Figure 4- Base Station to Camera Unit Connection

2.4. CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System Components



CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Overview

Figure 5 - Camera Unit Front Side (attached to the camera)

Figure 6 - Back Side (attached to the battery/power supply

The actual appearance of your CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit will vary depending on the battery mount and fiber cable connection options specified at the time of purchase.

CopperHead 3050 Base Station



Figure 7 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station Front Panel

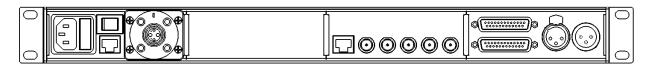


Figure 8 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station Connector or Back Panel

The actual appearance of your CopperHead 3050 Base Station will vary depending on the fiber cable connection and power options specified at the time of purchase.

CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System Additional Components

In addition to the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit and Base Station the system consists of:

- 1. External Power Supply or Power Cord for the Base Station (depending the unit configuration)
- 2. Hardware kits for rack mounting the Base Station
- 3. Portable fiber reel with fiber per your purchase order
- 4. Optional "Power Wafer" Camera Adaptor with optional external power supply
- 5. Optional "PowerPlus" Camera Adaptor and Power Adaptor
- 6. Optional Universal Camera Control Unit

For additional accessories see Appendix 3

NOTE: You must use your own cables to make connections for the Base Station monitor, and other ancillary signals and equipment. See Appendix 3 for suggestions.

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Chapter 3. – Detailed System Description

This chapter describes in detail each element on the Camera Unit and Base Station of the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System. Physical installation of the system and system connections and practical operation are covered in following chapters. For an overall view of component location please see the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System overall diagrams in Appendix 5. These diagrams can be folded out from the back of this User's Guide.

3.1. CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit

CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Back Side

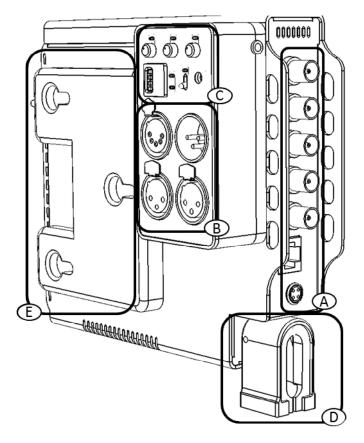


Figure 9 - CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Back Side

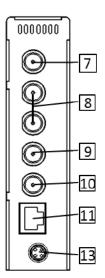
The back side of the Camera Unit has 5 areas of interest:

- A) Connector Panel See Page 20
- B) Audio/Intercom Connector Panel See Page 20
- C) Audio/Intercom Controls See Page 21
- D) Fiber Connector See Page 21
- E) Battery Mount See Page 22

CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Front Side – Identifying Controls and Connectors

For additional information about the signals carried on these connectors please see Page 15.

Area A – Connector Panel

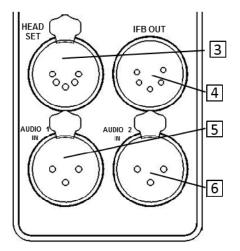


Throughout this document component Key Numbers are coordinated with the overall system diagrams found at the end of this User Guide in Appendix 5.

- 7) SD-HD/SDI In (to Base Station)
- 8) SD-HD/SDI Digital Video Outputs A & B (from Base Station)
- 9) VBS In (to Base Station) VBS signal paths typically carry analog video
- 10) VBS Out (from Base Station)
- 11) Ethernet (100Mbs)
- 13) Power Wafer Connector

Area B - Audio/Intercom Connector Panel

For information on the Audio/Intercom Connector Panel operation please see Page 59



- 3) Intercom Head Set Connector
- 4) IFB Out

Carries the IFB Circuit Signal typically for reporter use

- 5) Audio 1 Input (Line Level) (to Base Station) Typically audio program from camera line outputs
- 6) Audio 2 Input (Line Level) (to Base Station) Typically audio program from camera line outputs

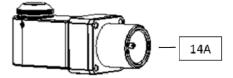
Area C - Intercom Controls

For information on the Audio/Intercom Connector Panel operation please see Page 59.

- 9) Intercom 1 Monitor Level Control and Activity Indicator
- 10) Intercom 2 Monitor Level Control and Activity Indicator
- 11) Return Program Monitor Level Control and Activity Indicator
- **12)** Intercom & Return Program Output Mini-phone jack with no microphone functionality
- 13) Side Tone Control
- 14) Intercom Talkback Control
- **15)** Audio Input Level & Intercom Local/Remote Switches See Chapter 6 –Page 50 for a description of the use of these switches

Area D – Fiber Connector

The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit is shipped with one of the three Fiber Connectors shown below.

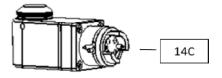


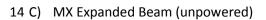
14 A) SMPTE 304M (powered)





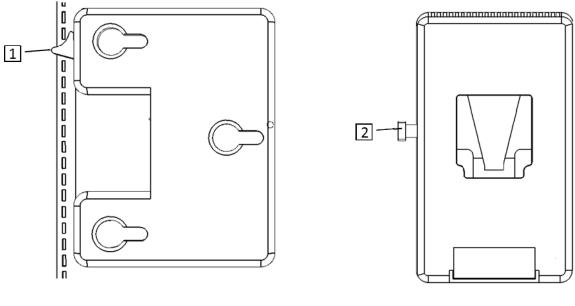
14 B) OpticalCON (powered or unpowered)





Area E – Battery Mount

The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit is shipped with a variety of Battery Mount to camera types. The Anton Bauer mount and the Sony V-mount are the most common. PAG and other battery mount systems are available by special order. Please contact Telecast Fiber Systems or your authorized dealer.

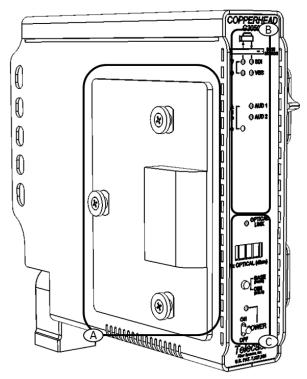


Anton-Bauer Type Battery Mount

1) Battery release latch

- V-type Battery Mount
- 2) Battery release latch

CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Front Side



The front side of the Camera Unit has 3 areas of interest:

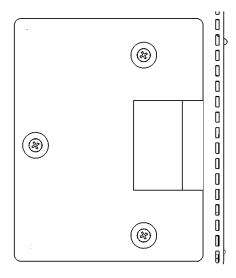
- A) Camera Mounting Plate
 - See this page
- B) Signal/Data LED
 Activity Indicators
 See Page 34
- C) Digital Status Display & Power Switch See Page 25

Figure 10 - CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Front Side

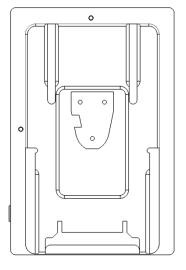
CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Back Side – Identifying Controls and Connectors

Area A – Camera Mounting Plate

The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit is shipped with a variety of Battery Mount to camera types. The Anton Bauer mount and the Sony V-mount are the most common. PAG and other battery mount systems are available by special order. Please contact Telecast Fiber Systems or your authorized dealer.



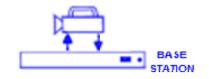
Anton Bauer Camera Mounting Plate



V-Type Camera Mounting Plate

Telecast Fiber Systems – CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System User Guide – 110130V5JH

Area B – Signal/Data Indicators

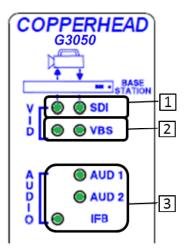


The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Indicator Panel has a series of LED displays that monitor the various signal paths between the Camera Unit and the Base Station.

For signals remain constant such as time code and video the LED remains on as a steady green. For signals that fluctuate such as audio, the LED will reflect the varying signal activity...

If the LED is off either the signal has been lost or it is not in use.

The LED indicators on the left side of the panel indicate signal paths from the Base Station to the Camera Unit. Right side LEDs indicate signal paths from the Camera Unit to the Base Station



1) SDI Digital Video Signal

Monitors camera SDI Video to Base Station and SDI return video to the Camera Unit

2) VBS 1 – Analog Video Signals 1

VBS 1 is used for Camera Monitor video from the Camera Unit to the Base Station and Return Video to the Base Station from the Camera Unit

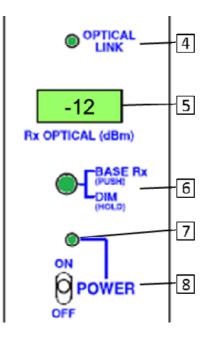
3) Program Audio Channels 1-2

Monitors program audio from Camera Unit to Base Station and return audio from Base Station to Camera Unit

IFB Signal Path Monitor

Monitors an IFB circuit typically fed to and IFB amplifier and then to a reporter's earpiece

Area C - Optical Link Signal Strength Indicator & Power Switch



4) Optical Link Indicator

Indicates the status of the optical connection from base to camera and camera to base

Green when both the Base Station and camera control unit have optical power within normal range.

Red when either the Base Station or camera control unit optical power is not within normal range.

5) Rx Optical Display (Digital Status Display)

Four character display in one of five modes. See Page 74 for use of this Digital Status Display

6) Base Rx/Dim Push Button

Change four character display mode. Push and release changes display mode. Push and hold adjusts LED indicator brightness

7) Power Indicator LED

Green indicates power is applied to the camera control unit. **Blinking Green** indicates a camera control unit error. Refer to DIAG display mode for details – Page 74

8) Power On/Off Switch

Toggle switch to enable or disable camera power. When used with the high voltage Base Station this enables or disables camera power. When used with the low voltage Base Station this turns camera power on and off

3.2. CopperHead 3050 Base Station

The CopperHead 3050 Base Station is available with a number of options. The unit is ordered with a specified Power Module, Audio/Intercom Module and Fiber Connector. For an overall view of component location please see the overall diagrams in Appendix 5.

CopperHead 3050 Base Station Front Panel

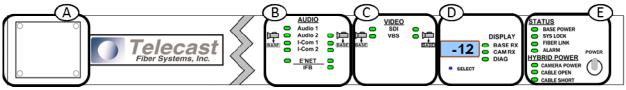


Figure 11 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station Front Panel

- A) Optical Connector See this Page (Front mounted Optional)
- **B)** Audio/Ethernet Indicators See Page 27
- C) Video Indicators See Page 27
- D) Signal Strength Indicators/Setup See Page 28
- E) Status/Power Indicators See Page 28

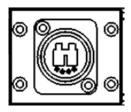
Area A - Front Panel Optical Connector (Optional)



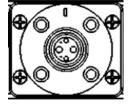
Area A of the CopperHead 3050 Base Station provides for the optional mounting of the Fiber Optical Connector on the front of the Base Station instead of the rear of the Base Station.

For information on how to convert the Base Station from Rear to Front Fiber Connector see Page 40.

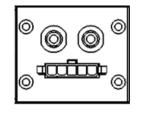
Three types of Fiber Connectors are available for use with the CopperHead 3050 Base Station. Typically one of these Fiber Connectors is pre-configured at the time of delivery.



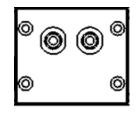




SMPTE 304M



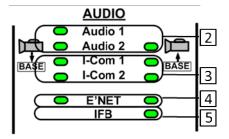
Molex and STs



ST Connectors

Figure 12 - Fiber Connector Types

Area B – Audio Indicators



LED Indicators to the left side of the label indicate signal paths from the Camera Unit to the Base Station and right side LEDs indicate signal paths from the Base Station to the Camera Unit.

