HDCC-708MULTI-OG2

(CEA-608/CEA-708 Closed Caption/Subtitle Card for the openGear[™] Platform)

Multi-Purpose, HD/SD-SDI Closed Caption Card: Inserter, Decoder, Bridge, Monitor, and Transcoder

Configuration Guide

Firmware Version: V2.46 Software Version: V0.56

Part Number 821154, Revision B





31055 Huntwood Avenue

Hayward, California

94544 USA



1 800 5 WOHLER

+1 (510) 870-0810

Fax +1 (510) 870-0811





www.wohler.com info@wohler.com LOUDNESS

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Customer Support

Wohler Technologies, Inc. 31055 Huntwood Avenue Hayward, CA 94544 www.wohler.com

Phone: 510-870-0810 FAX: 510-870-0811 US Toll Free: 1-888-596-4537 (1-888-5-WOHLER) Web: www.wohler.com Sales: sales@wohler.com Support: support@wohler.com

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CHAPTER 1 Functionality and I/O Paths

Introduction

Overview

This chapter describes the basic captioning functions that you can perfrom using your Wohler HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 product.

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Chapter 1 Functionality and I/O Paths Quick Start Guide

Quick Start Guide

If you are already familiar with Wohler's HDCC product line, this page may be all you need to get it installed and up and running.



Installation and Front Panel

Refer to the *Installation Guide* (Part Number 821150) for installation information and configuring the Ethernet port as a virtual serial port.



Figure 1–1 HDCC Front Panel

Note: The general purpose input and/or output (GPI/O) functions and pin-outs are described in Connector Pin Assignments on page 33.

Chapter 1 Functionality and I/O Paths Basic Functionality



Figure 1–2 OG2 Rear Panel

Basic Functionality

Inputs and Outputs

The Wohler HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 is a system for encoding closed captions on a video stream.

Figure 1–3 shows the input and output configuration of the HDCC-708MULTI-OG2. The inputs are CH1 IN and CH2 IN and the outputs are CH1 OUT and CH2 OUT. The monitoring outputs (CH1 MON and CH2 MON) allow duplicates of the regular outputs to be sent to a monitor for display with burned-in captions to show how the captions will look on a viewer's screen.

To prevent the loss of the broadcast signal in the event of power failure, the inputs are bypassed via a relay to each output, ensuring the signal will always pass through the card.





Processes

Encoding

The HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 can receive caption data from either the RS-232 port or one of two available Ethernet virtual serial ports, and embed it into the input video stream. The monitoring output channel allows the encoding to be visually confirmed by displaying the video with captions overlaid. Moreover, you can simultaneouly encode Channels 1 and 2 from either the same source or a different one.

Decoding

Decoding is the process of extracting closed caption text data from an SDI video stream, interpreting it, and making it available in humanreadable form. For example, if a video/audio stream with embedded caption data is supplied to **CH1 IN** or **CH2 IN**, the caption text is decoded and supplied through a serial and/or Ethernet connection to a host PC for display. Note that the closed captioned text is not removed from the input video stream.

Monitoring

The HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 provides two output ports (CH1 MON and CH2 MON) to verify the captions on the video stream.

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Bridging/Transcoding

As a bridge, the HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 can decode the captions from the input video stream on one channel and encode them onto the video stream of the second channel. If one channel is HD and the other SD, the card will automatically reformat the caption data for the destination frame rate (transcode).

Encoding

The following example shows the connections necessary to encode user-supplied caption data onto the video stream. See Figure 1–4 below.



Example: The caption data supplied on RS-232 is encoded onto the video stream supplied at **CH1 IN** and output to **CH1 OUT** and **CH1 MON**. Our example uses only channel for simplicity; but you can easily duplicate the results on the second channel using similar inputs.

Connections			
Port	Data		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with no captions		
	present.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with user-supplied		
	captions encoded.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDID video stream with "burned-in"		
	captions to monitor.		

Chapter 1 Functionality and I/O Paths Decoding

Connections				
Port	Port Data			
RS-232	Input : Closed caption input data, Grand Alliance/ SMPTE333/CDP format.			
	Output: None.			
Ethernet	None.			

Decoding

Like encoding, a signal that comes in on **CH1 IN** goes out on **CH1 OUT**. In decoding, however, the embedded text is captured and output to the Ethernet port and the RS-232 port. See Figure 1–5 below.



Example: The caption data supplied on **CH1 IN** is copied to both the **Ethernet** and **RS-232** output ports. Our example uses only channel for simplicity; but you can easily duplicate the results on the second channel using similar inputs.

Connections			
Port	Data		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with captions		
	present.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with closed		
	captions present (same as CH1 IN).		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDID video stream with "burned-in"		
	captions to monitor.		

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Chapter 1 Functionality and I/O Paths Bridging

Connections			
Port	Data		
DS-232	Input: None.		
NJ-232	Output: Captions from CH1 IN.		
Ethorpot	Input: None.		
Ethernet	Output: Captions from CH1 IN.		

Bridging

The following example shows the connections necessary to bridge captions; that is, to copy the captions from one video stream onto another.

Note: It is not necessary to match the resolutions and/or refresh rates when using multiple inputs, with one exception: the target video frame rate must match or be faster than the source video frame rate.

For example, you can bridge and transcode from a SD-50Hz to a HD-60Hz signal but not the other way around.

Figure 1–6

Bridging Setup (CH1 \rightarrow CH2)



Example: This example demonstrates decoding. Captions from video provided at CH1 IN are copied to video provided at CH2 IN. CH1 OUT is unmodified copy of CH1 IN. CH2 OUT is CH2 IN encoded with captions from CH1 IN.

Chapter 1 Functionality and I/O Paths Bridging

Connections			
Port	Data		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with captions		
	present.		
CH2 IN	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream, unmodified from		
	CH1 IN.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream from CH2 IN, but		
	with captions from CH1 IN encoded.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with "burned-in"		
	captions to monitor.		
	SMPTE HD/SD-SDI video stream with "burned-in"		
	captions to monitor.		
	Input: None.		
RS-232	Output : Decoded caption data from incoming stream.		
	SMPTE333 or raw.		
Ethernet	None.		

CHAPTER 2 Using DashBoard

Introduction

Overview

This chapter explains how to download, install, set up, and use the DashBoard Control SystemTM (the PC graphic user interface, from here on referred to as *DashBoard*) to configure your HDCC card.

