



Overview:

Eltek Valere's H-series rectifier modules provide industry-leading power density and efficiency in a 1 RU footprint. Versatility, scalability, and "hot swap" capability make for optimal system design and cost-effective deployment—from initial install to future upgrades.

## **Advantages**

#### **Optimization**

Eltek Valere rectifiers are optimized for the demanding power and efficiency needs of telecommunications equipment.

## Small size, big power

H-series rectifiers can provide up to 2500 Watts of power in only 1RU. The small size frees up space to reduce system size or incorporate additional electronics.

## Industry leading efficiency

An industry-leading 93% efficiency reduces the thermal load, thus improving the overall reliability and availability of the system.

#### Flexibility

H-series rectifiers are the power core or Eltek Valere's H-series Mini DC Power Systems. They can operate either with a system controller or as standalone modules in customer equipment.

## **Features**

- Up to 93% efficient
- Small 1RU footprint
- Output voltages from 12V to 48V
- Output power up to 2500W
- Constant current
- Wide-range operating temperature, from -40°C to +70°C (-40°F to 158°F)
- Universal AC input
- Power-factor correction
- Hot-plug/hot-swap capable
- Redundant parallel operation
- Active load sharing
- Advanced internal monitoring
- Front status LEDs
- Internal over-temperature protection
- Internal OR-ing protection
- o Internal surge protection
- NEBS, UL/CSA, and VDE certified
- CE Mark for Low Voltage Directive

# **Power Specifications**

# **AC Input Specifications**

H SERIES	H0750A1	H1250A1	H1250B1	H1250C1	H2000A1	H2500A1	H2500A2	NOTES	
Input Voltage (min)	90 Vac	90 Vac	90 Vac	90 Vac	180 Vac	180 Vac	180 Vac	Startup Voltage. Unit operates to 5V below startup voltage	
Input Voltage (max)	264 Vac 300 Vac							Steady State Voltage. Unit with stands short duration excursions to 300 Vac.	
Input Frequency (min)		47 Hz							
Input Frequency (max)		63 Hz							
Input Current (max)		·							
@ 120 Vac (amps)	7.9	13.0	13.4	13.5		-	1		
@ 208 Vac (amps)	4.5	7.6	7.5	7.7	12.0	14.6	15.0		
@ 277 Vac (amps)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.0		
Inrush Current (max)	34 amps peak						Excludes X caps in the EMC input filter.		
Power Factor	.99 @ typ. @ 230Vac, full load								

# **DC Output Specifications**

MAIN OUTPUT	H0750A1	H1250A1	H1250B1	H1250C1	H2000A1	H2500A1	H2500A2	NOTES	
Vo Set Point (min/typ/max)	42/48/56	42/48/56	21/24/28	10.5/12/14	42/48/56	42/48/56	42/48/56		
Regulation (min/max)	±1%							Total regulation line, load, aging & temperature	
Output Current (min/max amps)	0/15 0/25 0/50 0/100 0/40 0/50 0/50								
Output Power (watts max)	840	1400	1400	1400	2240	2800	2800		
Current Limit Setpoint (min/max amps)	5/20	5/30	5/60	10/120	5/48	5/60	5/60	Current limit setpoint is adjustable via I <sup>2</sup> C or through Eltek Valere NIC.	
Short Circuit Current (peak amps)	23	37	75	150	60	75	75	Excluding output capacitor discharge current.	
Short Circuit Current (RMS amps)	8	15	25	50	20	25	25		
Output Noise*	<ul> <li>20 mV ms typical (10kHz to 20MHz)</li> <li>30 dBrnc (measured w/o external battery)</li> <li>250mV P-P (10 Khz to 20 Mhz)</li> </ul>								
Output Rise Time* (min/max)	100/400 msec						Measured at 10 – 90% of final output level		
Dynamic Response* (maximum)		3%						Change in output voltage within 10 msecs after a 10% to 100% load step change	
Turn On Delay* (maximum)		3.5 sec						Measured from application of valid ac voltage to regulation set-point	
Adjustable Over- voltage Protection (min/max)	50/60V	50/60V	27/30V	13/15V	50/60V	50/60V	50/60V	Remotely Configured. Adjustable via PC or through Valere NIC.	
Backup Over-voltage Protection (max)	60 Vdc	60 Vdc	32 Vdc	19 Vdc	60 Vdc	60 Vdc	60 Vdc		
Load Sharing (min/max)	±5% of full load								
Reverse Output Current (max)	0.5 amps						Internal reverse protection is provided.		
Efficiency	90%	92%	90%	88%	93%	93%	92%	Typical @ 230 Vac	