2) Program Audio Channels 1-2

Monitors Program audio from Camera Unit to Base Station and Return audio from Base Station to Camera Unit

3) Intercom Channels 1-2

Monitors Intercom audio from Camera Unit to Base Station and from Base Station to Camera Unit

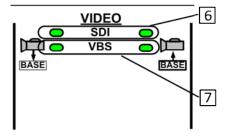
4) Ethernet Signal

Indicates IP Data traffic to and from Camera Unit to and from Base Station

5) IFB Signal

Monitors IFB signal coming from Base Station to Camera Unit

Area C - Video/Data Indicators



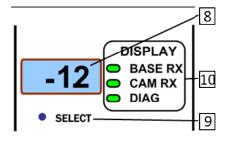
6) SDI Digital Video Signal

Monitors camera SDI video to Base Station and SDI return video to the Camera Unit

7) VBS – Analog Video Signals

VBS is typically used for Camera video from the Camera Unit to the Base Station and Return video to the Camera Unit from the Base Station

Area D – Signal Strength Indicators/Setup



8) Signal Strength Readout in dBm

This display changes between display modes when selected

9) Select Button

Chooses between three modes of operation

10) Readout Function Indicator

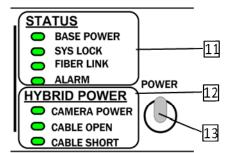
BASE RX – Optical Link signal strength received at Base Station from Camera Unit

CAM RX – Optical Link signal strength received at Camera from Base Station

DIAG – Digital display is in Diagnostic mode

For details on how the setup/Diagnostic functions operate please see Page 64.

Area E – Status/Power Indicators



Note: Hybrid Power Indicators are present only on a hybrid power unit

11) System Status Indicators

BASE POWER - indicates the status of all power levels in the Base Station

Green when all power levels are normal.

Red when any power level is not normal.

SYSTEM LOCK - indicates that the Base Station is communicating with the Camera Unit.

Green when communicating with Camera Unit

Red when it is not communicating with the Camera Unit

FIBER LINK - indicates the optical power status of the Base Station and Camera Unit.

Green when both the Base Station and Camera Unit optical power are within a normal range.

Red when both the Base Station and camera optical power are not within a normal range

Orange when either the Base Station or camera optical power are not within a normal range.

ALARM - indicates that some error condition exists in either the Base Station or the Camera Unit.

Red if there is a Base Station error. Refer to the Base Station DIAG for details on the error.

Orange if there is a Camera Unit error. Refer to CAM DIAG for details for the error.

STATUS BASE POWER 11 SYS LOCK FIBER LINK ALARM POWER 12 HYBRID POWER CAMERA POWER CABLE OPEN CABLE SHORT 12) Hybrid Note: Power Indicators are present only

on a **hybrid** power unit

13) Hybrid Power Indicators

The Hybrid Power indicators are only applicable to units with the internal power supply (for configurations using the MPS power supply – see Page 45).

CAMERA POWER - indicates that high voltage is applied to the Hybrid Cable connector (OpticalCONN or SMPTE 304M), which powers the Power Wafer at the Camera Unit.

Green when high voltage is being supplied to the Hybrid cable connector..

Off when there is no high voltage applied to the Hybrid cable connector.

CABLE OPEN - indicates that there is no hyrbid cable connected to a Camera Unit equipped with a Power Wafer.

Green when the hybrid cable is properly connected from the Base Station to the Camera Unit equipped with Power Wafer.

Red when there no cable connected to the camera or the cable is connected but open.

High voltage will not be applied to the camera until the open condition is corrected.

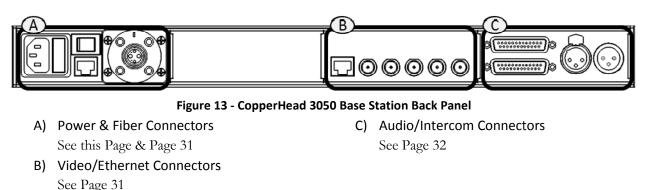
CABLE SHORT - indicates that the hybrid cable connected is shorted.

14) Power Switch & Power Indicator

Toggle switch to enable or disable Base Station power. LED turns **Green** when on/off switch is changed to the **ON** position. With a hybrid power system (power supplied by the Base Station) this switch will control power to the Camera and the Camera Unit

For the hybrid system to be properly powered, the AC Mains switch on the rear of Base Station must be in the on position. See next page for details.

CopperHead 3050 Base Station Back Panel

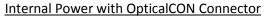


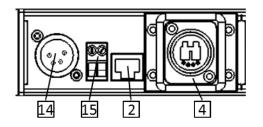
CopperHead 3050 Base Station Front Panel – Identifying Controls & Connectors

Area A – Power & Fiber Connectors (Power Module)

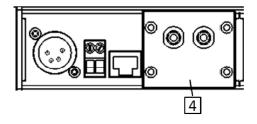
The CopperHead 3050 Base Station can be configured with one of five different Power Module Options. The connection and practical use of each of these options is covered in Chapter 5. Multi-pin connector wiring suggestions are covered in Appendix 1.1.

External Power Options





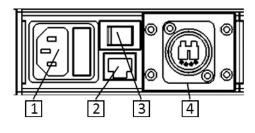
- 14) 12V DC External Power Supply input connector (XLR 4 Pin)
- **15) 12V DC Input terminal block** See Appendix 1 – Page 77 for connection details
- 2) For Future Use
- 4) OpticalCON Connector



Internal Power with STs Connector

4) ST Fiber Connectors

Internal Power Options

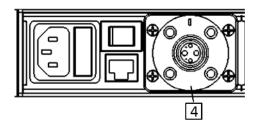


Internal Power with OpticalCON Connector

- AC Power Receptacle and 4AMP Dual Fuse Assembly
 100-240V 50/60 Hz See Page 8 for the Fuse Specification
- 2) For Future Use
- 3) AC Mains Switch
- 4) OpticalCON Connector

Internal Power with STs and Molex Connectors

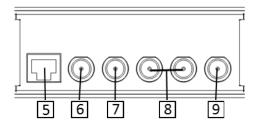
4) STs Connector with Molex for Camera power



Internal Power with SMPTE 304M Connector

4) SMPTE 304M Connector

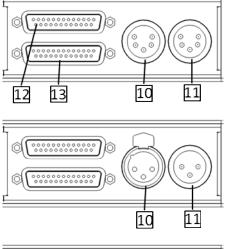
Area B – Video/Ethernet Connectors

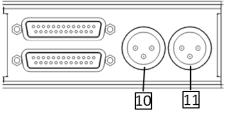


- 5) Ethernet connector 10BaseT/100BaseT
- 6) VBS Output from Camera
- 7) VBS Return Video source Input to Camera
- 8) HD/SDI Program from Camera Unit outputs 1-2
- 9) SDI Return Video source Input to Camera

Area C – Audio/Intercom Connectors

The CopperHead 3050 Base Station can be configured with one of three different Intercom Options. The connection and practical use of each of these options is covered in Chapter 6 – Page 59. Multi-pin connector wiring is covered in Appendix 1





Four Wire Intercom Module

- 10) Ch-1 Intercom connector
- 11) Ch-2 Intercom connector
- 12) Audio In Multi-pin connector
- 13) Audio Out Multi-pin connector

RTS TW Intercom Module

- 10) Intercom Input
- 11) Intercom Loop Through

Clear-Com Intercom Module

- 10) Ch-A Intercom Connector
- 11) Ch-B intercom Connector

3.3. Additional Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System Items

Your Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System may consist of one or more of the following items.

- 1. Portable fiber reel with fiber per your purchase order
- 2. Optional Universal Camera Control Unit (please refer to the User's guide supplied with this product)
- 3. Optional "Power Wafer" Camera Adaptor
- 4. Optional MPS External Power Wafer Power Supply
- Optional "PowerPlus" Camera Adaptor and Power Adaptor (please refer to the User's guide supplied with this product or refer to a Technical Bulletin available at <u>http://www.telecast-fiber.com/support</u>)
- 6. Optional HDX Power Unit (please refer to the User's guide supplied with this product or refer to a Technical Bulletin available at http://www.telecast-fiber.com/support)

"Power Wafer" Camera Adaptor

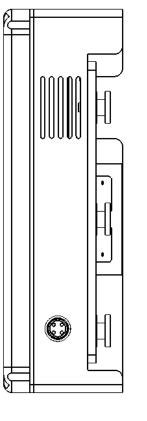
The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit can be powered by the optional "Power Wafer" Camera Adaptor. The Power Wafer replaces the local camera battery and any local AC power supply adaptor. The Power Wafer gets its power from the use Hybrid fiber cable and the CopperHead 3050 Base Station equipped with the internal power supply or from the MPS external supply.

Up to 95 watts of power can be delivered to the camera, Camera Unit and camera powered accessories. Up to 780 feet (240 meters) of cable can be used when the Camera Unit is powered directly from the Base Station.

The use of an external power supply can extend Base Station to Camera range and increase camera power flexibility. The MPS "Throw Down" device or Wafer Power Adaptor provides this functionality. This unit is described on Page 35.

The Power Wafer replaces the battery or local battery mount AC adaptor. Shown with the V-Mount Battery Mount option.

A short jumper cable carries power from the Camera Unit to the Power Wafer. The power comes to the camera on the power section of the Hybrid Fiber Cable.

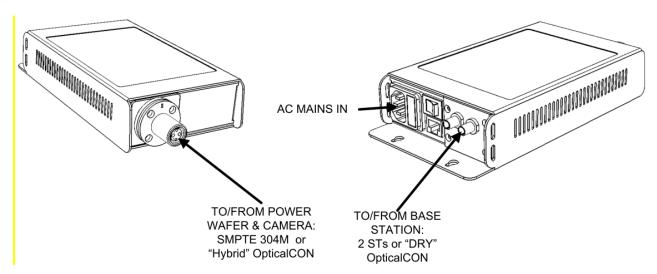




MPS External Power Wafer Power Supply

The CopperHead MPS external power supply provides 95 watts of 12VDC power and fiber cable signal connectivity from the Base Station to the Camera. From the MPS unit to the camera can be configured using either a Hybrid OpticalCON connector or a SMPTE 304M connector. The length available is up to 780 feet or 240 meters.

From the MPS unit to the Base Station can be configured using a non-hybrid OpticalCON connector or two ST connectors. The length available is up to 5 kilometers (3 miles).



The MPS is powered locally with standard AC power. The unit is free standing.

Figure 14 - MPS External Power Wafer Power Supply

All MPS Units require the Power Wafer to provide power to the Camera Unit. Four variations are available with a different set of fiber cable connectors. All MPS units provide 95 watts of 12VDC power.

| Part Number | Fiber Connection to Camera | Fiber Connection to Base Station |
|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CH2-MPS-95VD-2ST-NEU | OpticalCON | 2 STs |
| CH2-MPS-95VD-2ST-304 | SMPTE 304M | 2 STs |
| CH2-MPS-95VD-NEU-NEU | OpticalCON (with power) | OpticalCON (no power) |
| CH2-MPS-95VD-NEU-304 | SMPTE 304 (with power) | OpticalCON (no power) |

| Table 3 - MPS Po | ower Supply Adaptor | Options |
|------------------|---------------------|---------|
|------------------|---------------------|---------|

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Chapter 4. – Physical Installation

This chapter describes the physical installation of the Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System. The following areas are covered:

- 1) Mounting of the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit to the camera
- 2) Mounting of the optional Power Wafer Unit to the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit
- 3) Relocation of the Copperhead 3050 Base Station Fiber connector from the back panel to the front panel

4.1. Mounting the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit to the Camera

This example illustrates the mounting of an Anton-Bauer battery mount system. Your system may differ. This case illustrates a configuration where the camera is powered locally at the camera position either by battery or by a local power source. This assumes a tactical fiber connection with no hybrid power on the cable

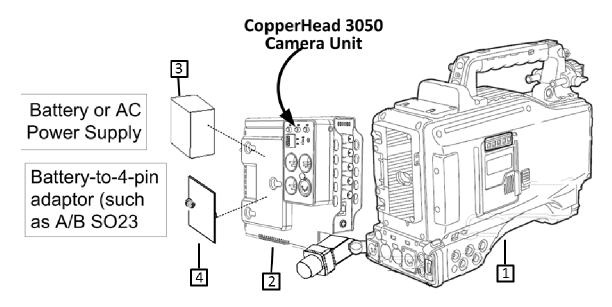


Figure 15 - Mounting the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit to the Camera

- Position your camera (1) so that you can easily access the battery mounting plate at the rear of the camera. Insure that the camera is well supported and stable. If a battery is mounted remove it and put it to one side (camera model shown for illustrative purposes only – your camera may differ)
- 2) Attach the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit (2) to the camera battery mounting plate. The mounting is mechanically identical to attaching a battery. Instructions for attaching the required cables between the camera and the 3050 Camera Unit can be found on Page 51.
- If you are powering the camera and 3050 Camera Unit by battery, mount the battery (3) to the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit battery mounting plate (2) exactly as you would mount the battery to your camera.
- 4) If you are powering the camera and 3050 Camera Unit by local power supply, mount the power supply (4-Pin) adaptor plate (4) to the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit battery mounting plate (2) exactly as you would mount a battery to your camera. You will supply the external local power supply.