Topics

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Starting DashBoard

The operations of the HDCC card are controlled by the settings of internal registers, which are easily and intuitively configured with DashBoard.

- 1. Make sure your openGear[™] frame is installed, the HDCC card is installed within it, and DashBoard has been installed on a PC that is networked to the frame (see the Installation Guide).
- 2. Power up the frame to initialize the HDCC card's interface.
 - **Note:** Depending on the frame contents, the card may take several minutes to be ready.
- 3. Open the DashBoard application by double-clicking the desktop icon or selecting it from the Start menu.
- 4. When the application opens, it will discover any openGear frames on the network and display them in the left side window of the main screen (Figure 2–1 below) the DashBoard tree. Clicking on the frame's entry in this window will show cards that are installed within it.

Figure 2–1

DashBoard Tree



View DB View Windo	эж <u>H</u> elp				Current Urs
Frame 50084695003	- Slot 7 - WTI-708MULT (HDCC)	×			Current Ose
Slot 7: WTI-708MULT I	(HDCC)	Channel 1 Channel 2 Mu	itti-Channel Setup		
Card state: 🔵 OK	(indee)			Channel 1 Status	
Connection: 🔵 ONLIN	NE	Input Video Format, Ch1	*Signal not present*		
		Lock Status, Ch1	Unlocked		
Product				Caption Lines	
		VANC 708 Insertion Line, Ch1	9		
		L21 Insertion Line, Ch1	21		
				Options	
		Video Outputs, Ch1	\Theta Normal	C Both Clean	C Both Monitoring
Supplier Name	WOHLER Technologies, INC.	GPI Blank Control, Ch1	Regen/No GPI Control 💙		
Product Type Name	WTI-708MULT	GPI Tx0 Control Polarity, Ch1	O Active Low	C Active High	
Serial Number	000000	GPI Tx1 Control Polarity, Ch1	Active Low	C Active High	
		GPI Tx2 Control Polarity, Ch1		C Active High	
aptioning Standard	CEA-608/708	CDI X-2 Control Delector Old	ACTIVE LOW	C Active right	
Functionality	Encoder/Decoder/Bridge	GPI 1x3 Control Polarity, Ch1	O Active Low	() Active High	
Software Version	949196 v0 56	Set Famy Deader Flag. Ch1		708 Features	
EDCA Version	047400 000 46	Set Easy Reader Flag, Chi			
FPGA Version	847160 V02.45	Aspect Ratio Flag, Ch1	⊖ 4/3	C 16/9	
		Digital/Analog Flag, Ch1	C Analog	\Theta Digital	
		Digital Service Number, Ch1	1		
		Analog Field, Ch1	C Even	\varTheta Odd	
		Language Standard Name, Ch1	eng		
		Disable Smart XDS Insertion, Ch1			
		Enable VANC 708 Insertion in SD, Ch1	Г		
				GPI Insertion	
		Enable GPI Data Insertion Ch1	-		

Figure 2–2

WTI-708MULT (HDCC) - Information Updated: OK - 11:22:36 AM

DashBoard Main Screen (Top)

- **Note:** The Wohler HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 card will appear as **WTI-708M (HDCC)** in the list of cards installed in the frame.
- 5. Double-click on the HDCC card in the list of cards and the user interface will appear in the main screen.
- 6. If everything is in order, the **Card state** and **Connection** indicators in the left frame of the window will be green and product information will appear in the Product submenu (see Figure 2–3 below).

Figure 2–3	3 Product Information Pane				
	Slot 7: WTI-708MULT (HDCC) Card state: OK Connection: ONLINE				
	Product				
	Supplier Name	WOHLER Technologies, INC.			
	Product Type Name	WTI-708MULT			
	Serial Number	000000			
	Captioning Standard	CEA-608/708			
	Functionality	Encoder/Decoder/Bridge			
	Software Version	848196 v0.56			
	FPGA Version	847160 v02.45			

Figure 2–3 shows some product details about the HDCC that may be helpful at a future date, including the software and FPGA firmware part numbers and revisions.

If you have a two channel card, you will see both a **Channel 1** and **Channel 2** menu tabs in the right-side frame; if you have a single channel card, you'll only see **Channel 1**. The next section discusses how to configure a channel. The **Setup** menu allows you to configure the routing of the HDCC's serial ports and is discussed in a later section.

Channel 1 Channel 2 Mu	lti-Channel Setup		177.00
	<i>к</i> .	Channel 1 Status	
Input Video Format, Ch1	*Signal not present*		
Lock Status, Ch1	Unlocked		
		Caption Lines	
VANC 708 Insertion Line, Ch1	9		
L21 Insertion Line, Ch1	21		
		Options	
GPI Blank Control, Ch1	Regen/No GPI Control 🖌		
GPI Tx0 Control Polarity, Ch1	\varTheta Active Low	C Active High	
GPI Tx1 Control Polarity, Ch1	\varTheta Active Low	C Active High	
GPI Tx2 Control Polarity, Ch1	O Active Low	C Active High	
GPI Tx3 Control Polarity, Ch1	\varTheta Active Low	C Active High	
		708 Features	
Set Easy Reader Flag, Ch1			
Aspect Ratio Flag, Ch1	Q 4/3	○ 16/9	
Digital/Analog Flag, Ch1	C Analog	\Theta Digital	
Digital Service Number, Ch1	1		
Analog Field, Ch1	C Even	\Theta Odd	
Language Standard Name, Ch1	eng		
Disable Clean XDS Insertion, Ch1			
Enable VANC 708 Insertion in SD, Ch1			
		GPI Insertion	
Enable GPI Data Insertion, Ch1			
	0		~

Figure 2–4 Channels 1 and 2 (Top)

Chapter 2 Using DashBoard Starting DashBoard

Figure 2–5 Channels 1 and 2 (Bottom)