NOTE: \*Specification temperature range: -20°C to +50°C



# **Additional Specifications**

## **AUXILIARY OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

AUXILIARY OUTPUT	H-series Rectifiers	NOTES
Nominal Voltage	12V	
Vmin/max	10.5 / 14	
Source Current Rating (min/max)	0 / 500mA	
Sink Current (max)		Current required for internal controls when AC is not present

NOTE: Output 1 operates independent of main DC output and is referenced to Vout-

## PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	H-series Rectifiers	NOTES
Depth	361.9mm (14.25")	
Height	41.3mm (1.63") (chassis), 42.9mm (1.69") (faceplate)	
Width	101.7mm (4.00")	
Weight	2.7kg (6lbs)	

## **ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS**

PARAMETER	Minimum	Maximum	UNIT	NOTES
Storage Temperature	-40	85	°C	
Operating Temperature	-40	70	°C	Full power-40°C to +50°C; output power derates 2%/°C above 50°C.
Humidity	5	95	%	Relative Humidity Non Condensing
Altitude	-200	8000	Ft	For operation above 8000' , maximum temperature is derated 2°C per 1000'

## **GENERAL REQUIRMENTS**

APPLICABLE STANDARDS							
NEBS Level 3	EMC, surge standards, and electrical safety per GR-1089-CORE Seismic rating Zone 4, per GR-63-CORE	EN61000-4-4	Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test. Level 4.				
EN55022 Level B	Radiated EMI Conducted Emissions	EN61000-4-5	Surge immunity test. Installation Class 4. 6 kV: Line to Line, Criterion A. 6 kV: Line to Ground, Criterion A.				
EN61000-3-2	Limits for hamonic current emissions for class D equipment.	EN61000-4-6	RF Common Mode. Level 3, Criterion A.				
EN61000-3-3	Limits for voltage fluctuations and flicker in low-voltage systems.	EN61000-4-8	Magnetic Field. Level 3, Criterion A.				
EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic discharge immunity test. Level 4. All user accessible ports. Damage free, operational and non-operational. Criterion B.	EN61000-4-11	Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations.				
EN61000-4-3	Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test. Level 3: 10 V/m.						

Typical specifications, unless otherwise stated

Nominal line: 230 VAC

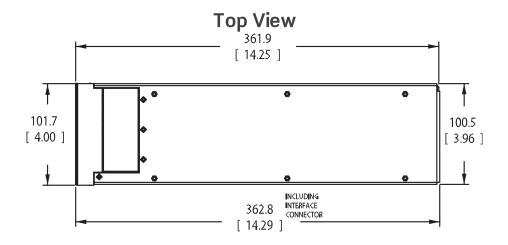
Nominal setpoints: 54/27/12 VDC (for 48V/24V/12V rectifiers, respectively)

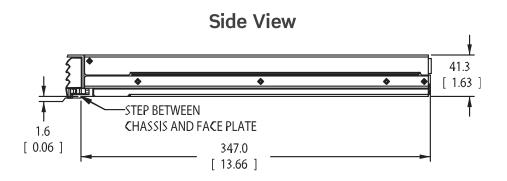
Nominal load: 100% of rated current

Specifications are subject to change without notice

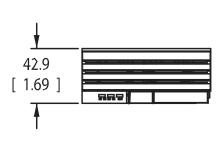


# **Dimension drawings**

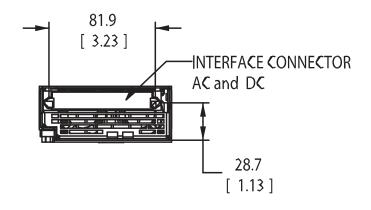




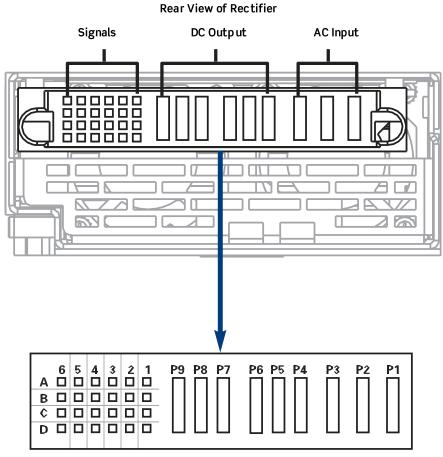
## **Front View**



## **Back View**



# **Rectifier Connector Pin-out Requirements**



Unit Connector p/n: Mating Connector p/n: Supplier:

51939-140LF 51866-025LF FCI/BERG

FCI NUMBERING	6	5	4	3	2	1			
Α	LOGIC_GROUND	AC_FAIL	OPEN	LOC1	SCL	ISHARE			
В	MODULE_ALARM	MODULE_PRST_OUT	OPEN	LOC0	RESERVED	REMOTE_SENSE-			
С	MODULE_DISABLE	MODULE_PRST_IN	RESERVE D	AUX_OUTPUT_ 1	V_MARGIN	SECONDARY_RETURN			
D	TEMP_ALARM	OPEN	LOC2	SDA	SHORT_PIN	REMOTE_SENSE+			
P9									
P8	OUTPUT POSITIVE								
P7									
P6									
P5	OUTPUT RETURN								
P4									
P3	CHASIS GROUND								
P2	AC LINE 1								
P1	AC LINE 2								

## Non-Isolated Signals

#### **OUTPUT+ and OUTPUT-**

These connectors accept power blades for positive and negative power connections.

#### REMOTE SENSE+ and REMOTE SENSE-

These signals are used to compensate for voltage drop across the output distribution. The maximum drop from the rectifier module to the remote sense connection (the complete round trip) must be less than 1V. The remote sense leads may be left unterminated in applications where remote voltage regulation is not required.

#### **ISHARE**

All rectifier ISHARE pins are tied together on the system backplane to support load sharing. This connection may be terminated between rectifiers or left un-terminated in systems where load share is not required.

#### SHORT\_PIN

The short pin is used to disable the rectifier if it is not fully seated in the slot. It is must be tied to OUTPUT-in the shelf backplane in order for the rectifier to provide proper output voltage. The pin must be terminated.

## Address Pins (LOC0, LOC1, LOC2)

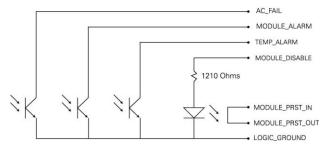
LOC0, LOC1, and LOC2 are location pins used to set rectifier address in a system where the  $I^2C$  bus is shared between rectifiers. They may be left unterminated to generate logic 1 or connected to OUTPUT-to generate logic 0.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Communications Bus (SCL, SDA)

The I<sup>2</sup>C Communications Bus provides information about internal rectifier conditions as well as full control of output voltage and alarming setpoints. SCL and SDA are common data signals and can be wired directly to a system controller or on a common shared bus between the rectifiers in a system and the main system controller. The rectifiers communicate via the proprietary Eltek Valere Communication Protocol. Contact your Eltek Valere representative for technical assistance in interfacing to the rectifiers using this interface protocol. The I<sup>2</sup>C Bus signals are logic referenced to OUTPUT-.

## **Isolated Signals**

#### **ISOLATED ALARM INTERFACE**



#### AC FAIL

This signal is an opto-isolated open collector signal referenced to LOGIC\_GND within each rectifier. AC\_FAIL is a normally closed signal which signifies the presence of an alarm with a high impedance. AC\_FAIL indicates the presence of valid AC input voltage to the rectifier.

#### **MODULE ALARM**

This signal is an opto-isolated open collector signal referenced to LOGIC\_GND within each rectifier. MODULE\_ALARM is a normally closed signal which signifies the presence of an alarm with a high impedance. MODULE\_ALARM is designed to provide a power fail warning to indicate the pending loss of DC voltage during line drop conditions. MODULE\_ALARM is asserted at least 5mSec prior to loss of DC output voltage during these conditions.

#### TEMP ALARM

This signal is an opto-isolated open collector signal referenced to LOGIC\_GND within each rectifier. TEMP\_ALARM is a normally closed signal which signifies the presence of an alarm with a high impedance. TEMP\_ALARM indicates that the rectifier module has shut down due to an over temperature condition.

## MODULE\_DISABLE

This signal is a current limited input designed to accept a 3.3V to 5V input voltage. Applying this voltage results in disabling the DC output voltage from the rectifier. This signal may be left unterminated in systems where MODULE\_DISABLE is not required or is implemented via the I<sup>2</sup>C Interface.

## MODULE\_PRESENT\_IN/OUT

This is a general-purpose, configurable signal interface used to detect module presence.