For configuration please see Chapter 5.

4.2. Mounting the Power Wafer Unit to the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit

This example illustrates the use of a camera with an Anton-Bauer battery mount system. Your system may differ. This case illustrates a configuration where the camera is powered through the Power Wafer option. The Power Wafer is powered through a Hybrid fiber cable which is powered from the CopperHead 3050 Base Station or MPS External Power Supply.

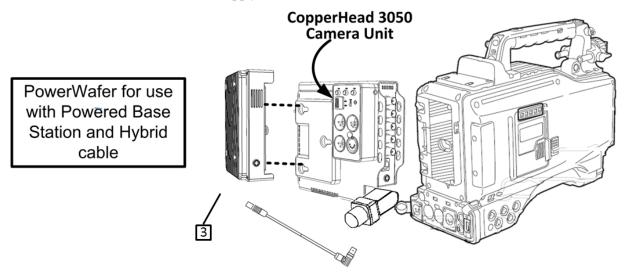
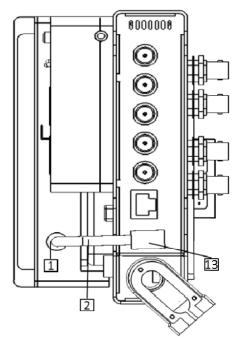


Figure 16 - Mounting the Power Wafer Unit to the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit

- 1) The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit is mounted to the camera as described above on the previous page.
- 2) The Power Wafer (3) is attached to the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit in place of the battery. It is attached in the same manner as the camera battery.



3) When the Power Wafer is securely mounted to the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit you must connect the supplied Power Wafer connector cable between the Power Wafer (1) and the Power Wafer connector on the Camera Unit (15)



The Power Wafer to Camera Unit cable is supplied with the CopperHead Power Wafer Unit

For configuration please see Chapter 5.

4.3. Relocation of the Copperhead 3050 Base Station Fiber connector

The CopperHead 3050 Base Station may be configured with the Fiber Connector mounted either on the back or the front of the Base Station. You may order your Base Station in either configuration and it is possible to relocate the Fiber Connector from one position to the other in the field.

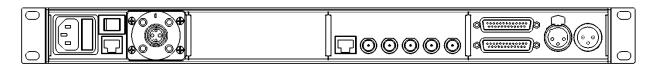


Figure 17 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station with Rear Mounted Fiber Connector



Figure 18 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station with Front Mounted Fiber Connector

The Fiber Connector relocation process can be accomplished by a qualified Telecast Fiber technician in about 15 minutes or less. You should give yourself an hour with the expectation that it will take less time.

For a complete illustrated step-by-step procedure please go to <u>http://www.telecast-fiber.com/support</u> and click on the CopperHead 3050 Technical Notes link or Telecast Fiber System support directly.

Chapter 5. Connection of the System

Prior to connecting your Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System please insure that each of the required cables is available for use. This includes standard video, audio and data cables as well as custom multipin cable sets required for your particular installation. Please see the Appendix for information regarding cables, signals and custom multipin cable fabrication. Covered in this chapter are:

- 1) Connections between the Copperhead 3050 Base Station and the Camera Unit (Fiber Cable)
- 2) Connections between the Copperhead 3050 Base Station and the base video infrastructure & power components
- 3) Connections between the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit and the video camera & power components
- 4) Connections between the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit and the external field equipment used at the camera location
- 5.1. Section Connections between the Copperhead 3050 Base Station and the Camera Unit

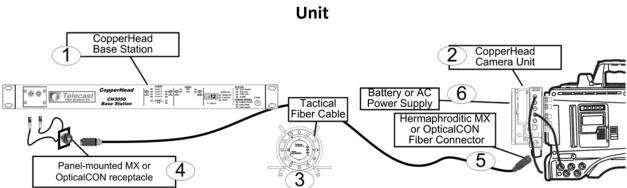
The following table summarizes the various Fiber Cable connection options between the Copperhead 3050 Base Station and the Camera Unit.

| Cable Type | Base Station Power | Camera Unit Power | Distance Range Between Camera and Base |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Tactical Fiber | Internal | Local Battery or AC | Up to 10 KM |
| | | Power | (This range can be extended to greater than |
| | | | 20 KM through use of the optional High Power |
| | | | Laser - must be ordered at time of purchase) |
| SMPTE Hybrid | Internal | Power Wafer | 240 meters |
| Fiber | | Camera Adaptor | |
| SMPTE Hybrid | External – Wafer | Power Wafer | 5 KM between base and power supply |
| Fiber | Power Supply 95 Watts ¹ | Camera Adaptor | 240 meters between power supply and camera |
| SMPTE Hybrid | External with use of | CopperHead | 5 KM between base and power supply |
| Fiber | optional HDX Unit | PowerPlus Adaptor | 3.2 KM between power supply and camera |

Table 4 - CopperHead 3050 Power Options

- 1. The external Wafer Power Supply must be equipped with the required Fiber Cable connectors depending on your system requirements. Please see Pages 46-50 for a description of the various options
- The external HDX Power Supply provides two ST Fiber Connectors for connection between the HDX and the Base Station and a SMPTE 304M Connector for connection between the HDX and the Camera Unit. (This requires the optional "PowerPlus" Camera Adaptor and Power Adaptor please refer to the User's guide supplied with this product or refer to a Technical Bulletin available at <u>http://www.telecast-fiber.com/support</u>)

The following fiber connection scenarios do not take into account any customized cable and connector installations you may have at your facility. For assistance regarding more complex connection situations please contact Telecast Fiber Systems or your local authorized dealer.



Camera Powered Locally: Tactical Fiber between the Base Station and Camera

Figure 19 - Tactical Fiber between the Base Station and Camera Unit

Between the Base Station (1) the Camera Unit (2) connect a length of Tactical Fiber Cable (3).

At each end of the fiber cable will be either an OpticalCON or MX Fiber Connector (4) and (5).

The Base Station connector (4) may be mounted either on the front or back of the Base Station, or "remoted" to a nearby access panel.

The camera must be powered by local power, either a Battery or a local AC Power Supply (6).

Note: your configuration may have the OpticalCON or MX Fiber connector directly mounted on the Base Station chassis.

PowerWafer Scenario #1 Hybrid Fiber direct between Powered Base Station and Camera Unit

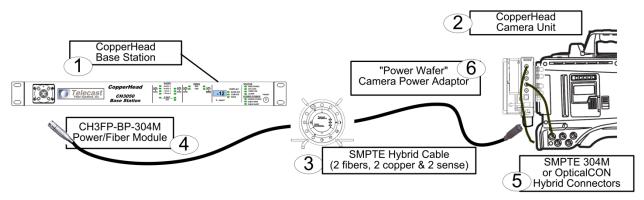


Figure 20 - SMPTE Hybrid Fiber between the Base Station (powered) and Camera Unit

Between the Base Station (1) and the Camera Unit (2) connect a length of SMPTE Hybrid Fiber Cable (3).

At each end of the fiber cable will be either an OpticalCON or SMPTE 304M Connector (4) and (5).

The Base Station connector (4) may be mounted either on the front or back of the Base Station.

The camera will be powered by the CopperHead Power Wafer Camera Power Supply (6).

PowerWafer Scenario #2 Infrastrucure Copper & Fiber between Powered Base Station and Camera Unit

Infrastructure Wiring Built-In to a Facility using OpticalCON Connectors

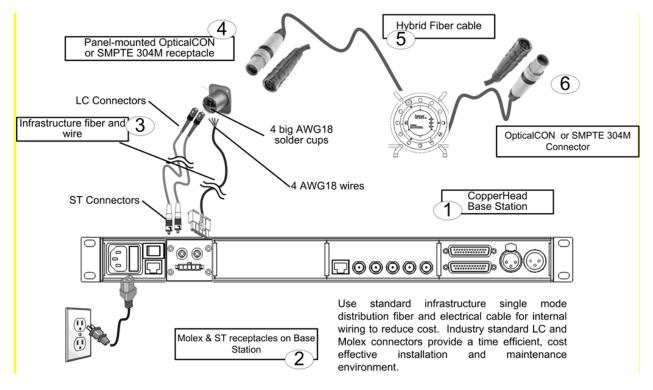


Figure 21 - SMPTE Hybrid Fiber between Base Station and Camera Unit (Infrastructure Wiring)

Panel mounted fiber connectors can be used for permanent installations such as communications closets, truck connector panels and sports facilities. A panel mounted OpticalCON or SMPTE 304M receptacle (4) is connected to the Base Station (1) through infrastructure grade wiring. Two LC Fiber Optic connectors and four soldered AWG18 copper power wires (3) connect to the Base Station through a Molex and ST receptacle (2).

Between the panel mounted receptacle and the Camera Unit is standard Hybrid Fiber Optic cable (5). This cable is matched to the panel mounted receptacle with either an OpticalCON or SMPTE 304M connector (4) to (6).

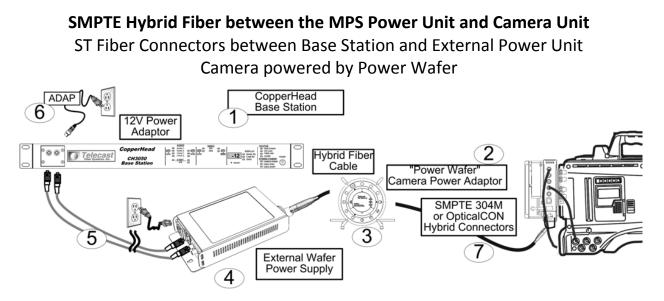


Figure 22 - SMPTE Hybrid Fiber between the MPS Power Unit and Camera Unit

Between the Base Station (1) and the External Wafer Power Supply (4) connect a pair of ST Fiber Cables (5).

Power the External Wafer Power Supply locally by connecting to AC Power. Between the External Wafer Power Supply (4) and the Camera Unit connect a length of SMPTE Hybrid Fiber Cable (3). At each end of the fiber cable will be either an OpticalCON or SMPTE 304M Connector (7).

The Base Station connector (1) may be mounted either on the front or back of the Base Station. The camera will be powered by the CopperHead Power Wafer Camera Power Supply (2).

The Base Station will be powered by connection to local AC power (6).

5.2. Connections to the Copperhead 3050 Base Station

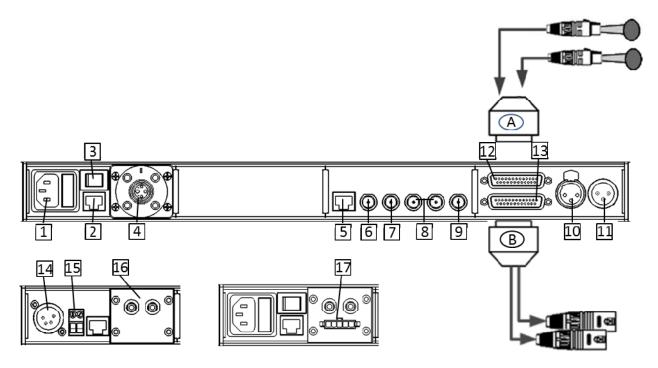


Figure 23 - CopperHead 3050 Base Unit Connections

Multi-Pin Cable Assemblies Used with the Copperhead 3050 Base Station

A) Audio In Connector

Connect Intercom Program Audio and IFB Intercom Audio See Page 82 for wiring details

B) Audio Out Connector

Carries audio back from the camera location – connect to an audio processing chain or monitors. See Page 83 for wiring details

Connectors into and out of the Copperhead 3050 Base Station

This information duplicates some of that from above sections. It is presented here to provide a single list of all Base Station connections. Key numbers refer to the diagram above and to the Overview Diagram found in Appendix 5.