Channel 1 Channel 2 Mu	lti-Channel Setup			
SD Line For GPI Data, Ch1	13			1
HD Line For GPI Data, Ch1	13			
		GPO/R:	c Polarity	
GPO Rx0 Polarity	\varTheta Active Low		C Active High	
GPO Rx1 Polarity	\Theta Active Low		C Active High	
GPO Rx2 Polarity	😝 Active Low		C Active High	
GPO Rx3 Polarity	\Theta Active Low		C Active High	
		GPI/Tx	Polarity	
GPI Tx0 Polarity	O Active Low		C Active High	
GPI Tx1 Polarity	\varTheta Active Low		Active High	
GPI Tx2 Polarity	😝 Active Low		C Active High	
GPI Tx3 Polarity	🕒 Active Low		Active High	
	1	GPO M	Napping	
GPO Rx0 Source	😔 Ch1 Rx0 🔿 Ch1 Rx1	○ Ch1 Rx2 ○ Ch1 Rx3	○ Ch2 Rx0 ○ Ch2 Rx1	○ Ch2 Rx2 ○ Ch2 Rx3
GPO Rx1 Source	😔 Ch1 Rx0 🔿 Ch1 Rx1	○ Ch1 Rx2 ○ Ch1 Rx3	○ Ch2 Rx0 ○ Ch2 Rx1	C Ch2 Rx2 C Ch2 Rx3
GPO Rx2 Source	C Ch1 Rx0 C Ch1 Rx1	🔿 Ch1 Rx2 ; Ch1 Rx3	C Ch2 Rx0 C Ch2 Rx1	○ Ch2 Rx2 ○ Ch2 Rx3
GPO Rx3 Source	😔 Ch1 Rx0 🔿 Ch1 Rx1	C Ch1 Rx2 C Ch1 Rx3	C Ch2 Rx0 C Ch2 Rx1	C Ch2 Rx2 C Ch2 Rx3
		GPI N	lapping	
GPI Tx0 Source, Ch1	😝 GPI Tx0	C GPI Tx1	C GPI Tx2	C GPI Tx3
GPI Tx1 Source, Ch1	😝 GPI Tx0	C GPI Tx1	C GPI Tx2	C GPI Tx3
GPI Tx2 Source, Ch1	😝 GPI Tx0	O GPI Tx1	◯ GPI Tx2	○ GPI Тх3
GPI Tx3 Source, Ch1	😝 GPI Tx0	C GPI Tx1	C GPI Tx2	C GPI Tx3
GPI Tx Source, Ch1	GPI Mapped Input			

Multi-Channel

Channel 1 Channel 2 Multi-Cha	nnel Setup	<u>.</u>
Bridge Operation	Bridge Control	
	None A -> B, Both Fields B -> A, Both Fields A -> B, Field 1 B -> A, Field 1 A -> B, Field 2	

Figure 2–6 Multi-Channel Selection

Setup



Channel 1 Channel 2	Multi-Channel	S	etup	
COM Port Speed, Ch1	C 9600 C	19200	○ 38400	Q 115200
COM Port Speed, Ch2	C 9600 C	19200	○ 38400	O 115200
Channel 1 Input	RS-232 Port	~		
Channel 2 Input	RS-232 Port	~		
Terminal Input	USB Port	~		
RS-232 Port Output	Channel 1	~		
Eth1 VSP Output	Not Connected	~		
Eth2 VSP Output	Not Connected	~		
USB Port Output	Terminal	~		
Factory Default Settings	Restore			

Configuring a Channel

Click the channel tab in DashBoard and change the settings in the Channel 1 submenu (see Figure 2–4 on page 15) to customize your configuration. Repeat the steps for Channel 2.

You'll notice that the submenu is divided into sections, each with a heading that describes the features below. Let's review each section.

Channel 1/2 Status

None of these fields are user-editable; they reflect the state of the input video channel as it is measured.

- **Input Video Format**: The video format (resolution, frame rate) of the incoming signal
- Lock Status: Whether the hardware has locked onto an incoming video signal

Caption Lines

- **VANC 708 Insertion Line**: The video line for HD video formats on which captions are present or will be placed.
- **L21 Insertion Line**: The video line for SD video formats on which captions are present or will be placed.

Table 2–1 Caption Lines

Specification	HD Line	SD Line
Domain Range	7 to 25	6 to 25
Channel 1 Register	0x00	0x02
Channel 2 Register	0x20	0x22

Options

Video Outputs

- Normal: **CHx OUT** output is clean and **CHx MON** ouput has burned-in captions.
- Both clean
- Both monitoring (burned-in)
- **GPI Blank Control**: Specifies how GPI control of caption blanking works:
 - No GPI Control: No GPI stimulus will blank captions.
 - GP1..GP4: Determines which GPI blanks captions.
- **GPI Tx Control Polarities (0..3)**: Controls how GPI inputs are interpreted:
 - Active Low: External switch closure to ground activates.
 - Active High: External switch open activates.

Table 2–2Output Control

Specification	GPI Blank Control	GPI Command Polarities
Channel 1 Register	0x11: Bits 03	0x11: Bits 47
Channel 2 Register	0x31: Bits 03	0x31: Bits 47

708 Features

- **Note:** The register information is presented for reference and is **not** essential for DashBoard operation.
- **Note:** Where two registers are listed, the first is for Channel 1 and the second is for Channel 2.
- Set Easy Reader Flag: Click check box to set this flag during transmission. For more information, Refer to Registers 03h in Appendix A.
- Aspect Ratio: Click either 4:3 or 16:9 to set this flag during transmission. For more information, Refer to Registers 03h/23h in Appendix A.

- **Digital/Analog**: If the closed captions are in a digital format, click **Digital**; if analog, click **Analog**. For more information refer to Registers 04h/24h in Appendix A.
- **Digital Service Number**: Enter a number from 1 to 63 inclusive. For more information refer to Registers 04h/24h in Appendix A.
- **Analog Field**: Click either **Even** (for Field 1) or **Odd** (for Field 2). For more information refer to Registers 04h/24h in Appendix A.
- **Disable Clean XDS Insertion**: For more information refer to Register 08h/28h in Appendix A.
- **Enable VANC 708 Insertion in SD**: For more information refer to Register 08h/28h in Appendix A.

GPI Insertion

• **Enable GPI Data Insertion**: Controls whether data provided on the GPI inputs of the card will be encoded on the video signal.

Table 2–3 Enable GPI Data Insertion

Specification	Enable GPI Insertion
Channel 1 Register	0x12: Bit 7
Channel 2 Register	0x32: Bit 7

- **Insertion Timeout**: Click and drag the slider to select the number of seconds for the timeout. For more information refer to Registers 12h/32h in Appendix A.
- Insertion Mode: For more information refer to Registers 12h/32h in Appendix A.
- **Custom Apology Message**: Type in the apology message you want to display on the screen when no captions are available.
- **SD Line for GPI Data**: Specifies the line on which the GPI data will be encoded when the signal is SD. For more information refer to Registers 0Ah/2Ah in Appendix A.
- **HD Line for GPI Data**: Specifies on which line the GPI data will be encoded when the signal is HD. For more information refer to Registers 0Bh/2Bh in Appendix A.