1 Power In

- & Connect a standard 12V DC ADAP power source (4 Pin) or a standard 3 conductor AC Cable (IEC
- Plug) 100-240V 50/60 Hz

14

Fiber Connector (this connector can be mounted on the Base Station Front Panel – See Page 40)

4 Connect the fiber connector from either the Fiber Cable connected directly to the camera or from the external power unit designated for your system. The type of Fiber Connector will vary depending on your system configuration. See Page 26

Ethernet Connector – 10Bt/100Bt capable

- **5** Designed to carry IP traffic data between the Base Station and the Camera Unit. A laptop PC or other device such as a Wireless Access Point can be connected to the Production Environment IP network.
- 6 VBS Out
- BNC Connector -Typically used for SD Monitoring Video return from the Camera

VBS In

7 BNC Connector – Typically used to send SD return video to the camera – an example is monitor out from the Production Switcher

SDI Out 1 & 2 (this carries the HD feed from the camera)

- 8 BNC Connectors Two identical video feeds from the camera typically one may be used for local HD monitoring and one is fed to the Production Switcher environment.
 SDI In
- **9** BNC Connector Typically used to send HD return video to the camera an example is program out from the Production Switcher
- 10 Intercom Connectors #1 & #2
- XLR 3 pin or 5 pin Connector depending on configuration. One of three options will be installed
- & (4-wire intercom, RTS or Clear-Com). Please see Chapter 6 Section 6.4 for information on using each
- **11** of the Intercom Options

Audio In- Multi-Pin Connector

 12 DB25 – 25 pin Connector follows the Tascam TDIF standard. The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System accommodates up to two Audio Channels at Line Level. This connector handles return audio to the Camera location as well as intercom Program Audio. Please see Page 82 for sample wiring.

Audio Out- Multi-Pin Connector

13 DB25 – 25 pin Connector follows the Tascam TDIF standard. The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System accommodates up to two Audio Channels at Line Level. This connector handles Program audio from the Camera location. Please see Page 83 for sample wiring.

Connectors into and out of the Copperhead 3050 Base Station

12V Terminal Block

15 Terminal Block – bare wire connector. This can be used in place of the ADAP power connection in installations that have 12V power distributed as part of their infrastructure. Do not use this at the same time as the ADAP power connection.

ST Fiber Connectors (used in place of connector 4)

16 Two ST Connector receptacles – Used as the Fiber Optic connection typically when infrastructure wire or with one of the two external power supply option (MPS or HDX Power Adaptors)

Molex Power Connectors (used in place of 4 and only if so configured with ST Fiber Connectors)

17 ⁵ Conductor Molex Connector – Used to provide power to the Hybrid Fiber Optic Cable. Typically installed with infrastructure wiring with cable leading from Molex connector to a panel mounted OpticalCON receptacle.

5.3. Connections to the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit

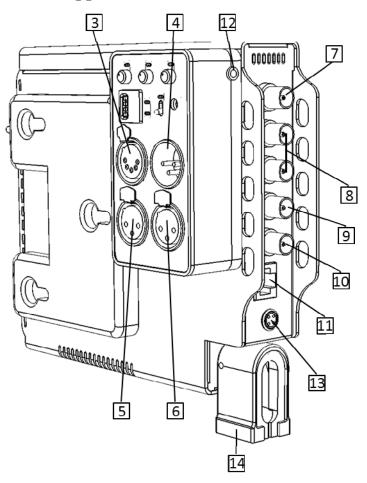


Figure 24 - CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Back Side Connections

This information duplicates some of that from above sections. It is presented here to provide a single list of all Camera Unit connections. Key numbers refer to the diagram above and to the Overview Diagram found in Appendix 5.

Connectors into and out of the Copperhead 3050 Camera Unit Back Side

Intercom Headset Out

3 XLR 5 Pin Female Connector – Provides two channels of two-way intercom and the Intercom Program audio feed

IFB Signal Out

4 XLR 3 Pin Male Connector – Provides IFB Audio Out from Base Station. Typically connected to an IFB audio belt unit for IFB feed to talent.

Audio 1 Input

5 XLR 3 Pin Female Connector – Line level audio input. Typically fed by a short audio jumper cable from the Camera Audio 1 output

Audio 2 Input

6 XLR 3 Pin Female Connector – Line level audio input. Typically fed by a short audio jumper cable from the Camera Audio 2 output

HD-SD/SDI Input

7 BNC Connector – Carries camera video from the Camera to the Camera Unit. This requires a short BNC jumper cable between the Camera Unit and the Camera.

HD-SD/SDI Outputs #1 & #2

- 8 BNC Connector Carries return video from the Base Station to the Camera Unit. Typically this will feed a camera viewfinder or an HD viewing monitor at the camera location.
 VBS In
- 9 BNC Connector Carries SD Analog video from the Camera to the Camera Unit. This requires a short BNC jumper cable between the Camera Unit and the Camera. Can be used to provide technical monitoring from camera as with superimposed camera menus and other information.

VBS Out

10 BNC Connector – Carries SD Analog video from the Base Station the Camera Unit. Typically this will feed an analog viewing monitor at the camera location.

Ethernet Out

11 RJ45 Connector – Carries IP Data. Typically connects to a Laptop computer or perhaps a wireless access point at the camera location. Any IP traffic controlled equipment can be handled through this signal path.

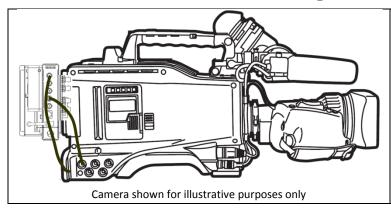
12 Intercom Headset Connector

- Mini-phone Jack Provides listen only Intercom audio. **Power Wafer Connector**
- **13** Multi-Pin Connector C Supplies power to the Camera Unit from the Power Wafer (if so configured). This cable is supplied with the Power Wafer Power Adaptor.

14 Fiber Connector

Swivel Mounted Fiber Optic Cable receptacle – specific connector depends on your configuration.

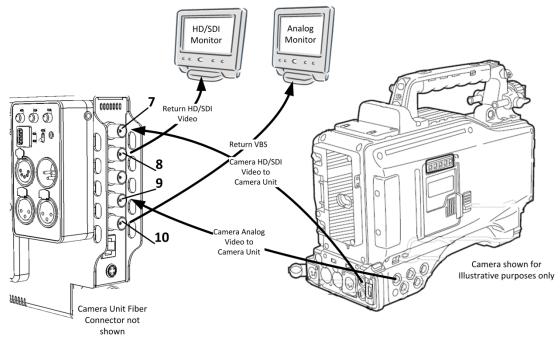
5.4. Camera Unit Connection Example



Your CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit and your camera will look something like this once you have connected the various signal paths. Each camera setup will be different depending on your model.

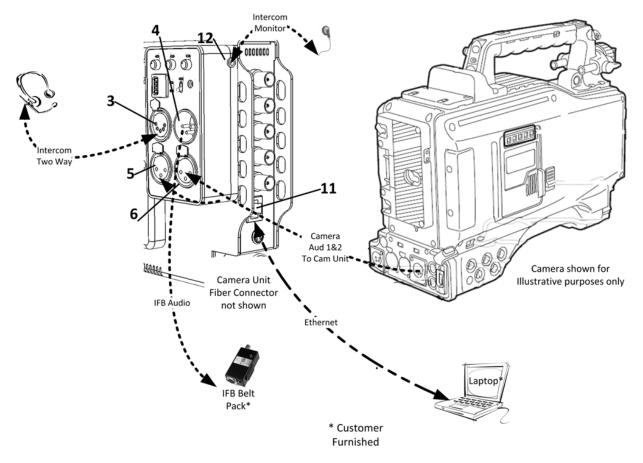
See the following section for an overview of Camera Unit to Camera & Peripheral Equipment connections.

Camera Unit (Power Adaptor or Battery Facing Side) to Camera Connections



Camera Unit Video Connections

Figure 25 - Camera Unit Video Connections



Camera Unit Audio and Intercom Connections

Figure 26 - Camera Unit Audio and Data/Control Connections

Chapter 6. Operation of the System

This chapter describes in detail the operation of Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System. Please keep in mind that a wide variety of options and variations are available in using this product and so not every possible operational environment can be described. Variations in camera type, battery and powering, fiber cable connections and intercom allow for an enormous number of slightly different operational modes.

The following topics are covered:

- 1) Set Up of the Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System
- 2) Connecting and Managing the Fiber Cable
- 3) Connecting the Fiber Cable
- 4) Powering the System
- 5) Understanding Audio Switch and Intercom usage with the CopperHead 3050
- 6) Using the Digital Displays
- 7) Standard Operation
- 8) Shutting Down the System
- 9) Troubleshooting

6.1. Set Up of the Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System for operation

This section provides an overview of setup of the Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System for operation. The following sections provide additional detail on each aspect of setup and operation.

It is important that you do an initial setup and test of your Copperhead 3050 Transceiver System as soon as your receive in order to confirm proper operation and to provide training to you and your team prior to an actual production.

Use the following list of items as an overall checklist for setup.

- It is highly recommended that you do not attempt to power up the system until all connections are made and in particular the Fiber Optic Cable has been connected at both ends. If you need to power up either the CopperHead 3050 Base Station or Camera Unit make sure that the Fiber Connectors are securely capped. This will protect them from damage or dirt and protect you from eye damage.
- 2. If it is the first time setting up the CopperHead 3050 Base Station or your setup is not permanent as it would likely be in a remote truck, stadium control room or similar, connect all required cables according to Chapter 5 (Starting at Page 41). The order in which you connect the cables makes no difference.
 - a. Make sure to connect the Camera Remote Control cable to the Base Station and Remote Control Panel when the Base Station power is turned off.
 - b. Keep Fiber Optic cable connectors capped until actually connecting the Fiber Cable.
- 3. When setting up the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit and associated Camera you will need to do the following:
 - a. If your unit is so configured, setup the external power supply as required. For the MPS power supply used with the CopperHead Power Wafer see Page 45. Make sure all cables running between the CopperHead 3050 Base Station and the Power Supply and local AC power cords are properly managed and secured.
 - b. Mount the Camera and CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit as shown on Page 38.
 - c. Connect all required cables according to Chapter 5 (Starting at Page 51). The order in which you connect the cables makes no difference.
 - d. Set up the Intercom Talk Back switches and level controls as desired. Please see the following Section 6.4 on Page 59 for details on Intercom operation with the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit.
- 4. Deploy the Fiber Cable (see the next section) you are now ready to Power Up the system.

6.2. Connecting and Managing the Fiber Cable

Connecting and managing the Fiber Cable between the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit and Base Station or an intermediate power supply requires you to perform four tasks:

- 1. Plan the route the Fiber Cable will take between the Camera Unit and the Base Station or power supply
- 2. Run the Fiber Cable along the planned route
- 3. Connect the Fiber Cable Connectors at each end
- 4. Power up the Camera Unit and the Base Station or power supply and check the Fiber Optic Cable Link and signal strength

Planning the Fiber Cable Route

Obviously the longer the planned cable run the more planning required. It also makes a difference whether you are running Tactical Fiber Cable or Hybrid Fiber Cable as these affect both the length and the type of exposure the cable can endure.

When planning your cable route take into the consideration the following:

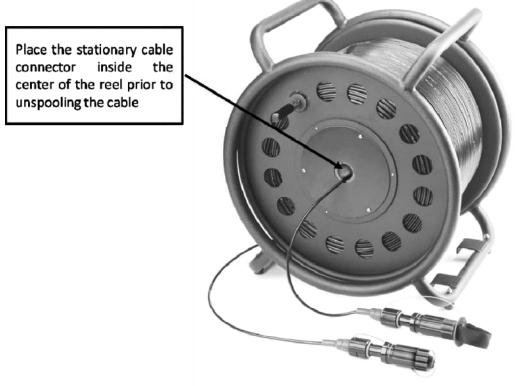
- 1. Possible obstacles that might cause you to run short of cable you may need to take a more indirect, but achievable route
- Possible hazards to the cable while tactical fiber is extremely durable it is not immune to damage. An obvious hazard is running the cable across a lawn scheduled to be cut during your live production. Make sure the empty roadway at 6AM will not be filled with heavy equipment when it comes time to retrieve your cable
- 3. Possible interference (physical) with the cable that might cause it to bend or kink to an extent that unacceptable signal loss occurs.
- 4. Safety hazards make sure that the cable will not cause a tripping or tangling hazard with people, animals or vehicles.
- 5. Decide whether the Fiber Cable is to be unspooled from the Base Station location or the Camera location. Typically the reel is kept close to the base station. However if there is a chance the Camera location may need to move further away from the Base Station after initial placement it makes sense to place the reel at the camera end. Make sure there is enough free cable coming out of the stationary end of the cable reel to accommodate a well-managed connection to the camera.

Planning the cable route requires common sense and the ability to foresee the unforeseen.

Running the Fiber Cable

Do the following when running your Fiber Cable:

- 1. Make sure that both ends of the Fiber Cable are securely capped. In this case the concern is dirt and damage. ANY dirt in the connector can adversely affect Fiber Optical performance and potentially cause you to lose the use of your camera while the problem is diagnosed and remedied.
- 2. If the cable run is long or if you will lose sight of the spooling out cable reel make sure you have appropriate assistance in running out the cable. When retrieving the cable, assistance to prevent the cable end from being caught or tangled up could be critical. Don't start reeling in the cable on your own and assume the Connector end will make it back to home base safely.
- 3. When unspooling the cable ALWAYS make sure the stationary end (the end that goes to the Base Station or Power Supply) us securely contained within the reel. A loose Connector can bang around and be damaged and NEVER connect the stationary end of the Fiber Cable to the Base Station or Power Supply and the start unspooling the Fiber Cable. Server damage to the cable could occur due to extreme spiraling of the connected portion of the cable.



- 4. Prior to connecting the Fiber Connectors to the Base Station and Camera Unit inspect both Connectors. If required, clean with dry compressed air or with technical wipes that have been moistened with isopropyl alcohol. Fingerprints or other dirt on the optical connector end surfaces will reduce the optical signal level on the fiber. If the connectors have been properly capped during storage and movement you will not likely have a problem. However if a connector has been dropped or dragged through dirt or exposed to dust cleaning is recommended.
- 5. Once the Fiber Cable has been connected it is time to secure the Fiber Cable run. Make sure there are no cable hazards in the run. Secure the cable with Cable Guards and/or Gaffers tape to insure safety.
- 6. Now the system can be powered on. Plugging in Fiber Cable connectors with the power on will not damage the system but is not recommended because of the chance of possible eye damage.
- 7. When re-spooling the Fiber Cable on to the spool guide it across the entire width of the spool so that it winds evenly and the possibility of cinching or kinks is greatly reduced.

6.3. Powering the System

The CopperHead 3050 Base Station and the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit each have a power up routine which tests the equipment and performs a system diagnostic.

| Base Station Main Power | 1. | Turn on the Base Station Power Mains Switch located at the rear left (when |
|---------------------------|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | facing the back of the Base Station) #3 on the overall diagram. This switch is |
| | | only on Base Station units with internal power. The front panel power light |
| | | will come on and be red until the next step. |
| Base Station Power | 2. | Turn on the Front Panel Power Switch located at the front right. #13 on the |
| | | overall diagram. The power monitor indicator turns from red to green. |
| Four Character Display | 3. | The 4 character display indicates TEST and all front panel LEDs turn, red, |
| LED Indicator progression | | then green, then orange, then off. |
| REV display | 4. | The LED color test is followed by REV and the revision of the display |
| | | microcontroller firmware. |
| Scrolling | 5. | The REV indication is followed by "telecast-fiber.com" scrolling across the 4 |
| | | character display. If there's no scrolling please contact Telecast Fiber |
| | | Systems support for assistance. |
| PAUSE | 6. | The scroll is followed by about a 3 second interval used to synchronize all |
| | | the microcontrollers in the Base Station |
| Diagnostics | 7. | The front panel will cycle through the diagnostics displays – See Section 6.5 |
| | | – Page 64. |
| Current Status Displayed | 8. | After the 3 second pause, all the front panel displays update with current |
| | | status. If the Camera Unit is not powered on the camera related status |
| | | lights will show red. |

Powering the CopperHead 3050 Base Station

Powering the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit

| Camera Unit power | 1. | Turn on the Camera Unit Power Switch |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Camera Power | 2. | Turn on the Camera Power and also any peripheral equipment connected to the camera or the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit such as monitors and microphones. |
| Four Character Display LED Indicator progression | 3. | On power on the four character display indicates the current Revision Version (REVA). Your unit will reflect the current Revision Version. After the revision display the current Fiber Link strength is displayed. A typical display is -8 to -13. This indicates Fiber link strength of from -8 to -13 dBm. |

Both the Camera Unit and the Base Station have a digital display selector button which allows multiple functions for the digital display. These functions are described below on Page 64.

6.4. Understanding Intercom Usage with the Copperhead 3050

The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System is delivered pre-configured with one of three intercom options:

- 1. Standard Four Wire Intercom
- 2. Clear-Com Intercom
- 3. RTS intercom

Wiring for each of these options is described in Appendix 1 on Page 76.

The operation of your specific intercom system is beyond the scope of this User's Guide. Please see the documentation provided with your intercom or consult your intercom provider.

User settings for the Intercom system occur on the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit at the top of the Audio Interface box on the back (not camera facing) side of the Camera Unit Please see the Overview Diagram on Page 86 – Reference Numbers 9-15. This Audio Interface box provides the following functionality:

- 1. Volume control through the Intercom headsets for two Intercom channels and for Program audio carried on the Intercom line.
- 2. Side Tone setting control. Side tone is the volume of your voice heard on your local intercom headset. It does not affect how others on the intercom line hear you.
- 3. LEDs provide activity monitoring of traffic on the two Intercom channels and Program audio. These are activity only monitors and do not represent audio levels.

In addition to the Intercom controls, a 4-switch panel allows adjustment of various Audio Input and IFB settings.

Note that the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit acts as the last component of any intercom beltpack chain. An Intercom beltpack cannot be plugged into the CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit. Only an intercom headset can be plugged into the Camera Unit.

CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Intercom Operation

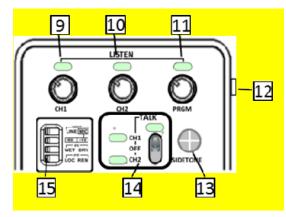


Figure 27- Audio Interface Box Detail (Camera Unit)

LISTEN:

To set listening level for an intercom channel or the PROGRAM Audio, adjust the desired LISTEN control knobs at the top of the Audio Interface box (Fig 27, #9, 10, 11). The LISTEN indicator LEDs indicate activity on the Intercom channels and the Program audio stream, and illuminate even if your LISTEN control knobs are turned down.

TALK:

The Intercom TALK toggle switch (Fig 27, #14) opens the headset microphone onto Intercom Channel 1, Channel 2 or both channels. This switch does not control which Intercom audio stream you will hear.

<u>Momentary Mode</u>: Press and hold the TALK toggle switch (#14) up (for Channel 1) or down (for Channel 2), then speak into the microphone. The green talk LED will remain lit while the TALK switch is held. Release the TALK switch when finished talking. The TALK LED will turn off.

<u>Latching Mode</u> (for Hands-free Conversation): Press the TALK toggle switch (do not press and hold) up (for Channel 1) or down (for Channel 2). The green TALK LED will turn on and remain on. When finished talking, push the TALK toggle switch again in the same direction (up or down). The talk LED will turn off.

The middle position allows both channels to remain in the off position.

Figure 28 shows the intercom LEDs with the mic open and audio activity on channel 1. Figure 29 shows the intercom LEDs with the mic open and audio activity on channels 1 & 2.



Figure 28 – Mic open on Intercom Channel 1

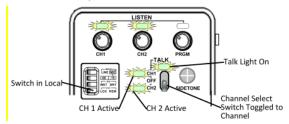


Figure 29- Mic open on both Intercom Channels

Adjusting Intercom Sidetone

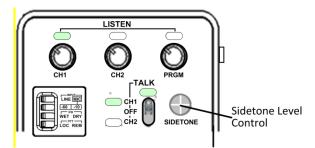


Figure 30 – Setting Intercom Side Tone

The intercom SIDE TONE adjustment controls the level of your own voice that you hear locally in your headset. It does not affect how others on the intercom circuit hear you. With the TALK control activated on CH1 and/or CH2, use a "Tweaker" type screwdriver to adjust the Side Tone Level until you are comfortable with the level of your own voice in your headset.

CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Audio/Intercom/IFB 4-Switch Panel

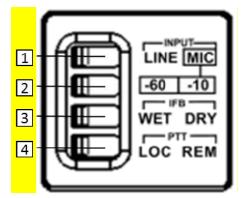


Figure 31 – Audio/Intercom/IFB switch panel

1) Audio Input LINE/MIC Switch

Left position sets audio inputs to line level (+4dB). Right position switches audio inputs to MIC level and enables Switch #2

2) MIC Input Level Switch

Left position sets MIC input level to -60dB. Right position sets MIC input level to -10dB.

3) IFB WET/DRY Switch

Left position sets IFB output XLR3M connector to Powered ("Wet"), which will provide power to an IFB beltpack (or "talent amplifier) via the audio cable. Right position sets IFB connector to Unpowered ("Dry").

4) For Future Use

6.5. Using the Digital Displays

A Brief Guide to Measurement of Fiber Optic Signal Strength

Certain portions of this description are attributed to Wikipedia – The Free Encyclopedia.

The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System provides direct digital readout of the Fiber Optic Link signal strength for both the Base Station to Camera Unit Fiber Link and the Camera Unit to Base Station Fiber Link. This readout is presented in units of dBm. It is useful to understand both the dB or decibel and the dBm or decibel referenced to one milliwatt.

The decibel (dB) is a logarithmic unit of measurement that expresses the magnitude of a physical quantity (usually power or intensity) relative to a specified or implied reference level. Since it expresses a ratio of two quantities with the same unit, it is a dimensionless, relative unit. A decibel is one tenth of a bel, a seldom-used unit. Typically dB has been employed in Audio Measurement and Fiber Optics among many uses.

Proper measurement of signal strength requires an absolute measurement and the dBm provides this measurement. Since it is referenced to the milliwatt, it is an absolute unit, used when measuring absolute power. By comparison, the decibel (dB) is used for quantifying the ratio between two values, such as signal-to-noise ratio

The CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System operates within a defined range of Fiber Optic Link signal strength. The minimum recommended signal strength is -22 dBm or better. Typically the system should operate at levels between -8 dBm and -20 dBm. The standard CopperHead 3050 laser output strength is -6 dBm. Cable length affects signal strength as does the number of connections between the Camera Unit and the Base Station. For example, using a Power Supply such as the MPS or HDX produces a minimal signal loss through each connection.

The digital readouts on both the CopperHead 3050 Base Station and Camera Unit provide direct signal strength measurements in dBm. These readouts also provide a wide range of diagnostic information. The use of the digital readouts is described below

The CopperHead 3050 Base Station Digital Display

The Base Station digital display has three functions selected by the Display Mode Selector (#14 on the Overview Diagram). These functions are indicated by the Display Mode LEDs.

- 1. BASE RX Base Station Optical Power or Signal Strength that is being generated at the Base Station and sent to the Camera Unit. Displayed in units of –dBm.
- 2. CAM RX Optical Power or Signal Strength generated by the Camera Unit as measured at the Base Station. Displayed in units of –dBm.
- 3. DIAG One of four diagnostics modes available to the Base Station
 - a. TEMP displays operating temperature in degrees Centigrade of each circuit board that reports temperature
 - b. POWR displays power level from monitored circuit boards
 - c. REV displays microcontroller firmware version from each circuit board with a microcontroller
 - d. CAM displays the error status reported by the Camera Unit

To select the different display modes push the Display Mode Selector. The transition from one mode to another may take a moment with the transition into the Diagnostic mode taking slightly longer. The Selector is cyclical rotating through each of the modes. Once in the Diagnostic mode a quick push of the Selector cycles through the various diagnostic sub-modes described above.