Specification	HD Line for GPI Data	SD Line for GPI Data
Domain Range	7 to 25	6 to 22
Channel 1 Register	0x0B	0x0A
Channel 2 Register	0x2B	0x2A

Table 2–4GPI Data Insertion Lines

GPO/Rx Polarity

GPO Rx Polarities: Specifies how GPO output of received data will be presented:

- **Active High**: The output voltage is high if the bit is set.
- **Active Low**: The output voltage is low if the bit is set.

Table 2–5GPO/Rx Polarity

Specification	GPO/Rx Polarity
Channel 1 Register	0x0F: Bits 03
Channel 2 Register	0x2F: Bits 03

GPI/Tx Polarity

GPI Tx Polarities: Specifies how GPI input of received data will be interpreted:

- Active High: The output voltage is high if the bit is set.
- **Active Low**: The output voltage is low if the bit is set.

Table 2–6GPI / Tx Polarity

Specification	GPI/Tx Polarity
Channel 1 Register	0x0F: Bits 47
Channel 2 Register	0x2F: Bits 47

GPO Mapping

GPO Rx (0..3) Sources: Each video signal can have four bits of GPI/O data encoded. This controls how the bits from each channel are mapped to the four outputs (for the OG2 model) or the two outputs (for the OG1 model) on the card.

Table 2–7GPO Mapping

Specification	GPO Mapping
Channel 1 Register	0x4E
Channel 2 Register	0x4F

GPI Mapping

GPI Tx Sources: These control how the inputs presented at the four (for the OG2 model) or two (for the OG1 model) GP inputs will be encoded on the video channels.

Table 2–8 GPI Mapping

Specification	GPI Mapping
Channel 1 Register	0x13
Channel 2 Register	0x33

Common Controls

At the bottom of the screen (no matter which tab is selected) you can perform two systemic functions.

- **Upload**: Not currently used.
- **Refresh**: Clicking this button causes the card to re-query all the settings. A screen indicating that the card is busy will appear while the system is refreshing.
- **Reboot**: Clicking this button causes the card to reboot. A screen indicating that the card is busy will appear while the system is rebooting.

The Setup Tab

The **Setup** tab allows you to set the Com port speed for both channels and reload the factory default settings.

 Com Port Speed, Ch 1/2: Click either 9600, 19200, 38400, or 115200.

Important: If a virtual serial port is connected (for encoding or decoding) the baud rate **must** be 115200.

• **Factory Default Settings**: Clicking the **Restore** button displays a confirmation dialog and then allows you to reload all the factory default settings of the card.

How Do I ...?

In this section we provide a list of questers and answers to help you set up and use your new HDCC product as efficiently as possible.

How do I decode captions on Channel 1 and output the data on the RS-232 port?

Situation: You have an incoming video stream on Channel 1 and want to decode the captions on it and output the data through the RS-232 port.

Preparation: Make sure an SDI cable with a valid captioned video stream is connected to input **CH1 IN**, the card/frame is powered and operational, and a serial cable is connected to the **RS-232** port, hooked to a PC with a terminal/decoding program.

Process:

1. In the **Setup** menu, set the **RS-232 Port Output** to "Channel 1" and the **COM Port Speed**, **Ch1** to the baud rate used by your terminal program. No other output should be set to "RS-232."

2. Enter the video line for the captions on the VANC 708 Insertion line, CH1 (if 708) or L21 Insertion Line.

Decoded caption data should be output from the **RS-232** port.

How do I decode captions on Channel 2 and output the data on the Ethernet virtual serial port Eth1 VSP (port 23)?

Situation: You have an incoming video stream on Channel 2 and want to decode the captions on it and output the data through virtual serial port **Eth1 VSP**.

Preparation: Make sure an SDI cable with a valid captioned video stream is connected to input **CH2 IN**, the card/frame is powered and operational, an Ethernet cable connects the HDCC card to your computer network, and that you have established an Ethernet virtual serial port (see the Installation Guide for instructions on doing this).

Process:

- 1. In the **Setup** menu, set the **Eth1 VSP Output** to "Channel 2" and the **Channel 2 COM Port Speed**, **Ch2** to 115.2k. The baud rate for a channel must always be set to 115.2k when an Ethernet virtual serial port is connected to it; however, your PC's terminal emulator can still set the baud rate to any desired setting in the range 9,600 to 115.2k. No other output should be set to "Eth1 VSP."
- 2. Enter the video line for the captions on the VANC 708 Insertion line, CH2 (if 708) or L21 Insertion Line, CH2 (if 608).

Decoded caption data should be output from the **Eth1 VSP** port.

How do I decode captions on either channel using ANY port?

Situation: You want to generalize decoding process.

Preparation: A cable with a valid captioned video stream must be connected to the channel you'll use for decoding (if you'd like, you can use both channels for simultaneous decoding of two different video streams), the card/frame must be powered and operational, and you must have at least one of the following:

- A serial cable connected to the **RS-232** port;
- An Ethernet cable connecting to your network and one or two virtual serial ports configured; or
- A USB cable connected to the **USB** connector on the front edge of the board.

Any of these three connectivity methods can be used to output decoded data.

Process:

- 1. In the **Setup** menu, set the output of your chosen connectivity method to the channel you wish to decode (e.g., **Eth2 VSP Output** set to "Channel 1") and make sure no other outputs are set to that same connectivity method.
- 2. Enter the video line for the captions on the VANC 708 Insertion line, CHx (if 708) or L21 Insertion Line, CHx (if 608).

Decoded caption data should be output from your selected connectivity method.

How do I encode captions on Channel 1 using the RS-232 port?

Situation: You have an incoming video stream on Channel 1 and you want to encode captions on it using data supplied by **RS-232**.

Preparation: Make sure a cable with a video stream is connected to **CH1 IN** input, the card/frame is powered and operational, and a serial cable is connected from your caption generator to the card's **RS-232** port.

Process:

- 1. In the **Setup** menu, set the **Channel 1** input to "RS-232" and the **COM Port Speed**, **CH1** to the baud rate used by your captioning system.
- 2. In the **Channel 1** menu, in the **Caption Lines** section, set the **VANC 708 Insertion Line**, **CH1** (if signal is HD) or **L21 Insertion Line**, **CH1** (if SD) to the video line to which you want the captions encoded.