The following table describes the expected readouts in each of the above Base Station display modes. By following the sequence you can understand what the various readouts and four character abbreviations mean for the system.

| Display Mode | Readout | Base Station Digital Display Activity Explanation | | |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| (assume | (assumes after initial power up – see Page xx for a description of the Power Up sequence) | | | |
| | | BASE RX (Base Station Receive Signal Strength) | | |
| BASE RX | -9 | Indicates that the Base Station signal strength is -9 dBm | | |
| BASE RX | OPT | Indicates that the Display is showing Optical link signal strength | | |
| BASE RX | -9 | Repeat of the Base Station signal strength | | |
| BASE RX | OPT | Repeat that the display is showing Optical link signal strength | | |
| | | This display cycle repeats itself and depending on timing may start with either OPT of the strength measurement | | |
| | | | | |
| | | CAM RX (Camera Unit Receive Signal Strength) | | |
| CAM RX | ROPT | Sequence starts with ROPT to indicate remote optical signal strength | | |
| CAM RX | -9 | Indicates that the signal strength from the Camera Unit is -13 dBm | | |
| CAM RX | ОРТ | Indicates that the Display is showing Optical link signal strength NOTE: the only way to distinguish between BASE RX and CAM RX is to check the Display Mode LED indicator. | | |
| CAM RX | -9 | Repeat of the Camera Unit signal strength | | |
| CAM RX | OPT | Repeat that the display is showing Optical link signal strength | | |
| | | This display cycle repeats itself and depending on timing may start with either OPT of the strength measurement – ROPT does not reappear in the repeating cycle | | |

| Display Mode | Readout | Base Station Digital Display Activity Explanation |
|--------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Temperature (TEMP) |
| DIAG | | When first entering the Diagnostic mode the DIAG display mode indicator LED will blink – the first sub-mode is TEMP (Temperature). The Digital Display Characters will glow Green when the temperature is normal and Red when outside of normal range. |
| DIAG/TEMP | TEMP | Indicates the display is in the TEMP sub-mode |
| DIAG/TEMP | PS | The Power Supply (PS) temperature will be displayed |
| DIAG/TEMP | TEMP | Repeats that the display is in the TEMP sub-mode |
| DIAG/TEMP | 37C | Temperature display in Centigrade for Power Supply circuit board |
| DIAG/TEMP | BASE | The Base Station main circuit board temperature will be displayed |
| DIAG/TEMP | TEMP | Repeats that the display is in the TEMP sub-mode |
| DIAG/TEMP | 47C | Temperature display in Centigrade for Base Station circuit board |
| DIAG/TEMP | PS | The Power Supply (PS) temperature will be again displayed |
| DIAG/TEMP | TEMP | Repeats that the display is in the TEMP sub-mode |
| DIAG/TEMP | 36C | Temperature display in Centigrade for Power Supply circuit board NOTE: that the PS temperature has dropped one degree |
| | | This display cycle repeats until the Display Mode Selector is pushed |
| | | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Power Supply Voltage Status (POWER) |
| DIAG/POWER | | A quick push of the Display Mode Selector advances to the Power (POWR) diagnostic sub-mode. Digital Display Characters are Green when <i>all</i> power levels are normal and Red when <i>any</i> power level is outside normal level |
| DIAG/POWER | POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | BASE | Indicates that the Base Station main controller board is being measured |
| DIAG/POWER | POWER | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State |
| DIAG/POWER | DISP | Indicates that the LED Display controller board is being measured |
| DIAG/POWER | POWER | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State |
| DIAG/POWER | CHAR | Indicates that the Four Character controller board is being measured |
| DIAG/POWER | POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State |
| DIAG/POWER | AUD | Indicates that the Audio controller board is being measured |
| DIAG/POWER | POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State |
| DIAG/POWER | VBS | Indicates that the VBS (analog Video) controller board is being measured |
| DIAG/POWER | POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode |
| DIAG/POWER | ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State |
| | | DIAG/POWER Exception |
| DIAG/POWER | ERR | Instead of OK, the display will show ERR if a power level is outside of normal – ERR is followed by a Hexadecimal code. Please note the error code. A list of Hexadecimal codes is available in a Technical Bulletin a Telecast-Fiber.com. |

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| | | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Microcontroller Board Revision Version (REV) |
|----------|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | A quick push of the Display Mode Selector advances to the Power (POWR) |
| | | diagnostic sub-mode. This sub-mode displays the microcontroller firmware |
| DIAG/REV | | revision of every board in the Base Station that has a microcontroller. |
| | | (Note: the REV versions noted here were current as of August 1, 2010. Your |
| | | system may have different REV versions) |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Initial display of REV after Display Mode Selector being advances |
| DIAG/REV | DISP | Indicates the Display microcontroller board is revision is being queried |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Indicates that sub-mode is REV |
| DIAG/REV | REVC | Indicates that the REV for the DISP board is REVC |
| DIAG/REV | VBS | Indicates the VBS microcontroller board is revision is being queried |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Indicates that sub-mode is REV |
| DIAG/REV | REVA | Indicates that the REV for the VBS board is REVA |
| | BASE | Indicates the Base Station main microcontroller board is revision is being |
| DIAG/REV | BASE | queried |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Indicates that sub-mode is REV |
| DIAG/REV | REVA | Indicates that the REV for the BASE board is REVA |
| DIAG/REV | AUD | Indicates the audio microcontroller board is revision is being queried |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Indicates that sub-mode is REV |
| DIAG/REV | REVA | Indicates that the REV for the AUD board is REVA |
| | DC | Indicates the power supply microcontroller board is revision is being |
| DIAG/REV | PS | queried |
| DIAG/REV | REV | Indicates that sub-mode is REV |
| DIAG/REV | REVD | Indicates that the REV for the DISP board is REVD |
| | | This display cycle repeats until the Display Mode Selector is pushed |
| | | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Camera Unit Error Status (CAM) |
| | | A quick push of the Display Mode Selector advances to the Camera Unit |
| | | (CAM) diagnostic sub-mode. This mode displays the error status of the |
| | | Camera Unit. The Digital Display Characters are green if Camera Unit shows |
| | | no error and red if the Camera Unit does have an error. This is a high-level |
| | | view of the Camera Unit error status. For further information go to the |
| | | Camera Unit diagnostic display. |
| DIAG/CAM | CAM | Indicates that the sub-mode is CAM |
| DIAG/CAM | OK | Indicates that the Camera Unit is reporting No fault |
| DIAG/CAM | ERR | Indicates that the Camera Unit is reporting Some fault |
| | | This display cycle repeats until the Display Mode Selector is pushed |

The CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Digital Display

The Camera Unit Digital Display has six functions selected by the BASE Rx/DIM Selector (#11 on the Overview Diagram). These functions are indicated only by the activity in the Digital Display.

- 1. LOPT Camera Unit Optical Power or Signal Strength (Local OPTical) that is being generated at the Camera Unit and sent to the Base Station. Displayed in units of –dBm.
- 2. ROPT Optical Power (Remote OPTical) or Signal Strength generated by the Base Station as measured at the Camera Unit. Displayed in units of –dBm.
- 3. TEMP displays operating temperature in degrees Centigrade of each circuit board that reports temperature
- 4. POWR displays power level from monitored circuit boards
- 5. REV displays microcontroller firmware version from each circuit board with a microcontroller
- 6. LED Brightness Allows the adjustment of the Camera Unit LED brightness

To select the different display modes push the BASE Rx/DIM Selector. The transition from one mode to another may take a moment with the transition into the LED Brightness mode taking slightly longer. The Selector is cyclical rotating through each of the modes.

The following table describes the expected readouts in each of the above Camera Unit display modes. By following the sequence you can understand what the various readouts and four character abbreviations mean for the system.

| Readout | Camera Unit Digital Display Activity Explanation |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | (assumes after initial power up – see Page xx for a description of the Power Up sequence) |
| | LOPT (Camera Unit Optical Signal Strength) |
| -3 | Indicates that the Base Station signal strength is -9 dBm |
| OPT | Indicates that the Display is showing Optical link signal strength |
| -13 | Repeat of the Base Station signal strength |
| OPT | Repeat that the display is showing Optical link signal strength |
| | This display cycle repeats itself and depending on timing may start with either OPT of the strength measurement |
| | |
| | ROPT (Base Station Signal Strength) |
| | A Quick push of the BASE Rx/DIM Selector advances to the ROPT mode |
| ROPT | Sequence starts with ROPT to indicate remote optical signal strength |
| rOPT | Indicates in the remote optical signal strength cycle |
| -9 | Indicates that the signal strength from the Base Station is -9 dBm |
| | This display cycle repeats itself and depending on timing may start with either OPT of the strength measurement – ROPT does not reappear in the repeating cycle |

| Readout | Camera Unit Digital Display Activity Explanation | | | |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Temperature (TEMP) | | | |
| | A Quick push of the BASE Rx/DIM Selector advances to the TEMP mode | | | |
| TEMP | Sequence starts with TEMP to indicate the display mode is temperature | | | |
| BASE | The main Camera Unit controller board temperature will be displayed – <i>does not refer to Base Station</i> | | | |
| TEMP | Repeats that the display is in the TEMP mode | | | |
| 61C | Temperature display in Centigrade for Camera Unit main circuit board | | | |
| | Need to determine if additional temp readings are provided. My recording of this is cut short | | | |
| | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Power (POWR) | | | |
| | A Quick push of the BASE Rx/DIM Selector advances to the POWR mode | | | |
| LBUS | Indicates that the LBUS controller board is being measured | | | |
| POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode | | | |
| ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State | | | |
| UBUS | Indicates that the UBUS controller board is being measured | | | |
| POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode | | | |
| OK | Indicates that the item is in an OK State | | | |
| OBOX | Indicates that the Audio Interface Box controller board is being measured | | | |
| POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode | | | |
| OK | Indicates that the item is in an OK State | | | |
| BASE | Indicates that main Camera Unit controller board is being measured | | | |
| POWR | Indicates the display is in the POWER sub-mode | | | |
| ОК | Indicates that the item is in an OK State | | | |
| | DIAGNOSTIC MODE Microcontroller Board Revision Version (REV) | | | |
| | A Quick push of the BASE Rx/DIM Selector advances to the REV mode. This mode displays the microcontroller firmware revision of every board in the Camera Unit that has a microcontroller. (Note: the REV versions noted here were current as of August 1, 2010. Your system may have different REV versions) | | | |
| REV | Indicates that mode is REV | | | |
| OBOX | Indicates the OBOX microcontroller board is revision is being queried | | | |
| REVA | Indicates that the REV for the Audio Interface Box board is REVA | | | |
| REV | Indicates that mode is REV | | | |
| BASE | Indicates the BASE microcontroller board is revision is being queried | | | |
| REVA | Indicates that the REV for the BASE Camera Unit controller board is REVA | | | |
| REV | Indicates that mode is REV | | | |
| UBUS | Indicates the UBUS microcontroller board is revision is being queried | | | |
| REVA | Indicates that the REV for the UBUS board is REVA | | | |

The BASE Rx/DIM accesses the Camera Unit dimming function. In order to change the brightness of the Camera Unit LEDs push and hold the BASE Rx/DIM selector. This may take a few moments. The dimming is cyclical – it will first change in direction and when it reaches the limit of that direction it will begin to go in the opposite direction (bright to dim, dim to bright).

| The four character Digital Display will indicate maximum brightness with this readout | <0> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| The four character Digital Display will indicate minimum brightness with this readout | <-> |

6.6. Standard Operation

The section is devoted to a number of "Best Practices" for use of the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System. Specific information on how to operate the system has been presented in the sections above.

- 1. Take the possibility of Laser Eye damage seriously. It is not likely but you don't want to be the one-in-a-million case.
- 2. Protect the Fiber Optic Cable and the Fiber Optic Connectors. **Always** keep these capped unless there are being connected.
- 3. Read the section on planning the Fiber Run it may come in handy Page 55.
- 4. Once the system is set up and running, do not ignore the Optical Power Signal Strength Readouts at either the Camera or the Base Station. While the Alarm functions of the system are very good, so is the tolerance for optical Signal Strength reduction. By monitoring –dBm levels you can take preventative action to stop a signal and possibly an On-Air or Recording loss. The system is, of course, digital and so the Signal Strength is either just good enough or usually much better than that. When it is no longer strong enough the signal stops.
- 5. If introducing new equipment (cameras, switchers, etc.) or new operators be sure to do a test run with everything as it will be during the actual production. Reading this User Guide is a good start but hands-on is the best way to understand how it will and more importantly what to do to insure proper operation.
- 6. Be as careful during System tear down as during setup.

6.7. Shutting Down the System

System shutdown is simple. The only cautions relate to the Fiber Cable and to the Camera Remote Control Panel Cable.