Caption data supplied on **RS-232** will be encoded on the video stream coming out of **CH1 OUT**.

How do I encode captions on Channel 1 using a Virtual Serial port?

Situation: You have an incoming video stream on Channel 1 and you want to encode captions on it using data supplied by virtual serial port **Eth1 VSP**.

Preparations: Make sure a cable with a video stream is connected to **CH1 IN** input, the card/frame is powered and operational, an Ethernet cable connects the HDCC card to your network, and that you have established an Ethernet virtual serial port (see the Installation Guide for instructions on doing this).

Process:

1. In the **Setup** menu, set the **Channel 1** input to "Eth1 VSP" and the **COM Port Speed**, **Ch1** to 115.2k. The baud rate for a channel must always be set to 115.2k when an Ethernet virtual serial port is

connected to it; however, your captioning system can still set the baud rate to any desired setting in the range 9,600 to 115.2k.

 In the Channel 1 menu, in the Caption Lines section, set the VANC 708 Insertion Line, CH1 (if signal is HD) or L21 Insertion Line, CH1 (if SD) to the video line to which you want the captions encoded.

Caption data supplied on **Eth1 VSP** will be encoded on the video stream coming out of **CH1 OUT**.

How do I encode captions on EITHER channel using ANY port?

Situation: You want to generalize the process of encoding.

Preparation: Make sure a cable with a video stream is connected to your selected channel (or signals to both channels, if you'd like to encode two streams simultaneously), the card/frame is powered and operational, and you have at least one of the following:

- A serial cable connected to the **RS-232** port;
- An Ethernet cable connecting to your network and one or two virtual serial ports configured; or
- A USB cable connected to the **USB** connector on the front edge of the board.

Any of these 3 connectivity methods can be used to output decoded data.

Process:

- 1. In the **Setup** menu, set your selected channel's input to your preferred connectivity method and set the **COM Port Speed** for that channel as required. Remember, the baud rate for a channel must always be set to 115.2k when an Ethernet virtual serial port is connected to it.
- In the Channel menu (for the channel you want to configure), in the Caption Lines section, set the VANC 708 Insertion Line, CHx (if signal is HD) or L21 Insertion Line, CHx (if SD) to the video line to which you want the captions encoded.

Chapter 2 Using DashBoard How Do I...?

> Caption data supplied by your chosen connectivity method will be encoded on the video stream coming out of the output for your selected channel.

How do I bridge captions from Channel 1 to Channel 2?

Situation: You have captions on one video stream and want to bridge them to another video stream.

Preparation: Connect a cable with the captioned video stream to **CH1 IN**, a cable with the destination video stream to **CH2 IN**, and a cable to **CH2 OUT** for the destination stream with captions bridged.

- **Important:** the destination video frame rate must be greater than or equal to the source video frame rate. For example, captions from a 50Hz source signal can be bridged to a 60Hz destination signal, but not vice versa.
 - In the Multi-Channel menu, select either "A->B, Both Fields" (captions on both odd and even fields), "A->B Field 1" (captions on odd fields), or "A->B Field 2" (captions on even fields) from the Bridge Operation pull-down menu.
 - You must configure Channel 1 so that the captions are read from the correct video line. In the Channel 1 menu, enter the video line containing the caption data in either the VANC 708 Insertion Line, Ch1 (if CEA-708) or the L21 Insertion Line, Ch1 (if CEA-608).
 - 3. You must configure Channel 2 so that the captions are written to the correct video line. In the **Channel 2** menu, enter the video line containing the caption data in either the **VANC 708 Insertion Line**, **Ch2** (if CEA-708) or the **L21 Insertion Line**, **Ch2** (if CEA-608).
 - 4. CH2 OUT will output CH2 IN video with captions from CH1 IN.
 - 5. Set **Bridge Operation** back to "None" when complete.
 - **Note:** Bridging can go in either direction. Select one of the "B->A" options in the **Bridge Operation** menu to bridge captions from **CH2 IN** to **CH1 OUT**.

How do I set general purpose transmission bits on Channel 1?

Situation: You want to set general purpose transmission bits on a video stream to cue downstream equipment, etc.

Preparation: Connect a switch-closing circuit for the **TXINO-3** pins on connector **J18**. Provide a video input on **CH1 IN** and a video output on **CH1 OUT**.

Process:

- 1. Check the Enable GPI Data Insertion, Ch1 checkbox on the Channel 1 menu.
- 2. If you want encoding to time out (and revert to passing received data), select an interval using the **Insertion Timeout Ch1** slider in the **Channel 1** menu.
- 3. Select the insertion mode using the **Insert Mode**, **Ch1** dropdown list:
 - "Normal" means encoding will time out after the interval selected in step 2.
 - "Permanent, Field 0" will keep the input data present on the odd.
 - "Permanent, Field 1" will keep the input data present on the even field.
 - "Permanent, Both" will keep the input data present on both fields.
- 4. Enter a video line for the data in SD Line for GPI Data, Ch1 textbox (for SD video signals) and in HD Line for GPI Data, Ch1 textbox (for HD video signals).
- 5. The polarity of the input-active high (a high input means "1") or active low (a low input means "1") can be set for each of the TXIN0-3 inputs with the controls in the GPI/Tx Polarity section. For example, if GPI Tx0 Polarity is set to "Active Low," then a low input (switch closed) on the TXIN0 pin will correspond to a set ("1") bit in the transmission stream.

- 6. The mapping of the TXIN0-3 bits to the transmitted bits can be set with the controls in the **GPI Mapping** section.
- 7. If **GPI Tx Source**, **Ch1** is set to "GPI Mapped Input," the transmitted bits will be as assigned by the TXIN0-3 inputs. If pass-through of existing data bits is desired, select "GPI Input OR GPI Rx."
- 8. Transmitted bits will now be encoded on Channel 1 according to the inputs you provide and the settings you've chosen.

How do I receive general purpose transmission bits on Channel 1?

Situation: You are receiving a video stream with transmission bits encoded upon it and you want to drive the outputs on the GPIO connector based on their values.

Preparation: Connect your video input to CH1 IN. Sense (or provide output circuit for) RXOUT0-3 outputs on J18 connector.