- 1. Camera Power and Camera Unit Power may be turned off at any time. If your system utilized Hybrid Power these are one and the same.
- 2. To avoid the possibility of looking directly into an active fiber optic port or cable, turn both the Camera Unit and the Base Station off before disconnecting the fiber from either point.
- 3. To avoid the possibility of damaging the Camera or Camera Remote Control Panel turn both the Camera Unit and the Base Station off before disconnecting the Control Cable from the Control Panel, the Base Station, the Camera Unit or the Camera itself.
- 4. Protect all cables from dirt, water entry and being dragged across the ground or other surface.
- 5. When re-spooling the cable take your time so as to avoid cable snags, crimps or damage to the connectors. Re-spool evenly across the reel.
- 6. If the Base Station is a permanent or semi-permanent installation then simply power off and disconnect and cap the Fiber Cable.

6.8. Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting any technical issues with the CopperHead 3050 Transceiver System is similar to any piece of television production gear with the obvious exception of the core Fiber Optic technology. Here is a list of things to look out for and check – some of them obvious but sometimes forgotten.

- 1. Check all your cables and loss connections or bad connectors?
- 2. Check your power are the Power Supplies working?
- 3. If there is a power problem, check the fuses.
- 4. Take advantage of the various diagnostic tools provided in the CopperHead 3050 Base Station and Camera Unit.
 - a. Is the Fiber Optic Signal Strength within an acceptable range? The product specification calls for strength of -22 dBm or greater but the system will often work at strengths lower than this though not guaranteed to do so Use the Four Character Digital Displays to check signal strength. Remember to check at both ends, both local and remote power. It is useful to know that the Base Station is putting out good power but the Camera Unit is not receiving it.
 - b. Observe all of the LED warning and alarm lights on the Base Station and follow up based on what you observe.
 - c. If signal strength is degraded from the time of system checkout at a particular location, walk the Fiber Cable and see that it is in intact and has no damage of severe bends or kinks.
- 5. If the digital display indicates an error and displays a Hexadecimal error code you should contact Telecast Fiber support to assist in diagnosing the problem. Note the exact error code so you can report it to Telecast Fiber support. The hexadecimal errors indicate problems with the power supplies and the internal boards. In general, there is not much you can do as an end user if one of these rare error messages is displayed.

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Appendices

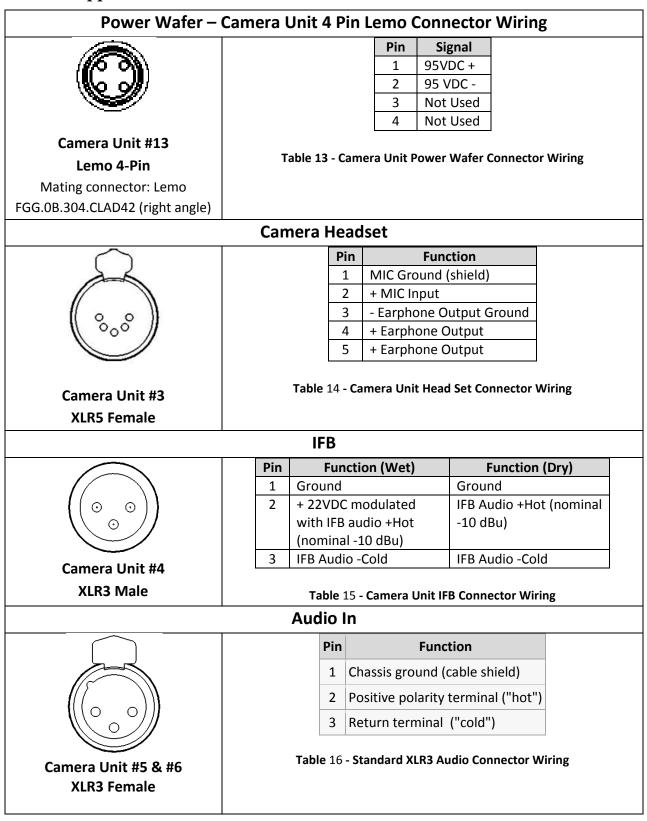
Appendix 1. Connector Specifications and Pin Assignments

1.1. CopperHead 3050 Base Station Connectors

| Reference Numbers Refer to the Overview Diagrams in 0 at the End of this User Guide | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| AC Power Input Connector- Models CHG3-BS-3050-95VD-xxx-xxx | | | | | |
| | Panel Mounted AC Power Receptacle: 110/220 VAC Two 4 amp fuses (5 x 20mm).fuses are in operation at all times – both the AC Line Hot and the AC Line Neutral are fused. | | | | |
| Base Station #1 Standard IEC C14 receptacle | Replacement: Littlefuse 218 or equivalent. | | | | |
| 12VDC Input Powe | r Connectors – Models CHG3-BS-3050-2ST/2MX/NEU | | | | |
| | Pin Signal 1 Ground 2 Unused 3 Unused 4 + Power 12 VDC Table 5 - Base Station Power Connector Wiring | | | | |
| Base Station #14 XLR4 Male | This matching connector is from either an ADAP-AC-04 or a customer- supplied 12VDC power supply This connector is wired in parallel with terminal block #21 (below) | | | | |
| - Terminal + Terminal Base Station #15 Terminal block | Pin Signal 1 Minus Voltage Terminal 2 Plus Voltage Terminal Table 6 - Base Station 12VDC Terminal Block Wiring This connector is wired in parallel with XLR4 Male #20 (above) | | | | |
| 95VDC output: Model CHG3-BS-3050-95VD-STM-xxx | | | | | |
| Base Station #17 Mating connector: | PinFunctionWire Color195VDC+ OUTWhite*295VDC+ OUTBlack*5GroundGreenTable 7 - Molex Connector Wiring | | | | |
| Molex 39-01-4051 | *Tied together at terminal lug end | | | | |

| Base Station Audio Input & Output Connectors | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------|---------------|--|
| | Audio In | Audio Out | Channel | DB25 Pin Num | | nber | |
| | #18 | #19 | Channel | Hot | Cold | Ground | |
| | Return Audio 1 In | Cam Audio 1 Out | 1 | 24 | 12 | 25 | |
| | Return Audio 2 In | Cam Audio 2 Out | 2 | 10 | 23 | 11 | |
| | Not Used | Not Used | 3 | 21 | 9 | 22 | |
| | Not Used | Not Used | 4 | 7 | 20 | 8 | |
| | Intercom Program In | Not Used | 5 | 18 | 6 | 19 | |
| H = HOT C = COLD | Not Used | Not Used | 6 | 4 | 17 | 5 | |
| Base Station #12 & #13 | Intercom CH 1 In | Intercom CH 1 Out | 7 | 15 | 3 | 16 | |
| DB25 Female | Intercom CH 2 In | Intercom CH 2 Out | 8 | 1 | 14 | 2 | |
| | | | Not Connected | | 13 | | |
| | Table 8 - Base Station Audio 25 Pin Connector WiringPlease see Appendix 3, Pages 79 and 80 for suggested wiring configurations. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | nfigurations. | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| | 4-Wire I | nterco | m | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|----------------|-----------------|-------|
| | Pin | Functio | n | Impedance | Signals | |
| | 1 | Ground | | | | 1 |
| $\left(\left(\begin{array}{cc} \odot & \odot \\ \odot & \odot \end{array} \right) \right)$ | 2 | + Input | | 600 Ohm | Line: +8 dBm | 1 |
| | 3 | - Input | | Input | Mic: -32 dBm | |
| | 4 | - Outpu | it : | >=600 Ohm | +8 dBm | |
| | 5 | + Outpu | Jt | Load | | |
| Base Station #10 & #11 | Table 9 - | Base Stat | ion F | our Wire Inte | rcom Output Wi | ring |
| XLR5 Female | | | | | | |
| | Clear-Con | n Interc | om | 1 | | |
| | | | Pin | Signal | | |
| | | | 1 | Ground | | |
| | | | 2 | + VDC Powe | er | |
| $((\circ \circ))$ | | | 3 | Power | | |
| | Table 10 - | Base Stat | ion (| Clear-Com Inte | ercom Output W | iring |
| Base Station #10 & 11 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| XLR3 Female (x2) | | | | | | |
| | RTS In | tercom | | | | |
| | F | Pin Sign | al | | | |
| | | 1 Grou | und | | | |
| | | 2 + VD | DC Po | ower & Chan | nel 1 Audio | |
| (((0 0))) | | | | 2 Audio | | |
| | Table 11 - Base Station RTS Intercom Input Wiring | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Base Station #10 | | | | | | |
| XLR3 Female | | | | | | |
| | F | Pin Sign | al | | | |
| | | 1 Grou | | | | |
| $((\odot \circ \circ))$ | | | | ower & Chan | nel 1 Audio | |
| | | | | 2 Audio | | |
| | Table 12 | 2 - Base St | atio | n RTS Intercor | n Loop-Thru Wir | ing |
| | | | | | | |
| Base Station #11 | | | | | | |



1.2. CopperHead 3050 Camera Unit Multi-Pin Connectors

Appendix 2. Available Accessories

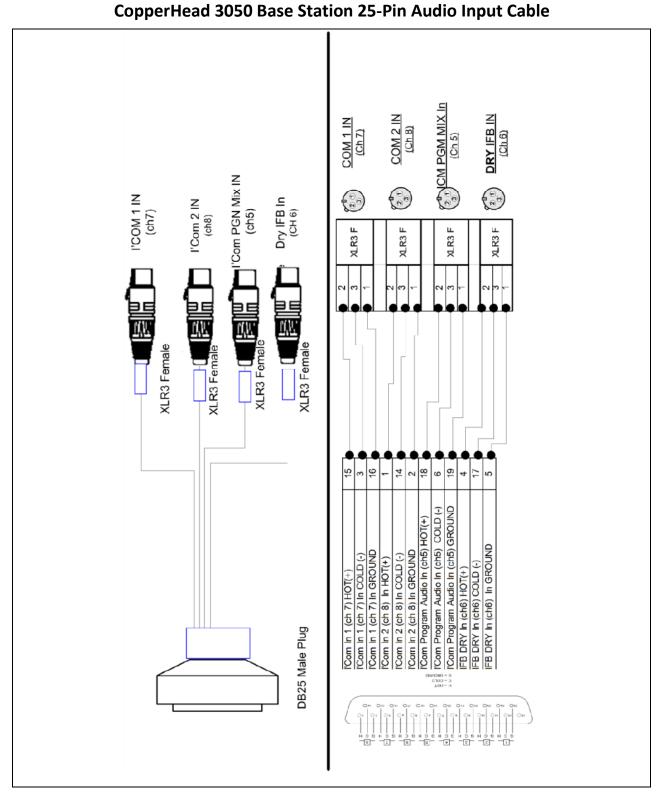
| Item Number/ Description | | Item Number/ Description | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| CH3-CAM-3050-MX | | CAXX-MX | |
| Camera Unit w/MX Connector: Tac Fiber only | | Tactical Fiber Assembly, MX Connectors | release |
| CH3-CAM-3050-NEU | | CAXX-XT2S-NOC | |
| Camera Unit w/ OpticalCON connector: Tac or SMPTE Hybrid Fiber | | Tactical Fiber Cable Assembly, OpticalCON Connectors | O. |
| CH3-CAM-3050- | 000 | CAXX-XSM311-NOC | |
| 304M Camera Unit w/SMPTE | | SMPTE 311M Hybrid Fiber | |
| 304M connector: Tac or SMPTE Hybrid Fiber | | Cable Assembly, OpticalCON connectors | |
| CH3-BS-2ST or –NEU | | CAXX-XSM311- SMPTE | |
| Standard Base Station 2 STs or OpticalCON connector | | SMPTE 311M Hybrid Fiber Cable Assembly, SMPTE 304M connectors | |
| CH3-BS-95VD-304 or -NEU or –STM | | MXRE | |
| Base Station w/internal Power Supply | | MX Receptacle Flange Mount Assembly Breakout to STs | |

| Item Number/ Description | | Item Number/ Description | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| PWRWFR-95VD-FSR- AB | | MXRV | |
| Power Wafer Camera Adaptor (for use with CH Series 3050-BS-95VD) | | MX Receptacle Jam Nut Assembly Breakout to ST's | |
| ADAP-AC-04 | | CH3BFC-NOC- 2ST/MOL-08-XX | |
| Base Station AC Adaptor (for CH Series 3050-BS-2ST) | | OpticalCON receptacle to STs and Molex | |
| CASM/MD/XL | Tolecast | CH3BFC-NOC-NOC- 08-XX | |
| Fiber Cable Assembly on Reel | attine at the second se | OpticalCON receptacle to OpticalCON Plug | |
| CHG3-AUD- RTS/CC/4W | | CH3BFC-304M-2ST- 08-XX | |
| 2-Channel Intercom Modules: 4-wire, RTS, or Clear-Com | | SMPTE Hybrid 304M plug to STs and Molex | |
| PWRPLUS-1MX/NO | | CH3BFC-304M-NOC- 08-XX | |
| Long Distance "PowerPlus" Adaptor for use with HDX (specify LP or HP) | | SMPTE Hybrid 304M plug to OpticalCON Plug | ON CONTRACTOR |
| HDX-2-ST | HDY: Tolucast | CH3BFP-ST/NOC | |
| Power Supply for PowerPlus Power Adaptor | | Base Fiber Plates – unpowered | |
| HDX-FR-2 | MDX Network MDY Relevant - | ST or OpticalCON | |
| Rack mount frame for 2 HDX units. | | CH3BFP- | |
| CH2-MPS-95VD-2ST-XXX or CH2-MPS-95VD-NEU-XXX | | STMOL/NOC/304M | |
| MPS Power Supply for Power Wafer Power Adaptor | · · · · · · · · | Base Fiber Plates - powered: ST /Molex or OpticalCON or 304M | |