Process:

- 1. Enter a video line for the data in SD Line for GPI Data, Ch1 textbox (for SD video signals) and in HD Line for GPI Data, Ch1 textbox (for HD video signals).
- 2. The polarity of the output-active high (a high output means a "1" in the transmission stream) or active low (a low output means "1") can be set for each of the RXOUT0-3 outputs with the controls in the GPO/Rx Polarity section. For example, if GPO Rx0 Polarity is set to "Active Low," then a high transmission bit will correspond to a low output on the RXOUT0 pin.
- 3. The mapping of the RXOUT0-3 pins to the received bits can be set with the controls in the GPO Mapping section.
 - **Note:** Received bits from either/both video channels can be used to drive the RXOUT0-3 outputs.
- 4. Received bits will now be represented on the RXOUT0-3 pins of J18 according to the received data bits and the settings you've chosen.

CHAPTER 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs

Introduction

Overview

This chapter describes the functionality of the GPI/O connectors on the adaptors.

Topics

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Chapter 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs Functionality

Functionality

The GPI interface allows the user to encode contact closure triggers into a HD or SD video stream frame accurately. The encoded data uses a proprietary algorithm designed to withstand severe degradation and prevent false triggering or releasing of GPIs. Error checking information is embedded within the GPI data stream which accomplishes this task and is far more advanced than simple CRC.

Typical triggers that users can encode from automation include (but are not limited to:

- ARC switching
- Commercial cue triggers (more accurate than the antiquated cue tone system)
- Machine control
- Regional commercial insertion cards

Typically the GPI data is encoded on Line 13 for both the HD-SDI signals and the SD-SDI signals. However, the HDCC is flexible enough to allow you to assign the lines on which you want the GPI data. See Register Reference on page 36 for details.

You can also use the GPI interface to control other operational aspects of the card.

Figure 3–1 on page 25 illustrates the GPI/O signal flow through the HDCC. For our purposes, a GPI is an input signal to the HDCC card supplied by the user through the physical GPI/O port that can activate certain modes in the HDCC card, and/or can be encoded onto the outgoing SDI video stream to notify downstream equipment of some condition, event, or command. A GPO is a signal the HDCC card receives on the incoming SDI video stream that is output to the physical GPI/O port to signify some condition, event, or command generated by upstream equipment.

Chapter 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs Functionality

Figure 3–1 GPI/O Functional Diagram



Chapter 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs Functionality

GPI/O Connector

Connector J18 on the rear panel provides general purpose input and output.





The GP inputs are designed to be asserted by switching the closures to ground. Asserting a GP input will result in that input state being encoded on the appropriate line of the video signal or the required function being activated.





Chapter 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs Functionality

GPOs

If the incoming SDI data stream contains GP data on the appropriate line of the video signal, the corresponding GP output on the card can be activated. The GP output is asserted when its voltage is high.

Important: The GP outputs are optically isolated and "open collector" so the user must provide the appropriate pull-up resistor for each GP output. See Figure 3–4 below.

The HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 provides four GPOs. (See Connector Pin Assignments on page 33 in Chapter 4 for connectivity.)

Figure 3–4 Output Diagram



GPI/O Polarities

You can control the polarities of the encoded GPIs, both at the receiving stage (Rx) and at the encoding stage (Tx).

GPI Encoded Polarity (Rx)

ſ	Channel	Register	Bit(s)	Values
I	1	0Fh	0 through 3	See Table 3-1 below
I	2	2Fh	0 through 3	See Table 5-1 below.

The polarity settings are listed in Table 3–1 below.

Table 3–1GPI Assertion Polarity

Bits	GPI	Active Low (default)	Active High
0	GPI-0	0	1
1	GPI-1	0	1
2	GPI-2	0	1
3	GPI-3	0	1

GPI Encoded Polarity (Tx)

Channel	Register	Bit(s)	Values
1	0Fh	4 through 7	See Table 3-2 below
2	2Fh	4 through 7	See Table 5-2 below.

You can set the polarity of the GPI as encoded on the data stream as shown in Table 3–2 below.

Table 3–2Register 0Fh and 2Fh: Bits 4 through 7

Bits	GPI	Active Low (default)	Active High
4	GPI-0	0	1
5	GPI-1	0	1
6	GPI-2	0	1
7	GPI-3	0	1

Chapter 3 Using the General Purpose Inputs/Outputs GPI/O Polarities

Enabling/Disabling GPI Transmission

Channel	Register	Bit(s)	Values
1	12h	7	0=Disable
2	22h	7	1=Enable

The HDCC can be configured to enable or disable transmission of GPI data by setting bit 7 of register 12h for Channel A, or 32h for Channel B.

CHAPTER 4 Specifications and Pin-Outs

Introduction

Overview

This chapter lists the specifications of the HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 and provides the pin-outs for its connectors.

Topics

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Specifications

Table 4–1 Physical Specifications

Specification	Value
Dimensions (H x W x D)	Card: 3" x 12.75" x 0.5" (76.2 mm x 323.85 mm x 12.7 mm) Rear Panel: 2.5" (W) x 3.5" (H) x 1.5" (D) (63.5 mm x 88.9 mm x 38.1 mm)
Shipping Weight (combined)	1 lbs (.45 kg)
Space Requirements	2 RU
Supplied Accessories	Rear panel adaptor
Power Requirements	Receives power from frame
Power Consumption	Approximately 10 W

Table 4–2 Technical Specifications

Specification	Value		
Inputo	2 SD/HD-SDI autosensing on BNC		
Inputs	4 GPI (on Phoenix connector J18)		
	2 HD/SD-SDI Closed Captioned (BNC)		
Outputs	2 HD/SD-SDI Open Captioned (BNC)		
	4 GPO (on Phoenix connector J18)		
Inpute / Outpute	1 Ethernet (RJ-45) 10/100 TX		
mpuls/Outpuls	1RS-232 (DB-9)		
Frame	openGear		
compatibility			
	Closed Caption OSD Monitoring		
	HD/SD Closed Caption Encoding/Inserting		
Available	HD/SD Closed Caption Decoding/Analyzing		
Tunctions	HD/SD Closed Caption Bridging and Transcoding		
	GPI Encoding and Decoding		
Available	GrandAlliance		
communication	• SMPTE333		
protocols	• CDP		
Supported closed caption specifications	CEA-608, CEA-708 both encapsulated 608 and native 708		

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Connector Pin Assignments

Pin	Label	Interface
1	Grou	nd
2	TX3 (GPI-3)	
3	TX2 (GPI-2)	Open Collector
4	TX1 (GPI-1)	(Emitter to Ground)
5	TX0 (GPI-0)	
6	RX3 (GPO-3)	
7	RX2 (GPO-2)	Active Low
8	RX1 (GPO-1)	Active Low
9	RX0 (GPO-0)	

Table 4–3J18 Pin-Out Assignments

Table 4–4RS-232 DB-9 Pin-Out Assignments

Pin	Label	Function
2	TXD	RS-232 Tx Data
3	RXD	RS-232 Rx Data
5	Common GND	GND

Figure 4–1

RS-232 DE-9 Pin-Out



Technical Functional Overview

Figure 4–2 on page 34 illustrates the design of the HDCC.

Chapter 4 Specifications and Pin-Outs Technical Functional Overview

Figure 4–2 HDCC-708MULTI-OG2 Block Diagram



APPENDIX A Engineering Registers

Introduction

Overview

This chapter explains how to access the engineering registers to configure the HDCC card for your particular system.

Topics

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Register Reference	36

Accessing the Engineering Menu

To access the Engineering Menu, refer to the *Hardware Installation Guide* (part number 821150).

Register Reference

WARNING! If a register is not listed in Table A–1 below, do not modify it. Do so will cause unpredictable results.

Table A–1 Register Table Summary

Channel		Description	
1	2	Description	
00h	20h	HD Line for CEA-708 Insertion	
01h	21h	Not Used	
02h	22h	SD Line for CEA-608 Insertion, Extraction, and Monitoring	
03f	23h	708 Features (1)	
04h	24h	708 Features (2)	
05h	25h	708 Language Code (1st Letter)	
06h	26h	708 Language Code (2nd Letter)	
07h	27h	708 Language Code (3rd Letter)	
08h	28h	Transmission Features	
09h	29h	Horizontal Timing Offset for GPI SD Insertion Line (Reserved)	
0Ah	2Ah	SD Line for GPI Data Insertion and Decoding	
0Bh	2Bh	HD Line for GPI Data Insertion and Decoding	
0Ch	2Ch	Not Used	
0Dh	2Dh	Not Used	
01	Eh	GPI LED Settings	
0Fh	2Fh	GPI Rx/Tx Polarity Control	
10h	30h	Special Features 2	
11h	31h	Regen/Blank Control With External GPI	
12h	32h	GPI Data Insertion Control and Encoder Timeout	
13h	33h	GPI Mapping for Tx	
14h	34h	GPI Mapping for Per-Field Blank Control (Reserved)	
15h	35h	Not Used	
16h	36h	Not Used	
17h	37h	Not Used	

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Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

Channel		Description			
1	2	Description			
18h	38h	Not Used			
19h	39h	Not Used			
1Ah	3Ah	Not Used			
1Bh	3Bh	Not Used			
1Ch	3Ch	Not Used			
1Dh	3Dh	Decoded Channel on Monitor Output (CC1, CC2, etc.)			
1Eh	3Eh	Not Used			
1Fh	3Fh	Not Used			
4Dh		Timing Offset – Do Not Change			
41	Eh	GPO 1 and 2 Mapping			
41	Fh	GPO 3 and 4 Mapping			

Table A–1 Register Table Summary

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #	Description	Default
00b	20h	HD Line for CEA-708 Insertion	001-
0011	2011	Min: 07 – Max: 19	0911
01h	21h	Not Used	
02h	22h	SD Line for CEA-608 Insertion, Extraction, and Monitoring <i>Min: 06 – Max: 16</i>	15h
03h	23h	708 Services Features (1)Min: $N/A - Max: N/A$ Bit (s) FunctionAspect Ratio Flag7 $0 = 4:3$ 1 = 16:9Easy Reader Flag6 $0 = Easy reader flag not set$ 1 = Easy reader flag set	00h

Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #		Default	
		708 Servi	ce Features (2)	
			-1viux: 1 v/A	
		Bit(s)	Function	
			Digital/Analog Flag	
		7	0 = Analog	
			1 = Digital	
0.41	0.41		Service Number (if Bit 7=1):	011
04h	24h		000 0001	81h
		6:0		
			111 1111	
			Field Number (if Bit 7=0):	
		0	0 = Field 1	
			1 = Field 2	
		708 Lang	uage Code (1st Letter)	
05h	25h	Min: "a" 6	51h - Max: "z" 7Ah	"e" 65h
		708 Lang	uage Code (2nd Letter)	
06h	26h	Min: "a" e	51h – Max: "z" 7Ah	"n" 6Eh
071	071	708 Lang	uage Code (3rd Letter)	<i>" " " "</i> "
07h	27h	Min: "a" e	61h – Max: "z" 7Ah	"g" 67h

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #		Default			
		Transmis				
		Min: N/A	- Max: N/A			
		Bit(s)	Bit(s) Function			
			Enable SMPTE 333 Protocol			
		7	(Not fet Used)			
			0 = Disabled			
			Com Port Speed			
			00 = 9600 band			
		6.5	00 = 9000 baud			
		0.5	01 - 19200 baud			
			10 - 56400 baud			
		4.2	II = II5200 baud			
08h	28h	4.5	Fnable VANC 608/708	00h		
0011	2011		Insertion in SD	0011		
		2	0 = Normal			
			1 = Insert			
			Enable "Smart XDS"			
			Insertion Feature			
		1	0 = Normal: Smart XDS Insertion Feature Enabled			
			1 = Smart XDS Feature Disabled			
			Disable VANC 608/708 Insertion in HD			
		0	0 = Normal: Insertion Enabled			
			1 = Insertion Disabled			
0.01	201					
09n	29h	Reserved	- Do Not Change	-		
0Ah	2Ah	Min: 06h	– Max: 16h	0Dh		
		HD Line	for GPI Data	_		
0Bh	2Bh	Min: 07h	– Max: 19h	0Dh		
0Ch	2Ch	Not Used		_		
0Dh	2Dh	Not Used		-		

Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #			Descriptio	on			Default	
nog "	nog "	GPLLE	CPLLED Settings						
		Min: N/							
		Bits		Func	tion				
			LED 0000	3					
			0001	GPI Rx Ch 2 (LEDs 0 to 3 GPI Rx Ch 2 (LEDs 4 to 7	OR GP	I-In 0 to	0 3 on 0 3 on		
		0:3	0010	GPI Rx Ch 1 c GPI Rx Ch 2 c LEDs 4 to 7	ON LED	0 to 3	3 0 3 on		
01	Eh		0011	GPI Rx Ch 1 GPI Rx Ch 2 GPI Rx Ch 1 GPI Rx Ch 2 GPI Rx	OR GP	l-In 0 to	3 53 on	00h	
			0100	GPI Tx Ch 1 on LEDs 0 to 3 GPI Tx Ch 2 on LEDs 4 to 7					
			Else	Show status of tables below.	on LEDs 0 to 3. See				
			LED	LED 4	Descr	iption	1		
			0	0 Interleaved Mode					
			1	1 Progressive Mode					
			De	escription	1	LED 2	3		
			576 (I	PAL)	0	0	1		
			480 (1	NTSC)	0	1	0		
			720		0	1	1		
			1035		1	0	0		
			Not L	Jsed	1	0	1		
			1080		U				
		4:7		Not l	Jsed				

Register Settings with Descriptions, Domains, and Table A–2 Defaults (Continued)

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #		Default		
		GPI Tx/Rx Min: N/A -	: Polarity - Max: N/A		
		Bit(s)	Туре	Function	
		0	GPI Rx 0		
		1	GPI Rx 1		
0Fh	2Fh	2	GPI Rx 2		00h
		3	GPI Rx 3	0 = Normal (Active Low)	
		4	GPI Tx 0	1 = Inverted (Active High)	
		5	GPI Tx 1		
		6	GPI Tx 2		
		7	GPI Tx 3		
		Special Fe	atures – 2		
		Min: N/A -	- Max: N/A		
		This regist	er controls m	iscellaneous functions on	
		the card in	cluding the v	rideo outputs.	
		Bit(s)		Function	
			Video Outpu	ıt Mode:	
			00 = Normal		
		3:4 ^a	01 = Both ou	tputs set to monitoring	
1.01			10 = Both ou	tputs are clean	
10h	30h		11 = Not Use	ed	00h
			GPI Tx Sour	ce:	
			0 = GPI map	ped input (See	
		5	Registers	13h and 33h.)	
			1 = GPI map Rx	ped input ORed with GPI	
		a Norr Clea Mon Clea	nal (default) = 1 n O/Ps are 1 an itoring = Burne n = No burned-	Monitoring O/Ps are 3 and 4; d 2 d-in captions on all O/Ps in captions on any O/Ps	

Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #	Description			Default	
11h	31h	Bit(s) 0:3 Bit(s) 4 5 6 7	ank Cor – Max: N Value 0000 0001 0010 0011 0100 Polari Contr GPI 0 GPI 2 GPI 3	ntro V/A GP Ext Ext Ext Ext ity ol 0 1 2 3	I with External GPI Blank Controlled by I Control (Regen Operation) Ternal GPI 0 Ternal GPI 1 Ternal GPI 2 Ternal GPI 3 Function 0 = Normal (Active Low) 1 = Inverted (Active High)	00h

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #	Description			Default
		GPI Inse Min: N/A			
		Bit(s)		Function	
			Insert Mo (0.5 second	de Time Out d intervals):	
			0000 = 0 so	econds	
		0.3	0001 = 0.5	seconds	
		0.5	0010 = 1.0	seconds	
			•		
			1111 = 7.5	seconds	
12h	32h		Time Out		12h
			00 = Normal (Automatic Fall Back to Regen Mode After Timeout)		
		4:5	01 = Perm	anent Insert Mode in Field 0	
			10 = Perm	anent Insert Mode in Field 1	
			11 = Perm Fields	anent Insert Mode in Both	
		6	Not Used		
			GPI Data	Insertion	
		7	0 = Off		
			1 = On		
		GPI Map Min: N/A	ping for T א – Max: N/A	(
		Bit(s)	GPI Tx Source	Function	
101	221	0:1	0	External GPIs:	E 41-
13h	33N	2:3	1	00 = GPI 0	E4n
		4:5	2	01 = GPI 1	
		6:7	3	10 = GPI 2	
				11 = GPI 3	

Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

Table A–2	Register	Settings with	Descriptions,	Domains,	and
	Defaults	(Continued)			

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #	Description	Default
14h	34h	Not Used	—
15h	35h	Not Used	—
16h	36h	Not Used	_
17h	37h	Not Used	_
18h	38h	Not Used	—
19h	39h	Not Used	_
1Ah	3Ah	Not Used	_
1Bh	3Bh	Not Used	—
1Ch	3Ch	Not Used	_
		Decoded Channel on Monitor Output Min: 00h – Max: 03h 0 = CC1	
1Dh	3Dh	1 = CC2 2 = CC3	00h
		3 = CC4	
1Eh	3Eh	Not Used	-
1Fh	3Fh	Not Used	—
41	Dh	Timing Offset – Do Not Change <i>Min: N/A – Max: N/A</i>	06h

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #			Default	
		С Л	G PO 0 ar Ain: N/A	n d 1 Source – Max: N/A	
			Bit(s)	Function	
				GPO 0 Source	
				0000 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 0	
				0001 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 1	
				0010 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 2	
			0:3	0011 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 3	
				0100 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 0	
				0101 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 1	
41	Fh			0110 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 2	10b
1				0111 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 3	1011
				GPO 1 Source	
				0000 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 0	
				0001 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 1	
				0010 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 2	
			4:7	0011 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 3	
				0100 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 0	
				0101 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 1	
				0110 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 2	
				0111 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 3	

Appendix A Engineering Registers Register Reference

CH1 Reg #	CH2 Reg #	Description			Default
		GPO 2 and 3 Source <i>Min: N/A – Max: N/A</i>			-
			Bit(s)	Function	
	Fh		0:3	GPO 2 Source	OOh
				$0000 = Ch \ 1 \ GPI \ Rx \ 0$	
				0001 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 1	
				0010 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 2	
				0011 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 3	
				0100 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 0	
				0101 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 1	
41				0110 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 2	
TI				0111 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 3	
			4:7	GPO 3 Source	
				$0000 = Ch \ 1 \ GPI \ Rx \ 0$	
				0001 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 1	
				0010 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 2	
				0011 = Ch 1 GPI Rx 3	
				0100 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 0	
				0101 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 1	
				0110 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 2	
				0111 = Ch 2 GPI Rx 3	
				·	