Base station cables

| Cable Description | Item Number | Cable is Wired with Connectors | Typical Equipment Used With Cable |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Audio Input | CH3BAI-3050-D25-4XL3F | DB25 to 4 XLR3-F | Audio input sources |
| Audio Output | CH3BAO-DB25-4XL3M | DB25 to 4 XLR3-M | Audio output devices |

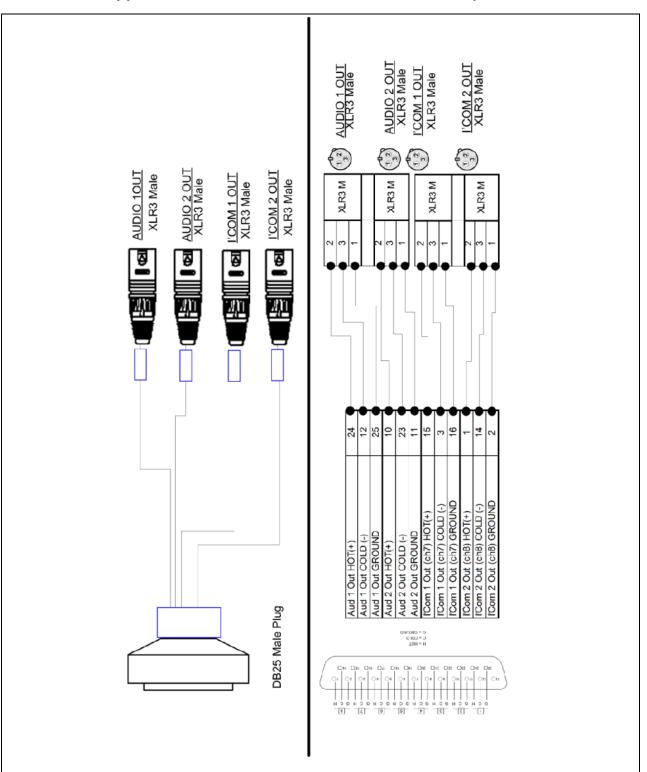
For information on these and other cable configurations please contact Telecast Fiber Systems, Inc. or your local CopperHead dealer.



Appendix 3. Multi-Pin Wiring Suggestions

Figure 32 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station 25-Pin Audio Input Cable - CH3BAI-3050-DB25-4XL3F

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CopperHead 3050 Base Station 25-Pin Audio Output Cable

Figure 33 - CopperHead 3050 Base Station 25-Pin Audio Output Cable - CH3BAO-DB25-4XL3M

Appendix 4. Specifications

Video, Digital (bi-directional)

| Interface. | SMPTE 259M, 292M |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Data Rate | 270 Mb/s or 1.5 Gbits/s |
| Input Level | 800 mV (peak to peak) |
| Input/Output Impedance | |
| Output Impedance. | |
| Bit-Error Rate (@ -22 dBm) | |
| Jitter (pathological data). | |
| Rise/Fall Times. | |

Video, Analog (bi-directional)

| Interface. | RS170, NTSC, PAL |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Frequency Response | |
| 30 Hz-4.2 MHz | ±0.15 dB |
| 8MHz. | 3 dB |
| Video Signal to Noise Ratio | $\dots \ge 72 \text{ dB}$ |
| Differential Gain | <2% |
| Differential Phase | |

Ethernet

| Data Support | 10BaseT/100BaseT |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| Connector | Twisted Pair RJ45 |
| Cable compatible | UTP 100-ohm Cat5 |
| Input/Output Impedance | 10 kΩ/30 Ω |

Audio

| Number of Channels | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Туре | Balanced, line level |
| Impedance | >15K Ω |
| Maximum Input Level | 24 dBu |
| Quantization | 24 bits, 128x (oversampled) |
| Sample Rate | |
| Frequency Response | ±0.1 dB, 20 Hz to 20 KHz |

Intercom

| Number or channels | 2 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Interface types (Base) | RTS, Clear-Com or Four-Wire |
| Frequency Response | |
| Max Distortion | |
| Noise | < -60dBu |
| Max Gain (RTS or Clear-Com |)>= 24dB |
| Min Gain (RTS or Clear-Com |)<= -45dB |

IFB

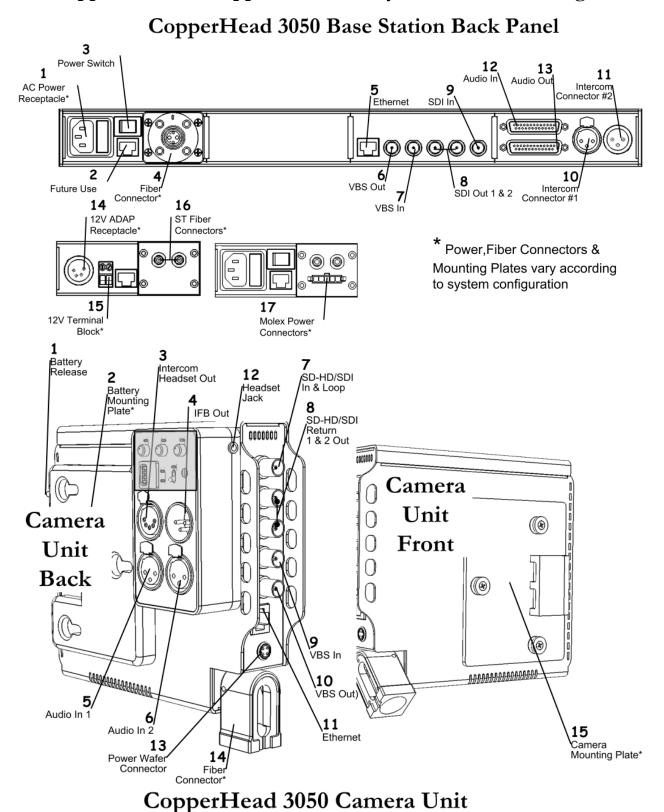
| Number or channels | 1 |
|------------------------------------------------------|---|
| Frequency Response | 3 |
| Max Distortion | ó |
| Noise | u |
| Base Station (IFB Input): | |
| Input:Line-Leve | ł |
| Connector DB25 Female | е |
| Typeelectronically balanced, direct coupled | |
| Impedance 24 k ohms | s |
| Level+4 dBu, nomina | 1 |
| Camera Unit (IFB Output): | |
| Connector: | е |
| Beltpack compatible (wet)Clear Com, RTS, Studio Tech | n |
| Type: electronically balanced, capacitor coupled | d |
| Load (wet) intended to drive 600 ohm or greater load | d |
| | |

Electro-Optical Operating Wavelengths. 1300 nm/1550 nm TX Laser output power (std./opt)--6 dBm/0 dBm RX Sensitivity, HD/SDI--22 dBm Fiber Compatibility.Single Mode Optical Connector Options - Camera Unit: Local Power..... MX or opticalCON Remote Power: Short Range Power SMPTE 304M or OpticalCON Long Range Power.SMPTE 304M Optical Connector Options - Base Station: Unpowered (Tac fiber) ST or OpticalCON Remote Power (Hybrid fiber): Standard Power.....SMPTE 304M, OpticalCON, or STs & Molex Distance Limit * Tactical Fiber (Local Power at Camera): **SMPTE 311M Hybrid Fiber:** Standard Internal Power Supply w/PowerWafer≈ 240m (787 ft): 95W @ 12VDC*) Long Range: HDX w/PowerPlus≈2km (6562 ft): 100W Cont./150W Peak* Mechanical/Environmental

| Dimensions (WxLxD) | |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Camera Unit. | 2.5" x 6.5" x 2.2" |
| Base Station | 17.5" x 9" x 1.75" |
| Power Wafer | 5" x 6.12" x 2.2" |
| PowerPlus LP (100W) | |
| PowerPlus HP (150W) | 5" x 6" x 3.7" |
| HDX | 13" x 3.5" x 8.5" |
| Weight | |
| 8 | |
| Base Station | |
| PowerWafer | |
| PowerPlus | LP: 2.3 lbHP: 2.5 lb |
| HDX | |
| Power Consumption | |
| Camera unit | 8 watts@10-18VDC |
| Base Station (Tac Fiber): | |
| Power Consumption | |
| | |
| Base Station (Hybrid Fiber): | |
| Power Req 110-120/220-240 VAC, 50 to 60Hz | |
| 1 | 250 watts max @120VAC |

Temperature Range25° to +55°C Humidity Range0 to 95% RH, Noncondensing * The maximum cable length varies due to optical loss that can depend on cable quality, dirt/dust/contamination on connectors, and the number of cable connectors. When using hybrid cable for

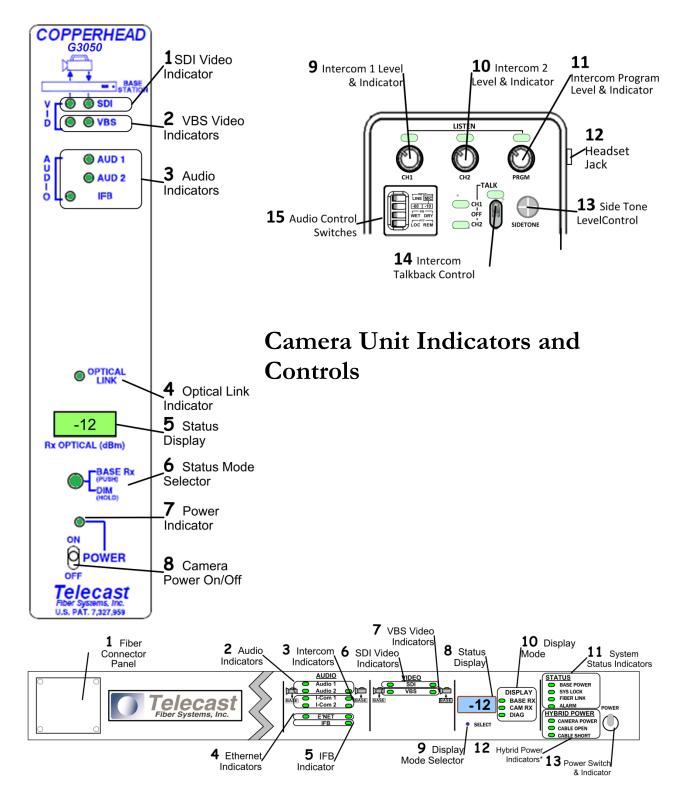
depend on cable quality, dirt/dust/contamination on connectors, and the number of cable connectors. When using hybrid cable for camera power, the size of the hybrid cable, as well as the power draw of the camera, lens, viewfinder, and other accessories are also factors Page Intentionally Left Blank



Appendix 5. CopperHead 3050 System: Overview Diagrams

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*Appears only on Hybrid Power Systems CopperHead Base Station Front Panel

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Telecast Fiber Systems

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